The Antrim Reporter

VOLUME LI NO. 7

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1934

5 CENTS A COPY

Derby Stores Inc.

Antrim, N. H.

Five and Ten Cent Sale of Groceries Starting Friday, Jan. 5

10 oz. can 5c 5½ oz. can 5c 8 oz. can 5c 16 oz. can 5c per pkg. 5c per bar 5c
8 oz. can 5c 16 oz. can 5c per pkg. 5c
16 oz. can 5c
per pkg. 5c
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per can 5e
per bar 5c
per bar 5c
large can 5c
7c bar 5c
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per bar 5c
per bar 5c
. 14 lb. pkgs: 5c
per pkg. 5c
ner in Sa
per pkg. 5c
No. 1 tin 5c
No. 1 5 can 5c
per roll 5c
per pkg. 5c
4 oz. bottle 5c
per lb. 10c
5 oz. jar 10c
5 oz. jar 10c No. ½ tin 10c
No. 2 can 10c
8 oz. tin 10c
tali can 10c
perpkg 10c
erfieldspkg. 10c
per tube 10c
per tube 10c
Not Listed

Fresh Meat Specials

Lamb Fores	per lb. 10c
Shoulders, Swift's Premium, 6-8 lbs	per lb. 15c
Rib Roasts, Boneless	per lb. 19c
Sausage, Swift's Family, 2 lb. bag	per lb. 19c
Ham Rolls, Fresh Boneless	per lb. 17c
Round Steak, Whole Slicep	er lb. 13½c

STOP THAT COLD

DANIELS BLACK EMULSION

"Wo th Its Weight In Gold For Cough or Cold"

M. E. Daniels, Regist'd Druggist Antrim, New ampshire

WILLIAM F. CLARK

PLUMBING = ..EATING

OIL TURNERS, MOVES, ETC.

Telephone 64-3

AN SIM, New Hampshire

Marcel, Finger and Comb Waving Shampooing, Scalp Treatments Facials, Manicuring, Permanent-Waving



Antrim Beauty Shoppe

Jameson Block

Antrim, New Hampshire

Marguerite C. Howard

For Appointments

Wilfred Craduate

Phone 103-2 and 3

SONG OF THE NEW YEAR (Selected)

All hail to thee, fair morning, The first of all the year; Ere gleams the ruddy sunrise We'll shout with voices clear, The old year hath departed With all its care and fear; With rosy smiles to greet us Behold the New appear.

O, a Happy New Year to all our friends so dear!

Yet still will we remember How fast the days will fly; How soon will come December, The year grow old and die. We bid the New Year welcome! Companions, shout amain For golden days, in beauty, The season shall enchain. O, a Happy New Year to all our friends so dear!

Chance To Avoid Precinct Tax---Do You Want It Done This Way?

that class of people who are so situated is but one way to do a thing. and all information touching this mat- the plan works well: ter is digested to its fullest extent. It Instead of raising any money by taxmay be said also that men and women ation, have the water rates fixed at a ect most religiously.

has read:

To see what per cent of the water rates the Precinct will vot to collect for the year ensuing.

Another article always reads:

will vote to raise to defray the expenses and pay existing debts for the year en-

years it becomes a habit—it may be the worth some thought.

Very likely everyone is agreed that the best way, but other ways occasionally subject of taxation interests more people present themselves which are worth than any other one subject, especially looking into. No one will say that there

that they have to pay a considerable! In some places it is claimed that the amount—in local taxes, State taxes, matter above referred to is done an-Federal taxes, etc., and such other prop- other way and much detail work is erty as one may have, including the avoided and some expense saved. When automobile. And nothing is here meant it was first brought to our attention, it to include insurance of any kind. Prob- did not strike us with much force but ably never in the memory of the aver- upon further consideration it does not age taxpayer has this subject come to appear at all difficult. Here is what is mean so much as at the present time; done in some towns and cities, and really

of above average means study this sub- price to cover all expenses. Does this appear to be too unusual or impractical? These few words are just a preamble There may be something about the propto something further The Reporter de- osition that would make its working out sires to bring to the attention of its with Antrim Precinct different from what readers, especially to those residing is wanted or needed, but certain ones within the village precinct. Every year, who have given this matter a little at_ very likely since the installation of the tention, think it is very worth while. For water system, the voters in annual Pre- those who have not given it any thought cinct Meeting assembled, have been it would be well to take a pencil and called upon to fix a water rate to meet figure it out in its many aspects and see expenses yearly, and for a number of what is the result. There are many ars past this article in the warrant things that enter into a proposition of this kind, and that which will be best for us is the thing we ought to have.

After those who take the time to figure it out, in its several aspects, have gotten together all the facts and figures, it would be a nice thing to send the differ-To see how much money the Precinct ent articles to The Reporter for publication. What our Precinct needs more than almost anything else is to save some money, and what is true of the These two articles raise the necessary Precinct is true of every taxpayer within money to pay all the bills of the Pre- its borders. The Reporter is not stating cinct, including upkeep, expenses of the that this proposition has never been Fire Department, and bills contracted for thought of by anyone before now, but it every other purpose. When a thing has does state that it has never been conbeen done one way for a number of sidered in open meeting; it may be

New Hampshire Savings Banks Form Association For Protection

banks and 10 guaranty savings banks banks in the state in the last 100 years. have announced organization of the New Hampshire Savings Banks Association insurance" that the New Hampshire for the purpose of standing behind each savings banks have adopted their own other in times of stress and for the pro- plan. tection and assurance of their 276,956 depositors.

Announcement of the plan was in the form of an open letter to the people of New Hampshire published in the form of a full page advertisement in every daily and weekly newspaper in the state and carrying supporting testimonials of confidence and support from Governor John G. Winant, who suggested a plan of cooperation two years, and State Bank Commissioner Willard R. Rand.

as a result of the unanimous opinion of the savings banks of the state that the federal program of deposit insurance is too costly for savings banks.

"There has been but one failure of a savings bank in New Hampshire in the last 30 years," said the directors of the new association, "and that was occa-

"If the savings banks of New Hamp- service. shire were to adopt federal insurance the contingent liability after July 1, 1994, retary. The officers are members of the S. Bean, Manchester; Orville E. Cain, N. Parsons, Franklin.

New Hampshire's 40 mutual savings This is more than the losses in savings It was therefore "in lieu of this costly

> The plan calls for the assessment of dues amounting to one dollar on each Jan. 1 beginning with 1934 to 1938 inclusive for every \$1000 of deposits on the Dec. 31 of the preceding year against each of the member banks. This would amount to a contribution to the general fund of approximately \$200,000 each year. There would also be set up a loan fund on the basis of one per cent of deposits which would be available only on call and which would amount to approximately \$1,850,000. Dues could be required to be paid one year in advance.

> This creates an immediate prospective fund for the protection of New Hamp. shire bank depositors, therefore, of approximately \$2,250,000.

Of the 50 members of the newly formed association four have been continuously in business for 100 years or more, 26 from 50 to 100 years, 14 for sioned by malfeasance of a governing from 35 to 50 years, and of the remaining six all have had at least 20 years of

Officers of the association are Thomas minimum cash requirements would be P. Cheney, of Laconia, president; Burns

Officers, Committees and Program of Bennington Grange For 1934

Officers and Committees

Officers for 1934

Master..... Mary L. Sargent Overseer William Taylor Steward......Alfred Chase Asst. Steward Arnold Logan Chaplain......Isabella Gerrard Secretary Florence Newton Treasurer.....Allan Gerrard Gate Keeper Frank Taylor Ceres..... Florence Edwards Pomona.....Laura Sylvester Flora Helen Powers Lady Asst. Steward. Frieda Edwards Chorister..... Leonise Favor

Committees for 1934

Executive Committee: Margaret Taylor, Maurice Newton, John T.

Trustees: Henry Wilson, Edward Newton, Frank Taylor

Dramatic Committee: John Robertson, Ruth Putnam, Frieda Edwards, Mabel Metze, Lecturer

Literary Program

January 9

Roll Call: Quotations

January 23 Installation of Officers

By John T. Robertson, Jr. February 13

Lincoln Night

In charge of Martha Weston and Hattie Weston

February 27

Articles of Town and School Warrant Charles Taylor, Prentiss Weston

March 13 Saint Patrick's Night

In charge of Gertrude Ross, Marie Vassar, Mae Sheldon

March 27

Reading Florence Edwards Recitation Grace Taylor

Community Singing April 10

Children's Night and Sugar Party Ruth Putnam, Bridget Powers Lena Taylor, Lecturer

Single Members' Night Dorothy Dodge, John Robertson. Mabel Mètze, Alfred Chase

April 24

May 8

Married Members' Night Doris Parker, Mrs. Gerrard, Mr. Gerrard, Nettie Sturtevant, Lens

May 22

Arnold Logan, Helen McGrath, Laura Sylvester, Florence Edwards, David Sylvester

June 12

Officers' Night

June 26 In charge of Minnie Cady, Dora Eaton. Cornelia Logan, Nellie McGrath

July 10

Patriots' Night Florence Newton, Maurice Newton, Leonise Favor

Poverty Party Grace Taylor

August 14

Reading Martha Weston Hattie Weston Mary L. Knight

Sylvester, Lewis Sylvester, Annie

August 28 To be assigned

September 11 In charge of Frieda Edwards, Mary

September 25 Mabel Metze Neighbors' Night

October 9

In charge of Rev. John Logar

October 23

Hallowe'en Party

Helen Powers, William Taylor,

Mae Sheldon, Prentiss Weston, Arnold Logan

November 13

Election of Officers John Eaton, Frank Taylor, John Robertson, Ovid Mitchell, Ed-

Refreshments: Doughnuts, Cheese and Coffee

November 27

Box Party

Community Singing

ward Newton

December 11 Roll Call: Each member respond with something or pay five cents

December 25 To be assigned

Topics of the Day Presented to Reporter Readers in Concise Form

putting more into the bins by that time.

Did you get all the Christmas pres- Assembly. ents you wanted, and have you been able to exchange those you didn't want? In both cases you are among the most fortunate of all peoples.

With the first issue of the new year, The Reporter is commencing some new features which we hope our readers will appreciate. They are prominent enough to be readily seen so we are not saying what they are, we feel sure all will like them. It is quite probable they will be continued through the year; if, however, our readers are not "sold" on them, just let us know and they may be discontinued on very short notice. It is our hope that they will increase in interest as time goes on and everyone will want them continued.

Freeman H. Hoyt, of Nashua, attached to the postoffice in that city as a letter carrier for the past 35 years, has retired from active service. Mr. Hoyt is known by many of the

One does not have to wait till Candle- Odd Fellows in this section, he being mas Day to see if half his fuel is gone a Past Grand Representative in the Encampment branch; and Mrs. Royt is a Past President of the Rebekah

> Many of us who read the special dispatch in the daily press last week. concerning the "metered service plan" nvolving fixed charges for every service performed by the banks with which many do business, naturally gave the matter more than a second thought. The plan appeared to be a drastic one to the uninformed, for as proposed it seemed to involve so much additional cost that the continuance of doing a checking business would be made prohibitive. When in a day or two General Hugh Johnson called a halt in any such plans, naturally every one feit relieved. Gen. Johnson in his statement pronounced the whole arrangement as an extraordinary 'misunderstanding.''

\$8,900.495 with a further contingent P. Hodgman, Concord, treasurer and board of directors. Other directors are Keene; E. Curtis Matthews, Portamon liability of \$1,474,849 and an unlimited Fred K. Wentworth, Somersworth, sec- Harry L. Additon, Manchester; Norwin Carroll M. Paige, Pittsfield; and Frank

Chronology of the 1933

Compiled by E. W. PICKARD

DOMESTIC

Jan. 1—President Hoover's commission on social trends reported.

Jan. 3—Miners' war in Curistian count, Illinois, broke out again and state troops were sent after two persons were killed.

Jan. 4—Eight hundred enraged lows farmers halted farm mortgage sale.

Jan. 5—Former President Calvin Coolidge died in Northampton, Mass., and President Hoover ordered 39 days of public mourning. and President Hoover ordered 39 days of public mourning.

Jan. 12—House passed domestic allotment farm aid bilt.

Jan. 13—President Hoover vatoed the Philippine independence bilt, and the house overrode the veto.

Jan. 17—Senate repassed Philippine independence bill over President's veto. veto.

Jan. 20—President Hoover and President-Elect Roosevelt agreed to open war debt negotiations with Great

war debt negotiations with Great Britain. Jan. 21—Senator H. B. Hawes of Missouri resigned.
Jan. 23—The Twentieth amendment to Jan. 22—The Twentieth amendment to the Constitution, ending "lame duck" sessions of congress, was officially adopted when Missouri, the 36th state to approve, ratified it. Dr. Harry Woodburn Chase resigned as president of University of Illinois to become chancellor of New York unito become chances of the versity.

Jan. 24—Secretary Stimson invited nations to confer-

all non-defaulting nations to conference on war debts after March 4.
Congress voted \$90,000,000 for farm loans. Jan. 25—Senate passed the Glass banking bill.

Jan. 30—House passed bill to enable debtors to avoid bankruptcy, and the Glass banking bill.

Feb. 4—House refused to cut pay of congressmen.

the Glass banking bill,
Feb. 4—House refused to cut pay of
congressmen.
Feb. 7—Senate ousted Sergeant at
Arms David S. Barry for traducing it
in magazine article.
Roosevelt called conference of all
governors in Washington March 6.
Feb. 14—Governor Comstock of Michigan proclaimed an eight day banking holiday.
Feb. 15—An anarchist, Gluseppe Zangara, fired five shots at Franklin D.
Roosevelt in Miami, missing him but
fatally wounding Mayor Cermak of
Chicago.
Feb. 16—Senate adopted resolution
for repeal of Eighteenth amendment.

Chicago.

Feb. 18—Senate adopted resolution for repeal of Eighteenth amendment.

Feb. 20—Resolution for prohibition repeal passed by the house.

Feb. 21—Appointment announced of Senator Cordell Hull as secretary of state and William H. Woodin of New York as secretary of the treasury in the Roosevelt cabinet.

Feb. 23—Congress passed \$308,000,000 naval appropriation bill.

J. C. Stone resigned as chairman of farm board.

Feb. 24—House of representatives impeached Federal Judge Harold Louderback of California for "misdemanors in office."

Feb. 26—President-Elect Roosevelt announced Henry Wallace would be secretary of agriculture and James A. Farley postmaster general.

Feb. 27—Harold Ickes as secretary of the interior and Claude A. Swanson as secretary of the navy announced by Roosevelt.

Federal grand jury in Chicago indicted the Insulis and others for using the mails to defraud.

March 1—Harry Byrd appointed senator from Virginia to succeed Swanson.

Treasury-postoffice bill, conferring

son,
Treasury-postoffice bill, conferring
reorganization powers on President,

passed.
March 2—Representative Henry T.
Rainey of Illinois chosen next speaker Rainey of Illinois chosen next speaker by Democrats.

Henry Morgenthau, Jr., named new chairman of farm board.

March 3—Bank holidays proclaimed in New York and Illinois.

Homer S, Cummings named attorney general in Roosevelt cabinet.

March 4—Franklin D. Roosevelt in-augurated President of United States. Seventy-second congress came to a close.

close.

March 5—President Roosevelt declared a four-day bank holiday and

called congress in session on March 3.—Theodore Roosevelt re-signed as governo general of the Philines. Lewis Douglas appointed director of the budget.

March 9—President Roosevelt ex-March 9—President Rooseveit extended bank holiday indefinitely.
Congress gave President full control of banking system.
Congress met in special session:

Congress met in special session; Rainey elected speaker of house. March 10—President asked congress for power to cut veterans' costs and government salaries \$500,000,000. March 11—House passed President's

March 11—House passed President's economy bill.
March 13—Banks reopened.
Robert W. Bingham appointed ambassador to England; Jesse I. Straus, ambassador to France; and Josephus Daniels, ambassador to Mexico.
March 14—House passed 3.2 per cent beer bill.

Deer Dill.
March 16—Senate passed beer bill.
March 19—Zangara, slayer of Mayor
Cermak of Chicago, electrocuted at March 22-House passed Roosevelt March 27—President scrapped farm board and combined several agricultural bureaus.

March 28—President issued order cutting pay of 300,000 federal employees 15 per cent.

April 1—President signed regulations reducing veterans' aid \$400,000,000, effective July 1. fective July 1.

April 3—Claude G. Bowers named ambassador to Spain.

Michigan first state to vote repeal of dry amendment.

April 4—Wisconsin voted repeal.

April 6—President ordered return of gold hoards over \$100 hy May 1.

April 6—President invited nine nations to economic conference in Washington.

agton.
April 8—Mayor Frank Murphy of De-oit named governor-general of Philippines.
April 12-Ruth Bryan Owen named

April 17—Rutin Signi over names minister to Denmark.

April 17—Senate rejected 16 to 1 silver remonetization amendment to farm Ilouse adopted resolution giving President power to declare an arms

President power to declare an arms embargo.

April 19—United States went off gold standard; embargo on gold exportations declared; bill for "controlled inflation" drafted for administration.

April 20—Breckinridge Long nominated for ambassador to Italy.

April 21—House passed bill providing haif a billion dollars for outright relief gifts to the states.

Summer Welles nominated for ambassador to Cuba Summer Welles nominated for ambassador to Cuba
April 25—House passed the Muscle
Shoals bill.
Wisconsin ratified prohibition repeal

amendment
April 25 -- Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross ap-

April 25.—Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross appointed director of the mint
April 27.—L. A. Steinhardt was ap
pointed minister to Sweden and Am
passador Hugh S. Gibson transferred
from Reigium to Brazil,
April 28.—Senate passed farm bill
with credit and currency expansion
amendment.
House passed \$2.300,000,000 amendment.
House passed \$2,300,000,000 home
mortgage refinancing measure
Warren Delano Robbins was appoint
ed minister to Canada, and Robert H
Gore governor of Porto R to

Iowa farmers rioted and attacked a judge at Le Mars, martial law pro-elaimed elkimed
May 1-House passed the \$500,000,000
emersency relief bill
G. T. Helvering appointed commissioner of niernal revenuer and J. F. T.

O'Connor controller of the currency.
May 2 House passed inflation rider Connor controller of the currency.

May 3—House passed inflation rider
to farm bill.

Senate passed the Muscle Shoals bill.

May 5—House passed bill to regulate sale of securities.

Jesse H. Jones made chairman of
Reconstruction Finance corporation.

May 3—Rhode Island ratified prohibition repeal amendment.

James B. Conant elected president
of Harvard university.

Senate passed bill for federal regulation of securities.

May 3—House defauted price fixing
amendment to farm bill.

May 10—Farm relief-inflation measure finally enacted by congress.

Senate confirmed appointment of
Dave H. Morris as ambassador to Belgium.

Dave H. Morris as ambassauor to several may 16—Gaston B. Means and Norman Whittaker convicted of conspiracy to defraud Mrs. Evalyn McLean in Lindbergh kidnaping case.

May 17—Administration's \$3,320,609,600 bill for public works and industrial control introduced in congress. May 34—Senate refused to impeach Judge Harold Louderback of California. May 35—Senate passed Glass banking bill with deposit guarantee amendment.

ment.

May 26—Public works-industry control bill passed by the house.

May 27—Senate passed railway control bill.

A Century of Progress exposition

trol bill.

A Century of Progress exposition opened in Chicago.

May 29—House passed bill abrogating gold clause in all obligations.

May 31—Roosevelt farm credit system approved by the house.

June 2—Senate limited reductions in veterans' bonus payment to 25 per cent.

Prof. Harold W. Dodds elected president of Princeton university.

June 3—Senate passed the gold clause abrogation bill.

June 4—Reconstruction Finance corclause abrogation bill.

June 4—Reconstruction Finance corporation granted loan of \$50,000,000 to China to buy American wheat and cotton.

June 5—Illinois voted for ratification of prohibition repeal amendment.

House passed railway control bill.

June 5—Indiana voted for repeal ratification.

June 6—Indiana voted for repeal ratification.

June 8—Robert P. Skinner appointed ambassador to Turkey.

June 9—Senate passed public works-industry control bill.

June 10—President sent to congress

June 10—President sent to congress government reorganization orders saving about \$25,000,000.

Prof. William E. Dodd of University of Chicago made ambassador to Germany; John Cudahy of Milwaukee ambassador to Poland; Lincoln MacVeagh of Connecticut minister to Greece.

June 13—Massachusetts voted for rebeal.

June 14—Senate passed independent offices bill with amendment concerning veterans' costs opposed by President. June 15—Congress yielded to the

June 15—Congress yielded to the President on the veterans' compensation issue, passed the independent offices bill and adjourned.

June 16—President Roosevelt started on vacation cruise to Campobello island Joseph B. Eastman appointed federal Joseph D. Eastman appointed rederated co-ordinator of transportation.

June 19—Annual meeting of American Association for the Advancement of Science opened in Chicago.

June 20—Iowa, New Hampshire and Connecticut voted for ratification of

repeal amendment.

June 21—Railroads and rail labor agreed to continue 10 per cent wage cut to June, 1934.

June 27—California and West Virginia voted for ratification of repeal

ginia voted for ratingualization amendment.
July 4—President Roosevelt returned to White House.
July 8—Secretary Ickes made general director of public work adminis-

eral director of public work administration.

July 9—President Roosevelt signed cotton textile industry code.

July 18—Alabama and Arkansas voted for repeal of prohibition.

July 20—President Roosevelt issued a "master code" for all business, raising wages and shortening hours.

Tennessee voted for ratification of repeal.

Gen. Italo Balbo of Italy and officers of his air armada received by President Roosevelt.

July 21—Oregon voted for prohibition repeal.

Aug. 1—President Roosevelt named Raymond Moley to lead federal war on kidnaping and rackettering.

Boards to enforce trade codes named for all states.

for all states.

Aug. 4—Pennsylvania coal strike truce arranged by Gen. H. S. Johnson. Aug. 8—Arizona voted for prohibition repeal. tion repeal.

Aug. 16—Sixty thousand garment workers of New York area struck for elimination of sweatshop conditions.

Aug. 19—Missouri voted for prohi-

Aug. 19—Missouri voted for prohibition repeal.

President Roosevelt signed oil, steel and lumber codes.

Aug. 26—President Roosevelt ap-Aug. 26-President

Texas voted for prohibition repeal.
Aug. 27—Assistant Secretary of
State Moley resigned to conduct new magazine.

Aug. 28—Secretary Wallace set wheat acreage reduction for 1924 at per cent.
Aug. 29—Washington state voted for neal.

repeal.
Sept. 1—Secretary Swanson signed contracts for 37 warships.
Sept. 5—Vermont voted for prohibition repeal. Sept. 5—vermont voted for prohibi-tion repeal.
Sept. 6—President Roosevelt appoint-ed H. H. Sevier ambassador to Chile. Sept. 11—Maine voted for prohibi-

tion repeal,
Sept. 12-Maryland, Minnesota and Colorado voted for prohibition repeal.
Sept. 15—Code for soft coal indus-

Sept. 15—Code for sort coal industry agreed upon.
Sept. 19—New Mexico and Idaho voted for prohibition repeal.
Sept. 21—R. C. Martin of Los Angeles elected commander in chief of

geles elected commander in chief of G.A.R.
Sept. 30—Eleven kidnapers convicted in Oklahoma and Illinois.
Oct. 2—President addressed American Legion at opening of its convention in Chicago. Oct. 3-Virginia voted in favor of prohibition repeal.

prohibition repeal.

Oct. 4—Mrs. Isabelle Greenway elected to congress in Arizona.

Oct. 5—Edward A. Hayes of Decatur, Ill., elected national commander of American Legion.

Oct. 7—President Roosevelt spoke at dedication of Gompers memorial in Washington.

Oct. 10—Florida voted for prohibition repeal.

Oct. 12—Senator J. J. Davis of Penn. sylvania acquitted of Moose lottery William Green re-elected president of

A. F. of L.
Oct. 13—A. F of L. voted a boycott
of Germany.
Oct. 15—President Roosevelt announced program for liquidation of
closed banks. Oct. 17—President Roosevelt ordered prison and fines for violators of NRA

prison and fines to agreement.
Oct. 19—National Farm Holiday association called a farm strike.
Oct. 23—Code for retailers signed by the President.
Oct. 25—Government Segan buying out Oct. 25—Government Began buying gold above market price, carrying out President's new monetary program.
Oct. 29—President Roosevelt decided to buy gold in the world market.
Nov. 4—Government announced plan to buy \$50,000,000 worth of pork products for relief.
Nov. 7—Ohlo, Pennsylvania, Kentucky and Utah approved of prohibition repeal and the Eighteenth amendment was voted out of the Constitution, North and South Carolina voted against repeal.

ment was voted out of the Constitution, North and South Carolina voted
against repeal.

Fiorello H La Guardia fusion candidate, was elected mayor of New York,
defeating McKee, recovery nominee,
and O'Brien, Democrat

Maxim Litvinov, Soviet envoy, received by President Roosevelt.

Nov 9 Franchise granted to women of the Philippines.

Nov 12 Chicako World's fair closed.

Nov 15- Secretary of the Treasury
Woodir took indefinite leave of absence; Undersecretary Dean Acheson
resigned and was succeeded by Henry
Morkenthau Jr

Nov 18 Francis B Sayre appointed
first assistant secretary of state.

Nov. 26- Mob at San Jose, Calif.
hanged two confessed kidnapers and
murderers.

Dec. 2-international Live Stock exmurderera.

Dec. 2—international Live Stock exposition opened in Chicago.

Doc. 5—Repeal of Eighteenth amendment proclaimed by the President and national prohibition came to an end. Doc. 5—Mary Pickford filed divorce suit against Douglas Fairbanks.

Doc. 11—George Peek resigned as head of AAA and was made chief of new organization to expand foreign commerce. commerce.

Dec. 14—President, Rossevelt spened consider against big income tax chesters.

Minnesota ratified the child labor mandant to the Constitution

amendment to the Constitution.
Dec. 30—President Roossvelt cele-brated his fifty-first birthday. INTERNATIONAL Jan. 2—Japanese troops seized Chinese city of Shanhaikwan after bombing it from the air.
Jan. 19—Japanese captured Chiumenkow pass and advanced into Jehol province.
Jan. 15—Pope Pius proclaimed a holy year of prayer, penance and pligrimages,
Jan. 21—League of Nations committee of 19 gave up hope of Sino-Japanese conciliation.
Bolivians defeated by Paraguayans in bloody battle in the Chaco.
Jan. 24—Colombia appealed to sigin bloody battle in the Chaco.

Jan. 24—Colombia appealed to signatories of Kellogg pact and Peru to the League of Nations in their dispute natories of Kellogg pact and Peru to the League of Nations in their dispute over Leticia.

Jan. 25—Secretary of State Stimson invoked the Kellogg pact against Peru in the dispute with Colombia.

Jan. 30—Japanese government decided to guit the Léague of Nations.

Feb. 3—League of Nations council urged Paraguay and Bolivia to cease hostifities, and admonished Peru against armed resistance to Colombia's legitimate police action in Leticia.

Feb. 14—Colombia severed diplomatic relations with Peru and actual war began in the Leticia region.

Feb. 21—Severe fighting between Chinese and Japanese began in Jehol province.

Feb. 24—Japan rejected and China accepted the League of Nations report on Manchuris. The report was adopted by the assembly and the Japanese delegation withdrew.

Feb. 25—China recalled her minister to Japan.

United States indorsed League of Na-Feb. 25—China recalled her to Japan.
United States indorsed League of Nations policy in Sino-Japanese affair.
Feb. 27—Great Britain imposed arms embargo against Japan and China.
March 3—Paraguay senate voted for declaration of war against Bolivia.
March 4—Jehol City occupied by the Japanese. March 4—Jehol City occupied by the Japanese.
March 7—Martial law was proclaimed in Peiping because of advance of the Japanese; Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang resigned as Chinese commander in North China.
March 18—Mussolini offered four-power peace plan to British.
March 25—English Jewry boycotted German goods in protest over treatment of Jews in Germany.
March 30—Bolivians drove Paraguayans back in Chaco; hundreds slain.

guayans back in Chaco; hundreds slain.

April 5—World court ruled Norway's claim to East Greenland invalid; Denmark won the area.

April 19—Russian court sentenced two British engineers to prison and three to deportation for esplonage and sabotage; Great Britain retailated by placing embargo on Russian exports.

April 21—Prime Minister MacDonald arrived in Washington and began economic conversations with President Roosevelt.

April 22—Soviet Russia ordered prohibition of all purchases in England and other restrictive measures.

Japanese opened drive toward Peiping with eight hour battle.

April 23—Polish Jews began boycott of German goods.

April 24—President Roosevelt and M. Herriot of France began economic May 2—Soviet Russia and China resumed diplomatic relations,
May 10—President Ayala of Paraguay formally declared war on Bolivia.
May 12—Eight leading nations agreed on tariff truce during world economic conference.

May 16—President Roosevelt called on 54 nations to join in agreement to outlaw war, scrap offensive weapons

outlaw war, scrap offensive weapons and force world peace. May 17—Chancellor Hitler of Ger-May 17—Chancellor Hitler of Germany accepted Roosevelt's peace proposals with reservation of equality in arms for Germany
May 21—Mussolini's four power pact egreed upon by Great Britain. France.

Italy and Germany.

May 22—United States offered to join European security pact, abandoning neutrality rights.

May 28—Japanese seized control of May 20—222 Pelping. May 31—China and Japan signed May 31—china war in north China.

May 31—China and truce stopping war in north China.

June 12—World economic and monetary conference opened in London. Prime Minister MacDonald interjected Prime Minister MacDonald interjected the question of war debts.

June 13—Great Britain and Italy offered to pay 10, per cent of sum due United States on June 15.

June 15—Finiand alone paid full war debt installment due United States; all others either defaulted or paid small part.

June 22—American delegation in

part.
June 22—American delegation in
London conference rejected stabilisation of dollar and offered economic pro-London conserence rejected stablisation of dollar and offered economic program.

June 24—Three Chinese generals, allied with Japanese, set up independent state in northern China.

July 1—Russia released imprisoned
British engineers, and trade war ended,

July 3—President Roosevelt rebuked
London conference for insistence on
stabilization of currency first.

July 5—Six gold nations of Europe
formed pool to protect gold standard.

July 5—Six gold nations of President Roosevelt.

July 3—Concordat between Germany
and the Holy See initialed.

July 15—Italy, Great Britain, France
and Germany signed a ten-year peace
treaty.

treaty.

July 22—Pact to curtail sale of silver signed in London by United States and seven other nations.

July 27—World economic conference in London adjourned.

In London adjourned.

Aug. 7—Germany rejected demand of Great Britain and France that she cease propaganda activities in Austria.

Aug. 21—Socialists opened world conference in Paris.

Aug. 25—International agreement for reduction of wheat acreage reached in London.

in London.

Sept. 2—France, Great Britain and Italy approved Austria's plan to raise new army to protect border.

Sept. 25—Fourteenth assembly of League of Nations opened in Geneva.

Oct. 2—Argentina, Australia and Denmark were elected to seats in League of Nations council.

Oct. 14—Germany withdrew from League of Nations and disarmament conference.

conference.
Oct. 16—Disarmament conference adjourned to October 25.
Oct. 20—President Roosevelt announced Russia had accepted his invinounced russia and accepted his invi-tation to discuss resumption of inter-national relations.

Nov. 5—United States denounced the tation to discuss resumption of international relations.

Nov. 5—United States denounced the
extradition treaty with Greece because
of the Insuli decision in Athens.

Nov. 7—Great Britain announced its
withdrawal from world tariff truce.

Nov. 17—Recognition of Russian government by United States announced
and W. C. Bullitt selected as American
ambassador to Moscow.

Nov. 23—Disarmament conference recessed until January 15.

Dec. 2—Canadian court ruled Martin
Insuli must return to Chicago for trial.

Dec. 3—Seventh Pan-American conference opened in Montevideo, Uruguay

Dec. 11—Paraguay won great victory
over Bolivia in the Chaco war.

Dec. 15—Five nations again defaulted
in war debt payments to the United
States; five made "token" payments:
Finland paid in full.

France, Poland and the little entente
agreed on a united front against Germany's rearmament demands.

Dec. 15—Japanese and Manchukuo
armies invaded Chinese province of
Chahar.

Dec. 18—Paraguay and Bolivia agrees

armies invaded Chinese province of Chahar. Dec. 18—Paraguay and Bolivia agreed to truce in Gran Chaco war.

Jan. 2—President De Valera dissolved Irish parliament and called gen
eral election.
Chile decreed liquidation of great
Cosach nitrate combine.
Jan. 10—Uprisings in Spain resulted
in many deaths and arrests.
Jan. 24—President De Valera's party
won the Irish Free State elections.

FOREIGN

Jan. 28-French cabinet was over-thrown in vote on the budget and rechancellor Von Schleicher of Ger-Jan. 30—Adolf Hitler, head of Na-tional Socialists, was made chancellor

of Germany.

Jan. 31—Edonard Daladier formed new government for France.

Feb. 2—General Sandino, Nicaraguan rebel leader, made peace with President rebel leader, made peace with dent Sacasa.
Feb. 23—Revolutionary movement broke out in Cuba.
Feb. 27—Incendiary fire partly destroyed the Reichstag building in Ber-March 5-National Socialists and Na-March 5—National Socialists and Nationalists won in German elections.
Premier Venizelos defeated in Greek elections.
March 5—Dictatorship established in Austria.
March 5—Tsaidaris made premier of Graces

Greece,
March 3—Hitler extended control
over all free states:
March 22—Hitler became dictator of Germany, March 29—Nationwide boycott on March 29—Nationwide boycott on Jews proclaimed in Germany.
March 21—President of Uruguay made himself dictator.
Pope inaugurated the holy year.
April 3—Western Australia voted to secede from commonwealth.
April 19—Masonic order in Germany dissolved and reorganized on "Christian basis."

ian basis."

April 23.—Spauish women voted for first time, in muhicipal elections.

April 29.—Revolt broke out in Cuba with landing of two expeditions in Orienta.

with landing of two expeditions in Oriente.

April 30—President Sanches Cerro of Peru assassinated.

May 2—Hitler smashed all free trade unions in Germany.

May 3—Irish Free State abolished oath to the British king.

May 3—Mahatma Gandhi began another fast and was immediately released from prison.

Ignaz Moscicki re-elected president of Poland.

May 13—Prussian diet dissolved un-May 18—Prussian diet dissolved un-til 1937.

til 1987.

May 28—Hitlerites won election in free city of Danzig.

June 3—Spanish government leaders excommunicated by Pope Piux KI.

June 6—Germany agreed to end Jewish boycott in upper Silesia.

June 5—President Zamora of Spain forced the resignation of the Azana cabinet.

cabinet.
June 11—Zamora compelled to ask June 11—Zamora compelled to ask Azana to form new Spanish cabinet. June 19—Chancellor Dollfuss outlawed Nazi parties in Austria. June 21—All factions in Cuba agreed to mediation by Ambassador Welles. June 22—German government dissolved the Socialist party. July 23—German Protestants voted to permit Nazi group to control the church.

lurch.
July 25—Plot against Spanish gov-nment uncovered and hundreds ernment uncovered and hundreds jailed.
July 28—Cuban government issued general amnesty decree.
June 27—German National party dissolved and joined the Nazis.
July 31—Gandhi and his wife arrested again in India.
Aug. 7—Bloody anti-Machado riots in Havana quelled by troops.
Aug. 8—President Machado of Cuba rejected Ambassador Welles' mediation plan and refused to quit his office.
Aug. 9—State of war declared in Cuba.
Aug. 11—Cuban army demanded res-

Cuba Aug. 11—Cuban army demanded resignation of President Machado.
Aug. 12—President Machado of Cuba resigned and fied to Nassau; Dr. Carlos Manuel de Cespedes was made provisional president.

Aug. 16—Eight hundred Assyrians

reported massacred in Iraq.
Mahatma Gandhi began a fast unto
death in Yeravda jail.
Aug. 23—Gandhi was unconditionally released to save his life. Sept. 5—Radicals of Cuba ousted President De Cespedes and his government and assumed rule by junta.
Sept. 8—King Feisal of Iraq died in Switzerland and was succeeded by his

son Ghazi.

Sept. 9—Alejandro Lerroux made premier of Spain.

Sept. 10—Dr. Ramon Grau San Martin was sworn in as President of Cuba. Sept. 14—President Grau San Martin decreed general statutes to supplant the constitution of Cuba.

Parliamentarism in Prussia wiped out by Premier Goering.

Sept. 20—Chancellor Dollfors established.

out by Premier Goering.

Sept. 20—Chancellor Dollfuss established Fascist dictatorship over Aus-Cot. 3—Chancellor Dollfuss of Austria wounded by assassin.

Lerroux government of Spain ousted by parliament.

Oct. 3—Martinez Barrios became premier of Spain and dissolved the congress. congress.

liament, and President Tonisson and his cabinet resigned. Oct. 24—Government of Premier Da-ladier of France was defeated and re-

ladier of France was defeated and resigned.

Oct. 25—Albert Sarraut formed new French ministry.

Oct. 28—Arab riots in Holy Land grew serious.

Oct. 31—Greek court of appeals refused to extradite Samuel Insult to United States.

Nov. 3—Cuban cabinet resigned.

Nov. 3—New revolt broke out in Cuba with heavy fighting in Havana.

Nadir Shah Ghazi, king of Afghanistan, was assassinated and his son, Mohammed Zahir Shah, succeeded him.

Nov. 9—Cuban revolt crushed by government.

Nov. 12—Chancellor Hitler scored an overwhelming victory in the German elections.

Nov. 19—Chinese Nineteenth route army revolted against Nanking government.

Nov. 24—Sarraut's French ministry overthrown by chamber of deputies.

Nov. 27—Camille Chantemps made

Nov. 24—Sarraut's French ministry overthrown by chamber of deputies. Nov. 27—Camille Chantemps made premier of France.

Dec. 8—Irish Free State government declared unlawful the Young Ireland association, known as the Blue Shirts.

Dec. 9—Serious anarchist revolt in Spain. Dec. 9—Serious anarchist revolt in Spain.

Dec. 13—Spanish revolt officially declared suppressed; scores killed.

Dec. 15—Greek/government decided Samuel Insul must leave the country January 31.

Dec. 16—Alejandro Lerroux formed new ministry for Spain. **AERONAUTICS**

Jan. 16—Seven French aviators flew from St. Louis, western Africa, to Natal Brazil, in 14 hours 2 minutes.

Feb. 8—Gayford and Nicholetts, English aviators, completed record breaking nonstop flight of 5,340 miles from Cranwell, England, to Walfish Bay. South Africa. South Africa.

Feb. 9—Captain Mollison flew from Africa to Brazil. Feb. 9—Captain Mollison flew from Africa to Brazil.

April 3—Four Britons in two planes crossed Mt. Everest.

April 10—Francesco Agello, Italian, broke world's scaplane record, averaging 4265 miles an hour.

May 8—Capt, S. Karzynske of Poland flew from Senegal to Brazil.

June 2—Capt. Frank Hawks flew from Los Angeles to New York in robot controlled plane in 13 hours, 26 minutes.

June 3—Jimmy Mattern hopped off at New York on world encircling flight.

June 4—Mattern landed on island near Oslo, Norway.

June 11—Barberan and Collar of Spanish army flew from Spain to Camaguey, Cuba.

June 14—Mattern mission and Spanish army flew from Spain to Camaguey, Cuba.

June 14—Mattern missing on hop from Khabarovsk to Nome.

June 21—Barberan and Collar lost in flight to Mexico City
July 1—Italian air armada began flight to Chicago via Iceland.

July 7—Mattern found safe at Anadyr, Siberia.

July 9—Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh began route-planning flight to Green.

July 12—Italian air squadron landed at Cartwright, Labrador.

July 14—Italian air squadron reached Montreal.

July 15—Wiley Post began round-the-world flight, and Darius and Girenas of Chicago hopped off for Lithuania all from New York.

Balbo and the Italian air fleet arrived in Chicago.

July 15—Fost reached Berlin in second

rived in Chicago.

July 16 -Post reached Berlin in record time.

ord time.
Darius and Girenns killed in crash
of their plane near Soldin, Germany.

July 19—Italian air armada arrived at New York.
Suly 22— 'iley Post completed flight around wo. d in T days 18 hours 49 around wo, d in I days is hours 45 minutes.
July 23—Capt J. A. Mollison and his wife, Amy Johnson, flew across Atlantic from Wales and crashed at Stratford, Conn.
July 25—Italian air squadron left New York for home.
Seven American army flyers killed in crash of plane at Oceanside, Calif. Aug. 7—Rossi and Codos of France made record non-ctop flight from New York to Rayak, Syrla, 5,900 miles.
Aug. 12—Italian air fleet arrived at Rons. Sept. 2—Gen. Francesco de Pinedo, famous Italian aviator, killed at New ramous Italian aviator, killed at New York.

Sept. 4—Florence Klingensmith, noted pilot, killed in plane crash at international air races at Chicago.

Sept. 25—Col. Roscoe Turner set new West-to-East transcontinental record of 10 hours 5½ minutes.

Sept. 35—Rossian balloonists ascended 11 miles for new record.

Nov. 20—Settle and Fordney ascended 51:317 feet in stratesphere balloon from Akron, Ohio.

Dec. 6—Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh flew across the Atlantic from Bathurst.

Africa, to Natal, Brasil.

Dec. 12—The Lindberghs flew over the Brasilian jungle from Manaos to Trinidad.

Dec. 16—The Lindberghs landed at Miami, Fla.

DISASTERS

Jan. 4—French South Atlantic liner Atlantique destroyed by fire, 19 of the crew perishing.

Jan. 11—Southern California swept by disastrous gale; two men killed.

Feb. 10—Sixty-two killed by explosion of gas tank at Neunkirchen, Germany. ion of gas tank at Meunkirchen, Germany,
March 3-About 1,500 killed by tidal
wave and earthquake in Japan.
March 10-Earthquakes in Los Angeles district killed 115, injured 5,000
and caused property damage reaching
75 millions,
March 14-Tornado in Tennesses
killed 26.
March 25-Fall of transport plane
killed 15 in California. March 25—Fall of transport plane killed 12 in California. March 23—British air liner crashed in Belgium: 15 killed. March 30—Tornado killed 68 in March 28—British air liner crashed in Beiglum; 15 killed.
March 30—Tornado killed 68 in Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana.
March 31—Six killed in plane crash in Kansas.
April 3—U. S. S. Akron with 77 officers and men, crashed in storm off New Jersey coast. Admiral Moffet and 73 others lost.
April 32—West India docks at London destroyed by fire; loss \$15,400,000.
May 1—Tornadoes in Louisiana and Arkansas killed 58.
May 3—Town of Ellsworth, Majne, destroyed by fire.
May 10—Tornado in the Cumberland valley killed 62.
May 14—Disastrous floods in Indiana and Illinois.
June 2—Oil explosion in Long Beach, Calif., killed 9 and did vast damage.
June 4—Train wreck in France killed 14 and injured 116.
June 9—Nine killed, 150 hurt in celluloid factory explosion at North Arlington, N. J.
June 11—Chicago World's fair sightseing plane crashed and burned, killing nine persons.
July 3—Cyclone in Cuba killed 23 ing nine persons.

July 3—Cyclone in Cuba killed 23 and did vast damage to tobacco crop.

July 7—Cloudburst in Bear Creek canyon, Colorado, killed about 12 per-Aug. 4—Disastrous burricane in southern Texas.

Aug. 9—Five United States naval airmen killed in crash in Hawaii.

Aug. 14—Floods in China reported Aug. 14—Floods in China reported fatal to 50,000. Aug. 24—Scores of deaths and vast property damage resulted from storm property damage resulted from storm along Atlantic coast.

Aug. 29—Eight killed and many injured in wreck of passenger train in New Mexico.

Sept. 1—Hurricane killed more than 100 in Cuba.

Sept. 5—Hurricane in lower Rio Grande valley killed 100.

Sixteen killed in train collision at Binghamton, N. Y.

Sept. 16—Hurricane on gulf coast of Mexico killed about 150.

Sept. 18—Great property damage done by gale that swept north Atlantic coast. done by gale that swept north Atlantic coast.

Sept. 24—Hurricane wrecked Tampico, Mexico, killing 54.

Oct. 3—Seventy-five relief roll workers killed and many injured in brush fire at Los Angeles. Calif.

Oct. 10—Seven killed when passenger plane exploded near Gary, Ind.

Dec. 1—Four hundred killed by earthquake in China.

Dec. 14—Ten children killed and 30 injured when train struck school bus at Crescent City, Fla.

NECROLOGY Jan. 1—S. P. Henderson, general manager of Alton railroad, in Chicago. Jan. 2—Mrs. Belle Moskowitz, Democratic leader of New York.

Jan. 3—Dr. Wilhelm Cuno, former Germen chancellor Jan. 3—Dr. Wilhelm Cuno, former German chancellor,
Jack Pickford, American movie actor, in Paris.
Jan. 5—Calvin Coolidge, former President, in Northampton, Mass.
Gilbert Colgate of New York, philanthropist and capitalist.
Jan. 7—Representative Robert R. Butler of Oregon,
Jan. 8—Representative S. A. Kendall of Pennsylvania. Butler of Oregon,
Jan. 8—Representative S. A. Kendall of Pennsylvania.
Jan. 13—Prof. Dana Carleton Munro
of Princeton.
Jan. 15—Mrs. Jessie Sayre, daughter
of late President Wilson.
Rt. Rev. W. W. Webb, episcopai
bishop of Milwaukee.
Jan. 18—John Bundy, Indiana artist.
Jan. 21—George Moore, Irish novelter t. Jan. 22—Elisabeth Marbury of New Jan. 22—Ansabeth marbury of them York, theatrical producer.

Jan. 23—Arthur Garford, industrialist and political leader, in Elyria, Ohio.

E. A. McCulloch, member of federal

E. A. McCulloch, member of federal trade commission.

Jan. 24—Earl of Chesterfield.

Jan. 26—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont of New York, in Paris.

Jan. 28—George Saintsbury, English literary critic.

Sara Teasdale, American poet.

Jan. 30—Rear Admiral W. H. H. Southerland, U. S. N. retired.

Jan. 31—John Galsworthy, English novelist. Jan. 31—John Galsworthy, English novelist.
Feb. 2—F. G. Bonfils, publisher of Denver Post.
Feb. 4—Archbishop Rojas Arrieta of Prof. A. H. Sayce, British Egyptologist. Feb. 5-Addison Mizner, architect, in Palm Beach, Fla.
Feb. 7—Dr. Lawrence F. Abbott,
former editor of the Outlook.
Count Albert Apponyi, Hungarian statesman,
Feb. 11—John D. Ryan, copper magnate, in New York. B. M. Winston, Chicago financier.
Feb. 12—Field Marshal Sir William
Robertson in London. George R. Carter, former governor of Hawaii.
Sir John A. Thomson, British scientist.
Feb. 14—R. N. Matson, minister-designate to Greece, in Chevenne, Wyo, Feb 18—James J. Corbett, former heavyweight champion.
Feb. 21—Rear Admiral R. S. Griffin, U. S. N. retired.
Feb. 26—Thomas W. Gregory, former attorney general of United States.
Grand Duke Alexander of Russia, in France Feb. 27-Walter Hiers, film comedian.
March 2—Thomas J. Walsh, former senator from Montana and named attorney general in Roosevelt cabinet.
Rear Admiral John D. Rodgers, U. S. N., retired. Rear Admiral John D. Rodgers, U. S. N., retired.
March 6—Mayor Anton J Cermak of Chicago, in Miami, Fla.
March 7- Ex-Congressman Will R.
Wood of Indiana.
Mai, Gen. S. D. Sturgia, U. S. A., retired.
March 11—Senator Robert B. Howell of Nebraska.
March 14—Sir Henry Thornton, former president Canadian National rail-ways. ways.

March 17—Brig. Gen. Charles King.
Clivil war veteran, author
March 18—Duke of Abruzzi
March 20—Jefferson De Angelis.

actor.
April 3--- Wilson Misner, author.

April 18—Dr. Heary Val. Dyka author End aducator.
April 19—Dr. Heary Val. Dyka author End aducator.
April 19—George B. Nevin, composessof stared music, at Easton, Pa.
April 18—Judge Webster Thayer of Boston, who presided at Sadoe-Van-setti trial. setti trial.
Fred Terry, Snglish accos.
April 30—William Courtensy, American.
April 31—Joseph Kilgour, American actor.
April 25—Dr. Felix Adier, philosopher, in New York.
April 29—Rev. Thomas Sherman, S. J., son of Gen. William T. Sherman, Francis Richards, noted inventor, in Representative C. S. Briggs of Texas. acto May 2—William E. Haskell, vateran editor and publisher, in Salisbury, Md. May 7—Prof. George H. Palmer of Harvard university.

May 8—Cardinal Cerretti in Rome. Col. C. E. Stanton, U. S. A., retired, author of phrase "Lafayatte, we are here." May 15—Col. Fred Kligore, com-landing Fourth regiment of marines t Shangbai. Ernest Torrence, veteras screen

Ernesi Torrence, veteran screen actor.

May 16—Dr. John Grier Hibben, president emeritus of Princeton.

Prof. Lee Wilson Dodd of Yale.

Dr. J. C. DaCosta, famous surgeon, in Philadelphia.

May 17—Clinton W. Gilbert, political writer, in Washington.

May 18—Ex-Sehaior Porter J. Mo-Cumber of North Dakota in Washington. ton.
May 24—Admiral Lord Wemyss of British navy.
May 26—Horatio Bottomley of London.
May 29—Dan O'Leary, famous pedes-May 30—Prof. W. L. Elkin of Yale, astronomer.

June 3—William Muldoon, veteran sportsman, in Purchase, N. Y.

June 5—Henry C. Rowland, American author,

June 7—Cyrus H. K. Curtis, publisher, in Philadelphia.

June 10—Winchell Smith, American playwright and actor.

June 15—Capt. W. P. Wright of Chicago, national commander of G. A. R.

Harry M. Jewett of Detroit, automobile manufacturer.

June 19—O. L. Bodenhamer, former national commander of American Legion.

Representative B. E. Kemp of Louislana. May 30-Prof. W. L. Elkin of Yale. Louislana.

June 20—Paul Kester, American

June 20—Paul Kester, American playright.
Rose Pastor Stokes, radical leader.
June 22—Representative E. B. Almon of Alabama.
July 1—A. R. Erskine, motor caronicial, in South Bend, Ind.
July 3—Russell Boardman, American aviator,
Hipolito Yrigoyen, former president of Argentina. Argentina.

July 5—C. N. Haskell, first governor of Oklahoma.

July 8—Sir Anthony Hope Hawkins,
English novelist.

July 12—Edwin Gould, New York
financier.

July 15—Prof. Irving Babbitt of Harvard Harvard.

July 18—Glibert N. Haugen, former congressman from Iowa.

July 20—E. S. Johnson, former senator from South Dakota.

Viscount Burnham, British newspaper publisher.

July 26—Louise Closser Hale, novelper publisher.
July 26—Louise Closser Hale, novelist and actress.
July 31—K. C. Schuyler of Denver, former senator from Colorado.
Aug. 1—Chester S. Lord, veteran journalist of New York.
Aug. 6—J. D. Oliver of South Bend, Ind., plow manufacturer,
Aug. 14—Dr. Frederick Starr, anthropologist, in Japan.
Aug. 15—Alan Winslow of Chicago, famous war_aviator.
Aug. 17—Rear Admiral C. B. Morgan, U. S. N.
Aug. 23—Marie Cahill, American actress.
Aug. 27—Congressman W. W. Wat-Aug. 27—Congressman W. W. Wat-son of Pennsylvania. Aug. 28—W. A. Bechtel of San Fran-cisco, head of companies building Aug. 28-W. A. cisco, head of companies Boulder dam. Sept. 2-G. T. Marye, former Amer-Sept. 2—G. T. Maryo, an diplomat. Sept. 5—Clay M. Greene, actor and Sept. 5—Clay M. G. Sept. 5—Clay M. G. Sept. 7—Viscount Grey of Falloden, British statesman,
Sept. 8—Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst of New York.
King Feisal of Iraq.
Sept. 9—Federal Judge William S. Kenyon of Iowa, Capt. Paul Koenig, commander of

Capt. Paul Koenig, commanuer of German submarine Deutschland in war. Archbishop F. E. J. Lloyd, primate of American Catholic church. Sept. 12—Alfred Sutro, British playwright.
Sept. 14—Irwin H. Hoover, chief Sept. 14—Irwin H. Hoover, chief usher of White House.
Sept. 17—F. H. Sisson, New York banker,
Sept. 19—E. W. Kemble, artist and author.
Sept. 20—Dr. Annie Besant, world leader of Theosophists, in Madras, India.
Madge Carr Cook, American actress.
Sept. 24—Horace Liveright, New York, retired publisher.
Maj. Gen. W. J. Black, U. S. A.
Mrs. A. M. Williamson, novelist, in Bath, England.
Sept. 25—Ring Lardner, American humorist and playwright.
Gov. Arthur Seligman of New Mexico, Sept. 27—Brigham H. Roberts, president of Mormon church council, in Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City.
Sept. 28—J. W. Collier, member U. S. tariff commission. oct. 2—Charles Piez, head of Emerg-ncy Fleet corporation during the war. Oct. 3—W. L. Stribling, Georgia. heavyweight. Oct. 5-William L. Veeck, president Chicago National League Baseball club.

Renee Adoree, film star. Oct. 6-Porter H. Dale, senator from Oct. 5—Force.
Vermont.
Oct. 7—Hernand Behn, president of International Telephone and Telegraph company, in France.
Oct. 8—Morris Hillquit of New York. Oct. 8-Morris Hingui.
Oct. 8-Morris Hingui.
Socialist leader.
Oct. 11-Charles H. Sabin, New York
banker.
Oct. 18-Peter A. Jay, American Oct. 18—Peter A. Jay, American diplomat.
Oct. 23—William N. Doak, former secretary of labor.
Oct. 25—Evelyn B. Baldwin, noted explorer, in Washington.
Oct. 28—Edward H. Sothern, eminent American actor.

nent American actor.
Paul Painleve, French statesman.
Oct. 30—Mary E. Lease, former leader of Kansas Populists.
Nov. 3—John B. Kendrick, senator from Wyoming.
Nov. 5—Texas Guinan, entertainer, Vancouver.
lov. 12-Milton Aborn of New York, Nov. 12—Milton Aborn of New York, theatrical producer.
Nov. 14—Edward N. Hurley, Chicago financier and manufacturer.
Nov. 15—William K. Vanderbilt III of New York.
Nov. 23—Francois Albert, French statesman. Nov. 25-Prof. G. H. Barton, Harvard geologist.
Nov. 29—Prof. J. Laurence Laughlip
of Chicago, political economist.
Nov. 30—Sir Arthur Currie, commander of Canada's overseas forces in
World war. Dec. 1-Richard Mellon, Pittsburgh

banker.

Harry De Windt, English explorer.

Dec. 3—Aiexander Legge, president
of International Harvester company.

Dec. 7—Stella Benson, English novelist Adolph Klauber, American dramatic Adolph Klauber, American dramatic critic and producer.
Dec. —Count Yamamoto, Japanese statesman and naval hero, Dec 9—Dr W. O. Thompson, former president of Offio State university.
Dec. 10.—George Lytton, Chicago merchant and art patron,
Dec. 12.—Count flya Tolstoy at New Haven. Cunn
Dec. 16.—Robert W Chambers, American novelist
Louis Joseph Vance, American fiction writer. tion writer.
Willard Spencer, opera composer, in Willard Spencer, opera composer, in St. Davids, Pa.
Dec. 17.—Rev. Dr. W. S. Rainsford of New York, author of religious works. The dalat iams of Tibet.
Dec. 19.—Congressman James & Parker of New York.

TANGLED WIVES

PEGGY SHANE

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SYNOPSIS

A girl finds herself in a taxicab in New York with a strange man who speaks of "an awful shock." Escaping from him, she stops at the Biltmore, wondering who she is. Her memory is gone. She has a wedding ring. At the hotol a young woman vanishes with the girl's \$900. An elderly woman, Mrs. Oscar Du Val, greets the nameless girl, addressing her as "Doris," wife of Mrs. Du Val's son, Rocky. Rocky is abroad, and Doris is taken to the home of Mrs. Du Val and her sculptor husband, Oscar. Doris tails in love with Rocky's photograph, but cannot remember having married him. Rocky returns. He demands to know who she is and why his wife sent her to his home. She cannot tell him. They agree, for the sake of his parents, to A girl finds herself in a taxicab in home. She cannot tell him. They agree, for the sake of his parents, to pretend they are husband and wife. Rocky takes Doris to his New York apartment to confront his wife. He finds the fiat empty. Doris sees the real wife's photograph and recognizes her as the girl who stole her \$900. Doris finally tells Rocky she has lost her memory. In a newspaper they see her memory. In a newspaper they see a-headline, "Killer Bride's Gun Found; Diane-Merrell's Father Identifies It." Doris faints. When she recovers, her memory has not returned. Rocky informs her he is going to take her to Canada by motor. They set out.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued

--14---This time when Doris opened her eyes, she discovered that two men were watching her. One was the same old man. He had brought a friend in this time, a person of equally respected years.

'As Doris looked up, he was putting on his gold-rimmed glasses to augment the mechanical stare which he was directing at her. Having finally adjusted them so that they would stay on, he transferred his fumbling fingers to a folded newspaper which he had been holding under his arm. This he opened up part way so that the other man could see.

"You see?" he said: The other man nodded. He glanced furtively now at Doris and said something which she couldn't hear to the man with the newspaper,

Doris gasped. There was a terrific leer on the old man's face.

"Rocky!" she called.

Rocky had followed the mechanic into the garage office, but now he came running. She noticed with relief that he was wearing his coat again and a

"Okay once more." He opened the front door of the car. "Now we can start-" Then he noticed the two men. He got into the driver's seat quickly without a word to Doris. He started his engine just as the hand of one of the men fell on his arm. "Hey, look out," he yelled, swinging free his arm, "if you don't want to get run The car started backing out. but the two old men clutched at him excitedly.

"Wait a minute young feller." cried the one with the newspaper, "we want to speak to you!"

But Rocky's car with a blustering commotion had backed out to the road. It sallied a minute, reversed, took another gasping leap forward and was up the road in a long diminishing streak

Rocky drove like a mechanical demon. His head was pitched slightly forward, his arms and shoulders motionless as he held to the wheel-his senses alert to only one thought. speed. Poris felt frightened. "You seem to know these roads?"

"Yeah. Friend of father's lives near here. I used to visit him every sumtiler. Rockwell St. Gardens."

Their way lay through dark wooded hills. "Are we going to ride all night?" "Tenends."

"Depends on what?" she wanted to ask, but she felt too drowsy. There was hardly any use anyway, as he was sure not to answer. He was going so swiftly now. They were racing up the long mountain, taking curves reck-

lessir. And something was following. Rocky

was right. She couldn't worry any more. Her head sank down. She was leaning un-

consciously against him. She slept. The car stopped with a jerk. A white light flashed over her face. Men

were shouting. She sat up. A man was standing beside the car in the gush of light that streamed from his hand she saw his uniform. He was a policeman. In the reflected

light, the shadowy outline of his fat face looked stern. Another man was shouting. Doris turned her head and saw that a roadster full of men was drawn up di rectly behind them in the pine-fringed road. She could see another police-

Rocky's hand quivered on the wheel. "Don't say anything," he whispered to

man getting out of the car. He held

Doris White lights stabbed the road, threw queer shadows into relief. Again the strong, white glare of a finsh-light struck her between the eyes.

"Looks like her, Murphy, all right!" "I want to speak to the young lady," said the policeman at Rocky's elbow. Rocky's voice was without a quaim.

"Speak to me instead." The light dicked up and over Rocky's. face. "What's your name?"

"Rockwell Du Val." "See your license?"

Rocky produced it. This had all happened before, but this time Doris knew that the looking at the license was a pretense. The man on her right on the motorcycle was so close. And why did he have his gun in his hand?

"Who's the young lady?" Rocky did not falter as he lied: "My

Two more men were coming from the car behind. There was a fearful, quiet tread, a breathless expectancy in their walk. Knowing nothing yet, Doris felt terrified. She tried to control her panic. Rocky was being so bold, and yet she knew that he, too, was frightened.

"Has the lady any identification?"

"Yes, Plenty." "Let's see some of it."

Doris could feel Rocky's nervous inward tremor while she listened to his assumed belligerence: "What's this all about?"

"We'll come to that." A small wiry man in plain clothes

interpolated briskly: "We've got you. No use trying to pull anything. Better get out of the car, mister." "Am I under arrest?" "You'll find out what you're under."

"You bet I'll find out what I'm under. And I'll find out before I get out of this car, too," The fat-faced cop elbowed the small

wiry man aside. "Just wait. Let's find out about this. Nobody's under arrest yet." "That's better," said Rocky.

A dozen flashlights played over Doris' face. Now she heard a murmur among the men.

"Looks like her all right" "Sure it's her."

"Have you any other identification besides your license?"

"Can you prove that this lady is

your wife?" Again the lights combarded her. She covered her face with her hands.

What did they mean? "Don't do that?" said Rocky to Doris out of the corner of his mouth. "Look them straight in the eye!" She

obeyed, quivering. Rocky addressed the officer standing beside him: "I'm a friend of Rockwell St. Gardens. He'll identify us in

a minute." There was a slight sensation. The wiry man came and stood be-

side them. "You say you know Rockwell St.

Gardens?" "Yes. I know him very well." "Does he know your wife?"

"Yes."

"Your name is Rockwell Du Val?" "Yes, I'm named after St. Gardens," The policemen conferred. The man on the motorcycle still balanced close

to Doris, the engine of his motorcycle shuddering gently as he guarded the The officer returned. "I'm sorry to

ask you, but you'll have to come to the station with us. We received a tip over the telephone that Diane Merrell was in this car!"

"That's utterly ridiculous." Doris felt Rocky's strong grip on her arm. The bluster in his tone was a thinly concealed artifice.

Nevertheless she could feel a change in the atmosphere. The policemen were uncertain. Rocky knew it too. She could feel a new strength in his voice as he said again, "Look here. Are we under arrest?"

"Nothin' like that. We just got to take you up to the station if you don't mind, mister—'

Rocky cut in crisply. "But I do mind. I've been driving all day and my wife is tired." "Yeah, but, mister, in a case like

this we gotta be mighty careful. And we got this tip--' "If you want to arrest us, that's your lookout," said Rocky,

The fat-faced cop pushed his face into the car, looking over the wheel at Doris, "We'll go up to St. Gardens' place with you. How's that? If St. Gardens can identify you-"

He opened the door of the roadster as he spoke. "I'll drive," he said to Rocky. "You

can come along in the car behind." Doris protested involuntarily, "No. No. Don't leave me, Rocky.'

"If we're not under arrest I think I'll drive," said Rocky gravely. The cop grunted. He walked around

the car and got in beside Doris. "O. K. Let's go,"

The man on the motorcycle sent his machine leaping ahead of them.

The cool air came rushing gratefully to Doris' pale cheeks as the car got under way. Her shoulder was tucked under Rocky's like a small chicken nestling under its mother's wing. What was the name of the girl the police wanted? Anne Somebody. Was that her real name? Had her real self been found at last. And was she a criminal?

Doris put these thoughts away. Supposing they accused her of the worst of crimes. How could she deny them? What, oh what could she have been in that other lost life of hers?

They turned at last between stone gate posts.

"This is the place all right," said the cop.

They rode for three-quarters of a mile before the lights of the house appeared.

At last Rocky drew up before the door of the great house. He shut off the engine, opened the door and jumped out.

"Come on, Doris,"

The motorcycle cop drew up beside them, "Not so fast."

Doris knew then that the policemen were still suspicious. Rocky had run ahead up the steps of the house, and was ringing the bell. Doris with a policeman on either side of her followed more slowly.

Her heart was beating wildly. The door opened slowly. A blond impassive face looked out.

"Hello, Swenson. Is Mr. St. Gar-The butler swung the door open.

"Yes, Mr. Du Val. Come in." Rocky motioned to Doris. She went into a square hallway. The policemen

came too. On a landing above a short, squareet figure appeared. He had on a dressing gown, and held a book in his hand. He stared at the group for

a minute in amazed silence. "Rocky! Is it Rocky, for heaven's

"It's Rocky. I've brought my wife," Rocky was bounding up the stairs to the landing. Doris saw him take the short square man by the shoulder and say something. Then St. Gardens turned and came down the stairs with outstretched hands.

"Doris! It's so nice to see you again. I was wondering when you would turn up. You must be tired from your journey. Been traveling

Doris was confused. She took St. Gardens' hands gladly, smiled at him without speaking, but it, was the vague act of a bewildered and exhausted child.

- She sat down in the nearest chair. The room was going round and round. She hardly heard the policemen. She knew that everything was being arranged. Everything was all right. Rocky had fixed things.

The policemen went away. The door was closed.

"Beatrice isn't in. Someone's giving her a dinner and dance at the country club. I didn't stay. I just got in." said St. Gardens. "Lucky I did, too. Wasn't that a runmy thing-those dumb cops picking you up like that?"

"Terrible," said Rocky. "They were so suspicious I thought it would save a lot of trouble if you pretended you had already met Doris. May I introduce her now?"

Doris roused herself. St. Gardens was holding out both his hands. "This is a great pleasure, my dear.

Rocky has always been tke my own son to me."

Doris put her hands hastily across her own eyes. She knew she was acting badly, but it was all so puzzling to her tired mind.

"She's exhausted," said Rocky apologetically.

St. Gardens apparently didn't know her. He had pretended to recognize her in order to save her from the police. He thought she was the real Doris. She was to fool him as she had fooled the Du Vals. She rose trembling, a hand pressed against her cheek. "No, no!"

"What's the matter?" They could not follow her thoughts. She was being stupid. She could not pretend to be the real Doris any more. She was really that girl-that crim-

inal the policemen were seeking. She looked at Rocky with widened eyes. 'I can't stand it. I'm-St. Gardens took her elbow. His voice, rich and caressing, spoke to her softly: "You are very tired. You have been through a dreadful ordeal.

I can see that. And now you want to go to your room.' "Let lime take her upstairs," said Rocky. "You are right. She needs to go to bed. She's knocked out."

"It's enough to knock anybody outheing mistaken for a murderess," said St. Gardens sympathetically.

Doris looked at him. A murderess.

That's what she had done. She had committed a murder. The room was still rocking, but she no longer felt tired. St. Gardens' words had galvanized her. New life, like second wind coming to a tired swimmer, flooded her. She looked at Rocky in agony. What did St. Gardens mean? Rocky read the question in her eyes,

but he deliberately ignored it. "Come, you must go to bed." Doris wanted to speak but her mouth felt dry. Meantime Rocky, as if anticipating her purpose, had began to talk hectically about their trip. And

he was pushing her up the stairway. A maid came. Rocky went out to get her bags, leaving her standing at the top of the stairs beside St. Gardens. She looked at him with twisted

brows. "What did you say a minute or two ago about a murder?"

St. Gardens smiled. "Oh nothing I was just referring to the stupid business of the local law enforcers in mistaking you for what's her namethe girl who shot her husband at a wedding."

Doris clutched the stair railing. She was looking into a bottomless gulf. "What's her name—the girl who shot her husband at a wedding?" She was what's-her-name-a girl

who shot her husband at a wedding. Rocky ran up the stairs, bag in his

"What's the matter?" he said Doris said shakily, "He said, what'sher-name—a girl who shot her hus-

band at a wedding-am I-" Rocky took her firmly by the arm. You come to bed." To St. Gardens he said: "She's hysterical."

"And no wonder." St. Garden's left them, but she did not notice. She knew that Rocky was pushing her into the bedroom, and sending the maid away. He was closing the door,

TO BE CONTINUED.

Latest in Skate and Ski Fashions



id sort around which winter sports costume design revolves. When you go skating or skling no matter how dark and somber your

divided skirt or your Norwegian-style trousers (either are in fashion) may be, the top of your costume, to be chic, must intrigue the eye with a riot of color. Jackets and sweaters (twin sweaters are the rage), likewise scarfs and caps and the gloves that go with them make animated color their theme.

As rampant as color is and as defightfully frivolous as current snow togs may seem to all appearance, when it comes to genuine practicality sports clothes as now designed are amazingly utilitarian, in that they are provided with all sorts of devices which add to their comfort and their wearibleness.

For instance the girl skating in the oreground of the accompanying illusration is wearing a well-styled dividd skirt of fine-wale corduroy which as a versatile waistband which can e so regulated by means of an adjustble slide fastener as to fit the waistne to a sixteenth of an inch. Intead of wearing trousers this smartly lad young enthusiast prefers a beoming divided skirt which has the raceful and feminine lines of a sports kirt, but with all the freedom of novement that trousers afford.

As to what is new and what is colorful in winter sports togs here you has a plaid-cuffed glove to match. This matching glove and scarf sets give skating costumes just that dash and splash of color which they need. A very clever idea brought out recently is a vividly striped stocking cap, one long end of which is brought down to wind about the throat-a sort of a two-in-one proposition. To this scarf and cap combination is added a pair of matching gloves.

You will be perfectly charmed with the skating costume, shown to the left above, when we tell you it is made of black velveteen, the circular skirt of which is lined with red taffeta. The red appears again in the facing of the tie. The jacket fastens with silver clips and the Tyrolean knitted cap has a red feather. This costume is outstanding because of its effective color scheme.

For sheer practicality, with lots of style added, the model shown to the right scores high. It consists of sturdy Norwegian corduroy trousers topped with a chamois vest, a turtleneck white sweater and a flangel jacket, the latter an extra protection when wintry blasts grow fierce. The chamois vest is bordered with a metal fastener so that it is easily put back to serve as a coat lining. It heightens the color effect when the vest is dyed a bright green or red although many are buying these chamois sleeveless jackets in natural color.

All along the line one is impressed with the tendency shown to make this season's ski and skate clothes as picturesque as possible even to the point

of being spectacular. O. 1933. Western Newspaper Union.

DESIGN FUR COATS IN MEDIUM LENGTH

Women have a way of getting what they want. When they demanded fur coats in trotteur length, the designers got busy and turned out some extremely dashing models. These coats that are neither long nor short are especially suited to the youthful, boyish figure.

This season's versions include straight, belted or swagger types. Some have yokes. Collars are standing, Peter Pan or cravat. Sleeves relate the story that has been going the rounds this year: Pleats or shirring at the shoulders, fullness below the elbow.

Short-haired furs, such as lapin, galyak and kid are the happiest choices for the fur trotteur that is belted or swagger. Seal and krimmer make handsome straightline finger-tip length

Trimmings Are Important in Late Paris Fashions Trimmings tell a striking tale in

the 1934 winter fashions by Worth. Feathers in the shape of a fringe for a flower, sparkling strass buttons and diamante helts trim the rich velvets and satins which build the evening mode. Satin and velvet buttons and bows ornament afternoon frocks: fur sleeves appear on wool ensem-

One of the most striking frocks in the collection, worn by the blond French actress, Jeanne Aubert, is a dinner gown of pink satin which has a tiny cluster of pink rosebuds perched on each shoulder and is accompanied by a must of the same pink rosebuds.

A black velvet evening gown has a high front decollete and a low ree back edged in diamante braid; a beige velvet dinner gown is designed with a shoulder line edged in glycerinized coque feathers.

Valvet Bows

Tailored velvet bows in light tints add a new touch to the bodices of dark wool frocks. Shell pink appears on black, blue-green on brown,

EXQUISITE CAPE By CHERIE NICHOLAS



Paris alone could do a wrap like this. To create this lovely fantasy Ardanse poses tiny squares of ermine upon a foundation of chiffen transparent velvet, with beaded work of strass in the open spaces which glistens and sparkles in keeping with the snowy whiteness of the fur. Note the wide sparkling jeweled bracelet. A wide handsome bracelet is inevitable for evening chic. This is only one of many of the beguiling little capes which glorify formal attire this season. Another model which is so pretty and dainty and feminine you want it for your own at first sight is fashioned of thinnest and supplest of white velvet, the same bordered all around with roses made of the identical white velvet.

Ostrich Capes

Short capes of fluttering ostrich, shimmering velvet of soft coque feathers are a favorite accessory for winter evening frocks, and luxurious waist length capes made of silver or gray foxes are among the richest evening

Howe About:

Virtues of Quietness Selfishness Good Americans

By ED HOWE THERE is much to be said for this quietness so highly recommended. If a man talks a great deal in trying to fool me, I can usually make a good guess as to what he is really up to.

The man not selfish is insane; puts his hand in the fire, whereas same people know burning is the worst pain there is, and handle fire with caution. Lately a man committed a terrible crime in a school house. The neighbors saturated the school house with coal oil, tied the criminal on the roof, and burned it. . . . The man was clearly insane, and unable to understand the simple law of crime and punishment, cause and effect.

One would think, from the number of Abe Lincoln memorials, that America never had more than three or four really good men in it. . . . I have myself known thousands of really good Americans.

I live in a Kansas town, with Missouri, where saloons have been set up, just across a river bridge. I lately visited one of these saloons, as a matter of curiosity. More women than men were present. The place was as orderly and clean as a Sunday school picnic serving only lemonade. . . . Let me record that never before have I seen men and women I knew to be respectable mingling freely in an open saloon. It is another of the new things

It has long been said a stingy man is always prosperous; that he never lets his money get away from him, etc. . . I know a man who has been famous for stinginess forty years; my best stingy-man story is about him. But I personally know the depression got him; he hasn't a penny

now so common in the United States.

I have the natural human disposition to hover around the mysterious, the new, the unknown, but, in considering them during a long life, have learned caution, and wonder others have not.

I have been unable to decide on the best man I have ever known. Sometimes I think he is a noted publisher of magazines I have associated with intimately. . . At other times I think he may be a colored man who works about my yard. Again I consider an eminent physician I have long known; at other times I consider a carrier who delivers my mail, and a grocer who sells me supplies,

I am able to get along fairly well with anybody, or anything, except the politicians, who so persistently insult decency and common sense, and demand that I cheer them.

Americans were once a great people. Are we through? Cannot we do something to get back? But we can't do it with relief for the ness that ruined us. . go to the devil to meet the prediction of some trifling man who has written a book, or made a speech?

As far back as I can remember everybody has been longing to see everybody punished. . . . Well, for once we have all had our way; I know of no one who is escaping punishment

"I can't see that he is very smart," those of us in the audience say of those on the platform. . . . (So far as that goes, none of us are. That's what's the matter with us.) I am a careless man, but in pres-

ence of natural gas, a railway cross-

ing, a gun, or women. I am able to exercise considerable caution. The story of neglect of old soldiers does not come entirely, or mainly, from the veterans themselves. Back of every soldier is a half dozen or more relatives who further enlarge the story of his wrongs, and spread it into every nook and corner where a taxpayer may be influenced by patriotism or sympathy. . . . Office holders are also a vast army, and have a large number of relatives and friends back of them clamoring for still greater waste. Almost every one who votes is supporting a relative or

a friend intrenched at the public crib. The thirst for the blood of the rich has been enormous as far back as I can remember, but seems to be flercar

now than ever before. If the long-expected rioting finally breaks out this winter (somehow the worst is always expected in winter) the flow of blood will at least be much less than would have been the case during the winter of 1928, or dur-

ing any future period of prosperity. There are almost no rich left now

to shoot at. Arthur Brisbane said over the radio one night that the almost universal wiping out of millionaires by the Wall Street sharks was really a good thing for the republic, as it would compel these smart fellows to go back to work, and, in making more millions, they might give the employment nec-

essary in bringing back prosperity. So I am almost reconciled to the worst this winter, and having it over

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Published Every Wednesday Afternoon Subscription Price, \$2.00 per year Advertising Rates on Application

H. W. ELDREDGE, PUBLISHER H. B. & C. D. ELDEEDGE. Assistan's

Wednesday, Jan. 3, 1934

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter. Long Distance Telephon

Notices of Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, etc., to which an admission fee is charged. or from which a Revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the line.

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What Has Happened and Will Take Place Within Our Borders

Notice!

The Town Clerk will be in the Clerk's Office, from 4 o'clock to 6 o'clock in the afternoon, also each evening until January 1. If these hours are not convenient, call Tel. 9-3.

FRED RALEIGH.

Town Clerk.

The condition of the health of Fred Shoults has so much improved, that the nurse. Mrs. John A. Hill, has returnep to her home in Hancock.

The union Sunday evening service, at the Methodist church, was conducted by the young people, and a very interesting and instructive meeting it proved to be.

Owing to her recent automobile accident. Mrs. Roland Crosby, teacher in the North Branch school, will be unable to resume her duties there for a number of weeks to come.

Tenement for Rent-The tenement so long occupied and recently vacated by G. M. Nesmith, has been newly papered and painted throughout, and is now ready for occupancy. Apply to Mrs. Harry Deacon.

The Antrim Woman's Club will meet in Library hall on Tuesday, January 9, at 3 p.m. Mrs. Alice Tolman, of Nashua, a former president of the club, will give her reminiscences of the Century of Progress: There will be current events by stu dents from the High school, and spe

At the next meeting of Mt. Crotch ed Encampment, No. 39, I.O.O.F. occurring on Monday evening, Janua ry 15, the District Deputy, Robert A. Cooper, of Contoccook, will be enter tained. It is hoped a large attendance of members will be present to welcome the visitor. Refreshments will be served after the meeting.

Our good people at the Center of the town had the same experience as all others during the recent cold snap. At G H. Caughey's home, it was 30 degrees below zero, and at J. T. Hanchett's, it was 32 degrees below. Mr. Hanchett informs The Reporter that since his residence in town, but once in these many years has the thermometer registered anything like this, an then it was several degrees warmer

The Antrim Garden Club held its January meeting on Monday evening. with Mr. and Mrs. Everett N. Davis, on Main street. The president, Mrs. G D Tibbetts, presided. After the routine business, plans for the new year were discussed and decided upon, concerning the work the club hopes to carry forward during the year. The program, in charge of the new program committee, consisted of: Read ing, "Gardens Fair," by Lucy H. Howard, read by Mrs. Cora B. Hunt; interesting information on Christmas Gift Plants was given by Mrs. George Warren; many theories about "Flower Pots' that are now proven false, were discussed by Mrs. Emma Goodell. topic by the club, the meeting adjourned, to meet with Mrs. William F. Clark, on Main street, on February 5. Mrs. Rose Poor, Press Cor- you know! respondent.

OUR BEAUTY SHOPPE

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Antrim, N. H.

Telephone Antrim 66

Mrs. Eva White has been visiting his daughter, in Watertown, Mass.

Don Robinson and family were holi-

For Rent - Steam-heated room, with or without board. Apply at Reporter office, Antrim. adv. Miss Rena Poor, who has been in New- Deering.

ton, Mass., for a time, has returned to her home here. Chimney fires continue to be the fashion, but no damage worth mention-

Mrs. L. Gertrude Robinson entertained her daughter, Miss Roanna Robinson, for

the Christmas holiday.

and Miss Evelyn Parker.

nie Newhall, on Elm street.

Mrs. Frad I. Burnham spent the Christmas week-end with her brother, Eugene Swain and family, in Waltham,

It was an unusually good auto that would start at the first urge on Thurslay morning. At a morning like that almost all are alike.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Tewksbury and wo children, Lloyd and Ruth, spent Jhristmas in Shrewsbury, Mass... sir. and Mrs. John Robertson. Miss Bernice Robb, from Orange, New

Jersey, was a holiday guest of her par nts. Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Robb, stopping or the remainder of the week.

Miss Ethel L. Muzzey, a teacher in th Milton, Mass., schools, was the guest tast week of her brother, Roscoe M. Lane and wife, at their home on Summer

During the past week the shops of the

Goodell Company have not been run ning to capacity, it being the last day. If the old year when stock is annually Miss Amy Butterfield, a teacher in the

Plattsburg, N. Y., schools, and Kenneth Butterfield, in forestry work in Clinton, Conn., were at their home in Clinton Mrs. Grace Young had the misfortune

to slip and fall on the ice early Thursday evening and break the ankle bone. She was taken to the Margaret Pillsbury hospital, in Concord, for treatment.

The deer season in this section was not a very successful one for the hunters. Only a few others, beside those be. fore mentioned, have brought in a deer: James Cochrane, Richard Brooks, Waldo

Miss Ruth Pratt has been visiting friends for a few days in New York. Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Caughey and son, of Waltham, Mass., have been

uests of his sister, Mrs. Hugley, at An-.rim Center.

The severity of last week's weather made work on the new bridge in Bennington, impossible for a few days. Even at that, the work on this structure has advanced remarkably for the conditions that have existed.

The Christmas party at Odd Fellows hall, on last Wednesday evening, by Hand in Hand Rebekah lodge, was not very largely attended, owing to the severity of the weather. A nice program was presented and those present had an enjoyable evening.

Skating in some places has been pretty good the past week, where snow was kept off the ice. It was so good in Concord that certain yuong men had to go to the capital city to enjoy it; they didn't even know it was cold till the next day. It was ever thus!

Ice cutting was started during the past week, but owing to so much snow After a general dismission of this the work of harvesting was somewhat difficult. There has been plenty of cold weather, but even at that it's not best to wait too long-something different may come any time; this is New England

Owing to the drifting snow and extreme cold weather on Wednesday last the workmen on the roads did not do much work aside from shoveling snow. It made the old timers think of the winters we used to have. The two Rural Carriers had much difficulty in covering their routes. On Thursday morning with the thermometers registering from 3 to 20 below zero according to locality real winter weather was here. One or two trains were late, but there not being so many of them as formerly, this was not very generally noticed.

Weekly News of Interest From a Few Towns Surrounding Antrim

DEERING

Miss Marie Johnson, a student at the Keene Normal school, passed her vaca- Kittery, Maine, for the holiday. tion at her home in North Deering.

Edward Webster, who is attending school in New York City, and living with his aunt, Mrs. Goldie Murray, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Ralph Parker, at East Deering.

Schools in town were resumed on January 2, following the Christmas vacation. Miss Erlene Murdough, who has been unable to take up her work as teacher at the East Deering school, commenced her duties Tuesday.

Friends here have heard with deep regret of the death of Mrs. Thomas Smith, of Manchester, at her home in that city. Mrs. Smith has been a sumday guests with relatives in Arlington, eral years, coming here to the bungalow built by the family, near the home of Ernest Johnson, for week-ends and occasionally longer periods. Mrs. Smith was a member of the Hood family. which resided for many years in North

The second in the series of community suppers and socials to be given at Judson hall under the direction of the Woman's Guild, will take place on the evening of January 19. On a previous occasion members of the circle of the Clinton Grove church were the guests of the local organization, and this time the Guild and the community in general will Mr. and Mrs. Milan Parker were be the guests of the Clinton Grove Christmas guests of Mrs. L. E. Parker circle. A supper will be served and there will be games, music, speaking and Miss Doris Ellinwood, R. N., is spend- other kinds of entertainment, in which ing a season with her mother, Mrs. Jen- all will be invited to participate. Dr. Eleanor A. Campbell, director of the Community Center, is here for the holi-

GREENFIELD

Charles Hopkins and family were in

Miss Elizabeth Wahldecker of Washington, D. C., is the guest of relatives at Fox Croft Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Richardson of Lowell, Mass., are visting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Aiken and son Richard, of Keene, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gage.

In the contest on the state tax questionaire sent out by the State Grange for all Granges, Greenfield Grange won the first prize of \$10.

Miss Frances Hopkins, of Franconia Miss Ella Hopkins of Fairhaven, Mass., mer resident of North Deering for sev- and Mrs. Kenneth Tiffin, of West Newton, enjoyed Christmas with their mother, Mrs. Mary Hopkins.

The combined efforts of the church. Sunday school, Grange, and Woman's club in arranging a community tree made the gathering at the town hall on Saturday evening, especially happy for the children

There is an established custom with members of the Ladies' Benevolent Association which brings much pleasure at the Christmas season. It is the packing and sending of boxes filled with tempting dainties, to all those in town who may be sick or shut in. This year sixteen boxes were filled.

days. While here, she is holding baby clinics in Hillsborough, as well as supervising the activities at the Community Center.

Mackinae Island

The Indians of early Michigan believed that spirits dwelled in Mackinac island's labyrinth of cliffs, crags, cataracts, woods and lofty precipices. The island was the commercial capital of the northwest more than 200 years

First Monetary Conference

The first international monetary conference was called by France in 1867. There the gold standard as the basis of international coinage was agreed upon, but no treaties were made that insured the carrying out of the plans.

No Such Race as "Asra"

The Asra, the poem by Heinrich Heine, refers to a legendary race of people who, when they love, perish. No such race is known actually to have existed. The legend is of Scandinavian - origin.

Glacier Park's Glaciers

There are 60 glaciers in Glacier park in Montana, on the Canadian border. And there is a lake for every day of the year. The park is noted for its wide trails and its bird and

Zion National Park

Zion national park, in southern Utah, is a symphony of color and form. Its stupendous gorge, with mighty walls tinted in ever-changing shades of color, offers a limitless variety of splendor.

Many Sad Examples

"History shows many sad examples," said Hi Ho, the sage of Chinatown, "of men who seek to guide the destinies of multitudes yet who cannot compel peace in their own affairs."

Vocabulary Does Not Improve According to a survey made by Lehigh university, college graduates are found not to have improved their general vocabulary during the course of their college instruction.

Eucalyptus in California Although around 90 per cent of all

the eucalyptus grown in California are blue gums, there are about a dozen other species found in gardens rather frequently. Eucalyptus rostrata with its beaked flower buds and reddish cast to the foilage is probably the species next in prominence to the blue gum. It has a smooth or slightly rough trunk which often shows a mottled effect. It does not lose its bark in long strips as does the blue gum.

Britain's Rights in Egypt When the British protectorate over Egypt was terminated Great Britain reserved to its discretion four subjects: Safety of the British Empirecommunications, defense of Egypt against foreign aggression, direct or indirect; protection of foreign interests in Egypt and of minorities, and guarantee for British interests in the

Famous Lindbergh Light

Lindbergh Light, on top of a building in Chicago, is the largest and most powerful airplane beacon ever constructed. Its sweeping finger of light, an outstanding feature of Chicago by night, can be seen within a radius of 500 miles, or in four states-Illinois. Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin.

Osprey Mistaken for Eagle

The osprey, or fish hawk is nowhere abundant. It is frequently seen along the shores of the Great Lakes, where it is an easy matter to awoon down and grab a fish, which is the osprev's greatest joy in life. It is the largest of our hawks and frequently is mistaken for an eagle.

Precipitation

hail, snow, sleet and so on.

The word precipitation as used in connection with the daily weather report, denotes water in any of its visible forms deposited on the earth's surface upon condensation from invisible vapor in the air, and includes rain,

CAN IT BE DONE? : By Ray Gross



Do you think this idea is practical? Write Ray Gross in care of this newspaper.

The FIRESIDE

think as we do are very intelligent.

Be sure you know exactly what you're going after or you may run past it.

Youth spreads its wings-and the world clips them.

We can cross America in a few hours. Are we better men and women than those who crossed it in a covered

If you owned the earth you wouldn't cut any ice. There are thousands of millions of planets besides the one you











Just to Be Ahead Most of us can be satisfied with al most anything, just so it is a little more than the neighbors have.-Los Angeles Times.

BENNINGTON

Congregational Church , Rev. J. W. Logan, Pastor Sunday School 12.00 m Preaching service at 11.00 a.m. Christian Endeavor at 6 p.m.

Mrs. Ernest Wilson is quite ill at

Mrs. Maurice C. Newton is ill with bronchitis.

Mrs. Philip Richards attended her father's funeral in Athol, Mass., last

Misses Charlotte Cuddihy and Marion Griswold were in Boston one day

The Congregational church will hold its annual meeting in the church vestry on Thursday evening, at 7.30.

Mrs. William Gordon wishes to thank those who helped her, in spite and other objects of Indian art. of her illness, to enjoy the holidays

It may be of interest to some to know that Miss Dorothy Burbank, former teacher here, has been very ill in the Brighton, Mass., hospital. She has been suffering with an infected throat, and is now convalesc-

ing at her home in Farmington, this

The Missionary Society held its monthly meeting this afternoon, at the church vestry. Mrs. Dan Poling, of Deering, was the speaker.

THE WOMAN'S CLUB

Held their regular meeting on December 19. at the S. of V. hall. Mrs. Richard Carter, of Greenfield, guest speaker, gave a very interesting talk on the primitive people of the Southwest. She told of the customs and habits of the Indians and of their life on the reservation. One of the interesting points of her discussion was the inadequacy of the edacation which the government provides these Indians. After the lecture, Mrs. · Carter displayed some pottery, rugs, jewelry,

Following the business session. kitchen utensils were sold by the Ways and Means Committee, after which luncheon was served by the hostesses, Miss Margaret Wilson, Mrs. Florence Newton, Mrs. Olive Perry and Mrs. Hattie Weston,

Marie A. Vassar, Press Cor.

Painting and Paperhanging George's Restaurant

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HARRY W. BROWN P.O. Box 24, Bennington, N. H.

Good Food All Kinds of Sandwiches Home-made Pastry Special Dinner Every Day

Bennington, N. H.

Quick Service Hot Dogs 5c. each



Why Insure Adequately?

HERE'S an old saying, "A man is usually more energetic and resourceful in trying to get out of a serious difficulty than in trying to stay out."

Peoplé who do not sprocure adequate fire insurance protection suffer loss when fire damages their property. If energetic and resourceful enough to obtain sound insurance they will have no need to worry if fire occurs.

> 'NOW is the time to insure ADEQUATELY Sound Stock Fire Insurance costs comparatively little and secures thuch. Let us insure you.

H. W. ELDREDGE, Agent

Representing Sound Stock and Mutual Companies

ANTRIM POST OFFICE

Mail Schedule in Effect September 25, 1933

Going North Mails Close Leave Station 7.27 a.m. 3.28 p.m. Going South

9.58 a.m. 10.13 a.m. 4.15 p.m.

Mail connecting with Keene train arriving at Elmwood railroad station at 6.20 p.m., leaves Postoffice at 5.40 p.m., and arrives at about 6.45 p.m. Office closes at 7.30 p.m.

CHURCH NOTES

Furnished by the Pastors of the Different Churches

Presbyterian Church Rev. William Patterson, Pastor

Thursday, January 4 Bible School Workers' Conference. Lunch at 6 30 p.m., followed by busness meeting and conference.

Sunday, January 7 Morning worship at 10.45 o'clock with sermon by the pastor.

Bible school at 12 noon.

At 7 o'clock, union evening service n this church.

Methodist Episcopal Rev. John P. Brooks, Pastor Sunday, January 7

Sermon by the pastor, at 10.45 .m., on the topic: The Place of Pride and Humility in Religion.

Church school at 12 o'clock.

Baptist Rev. R. H. Tibbals, Pastor

Thursday, January 4 Church prayer meeting, 7 30 p.m. Topic; A Faithful Saying, I Tim. 1:3-17.

Sunday, January 7

rning worship at 10.45. The pastor will preach on the topic: A

Church school at 12 o'clock. Crusaders at 4.30 o'clock.

Tuesday. Ja uary 9

Union Teacher's Training Class, led by Miss Alice Scruton, of the Deering Community Center staff, at 7.30 p.m., in the vestry of the Baptist church.

January 10, 11 and 12

The Week of Prayer will be observed by three union services, at 7.30 p.m., as follows:

Wednesday evening, in the Presbyterian church. Thursday evening, in the Baptist

Friday evening, in the Methodist Episcopal church.

Little Stone Church on the Hill Antrim Center

Rev. J. W. Logan, Pastor Sunday School at 9 a.m. Sunday morning worship at 9.45.

Charles L. Holt

Who has been in failing health for some time, suffering from a weak heart, passed away at his home at Clinton Village on Tuesday might of this week, at the age of 68 years. Besides the widow, he is survived by two daughters, Mrs. A. J. Zabriskie, of Antrim, and Mrs. Gcorge Myhaver, of Peterborough. Funeral will be at the Center church on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Water Rents

The Water Rent Collector will be at the Town Office, Bennington, on the First Tuesday of each Month, from 7.30 to 9.00 p.m., for the purpose of collecting Water Rents.

WALTER E. WILSON, Supt.

A Degree To Be Conferred by Hand in Hand Lodge

At the second meeting this month, kah Lodge, No. 29, I O.O.F., the Rebekah Degree will be conferred, in preparation for which rehearsals are occasionally being held. On Wednesday evening, February 14, the official visitation will be held, when the Warden of the Rebekah Assembly will be entertained. For her benefit, the Rebekah Degree will again be conferred; at this meeting.

Mrs. Clarrie K. Brooks

Widow of the late Alvarez G. Brooks, of Hancock, passed away on Thursday, Dec. 28, at the home of Mrs. Gertrude Robinson, who so tenderly cared for her these last six months. She was born in Antrim August 19, 1856, the daughter of Ammi R. C. Pike and Margaret W. Gregg. Her early years were spent in Antrim, later in Lowell, Mass., and Boston, in the millinery and dress making business. In 1901, she married Alvarez G. Brooks, and for more than thirty years she resided in Hancock, where she was a member and active worker in the Congregational church, Historical society, Woman's Club and the John Hancock Grange; also she had membership in cause, if any you have, why the same Hand in Hand Rebekah Lodge, of should not be allowed. Antrim. She is survived by two nephews, Otis W. Pike. of Schenectady, N. Y., and Edson H. Tuttle, of An-

cock on Saturday, conducted by Rev. A. R. Golder and Rev. F. C. Pearson. Burial was in the family lot in the Old Hancock cemetery.

52 weekly visits for \$2.00. scribe to The Reporter now!

Antrim Locals

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Pratt have been January 24, of Hand in Hand Rebe- entertaining her sister, Miss Helen Brown, of Worcester, Mass. Miss Frances Wheeler has been spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Wheeler.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy C. Vose of Watertown, Mass., spent a few days the past week in town, at the Maplehurst.

Miss Dorothy Pratt, a teacher in the Moultonboro schools, has been spending the holiday recess at her home here.

Miss Ruth Dunlap has been spending her holiday vacation, from Gordon College, Boston, at her home in this place.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hillsborough, ss. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of Etta A. Cochran, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased, testate, and to

all others interested therein: Whereas, Lulu B. Gaddes, executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County, the final account

of her administration of said estate: You are hereby cited to appear at a Court' of Probate to be holden at Hillsborough, in said County, on the 26th day of January next, to show

this citation by causing the same to steins. Guernsey's, Jerseys and Ayrbe bublished once each week for three shires. Fresh and springers. successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at An-Funeral services w re held in Han- trim, in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court.

> Given at Nashua, in said County, the 26th day of December, A. D

By order of the Court, S. J. DEARBORN.

If you are wondering what to give your son, brother, father, husband, friend or relative for Christmas, why not a subscription to POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE? This big 200-page magazine is crammed with fascinating and instructive articles on aviation, radio, electricity, chemistry, home mechanics, new discoveries, latest engineering feats, up-to-the-minute inventions-

from every corner of the globe. Each new issue will bring joy and entertainment and will remind the recipients of your thoughtfulness.

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For Sale

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Fred L. Proctor, Antrim, N. H.

EDWARD ELLINGWOOD Junk Dealer Peterboro', N. H.

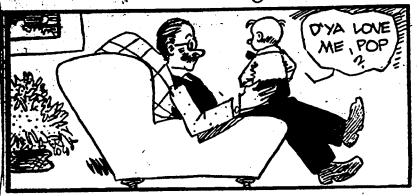
"Stop Advertising

and the American public will forget you and your product overnight!" -----

Says an authority on advertising. This is the history of merchandising, and many are able to recall cases of this kind. Every year there are vital changes in 14 per cent of our population and advertising must take these changes into consideration. A merchant must advertise not only to hold and sell his old customers—but to make new customers, for the old population passes and the new is constantly appearing. In the former days it used to be said "competition is the life of trade." That has changed. Today advertising and co-operation are the life of trade. Cease to advertise and the public forgets you overnight.

Use The Antrim Reporter to Reach the Buyers in this and Adjoining Towns

SUCH IS LIFE—Magnanimous





By Charles Sughroe Fifty Famous Frontiersmen ELMO SCOTT WATSON

Father of the Old Chisholm Trail

THE Old Chisholm Trail! What a wealth of romance is contained in those four words! What pictures they bring up of an era in American history that is gone forever the pictures of thousands upon thousands of long-horn cattle, driven north from the wide plains of the Lone Star state to the roaring cow towns of Kansas by as bold, as reckless, as brave a crew of daredevils as the world has ever known, the old-time cowboys.

The scene of many a story in our 'Wild West" magazines is laid on or near the Old Chisholm Trail. "Cowboy singers" on the radio keep its fame alive. But who was the man who gave it his name?

Jesse Chisholm was the man. In his veins flowed the blood of red men and white. He was born in the old Cherokee Indian country in East Tennessee in 1778. His father, Ignatius Chisholm, the son of John D. Chisholm, the last hereditary chief of the Cherokees, was of Scotch descent.

Some time after 1850 Jesse Chisholm established a trading post not far from where the old California Trail crossed the South Canadian river in the present state of Oklahoma. Later on he had another trading post at Council Grove on the North Canadian, a few miles west of the present Oklahoma

By this time he had deserted his own people entirely and was an adopted member of the Wichita tribe with whom he went north into Kansas at the outbreak of the Civil war. For more than six years the Wichitas camped at the mouth of the Little Arkansas where the city which bears their name is now located. There they were visited by James R. Mead, a trader, who in the spring of 1865, was invited by Chisholm to join him in a trading expedition to the valley of the Washita in the vicinity of Fort Cobb

and the former Wichita agency. Mead accepted the invitation. So they loaded their wagons and drove to the crossing of the North Canadian where a short side-trip to Chisholm's trading post at Council Grove was made. Later Chisholm made other trips over this route from Wichita, Kan., to the valley of the Washita and to Chisholm's Trail. It became famous as the Old Chisholm Trail and it gave to Jesse Chisholm long after his death a renown which he little suspected was to be his while he was still living.

A Hero of Fact and Fiction

THE Battle of Monmouth was over and Sir Henry Clinton's British army had retreated toward Sandy Hook and crossed over to Staten island. Hanging on their flanks were several detachments of Gen. Daniel Morgan's famous American riflemen. On the New Jersey shore, among the horses and wagons yet to be ferried over. stood a phaeton-perhaps General Clinton's own, thought the buckskinclad rifleman, scouting toward them

He noticed, too, that the phaeton was guarded by two sentinels, but the next moment he was dashing forward shouting for them to "surrender or die One of them fled immediately. but the rifleman disarmed the other and ordered him to hitch two of the best horses to the phaeton immediately. As the frightened Briton did this, the other sentinel came running around the wagons only to receive a bullet from the long rifle of the buckskin bravo.

The sharp crack of the rifle attracted the attention of British artillerymen across the channel, who immediately opened fire. But the Morgan rifleman rode safely away in his captured phaeton with his prisoner beside him and another daredevil escapade had been added to the career of David

Ellerson was a Scotchman, born on the high seas while his family were emigrating to Virginia. He won distinction as a sharpshooter and Indian fighter in Lord Dunmore's war in 1774, and a year later he marched away to Boston as a member of one of those rifle companies who bore the legend, "Liberty or Death!" emblazoned across the breasts of their buckskin

He became one of the picked men who made up Morgan's rifle corps, and as the boon companion of Timothy Murphy, he became an almost legendary figure in the annals of border warfare with the Indians and Tories on the New York frontier. With the redoubtable Tim he strides across many a page in Robert W. Chambers' historical romances—a hero of fiction as well as of fact.

Ellerson had many a hairbreadth escape from death, none perhaps closer than that day in 1779 when he was a member of the scouting party led by Capt. Thomas Boyd near Genesee during General Sullivan's expedition against the Iroquois. Their rash young captain led his men into a nest of Indians and Torles, "Pull foot, Davy!" shouted Tim Murphy as the rifles of the enemy began to blaze around them and "pull foot" they did to such good purpose that they barely escaped the terrible fate which befell Boyd at the torture stake of the Senecas.

After the Revolution, Ellerson became a farmer in the Schoharie valley of New York. He died in 1881 and is buried in the Flat Creek cemetery in Gilbon, N. Y.

6 1912, Western Newspaper Union

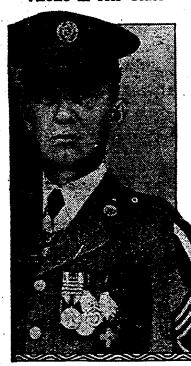
GREEK BOYS STUDY OUR FARM METHODS

American School in Athens Reports More Pupils.

Athens.—The back-to-the-land movement in Greece, under way since 1922, when 1,500,000 refugees were received into the mother country after the exchange of population with Turkey, has been so much accelerated by the depression and restrictive immigration throughout the world that the American farm school, located on an arm of Salonica bay facing Mount Olympos, has this year an over-capacity total of 169 Greek boys studying American dry farming and industrial methods. This is a jump from 149 pupils last year and is more than the total of alumni in the school's thirty-two years of life. There have been several Jewish students accepted from the flood of applicants, who are preparing them-

selves for farming in the Holy Land. More than 20,000 gambusia fish from Louisiana, which have an appetite for mosquito eggs, have been distributed this year in the worst malarial districts of Greece by Charles L. House, the principal of the school and son of its eighty-nine-year-old founder, Dr. John Henry House. Some gambusia came from the Rockefeller institute at Rome; the ancestors of others crossed the Atlantic earlier, cradled in the arms of the messenger when ever there was a heavy sea in order

Alone in His Class



When Master Sergt. Louis C. Mosser of Brockton, Mass., retired recently from the army after thirty years' service, only one Congressional Medal of Honor man remained among the enlisted men of the army. The lone holder is Sergt. Lloyd M. Seibert, shown herewith, of Salinas, Calif. He is stationed with the First cavalry at Fort Knox, Ky., and has been in the army since 1906. He won the medal on September 28, 1918, in France.

that the water in their bowl might not be agitated more than their native

Thirty Acres of Land Added. Thirty acres of land at Verria, the biblica Berea mentioned in the wanderings of Paul, have been added this year to the school's 300 acres. This land was once the bottom of Lake Amatavo, which has been dried for the Greek government by the foundation company, now at work on land drain-

age in the Macedonian swamplands. All but one of the herd of Jerseys which supplied the first bottles of the only certified milk in Greece have had to be sold, however, during the year because of their infection withtuberculosis, a disease which afflicts almost 95 per cent of the Greek cows.

About one-quarter of the school's income is received from the United States in the form of gifts. Besides suffering the expected depreciation of the times, the sum has decreased with the fall of the dollar on European exchanges, accentuated in Greece by a rise on the part of the drachma. The school has an ingenious budget under which its. American income is spent almost wholly within the school. The salaries of the faculty go, as far as possible, to buy things produced by the school.

Pool Water Used Twice.

Another way the school, which is modeled somewhat on Berea college in Kentucky and the Hampton institute in Virginia, has lately learned to save is in the double use of water from the 62-foot swimming pool which the boys built with \$100 given by Mrs. John H. Finley. The pool was built at this cost from rock hewn in the mountain foothills behind the school and the water, precious in a country of 19-inch rainfall, waters fields below the pool through half section pipes that are made at the school for 10 cents a yard. On the way from one use to another the water pauses to sport at a little fountain, to which the boys have brought ferns and other plants from such shrines of ancient Greece as Delphi. Olympos and Athens

An Armenian sculptor is making a bronze bust of Doctor House, who first came to the Balkans as a missionary in 1872, and who negotiated with Bulgarian bandits for the ransom of Ellen M. Stone when that American woman donary's capture caused an international sensation. Doctor House, who is the oldest living graduate of Western Reserve university, now leaves admininstration of the school wholly to his son, Charles L. House, a Princeton engineer who has lived almost all his life in the Balkans.

The Leonida

The leonids are meteors which appear to radiate from the constellation Leo in the northeastern sky each year. They are supposedly part of a meteoric swarm that reaches spectacular proportions every 33 years. The largest displays occurred in 1833 and 1868. when the earth crossed the orbit of the leonids and millions of "shooting stars" lighted up the sky in a brilliant display.

WHY BE A **FATALIST?**

LEONARD A. BARRETT

A fatalist believes that everything that happens is inevitable. If his ef-

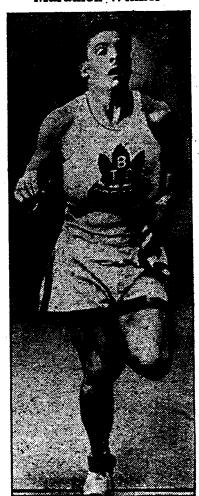


forts to accomplish a certain task meet with failure, his reaction is, it was una voldable, the fates were set against him. If he succeeds in his adventure, he concludes the fates were on his side. The tragedy of

fatalism is that it destroys initiative and dampens enthusiasm. Nothing attempted, nothing

gained-true. But the element of risk, which plays a large part in every venture, must have something more substantial to justify its exercise than the smug conviction that all effort will bring a predetermined result. What's the use of trying? In the strain and stress of today the average person wants something more than a blind faith in a predetermined end. He wants to feel that his own personality is of some worth, at least to himself. In his struggle to carry on, every person reaches out for courage and hope. Granted the privilege of the freedom of choice, as well as the power to

Marathon Winner



Robert Rankine of Preston, Ont crossing the finish line to win the twenty-fourth annual Berwick maruthon at Berwick, Pa., with a time of 48:35 minutes. Lou Gregory of New York crossed the line just sixty feet behind Rankine. The two runners had miles of the nine-mile course, but as they neared the finish in a driving spurt Rankine took the lead.

win, every soldier summons all the courage and hope available that he may overcome his enemies. "They shall not pass" was the battle cry at the Marne, and they did not pass,

The source of this courage and hope, essential to the successful realization of one's purpose in life, is not something we can wear as we would a cloak. There are vital realities that must be released from within one's own personality, "There is an inmost center in us all where truth abides in fullness." This inmost center is also the source from which is released an enduring power and sustaining strength.

In a recent magazine article, occurred the following: "Dr. -, a famous surgeon, who has achieved results bordering upon the miraculous in his treatment of hopeless mastoid cases, lies on a couch and prays for divine assistance before every operation." That famous surgeon is no fatalist.

C. 1932, Western Newspaper Union.

Saves Space A three-legged coffee table with an enamel top is a space-saver. The legs are attached to the triangular support with wooden screws. They may be put together or taken apart in a

The Household

By LYDIA LE BARON WALKER

In winter when sessions of school take up so much of the daylight, it is often difficult to plan the time that children get enough out-of-door exercise. The importance of this exercise in the open air, cannot be over-looked If the youngsters are to keep well and strong during the months when their minds are constantly exercised. The balance of active physical motion is

> needed to offset the mental strain when the body is inactive. Little folk are

using their mental vigor to grasp the subjects in the progressive steps when they are in the schoolroom, and also when they are doing home work. They should cast aside all brainwork as such, and plunge into their physical work with equal zest. This physical activity probably takes the form of play, but the muscles and limbs are kept husily at work during it, if the play is sufficiently active to be benefi

cial. Also to reap the fullest benefits the play should be in the sunshine, whenever the day is pleasant. It should come just after school.

A Happy Interim.

Children who take music lessons or pursue any outside studies should not be expected to come home and practice right after school, nor do any outside study or homework before they have a good period of playtime. Neither should they be expected to run errands unless they are of imperative need, not until they have an interim of care-free time. It may seem as if the errand being done outof-doors and actively might supplant the activity of play in affording exercise. The very idiom "run on an errand" indicates its activity, but there lurks in this job a decided element of So let the youngster play for while before running on the errand. Then, if it is possible, instill something of interest into the task.

There are many ways of ridding the errand of its irksome character. A penny will be an inducement. It may be for the child's bank or for him or her to spend before returning. It may be that mother promises to play some game with the child after the errand is done. Or the mother may say she has cooked a dish which the child is particularly fond of, just because she had to ask him to run the errand.

After the child's out-of-door exercise, be it what it may, it is wise to supply some light refreshment, an apple or some fruit, a glass of milk with a cooky, some crackers, etc., and possibly a nibble of candy. With the hody in good form, and with appetite. appeased, the homework, the practic ing, etc., will be entered into with due preparation.

Talent in Children.

is to help students to follow their bent in studies to fit themselves to succeed in a chosen vocation.

It is well to remember at such a time that they have something in which they excel. It may be in systemizing, in cookery, in management, in needlecraft, in preserving and pickling, in music, in art. Whatever it is, that is the thing to start with. It may be that humble jobs will have to be done along the lines of ability, but whatever fosters the powers one has, should not be looked down upon. Success comes with using the abilities

the students realize their abilities, and

are anxious to make the most of them

the assistance given can avail but

little, l'arents often know best a

child's abilities, or talents as fond par-

ents are apt to call them, long be-

fore the child does. Parents, who

help their children to recognize what

they have, in themselves, to work

with promote the success of their off-

Adults frequently find themselves

forced to earn money when they have

had no special training. Then they

must take mental stock of themselves

to see what they have to work with.

spring.

C. 1923, Bell Syndicate.—WNU Sarvice.

Leather Jerkin



Gray suede leather jerkin with sleeves and skirt matching gray ribbed knit heightened with a blouse of red wool. The Tyrolean hat has a gay red

Horse Killed Rattler

Creswell, Ore.-Dan, fourteen-yearold horse, owned by Jacob Johansen, was observed cutting strange antics in the pasture recently, leaping high in the air and coming down with feet bunched like a rodeo bucking broncho. Investigation showed sections of a large rattlesnake, cut to pieces by his

Ceremony Off When Wreath Is Forgotten

Montreal.-An international ceremony was called off here because the participants forgot to bring along flowers.

A party of distinguished guests from France and Montreal gathered near the city hall to pay tribute to Vauquelin, noted Dieppe navigator of the Eighteenth century, and to place a wreath on his monument. Greetings were exchanged. Speeches were made. And then the ceremony was called off. Somebody, it was explained, forgot to bring the

Schools have assistants whose work matched strides for eight and one-half



WNU Service

ODD THINGS AND NEW-By Lame Bode

Making Reporting Easier at Geneva



Newspaper correspondents attending the sessions of the disarmament conference and other gatherings in Geneva were provided with pocket radio receiving sets that enabled them to hear the proceedings while wandering about the building or sitting at ease in their retiring room.

BEAUTY **TALKS**

MARJORIE DUNCAN

CARE OF THE NECK

DOES your neck receive the same diligent care as your face? Every time you cleause your face, de you just as thoroughly and carefully cleanse your neck? if you use cleansing cream on your face, do you carry the same cleansing method down to the shoulders? And when you massage a rich, nourishing cream or pat with a good astringent do you automatically include your neck as part of your face? Those in the know in beauty circles take all this for granted.

During the winter-months the neck needs even more attention than the face. Exposure to the elements means dust and drying winds. Fur collars, scarves, etc., constantly rubbing against the skin make it rough and dark, in addition to the daily regime of cleansing, exercising and nourishing from which most faces grow younger and loveller, the neck needs frequent bleaching treatments, too.

A smooth, white, swan-like throat will be yours if you are faithful in this simple treatment

Once or twice a week, whether you are bleaching your face or not, bleach the neck. First cleanse thoroughly with a good cleansing cream. Then spread your bleach over your neck; a ready prepared cream or lotion, or a bleaching mask, or half peroxide and half lemon juice. When you feel a tingling or drawing sensation remove. Now generously massage nourishing skinfood. Bleaches are drying, you know, and this must be counteracted or lines and wrinkies will result. Leave a little of the cream on over-

in the moraing, remove any of the cream that is still left on the skin and pat with witch hazel to which a few drops of beazoine have been added, or with a ready-prepared skin tonic or astringent suited to your own needs (a mild tonic for the dry skin, a stronger astringent for the oily).

If you use a finishing lotion or cream on face, be sure to carry it downward over the entire neck too. And as for powder, it should never stop at the jawiine. The proper way to blend powder is on the up and up, from base of neck to top of forehead.

Remember that the pores of the skin, like the lungs perform a double function. They eliminate waste. They take in new, health-giving matteroxygen, moisture, electricity, tonic breaths of ozone by the sea or balsam in pine woods. The skin absorbs various strengthening bath tonics, salt rubs, oils and other medicants.

SMOOTH, RUBY LIPS

RIDING on the wing of winter's winds come chapped lips. And so many are now voicing that complaint that we had all better get together and do something definite to counteract the condition. These chill days tend to chap and coarsen the lips.

Very often the chapping and actual breating of the thin skin is aggravated by consta 't moistening. So many of us to that unconsciously. At time is it good for us and during the winter it is very definitely harmful. Worst of all it is a natural thing to wet the lips when they feel parched, drawn and rough.

Biting the lips is another evil that too many women unconsciously indulge in. If your lips do not have that wee bit of dewiness that is youthful and natural, call your pomade or cream to your assistance. If you use a nourishing cream for face and neck, be sure to massage a little on your lips, too. Camphor ice is good and there are many co'orless pomades in the form of lipsticks that give the lips a dewy mist that seems to heighten their natural color and at the same time keeps the skin soft and protected.

Before make-up, if your skin is generally dry and you are using a protective finishing cream, massage just a wee bit of it on your lips, too. No need to use a great deal. A little is enough. With your index finger mas sage gently but with a firm, pressing, movement into your lips. Now we come to the coloring of the lips. Choosing a lipstick becomes a delicate business during the cold months. The harsh, hard type of lipstick can be simply rulnous to the silky texture of the lips. If you find that your stick needs a great deal of rubbing to leave a colorful impression, try losing it and choose a stick of creamy consistency instead. Of course, if it is too soft and creamy, it will amear and leave an ugly line that smart women try to

After you have carefully applied the color to the lips, give it time to set Don't eat or drink anything immediately afterwards. Don't rub your lips. moisten or bite them at any time, particularly not after they have been rouged.

The purpose of rouge and powder is to enhance your natural loveliness Cosmetics add the lovely finishing out side touches which accentuate beauty or lend an illusionary charm, as a lovely dress decorates a lovely body They are finishing touches, not foundations. They may be washed off. but the real foundation of beauty should be lasting, built into bealth by proper living.

6. Bell Syndicate—WNU Bervice.

Matter of Diet for Young Child

School Luncheon an Ever-Recurring Problem to Mothers.

Mothers almost at their wits' end struggling with the problem of devising and preparing nutritions and attractive food for the younger members of the family will be interested in the following comment and advice:

"The nutrition column has received several letters in the past few weeks in regard to the problem of luncheon for school children. As soon as little children begin to leave the constant care of the home, adjustments must be made in the plan which has been developed and followed since

"School days begin early for some children these days, as the nursery schools take children from two years on. These are becoming increasingly popular, especially for the mothers who do work outside their own homes. Day nurseries which care for children of working mothers have been in existence for a long time, but it is only within the past few years that new educational methods for good training in all habits include that of eating wisely.

"The nursery school-so calledin its highest development may be seen at Teachers' college, Columbia university, where teachers are trained especially for this work. Children in these schools stay for the greater part of the day.

"Even when kindergarten and primary school children go home for lunch, mothers often find that the change from home routine creates some meal problem. I should like to recommend to all mothers a bulletin prepared by Mary E. Sweeney, assistant director, Merrill - Palmer school, and Charlotte Chatfield, specialist in food and nutrition, bureau of home economics, Washington, published by the United States Department of Agriculture as circular 203. The title of this is 'Midday Meals for Preschool Children in Day Nurseries and Nursery Schools,' and this bulletin is the product of the experience of the Merrill-Palmer school, which has been the pioneer in this work. While this material has been developed scientifically, all mothers will find here material for study and for application. The modern mother is always looking for help of this sort. The portion on menu planning, while it has been developed particularly for the needs of young children, in principle applies to the feeding problem of all children. I quote a portion of this for your consideration:

"The nutritive value of the food is not the only consideration in feeding the young child. His appetite or desire to eat, which is affected by many factors, internal and external, has an important bearing on his food intake. In order to attach pleasant but the ones who needed reconditionmemories to food, all associations during the meal hour should be attractive in flavor, color, odor and texture. Careful preparation and at-mirable. tractive service contribute also to the esthetic appeal of food. Serving food that is burned, undercooked. lumpy or too hot may take away the appetite and give rise to a prejudice hat it requires months of re-education to overcome.

"'A diet containing the right proportions of the different nutrients tends to promote a good appetite. A specific influence on the appetite seems to come from vitamin B. Small portions of food and an opportunity for second servings, inspire a much greater desire to eat than large por-

SUFFERS

WHEN SHE'S



FOR SALE—Paper shell pecans, 10c per pound. Send money for prompt shipment, DORRIS SEED CO. - Valdosta, Ga.

Quick relief for acid indiges tion, hearthurn. Only 10c.

WNU-2

is placed on his plate. Appetite is stimulated physiologically by hunger contractions in the empty stomach. A regime that places meals far enough apart and reduces or eliminates the practice of eating between meals allows normal hunger to develop and stimulates the desire for

food. "The physical and emotional condition of the child plays an important role. The healthy, active, wellnourished child usually has at mealtime a noticeable eagerness for food that is often absent in the child who is physically below par. Frequent colds, ear troubles and other infections, all seem to affect the appetite. In a healthy child a sudden lack of interest in food may be a sign of approaching illness or fatigue. Children who are fatigued from overstrenuous play, excitement or insufficlent sleep may show a disinterest in. or even an active distaste for food. Their desire to eat is usually restored by a short rest just before mealtime. Emotional upsets from fear, anger or disappointment, if experienced near the meal hour, also affect the appetite. Urging children to eat a full meal under any of these conditions is not advisable. It is better for them to eat nothing or to eat lightly, and to rest quietly until the next meal. If poor appetite becomes chronic, the advice of a physician should be sought. The child whose mealtimes have always been treated without stress or apparent concern is not likely to develop faulty food habits. Wholesome food properly prepared and given to the child without special comment is usually eaten as a matter of course."

©. 1933, Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

BIG FACTOR IN CURE IS TRAVEL TO ATTAIN IT

I am not denying virtue to the European thermal springs. I believe that they have it. Anyhow, the foreign cure almost invariably is based on it. It may take the form of mud packs, as in Czecho-Slovakia; the water may and does vary in temperature and in its very mild chemical constituency. But the European cure remains largely a water cure, supplemented by diet, rest and exercise.

That these cures are effective is shown by the almost incredible number of people, Europeans, British and American, with whom the visit to this spa or that bad is an annual affair. They go back year after year for their cure. Just how many of them could find precisely the same thing at home is a controversial matter. It is my own belief that all of them probably could, but that very often a part of the cure is this very matter of escape from home.

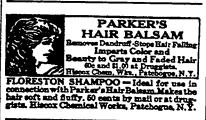
But one outstanding fact became more and more evident to us as time went on. The people who received most benefit were not the actively ill. ing. For this purpose, and for the ways implies, foreign cure is ad-

Not because practically the same America at least has a wealth of thermal springs. But because it would not be taken. The man who has crossed 3,000 miles of ocean in search of improvement is likely to do all he can to secure it.—Mary Roberts Rinehart in the Saturday Evening Post.

STOP ITCHING It's amazing how this tormenting

trouble-wherever it occursyields to soothing





LADIES ATTENTION: The use of my Wonder Vanity Case adds beauty and charm, gives you a school-girl complexion. Send 5 dimes. HENRY STROM, 302 Boyden Ave., Maplewood, N. J.

Glory of Old Williamsburg

Think It Over

He who has never denied himself for the sake of giving has but glanced at the joys of charity.-Madame Swetchine.

"WHEN I GO TO New York

I always stop at the Forrest. Why? Well, John, it's a busy place and somehow I always do more business my-self then . . !"



To those who have already stopped

Parlor, Bedroom and Bath \$5.00 Our garage is directly opposite hotel.
Open 24 hours. Nominal charge.

• If you want to make reservations or with to obtain an illustrated booklet and guide of New York without charge, please mail this compon

tions. Small servings also help the COLONIAL DAYS child form the habit of finishing what TO LIVE AGAIN

Being Revived.

In a few days a strange thing will be seen in the old part of Williams burg, Va.—the tearing up of modern streets in order to replace their surfaces with flag and cobblestones. Already many of the buildings of the Colonial period have been reconstructed and tourists will soon have the opportunity of seeing the Williamsburg of pre-Revolutionary times. It is still a little place of about 3,000 inhabitants, its chief distinction the College of William and Mary. The idea of restoring the Colonial part of Williamsburg must be credited to Dr. W. A. R. Goodwin, one of its professors. When he was made an honorary member of the American Institute of Architects a citation said; "He has made architecture, history and archeology in America his eternal debtors. Without his vision, his courage and his energy, the restoration of Williamsburg would never have occurred." At the same time John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was similarly

honored by the institute, and he authorized Doctor Goodwin to purchase Colonial buildings in Williamsburg in his own name. He spent \$1,850,000 in acquiring properties needed. For 18 months he kept the secret. At a mass meeting of citizens to vote upon the enterprise he was obliged to name his chief patron.

At the University club of Baltimore Doctor Goodwin told the whole story. Henry Ford had been asked to finance the reconstruction, but declined. An address by Doctor Good. win before the Phi Beta Kappa society in New York Interested Mr. Rockefeller; the two men were introduced, and the restoration of Colonial Williamsburg was then and there made possible. Many Colonial memories cluster about Williamsburg. Bruton Parish church was built in 1717. From the powder magazine (1714) Lord Dunmore removed the munitions after the Battle of Lexington. Williamsburg was the capital of the province when Patrick Henry made his deathless speech against the stamp act, on May 30. Washington's headquarters were in the George Wythe house during the siege of Yorktown. The

Virginia Gazette was established there in 1736. A hundred years before the Revolution Nathaniel Bacon held his "rebel" assembly at Middle Plantation, by which name Williams. burg was formerly known. More than a year ago the recreated Ra-

leigh tavern, where royal governors danced and patriots met to conspire, was opened as an exhibition build-Colonial Williamsburg when fully restored will be a museum a few miles square.-New York Times.



at the Forrest, this message will be a pleasant reminder.
To others—all we can say is: we know you will enjoy your stay at this busy yet friendly hotel.

FORREST HOTEL FORREST GARAGE FORREST THEATRE

49th St. Just West of Broadway 2 BLOCKS FROM "RADIO CITY"

Large, attractively furnished rooms each with private bath, shower, circulating ice water and radio.

\$350

• Special "guest rates" for all Broad-way productions at the FORREST THEATRE adjoining hotel.



HIS PRECIOUS PEARL The newly married couple were

having turkey for the first time. "I don't know how it is," remarked the husband, "but this bird's got bones all over it. Just listen to the the dead of night?' he asked, knife on them."

"O, how silly of you, darling! Those aren't bones - those are shells."

"Shells?" "Yes. Don't you remember you said you liked turkey with oyster

Sounds Like Good Idea Church Member-Brother, do you

ever find it hard to remain a Christian? Head Deacon—I should say I do. especially when I listen to some of the fellows talk after I have helped elect them to office. There should be days of grace on which a Christian is allowed to use a machine gun without penalty. - Border Cities

Sounds Dangerous

Phyllis-Do you think kissing is as dangerous as they say? Paul-Well, it has put an end to a good many bachelors.—Border Cities

Doesn't Bother Him "Jackie, this is terrible. I have to scold you all day long." "Don't worry, mummy, I am not IN RESERVE

Freddy had been sent to borrow a gardening fork from Mr. Brown next

"Daddy says will you lend him your fork?" be asked, politely. "But haven't you forgotten some thing?" reproved Brown, who was rather strict on manners.

Freddy looked puzzled for a me ment. Then be brightened up.
"Oh, yes," he replied. "Daddy said, "if the old miser refuses, try Mr. Jones.'"

, Night Work

The magistrate looked hard at the rough-looking individual in the dock. "How comes it that you dared to break into this gentleman's house in The man in the dock shrugged his

"Well, your worship," he repiled, "last month you 'ad me up for stealing in broad daylight. Ain't I going to be allowed to work at all?"

shoulders helplessly.

PLAYS SAFE



"Have you a careful chauffeur?" "Very. He never runs over anyone unless he is sure he can make a get-away."

No Pride

He-I know where I can buy a good second-hand car for three-fifty. She-Oh, Tom! Would you like to a bit sensitive."—Hamburg Hummel. get hurt in that kind of a car?



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by your baking results? Change to Occident Flour and win compliments from your family and friends... Better baking guaranteed on a money-back basis.

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Antrim. S. H.

Junius T. Hanchett Attorney at Law Antrim Center, N. H.

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Boston and Manchester Daily

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SELECTMEN'S NOTICE

The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town Hall block, on Tuesday evening of each week, to transact town business.

Meetings 7 to 8 ALFRED G. HOLT. HUGH M. GRAHAM. JAMES I. PATTERSON, Selectmen of Antrim.

SCHOOL BOARD'S NOTICE

The School Board meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town Hall block, on the Last Friday Evening in each month, at 7.30 o'clock, to transact School District business and to hear all parties.

ALICE G. NYLANDER. ARTHUR J. KELLEY, ROSCOE M. LANE,

Antrim School Board

For Serene, Lasting Comfort

From babyhood to old age every human body needs Mavis Talcum Powder dusted all over every day. It protects and guards the skin, keeps you warmer in winter, cooler in sum-

mer and gives a feeling of well-being indescribable. But be sure it's MAVIS, the quality talcum—in the

familiar red container. 50c. \$1.00 by VIVAUDOU

MAVIS TALCUM

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IN THE REPORTER

And Cat Your Share of the Trade.

Weekly Letter by George Proctor, Deputy Fish and Game Warden

Here is the best doggie story of the week. A few weeks ago Supt of Schools Bales of Milford was motoring through Maine. On the back seat was a cocker spaniel. One will be this year, and this is the noon they stopped for lunch and resuming their trip they found to their dismay that the dog was missing. They went back to the lunch room and no dog. Several miles back they came to the Information Booth and here perched up in a chair was the missing dog with an air of "where ye been?" dog with the long head was from the kennels of Mrs. George W. Falconer of Milford. That dog sure

did use its head. Here is a fellow that's the limit. He asked me the other day to keep an eye on his farm house and his 180 acres of land. "I don't want these natives running all over my land and shooting off all the game," he said. One day last week I met he and his seven friends hunting fifteen miles away from his farm on someone else's land. How do you dope that one out?

Well, one night last week I got a real thrill. Listenend in on a garden talk by Doc Cutler of Peterboro at the Wilton Library. Here is a man that knows his gardens and has the happy faculty of telling us about it.

This has been a wonderful Christmas to the sportsman. What I think I enjoyed the most was the fine likeness of the little family on the Pacific Coast. Then I have several friends that sent me subscriptions to several nice sporting magazines. Yet, it was a wonderful Christmas.

Don't forget to send a card Ernest Berube at the Memorial hospital at Nashua. He will be there another four weeks with a badly damaged knee.

Now that County Agent Pierce is on the way to recovery from a very severe illness he will be glad to hear from his host of friends. His address is Wilton, N. H. A good turn means you are a good Scout. Talk about your spirit of Christ-

mas. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes on the Merrill farm at Greenfield gave a supper to all the kiddles of that town Saturday night. By the looks of that table I bet the kiddes had the time of their lives.

My old friend, "Al" Gutterson, of the Prince George hotel at New York sends us a pocket size calendar so that we can keep our dates. Thanks "AL"

Oh boy, you should have seen the nice big turkey that the prince from Hancock brought down to me one day last week. He was on his way to Boston and he reports that he had a wonderful season and sold out every turkey he raised. That's a friend worth having.

Had a hunter run up to me the other night and he said something like this: "You spoiled my chance of getting a big buck. You and your car went by just as I was to shoot." A narrow escape for the poor game warden. As we did not

says it to be the best ever. Well.

40 per day hornpout law is also some man with the camera and he got a fine likeness of the bald ago at Temple,

Also this holiday week we get our stayed away all next summer. That commission as deputy warden 'fill black tribe last summer cost me Dec. 1, 1934. This also looked good real money in eggs lost.

That Boston Poultry show will be Dec. 31 to Jan. 4. The sportsmen's show from Feb. 3 to the 10th.

A good friend of mine sends me But this time it means National Riflemen's Association of Washington, D. C.

when Officer Hamilton will be re- ject. ceiving orders over the short wave car and what a radio set he has if you want action. with it.

the Warpack trail.

sometimes more than that.

niothes against a hole in a dought phase a resident license. If the and was informed that she was to sult that they must be China cath guests are from out of the state; on the liner.

Here is a woman that does not know me. She writes that she wants me to board a cat for the rest of the winter. That's a hot one.

Talk about your dog and a half long and half a dog high! Well, over in Goffstown there lives Mr. and Mrs. James A. Proctor and effect Jan. 1, 1934. they have the cream of that breed. You have got to have German blood in you to pronounce that word just right-daschounde. Boy, they are a wonderful dog.

Talk about your race tracks! Vic Tuttle and men put in a plank railing on the hill to my home one day recently and the grey squirrells seem to think it is for their special benefit and they are using it for a race track. What a time they are having. Friend Hayes up in Greenfield

and brought me back a chunk of real Vermont granite. One side is polished. A nice one for my rock

Had a nice letter from Owen Shepherd of Madison, Conn. He is a former Mont Vernon man. He and a fine bunch of quail and fancy pheasants.

Had a letter the other day with a question something like this: "If chases it for three hours and someone sees that fox and shoots it, who does the fox belong to?" The hunter of course. In most cases the hunter splits with the man that shot it:

Morris, the president of the Nashua club, thinks the game wardens are truthful men. He asked me where to go to get a nice string of pickerel and he went and got them. No, that was not ill bull and pure luck, we someimes give them the right tip.

A recent letter from headquarters explains to the wardens the standing of the C. C. C. fellows. They cannot hunt or fish if they an out-of-state license. This is a hardship to some of the boys who did. Even the cops got the spirit. have always hunted at home. Tough the law is hardboiled.

Tearing down a state sign no the mountain. matter whether it be fish and game. highway or forestry is punishable by a very heavy fine. Let 'em

Sure, an ex-service man should have a real preference over a man that had no service connection. We mean any kind of a position.

most tickled, the men or the dogs. Restored several lost dogs to their owners over the week-end.

A 13-year-old boy by the name of Blood shot a nice deer in Temple last week. He went with his older brother.

reefers for a few worthy fellows.

In all my experience have I seen beautifully decorated and as far as crowd? They used me fine. Don't forget the big time Jan. I know every family was provided Will the town of Wilton accept a 8th at Greenville. Sportsman's for in my district. I have a little gift of the "Flat," so called, owned game supper. It's a stag party and game supper. It's a stag party and underground telephone system by D. Whiting and Sons at a special boy what a feed—bear, moose, deer, that works very well and I know town meeting next week? We hope hare, coon. Oscar, the secretary, a lot of things that the general it does. It will make a wonderful to be the heat ever well. public little realizes.

By the way, one day last week a boys, it will have to be good. By the way, one day last week a "Clem" Hersom, the father of the fellow gave me a tip that a white crow had been seen over in the edge of Lyndeboro and Mont Vernon. I have not seen ever a black cagle which was caught a few weeks one for the past two months. It would not bother me a bit if they

What a farce! Trying to take the gun away from the honest citizens so as to stop the crook from getting his. According to the papers the past week they are getting a membership ticket for the N. R. A. theirs from the state armories by stealing them in wholesale lots. Arm us all and let us fight it out with the gangsters, Read your fav-It won't be long now to the time orite sporting magazine on the sub-

One day last week a fellow in one set. Won't we get the kick while of my towns to the west of us went parked at Grassy pond in Rindge along the main street and told of and have a call come in something a violation that was happening in like this: "Car No. 5, Fish and his neighborhood. I heard it the Game, go to Tarbell pond at once. following morning which was too Men catching short pickerel." What late for action. I have a phone and a thrill that will give us. Had a it's working and we never give you ride with Officer Hamilton one day away unless you want to appear as last week in his new V8. What a a witness. Don't tell others, tell us

We heard a fellow the other day Have you seen the new parking complain as he saw a big load of space on top of Temple Mountain spruces go down by, "Too bad, too at the entrance to Miller park? bad, the spruces will all be gone in Now 400 cars can be parked at one a few years." Would like to take all of the raw material from Indiatime and this will relieve the parkthim on a little trip. I would soon not a pound is grown in this country. ing on the tarvis when the Appas convince him that spruces would be Jute, like rubber and many other im lachian club of Boston comes over plentiful when his great—Oh, what's ports, is a hot country product. the use?

All you want to do is to get a Here is a question sprung on us. good old hot neighborhood feud It's the same old question but in a started and then the game warden different form. If you own a farm and the motor officer and the and are a resident of the state town police get an ear full and your minor children, you and your two long plaits, sailing by R. M. S. wife can hunt, fish and trap with-Here is a woman that really be- out a license on your own land. lieves that her cats, and mind you. But your guests cannot hunt, fish dressing parlor in Auckland, where a we say cats for she has plenty, or trap without a license. If they young lady had left her gold wrist never caught and killed a bird in live within the state and are legal watch. An assistant who had plaited their lives. We will be a suit of voters they can hunt if they pur-

the license to hunt will be \$15.15.
to fish \$15, and to trap some.

That's plain shough.

Don't forget! Everything expires

Dec. 31—hunting, trapping, fishing and breeders permits. Don't go caught Jan. 1 without any of the above. .Guides licenses also are in the same class.

Don't forget your paid poll tax bill when you go to the town clerk for your licenses. This is also required to register your automobile and to get your driving license. In

The biggest pickerel last week was caught by a Temple man. It weighed 334 pounds and was 22 inches long

It's wonderful sleighing on all the back roads in my district. The main roads receive too much atention from the big scrapers.

Dr. Loring of Millord has a fine leeding station and has a large number of daily visitors. Just now ne has too many grey squirrels and s at a loss to know what to do with them. A neighbor of his three was in Vermont a short time ago years ago caught a bob-tailed grey, took him off seven miles and he was back to breakfast. Never missed a meal.

Last week I ran across a baker's dozen of hunters that never had. been asked to show their licenses before. But they had them, which was the main thing.

The ringnecks are just as plentiful as before the open season in some sections. The last snow has I am hunting a fox and my dog driven them tato the feeding sta-

One man came for grain the other day and said he was feeding

24 pheasants. Yes you can fish the Contoocook river all the time for pickerel. Any

juantity and any length. Now is the time to feed the birds. A snow with crust is a great handicap to them. Spread out some hay chaff and some seeds and see how

soon they find it. What a difference in cities. Don't usually hit a city but once in a while we have to. The other day I tried some time to find parking space and then it read, "One Hour." We told our troubles to a copper and come from out of the state without he said, "This being Chistmas week, park as long as you like." And we

Levi Joslin of Lyndeboro brings in luck fellows but that's the law. And a fair-sized bobcat for the bounty. Shot on land of Dr. Perry Joslin on

> Waino Hautanen of Jaffrey brings in a 15-pound cat which he that while hunting rabbits near Tarbell pond in Rindge.

It's the same old story often repeated. A man buys from a firm out of state and what does he get? In most cases stung. We know of We don't know which were the a man that got properly stung by a man that has served several terms and still he advertises in the big Boston dailies. This was in dogs. We could have told him where to have bought real dogs and would not have got stung. Trade with people that you know. We can By the way folks, we would like tell you where to buy most any kind to get a few nice warm overcoats or of a dog and not get the short end of the trade.

It was my pleasure to sit in for such a wonderful showing of a Christmas dinner with over 30 of Christmas spirit as I have seen my in-laws. Was it a success? I'll this year. Homes have been very say it was! And was it a jolly

park.

Master Your Thoughts Uncle Ab says to master your thoughts rather than let them master

Passing Observation An egotist is a fellow who thinks he's seeing himself as "ithers" see him when he gazes into a mirror.

Oldest Domesticated Animal The Peruvian liana is presumed to be the oldest domesticated animal because there is no record of the animal in any but a domesticated state. The most ancient traces show the llama as a beast of burden, while there is no record of it in a wild state.

Old Gold Find Spanish gold coins dated 1700, 1712 und 1734 were found by a placer miner under eight feet of sand at Gold Beach, Ore. It is believed the coins were lost by Spanlards, who prospected into Oregon in the days when California was a Spanish territory.

U. S. Uses Much Twins America is the largest consumer of binder twine in the world and imports nearly all of the sisal from Yucatan. We use more jute for gunny sacks than any other nation and get

Resourceful Hairdresser

letter was delivered on board a liner at Auckland, New Zealand, recently, addressed to "Marjory, with Mariposa." The address was not a joke. The letter was from a hair-

Log Rulers Are Used La

Although the moist argument can we ever made by a spider is not really perfect, according to human standards scientists marvel at the accuracy with which angles and distances are "meas-

ured, observes a writer.

The spider starts her geometrical web with perimeter lines connecting objects around a space large enough for her purpose. From these lines she suspends a few threads which converge at the center of the future web Now begins the process of spacing the radii.

She attaches the end of a new radius at the center and runs along a spoke already laid down, spinning out the silk for the new one as she goes, When she reaches the perimeter line, she takes a fixed number of steps along it and attaches the new thread. This process is repeated until all the desired radii are in place.

If the foundation lines should chance to form a wheel rim accurately circular, the distances between spokes would be equal; but, since the perimeter is usually an irregular quadrangle and never a circle, the spacing varies somewhat.

The spiral turns of silk, which complete the net, are more accurately spaced than the radil, since the spinner lays down each new turn with her foreleg touching the last one. Thus the length of the forelegs and the size of the spider determine these dis-

"Scout stepping" and use of the "leg ruler" are instinctive in spiders. Even when isolated from its kind from the moment of its birth, a spiderling will produce exactly the same web design as its mother and in exactly the same manner.

Chihuahua Breed of Dogs

Loved by Queen Isabella To the very throne room of Queen Isabella of Spain, who was born in 1474 and died in 1547, we must go for the real beginning of the Chihuahua breed of dogs. Always a lover of animais, the queen surrounded herself, historians fell us, with a great number of pets and would allow no one to harm them, especially a breed of dogs which were small in size and pure white in color. These, perhaps, were the offspring of the Spanish pointer, which existed in Spain at that time. At any rate, when the queen popularized this breed it became very common in Spain and most every family had one or more.

Jean Grijalva, who discovered Cuba and Mexico, and later Hernando Cortex, who in about 1498 landed in Mexico with several boat loads of soldiers and their families, brought many of these dogs from Spain. These were crossed with the dark or all-black Mexican dog, which was much smaller than the Spanish dog. This get, it is claimed, was one of the ancestors of the modern Chihuahus. The Spaniards upon their arrival in Mexico seemed to center about the country of Chihuahua in Mexico and made it their headquarters. From this the dogs got their name.

Meteors Small Planets

Meteors are probably themselves small planets. They literally infest space, being almost infinite in number, and the variety and extent of their orbits around the sun is practically unlimited. It has been comthat 20,000,000 enter the atmosphere of the earth every day, notes a writer in the Cleveland Plain Dealer. They come from every conceivable direction and travel with speeds varying between seven and 70 miles per second. Traveling through the atmosphere at this velocity they quickly become incandescent and burn up, so fierce is the heat generated. The fragments that survive this flery ordeal fall upon the earth as meteorites, where men may study them and subject them to chemical analysis in crucible and test tube.

Wedding Cake Lore

The origin of wedding cake goes back hundreds of years. In ancient Rome marriage was effected by the simple process of the bride and bridegroom breaking a cake of bread and eating it together. This, in time, developed into the bride cake. The bride cut it because it was the duty of the woman to prepare food for the man. Everybody knows the superstition about sleeping on wedding cake. Girls, even in this age of cypicism, look forward to the weddings of their friends, so that they may get a piece of wedding cake, which, if placed under the pillow, some believe, has the power to produce in dreams the vision of a prospective husband.

Water Used

Imperial Rome used some fifty gallons of water per capita daily. Medieval Paris used but one quart. Today, Naples uses about twenty gallons; Paris, Berlin, and London about forty-five, and larger American cities range from about forty-eight gallous dally, at Fall River, to 480 gailous at Tacoma, averaging some 140 gallong. Scientific American.

Turtle Fishing

In East Africa the natives fish fo turtles with a large cal-like sucker-fish, from two to four feet long, putting an iron ring round the tail. The hold is enormously strong, and quite a small fish can support a bucket of water. They are difficult to detack with the