

# The Antrim Reporter

State Printing

VOLUME XLIV NO. 18

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1927

5 CENTS A COPY

Antrim Will Observe Her Sesqui-Centennial August 12 to 14

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The low price of eggs has caused the people to put down their supply of eggs early this year.

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Ladies Silk Undervests,  
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### YOU SHOULD HAVE A FLOWER GARDEN

A Townsman Who Knows What He Is Talking About Tells Why Flowers Should Be More Generally Grown

Installation No. 68  
It is the most natural thing in the world for us humans always to be looking for things which we can get without effort. We want a lot for a little. Very often we pay full price for all we have. It is the same way with plants. For many kinds we have to use hard work, and our utmost skill in order to have them at all, yet there are a good many that it is simplicity itself to grow. Among the latter are the Calendulas or Pot Marigolds, and the modern creations certainly are beautiful flowers. There are several shades, ranging from nearly white to very deep orange. The orange shades are probably the most popular. The variety, Orange King, a rich orange red, very double, daisy-like flower three or four inches across is the leader. Lemon Queen is like the King except in color, a lemon yellow. Golden King is rich golden yellow, Meteor, large double flowers, striped orange and cream, Nankin, creamy-yellow, and Favorite.

petals—almost white, margined clear yellow.  
The Calendulas are very hardy. Seed may be sown as early in spring as the soil may be worked, or so late in the fall that the seed will not germinate until spring. They may be sown from now on in the house, and hardened off, and set out fairly early. Plants should stand about a foot apart, and any good soil in sun or part shade suits them. They may be used in window boxes, in beds by themselves, or with other flowers. They grow quickly and bloom continuously from early in the season until very hard frost. They are one of the very best cut flowers, lasting in water for days even without half-decent treatment, and the peculiar worm-like appearing seed is among the lowest priced of garden flowers, though with these as with other seeds, there are degrees of quality, and the cheapest is very sure not to be the best. Try some this season. You will wonder why you did not grow them before.  
HAROLD L. BROWN.

### THE REPORTER'S LEGISLATIVE LETTER

Our Readers will Doubtless be Interested and Enjoy Reading Weekly Reviews of the Doings at Concord

The Senate was of the same opinion as the House, and when Governor Spaulding adds his name to the bill, then the state will have a three cent gasoline tax.

Everybody was all set and the House said that non-resident autoists could spend six months in this state, in addition to the 20 days they formerly had, without paying another license for non-resident plates. But Charlie Ross, of Lebanon, put his foot in it, and moved to reconsider; it will come up today—and probably become law.

At the Republican love feast so-called, Judge Chester B. Jordan, of Keene, was the speaker and Capt. Thos. P. Cheney, Republican floor leader, conducted an open forum. Supper was served and community singing was enjoyed.

The House, after a long debate, in which the vote showed no warrant for the long-winded discussion of the measure, passed the House bill permitting cities and towns to exempt manufacturing establishments from local taxation. This sort of thing has been tried out in our state before, but with a great deal of dissatisfaction in many cases; however, "if you don't at first succeed, try try again."

Anyone who shoots a bobcat can get \$10 bounty.

The chances are good it appears from this distance to bring the legislature to a close around the 15th of April. It is said it might hustle around and finish its business a week or so earlier, but what is a week or two to this grand body? There really appears to be no good reason why they couldn't have closed March 15th.

The few proposed amendments to the primary law now being considered by the law makers appear to be all right and will help the present law which has the approval of the majority of the electorate better in some ways.

President Tilton of the State Senate cast his first vote of the session

when House Bill 240 providing for regulation of the sale of milk and carrying sections which would have restricted the sale of milk for beverage purposes in specified public eating houses to sale in the original container, came in from the committee on public health with a divided report. The bill was killed.

The House referred to the next Legislature the bills proposing the abolishment of the stock in trade tax and the substitution of an income tax system and another bill authorizing exemption of stock in trade in certain cases.

The House passed bill No. 349, an act relating to the issue of bonds by the South Antrim Village Fire Precinct. As we understand it, should it ever become necessary to relay the water pipe, state authority or permission of the legislature has now been obtained.

Upon the recommendation of the judiciary committee the House defeated the bill which would prevent the use of regenerative radio sets in New Hampshire. The members also defeated a bill which provided for the licensing of billboards along the public highways.

The committee on fisheries and game reported adversely on two bills which would prohibit metal lines in trolling.

The committee on appropriations submitted 10 reports on road bills. Four have favorable recommendation and four unfavorable. Two were recommitted for further hearing.

The committee on forestry reported a new bill relating to the taxation of standing timber and it was tabled to be printed.

The Senate concurred with the House in the passage of a bill which regulates the speed of automobiles along the highways and permits the use of plates five days before the beginning of the new year. Under this proposed law the speed limit on highways outside of the cities and towns is increased to 35 miles an hour.

### OUR BAND IS WORTHY OF SUPPORT

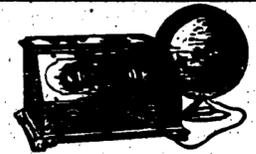
If in Any Way Our People Can Assist the Members as an Organization They Are Entitled to It

The Antrim band appears to be progressing nicely, holding regular rehearsals. It has been engaged to furnish music for the Memorial day exercises in town. The cost of maintaining an organization of this kind is considerable and mostly comes out of the members themselves, so any help the citizens may be able to give will be greatly appreciated. Just now the matter of suits is a vital one with members; it is said there are a number of

suits in town which former band members used, and of course are doing no one any good. If those who have these suits in their possession would be kind and generous enough to pass them on to the members of the present Antrim band, the favor would be greatly appreciated, and the act would be a public benefaction. Any further information regarding this matter may be learned by communicating with George Warren, of this place.

## Happiness

is a habit  
cultivate  
it with an



This Radiola 20 has more downright merit, inside and out, than you'll find in any radio of anywhere near its price. It's a true thoroughbred. It has the power, tone, range and design that makes every owner enthusiastic.

If you are particular about a radio for your home, if you are practical about the money you pay, here's your one big opportunity. Radiola 20—here it is!

**RCA**  
**Radiola 20**  
and Loudspeaker 100

Inquire about this machine.  
Radiola 20 with five tubes, \$89.50, the former price was \$115.00.

**Fred C. Thompson**

Authorized Agent, ANTRIM, N. H.

### POSSIBLY SOME KNOW ALL ABOUT PAGEANTS

And if They Do it is Hoped They Will Tell Everyone Else About Them so That All May Know

It is presumed that there are those who know a whole lot about pageants, but many of us have to plead ignorance; yet in a small way this idea has been quite prevalent for some time. What is referred to here more particularly is the historical kind, built on a large scale, written and arranged for a specific purpose by one schooled in this sort of thing, put into action and presented by a master hand. This is something that only a few of our people have had any opportunity to know about, but we are all going to know more about this particular kind of attraction in the not far distant future, for Miss Leila M. Church, of Rockville, Conn., has been secured to write and present such a production for the coming sesqui-centennial observance in Antrim in August of the present year.

Some of us have read concerning such productions and have been entranced by the glowing accounts describing the vivid colorings, beautiful costumes and wondrous settings that go to make up such a gorgeous affair; and all portraying the outstanding and interesting incidents in the town's history. It is a wonderful gift the writer of such plays possesses to put into action through some material the past before us in a way that appears real and which will remain with us for the remainder of our life.

The Reporter man has been looking through some material the past week which tells of the different pageants in a number of towns and cities which Miss Church has written and presented, and it has interested us greatly; so much so in fact that we are unable to see anything

but a most wonderful success in the forthcoming historical pageant of Antrim.

In its production, there will need to be a large number of people of all ages, and the more there are and the greater the interest they will take, of course the more of a success it will be. Miss Church is a loyal and devoted enthusiast; her untiring efforts and kindly patience are highly spoken of, and her admirable genius to carry out such an affair to a successful conclusion is nothing short of remarkable. She inspires all her assistants and everyone vies with the other to do his or her best, and if possible to outdo the next one; a friendly spirit of rivalry along this line is one of the needs to success. In one town where Miss Church put on a pageant similar to the one Antrim will have, the committee said of her that she was a lady who by education and training was without a peer in the handling and reproduction of historical pageants.

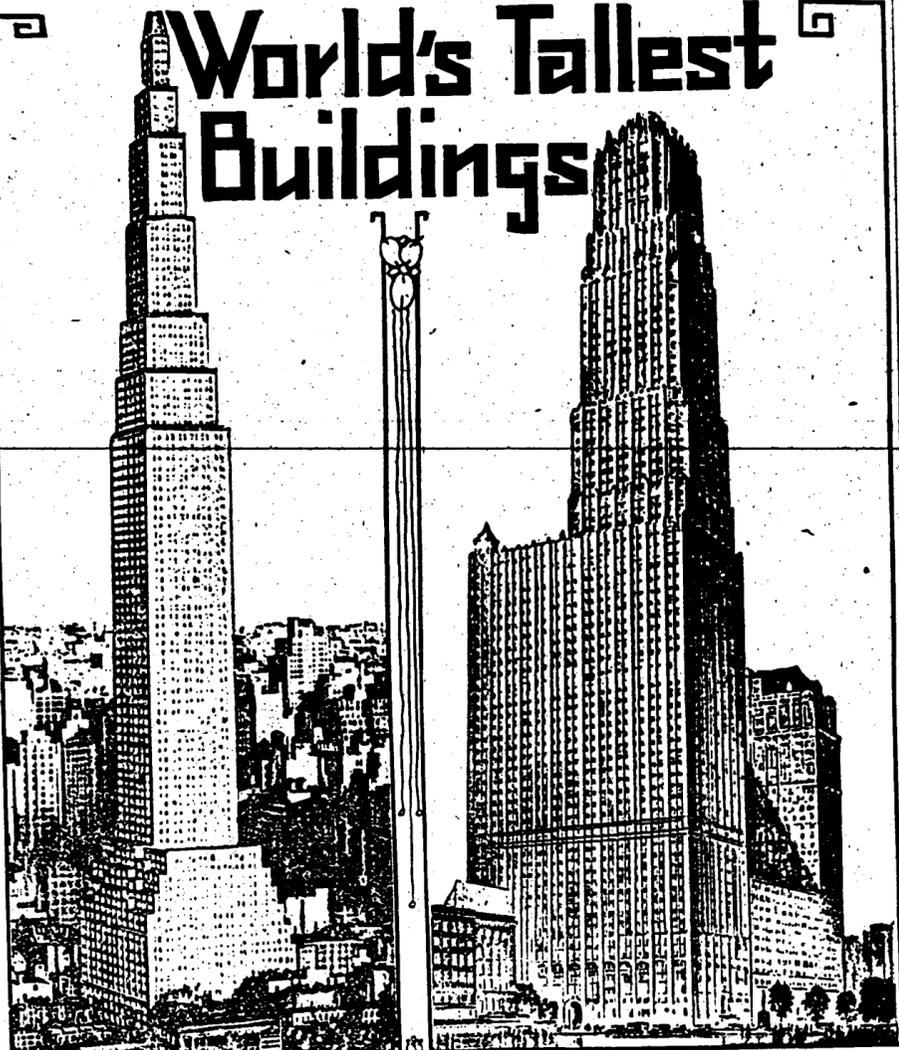
The above is presented to our readers at this time to introduce in a preliminary way the person who will be actively engaged in Antrim's historical pageant; and it might be well said here that she is now at work in its preparation. She is planning on coming to town the latter part of April and read to the general committee what she has ready at that time. After that the details will be started and action will have been begun. What assistance will be needed of our people will be made known in ample time, but everyone needs to be ready to help in every possible way—this is the spirit that will put across the best celebration Antrim ever had!

### Hand in Hand Lodge Entertains Visiting Officer

On Wednesday evening last, at their regular meeting, Hand in Hand Rebekah Lodge, No. 29, I.O.O.F., entertained Mrs. Lewis Shaw, of Warner, warden of the Rebekah Assembly of the state. Some sixty or seventy members were present. At 8.30 a delightful supper was served in the banquet hall, of which all partook and pronounced it one of the best that this organization ever served; the appetizing things

on the menu consisted principally of meat loaf, scalloped potatoes, salads, pies, cakes, rolls and coffee. Coming at the regular supper hour one could do full justice to this pleasing number on the program. The business of the regular meeting followed and the Rebekah staff conferred the degree in a most pleasing and acceptable manner which received complimentary and fitting remarks from the visiting officer. This was very gratifying to the lodge officers and members of the degree staff.

# World's Tallest Buildings



PROPOSED LARKIN TOWER—108 STORIES, 1,208 FEET IN HEIGHT  
BOOK TOWER, DETROIT—85 STORIES, 873 FEET IN HEIGHT

By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

**I**T WAS Icarus, whose attempt to be the first aviator ended disastrously when the Sun God melted his wax wings and caused him to be dashed to death on the ground. But modern man with his gasoline engine has solved the problem of flying and now travel through the air is considered fully as safe as on land or sea. It was the descendants of Noah who attempted to build the first skyscraper, for it is recorded in Genesis how they said, "let us build us a city and a tower, whose top may reach unto heaven." It is also recorded there how the Lord was displeased and how He came down and confused the speech of the builders so that none could understand the other. "Therefore is the name of it called Babel" and the tower of Babel, the first skyscraper, was never completed.

But modern man has erected buildings tall enough to earn the name of "skyscrapers" and he is still building higher. "Give me a fulcrum large enough and I can move the world" was the promise of Archimedes, then "Give me a foundation solid enough and I can build to the sky" seems to be the promise of the modern architect. Especially is this true of the American architect, for, with the exception of the builder of the Eiffel tower in Paris, Americans have reached higher toward the stars with their buildings than have any other people.

Not content with having made the Woolworth building, with its 58 stories and its height of 792 feet, the highest office building in the world, American architects are out for new laurels in "Excelsior" in building. For years New York city has held the record with the Woolworth building, but now Detroit, whose astonishing growth since the war has made it the fourth largest city in the United States with a population of 1,300,000, is threatening to take the honors away from Gotham. Work has been started on the foundations of the Book tower, which, according to present plans, is to have 85 stories and to be 873 feet high, thereby exceeding the Woolworth building by 27 stories and 81 feet.

However, New York is not going to relinquish the title without a struggle, for no sooner were the plans for the Book tower announced than some New Yorkers began to dream of a Larkin tower, which is to loom above the already lofty New York skyline, 108 stories high and 1,208 feet from the street to its pinnacle. If these plans are carried through it will dwarf the Woolworth building, the present monarch of tall buildings, by 50 stories and by more than 400 feet. It will also wrest the title of "tallest man-made structure in the world" from France, for it will top the Eiffel tower by 224 feet and it will be more than twice as tall as Germany's two contenders, the spires of the cathedrals in Ulm and Cologne.

The proposed Book and Larkin towers in Detroit and New York, respectively, are further evidence of an interesting rivalry between the two cities in regard to the size of buildings. Detroit claims to have the "largest" (there's a difference between "largest" and "tall-

## World's Highest Buildings

Building	Height in Feet	Stories	Location
Larkin Tower	1,208	110	New York
Eiffel Tower	984	—	Paris
Book Tower	873	85	Detroit
Woolworth	792	58	New York
Metropolitan	709	50	New York
Singer	612	41	New York
Municipal	580	24	Washington
Washington Monument	555	—	Washington
Bankers	539	39	New York
Ulm Cathedral	524	—	Germany
Cologne Cathedral	521	—	Germany
Great Pyramid	482	—	Egypt

est," please observe) office building in the world in the home of the General Motors corporation. New York retorts that its Equitable building is the "largest." To settle the controversy it would first be necessary to define "largest." In sheer mass the Equitable is larger; in ground coverage the General Motors structure leads. "Anyway," says Gotham, as though clinching the argument, "ours is worth more. The General Motors building is valued at \$18,000,000, but the Equitable building sold for \$38,500,000."

What is said to have been the first American skyscraper is still standing in York, Pa. Built in 1778, this modest six-story structure has more than passing historic interest, because, it was there that commissioners of the thirteen states once met in an attempt to regulate prices in the new republic. But it was not until more than a hundred years had passed that the skyscraper began to be a distinctive feature of American architecture. During the eighties the skeleton frame building began to be a common type and the city of Chicago, which has long since been outstripped by New York in the race toward the stars, became the center of skyscraper building activity. The Tacoma building, 13 stories high, erected in 1888, was probably the first distinctive skyscraper. The next year the Auditorium building exceeded it in both height and size. Then in 1890 the Masonic temple was built and for a generation it was a landmark—one of the "sights" of Chicago which all visitors made a special point to see.

In the meantime New York got into the race and the Flatiron building in 1907 became as famous in New York as the Masonic temple in Chicago. Up until this time 20 stories was considered about the limit for the height of a skyscraper, but this limit was soon passed. Although the tower type of skyscraper originated in Chicago, New York developed the modern expression of this type, and it was then that the tall buildings began to soar to hitherto undreamed-of heights. The Singer building tower on lower Broadway with its 41 stories and height of 612 feet was able to enjoy its pre-eminence for only a short time. Then the Metropolitan tower eclipsed it with 50 stories and a height of 700 feet. Last and greatest came what has been called the "skyscraper par excellence"—the Woolworth tower, 58 stories, 792 feet high. It is still the tallest building in the United States, and until the plans for the Book and the Larkin towers become a reality it will continue to hold that distinction.

Even if the Larkin tower is built and thereby takes for itself the title of "world's tallest building," there is no assurance that it will retain that

honor long. For, judging by the past, the future may see taller buildings than are even now considered possible. When the 20-story skyscraper was the tallest few persons would believe that a 40-story building was probable. But now that we have a 58-story structure and a 108-story one is planned, who will venture to say that a 200-story skyscraper is impossible or even impossible? It's not either, as a matter of fact, for engineers say that an office building thousands of feet high is entirely possible and it wouldn't be especially difficult to build. In fact, the engineering question involved in determining how high a skyscraper shall be is the least of it.

When it is said that the engineering question involved is the least problem, let it not be thought that building a skyscraper is an easy task. For all that modern time and labor-saving machinery and modern methods have made construction work seemingly almost a mere matter of waving a magic wand, the building of a skyscraper takes months and even years. Some one has said that "a skyscraper is something like an iceberg—there is more to it than appears above the surface." Obviously the higher you build the deeper and stronger must be your foundation. The Woolworth building, for example, has foundations extending 110 feet below the surface of the street! So the materials and labor which go into a skyscraper are by no means the only elements in its cost. The expense of excavating and laying the foundations before you can even begin building represents a huge sum in figuring skyscraper costs.

Another engineering question involved is that of stress and strain on the materials in the skyscraper itself—granted that its foundations, which are now figured out with the utmost precision, are adequate. The problem of bracing against high winds is one of the most important. The average pressure exerted on tall buildings by the wind, according to the investigations of the United States bureau of standards, is not more than 22 pounds per square foot. However, in building a skyscraper a generous allowance in the cross bracing is always made for a much greater pressure than that.

The tests made by the bureau of standards show that to exert a pressure of 22 pounds to the square foot, the wind must blow at the rate of 70 miles an hour, or the equivalent of 100 miles an hour indicated speed. To exert a pressure of 30 pounds per square foot, the wind must blow 88.6 miles an hour or 118 miles an hour indicated speed. During the Florida hurricane the wind rose to a speed of 120 miles an hour and skyscrapers in Miami rode through it unharmed. In fact the Woolworth building is designed to withstand a wind velocity of 250 miles an hour. Skyscrapers are so built that the force of the wind is usually broken up in various ways and the buildings rarely have to withstand high pressure for any length of time. So it is safe to say that the least danger the skyscraper is ever in is that of being blown over.

A previous reference to the monumental task of excavating for a skyscraper is well illustrated by the estimates for the new Larkin building in New York. Excavations for the foundations, which are to go 44 feet below street level, will make it necessary to remove 30,000 cubic yards of earth and 50,000 cubic yards of rock. Some of the other statistics are no less impressive. The walls will call for 400,000 eight-inch terra cotta tile (laid end to end they would reach more than five miles) while the partitions will require 400,000 two and three-inch tile and 700,000 six-inch tile (a total of more than eight miles of these). Three million face brick and 5,000,000 common brick will be required and the steel (no wood will be used) will amount to 40,000 tons or a trainload 22 miles long.

From these figures it is easy to see what a Herculean task for mere man is the building of a skyscraper. But man's ingenuity has overcome even greater tasks so, as has been said before, the engineering problem in erecting high buildings is a minor one. More important is the traffic problem. The skyscraper, if it is used as an office building as most of them are, must be easily accessible to workers. With traffic congestion an increasingly serious problem in most of our large cities the location of a skyscraper, from and to whose office will go thousands every day, on a narrow and already congested street, would mean tying traffic up in even tighter knots. It is to obviate such troubles as these that most cities have zoning regulations which say very definitely where skyscrapers can or cannot be built. So zoning rules form another skyscraper problem.

When the traffic problem is referred to, it does not necessarily mean the traffic problem outside the building, i. e. transportation facilities for carrying the office workers to and from their work. Important as is that consideration, more important in determining the height to which future skyscrapers will rise is the problem of transportation within the building, how office workers on the 104th floor in the Larkin building, for instance, are to get to and from their offices. The use of elevators, of course, has made the skyscraper possible and elevator improvements so far have kept pace with skyscraper building. How long they will continue to do so is another question.

The Equitable building has 63 elevators, the Woolworth 29 and the General Motors building 27. More than 30,000 persons use the Equitable elevators daily. The Woolworth building has the fastest elevator in the world, one which goes from the street to the 55th floor in one minute. The Larkin tower is to have 60 elevators, two of which will go to the 82nd floor, where its passengers will "transfer" to shuttle cars which go on to the higher stories.

Even though the elevator system so far has been able to take care of the skyscraper's needs, it may be the deciding factor in determining the height of tall buildings. For, as a writer in the New York Times recently pointed out, "the problem here is, first of all, concerned with the tremendous length of the steel cables which the cars require, since after a certain point the weight of the cable snaps the cable itself no matter how strong it may be, or, rather, because of it. By a repetition of the shuttle car system to the top floors any desired height could be reached, but if it were carried out on an extensive scale it would make the top floors of little value, by reason of its inconvenience. Few business men would care to be habitually subjected to such extensive and elaborate traveling to reach their offices."

"So, from an economic point of view, success depends upon direct elevator service. Of course, the elevator now made could go higher than 82 floors, but here another obstacle appears that makes such a procedure economically inexpedient, too. It is the fact that the additional cables and machinery required would take up so much room—reducing the renting space, always a paramount consideration—that builders would not favor them."

So again a factor within a factor—the engineering and economic factors in the factor of the elevator service—appears ready to say to the skyscraper builder, "This high shall you go and no higher." This same economic factor is apparent also in the engineering problem of the building itself. There apparently is no limit to the height to which the skyscraper can be built, with an adequate foundation and with the intricate system of cross bracing which modern engineering provides to take care of stress and strain. But the higher the skyscraper rises the more space there must be given to the necessary girders and pillars and bracing. The result is that if future buildings rise to even greater heights they will necessarily be little more than masses of steel with very little office room left in them after space is given for the elevator service and for bracing in the interior construction which guarantees safety. Hence no office room, no rentals to pay on the investment and no real reason for building them higher.

If the skyscraper could be regarded as a permanent investment, the sums required for its erection and upkeep might not seem so formidable. But, compared to the time and effort necessary to build them, their existence is brief. They outlive their usefulness in 20 to 40 years. They do not deteriorate and crumble away, of course; they are torn down to make way for higher buildings. Eighteen and 20-story buildings which were intended to be permanent are now being torn down to make room for higher ones. They in turn in the future probably will be superseded by even higher, and where the limit is, no one has yet dared predict.

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## The American Legion

(Copy for This Department supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

### DENBY IS NAMED ON LEGION COMMITTEE

Edwin Denby, former secretary of the United States navy, was named by the national executive committee of the American Legion recently as one of the new men to serve on the Legion's naval committee this year.

The work and recommendations of the next national convention of the naval affairs committee will be especially important this year because of the national defense situation in congress. The committee at the last national convention in Philadelphia through its resolutions, which were approved by the convention, outlined some of the subjects which will receive the attention of the new committee. Some of these recommendations are:

- No reduction in the enlisted personnel of the navy.
- Establishment of a sound policy to insure an adequate merchant marine.
- Construction of a naval base on the west coast.
- Development and construction of submarines.
- Compulsory two years' service for all graduates of the naval academy.
- Maintenance of an adequate naval reserve force.
- Technical education of reserve officers.
- Protection of Americans and American interests in foreign countries.

Others appointed on the naval affairs committee are: Nelson R. Pickering, Ansonia, Conn.; Charles Stenson, Panama; Ed Owens, Galveston, Texas; John A. Beckwith, Portland, Ore.; Dr. A. J. Argall, Denver, Colo.; Clarence A. Willis, Kissimmee, Fla.; W. L. Doolan, Jr., Louisville, Ky.; A. L. Swazey, Taunton, Mass.; Charles F. Macklin, Baltimore, Md., and Townsend Boyer, New Jersey.

### 179,000 Have Finished Vocational Training

The work of training disabled World War veterans incapacitated for their pre-war occupations in new vocations has been virtually completed, according to Watson B. Miller, chairman of the national rehabilitation committee of the American Legion, whose office is in Washington, D. C. Only about 1,000 veterans are still receiving vocational training under the United States Veterans' bureau out of nearly 180,000 who were granted training by the bureau.

The vocational training effort has cost the government approximately \$850,000,000, Miller said. The greatest number of veterans in training at any one time was 132,000, in the spring of 1922. A total of 334,033 men applied for training courses.

The rehabilitation survey groups which have been handling the vocational training work, have been virtually abolished and their functions transferred to the claims and ratings boards in the various regional offices of the veterans' bureau.

### Birmingham Plans to Land 1929 Convention

The Birmingham (Ala.) American Legion delegation to the 1927 convention of the Legion in Paris next September will request that the convention recommend Birmingham as the place for the 1929 convention, according to tentative plans announced by Legion officials of Birmingham.

The 1928 convention will be held in San Antonio, Texas, that choice having been made by the last convention which was held in Philadelphia.

Birmingham post No. 1 in anticipation of entertaining the national gathering in 1929, has inaugurated a membership campaign with 3,000 as the goal.

### Legionnaires Give Blood

Virtually the entire membership of the Henry H. Houston II post of the American Legion of Philadelphia volunteered to give blood when transfusion appeared necessary to save the life of Frank E. Myers, member of the post. One of the volunteers was selected, but no transfusion was necessary. Rex B. White, another member of the post seriously ill, has been furnished with blood by several of his comrades.

### To Build Club House

Adjusted service certificates, upon which money can now be loaned, will be used to finance the building of a club house for Clyde B. Jones post of the American Legion of Ocoato, Wis., under plans approved at a recent meeting. The insurance certificates of members will be used as collateral in securing a loan from banks. More than \$42,000 has been pledged to the club house fund in this form.

### Champ Oyster Eater

Raw! Raw! for Bill Franklin of Washington, D. C. At an oyster supper held by Vincent B. Costello Post of the American Legion, William F. Franklin, post adjutant, set a record of 70 raw bivalves guzzled at one sitting. After more training Franklin expects to be able to hold his own at any Legion oyster feast, he said.

## Help Kidneys By Drinking More Water

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys and Help Neutralize Irritating Acids

Kidney and bladder irritations often result from acidity, says a noted authority. The kidneys help filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it may remain to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread; the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in voiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is often one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Begin drinking lots of soft water, also get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast. Continue this for two or three days. This will help neutralize the acids in the system so they no longer are a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs, which then act normal again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by acid irritation. Jad Salts causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which may quickly relieve your bladder irritation.

### A Stiff Job

"Ah, my friend, you seem to have a very stiff neck."  
"Yes, I got it while sketching in Italy."  
"In an accident?"  
"No, I painted the Leaning Tower of Pisa."—Sondagsnisse-Strix.

### CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children, should never be without **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN**, for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles. **TRADE MARK: MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. ALL SUBSTITUTES Used by Mothers for over 30 years. All Druggists everywhere. Ask today. Trial package FREE, address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LeROY, N. Y.**

### FOR Coughs due to Colds

**BOSCHEE'S SYRUP**  
SUCCESSFUL FOR 60 YEARS  
30c & 90c At all Druggists

### Garfield Tea

Was Your Grandmother's Remedy  
For every stomach and intestinal ill. This good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ills and other derangements of the system so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.

### ASTHMA

**DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY**  
For the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for the 25 cent and one dollar bottles. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Kellogg & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

### Hallowax Recorder

Shows Where Your Money Goes!  
Elastic, theft, economy, system. Can be used for shopping and appointments. Hallowax leads to WEALTH! Send for circular, or \$1 for complete outfit with 18 rolls lasting one year. Hallowax Co., 3755 Pennsylvania Blvd., Philadelphia, Pa.

### Callouses

Quick, safe, sure relief from painful callouses on the feet.  
At all drug and shoe stores.  
**Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads** Put one on—no pain to you!

### SKIN BLEACH

Remedy for Freckles, Blemishes, Sunburn, etc. For full information, address BERKLEY, Post Office Box 101, Norfolk, Va.

Sure Relief

The great value of Bell-Ans in the relief of digestive disorders of the stomach and bowels is proved by the substantial increase in use every year for the past thirty years.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Franklin Pierce Once Placed Under Arrest

Ulysses Simpson Grant was not the only President of the United States to be arrested during his term of office. President Franklin Pierce had a similar experience. One night in 1853 President Pierce was returning on horseback from the home of William Morgan in the southeast section of Washington.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Aspirin Marked With "Bayer Cross" Has Been Proved Safe by Millions. Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 26 years.

Phlox as National Flower

The phlox was suggested as a national flower by Dr. Edward Wherry, of the Agricultural department, in addressing the Wildflower Preservation society at Washington, says the Pathfinder Magazine.

At Training Camp

Lady Visitor (watching pugilist shadow-boxing)—And is he really trying to hit his own shadow? Trainer—That's right, miss. Lady Visitor—Good heavens. Poor darling. How long has he been like that?—Passing Show.

If Mothers Only Knew

Thousands of Children Suffer from Worms, and Their Mothers Do Not Know What the Trouble Is. Signs of Worms are: Constipation, drowsy stomach, swollen upper lip, offensive breath, hard and full stomach with pain, pale face, eyes heavy, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red spots on the tongue, starting during sleep with troublesome dreams, slow fever.

Dr. True's Elixir

"It sure has done wonders for my little girl."—Mrs. R. Newell, Central Ave., Hammon, N. J. Family size \$1.25; other sizes 60c & 40c.

DUST AND CLEAN WITH WILEY'S WAXENE

Few drops on a cotton cloth gathers all the dust and polishes at the same time. The renowned polish since 1855 for furniture, floors, woodwork, automobiles, etc. Sold by Department, Hardware and Paint Store. Half size sent postpaid anywhere in the U.S. For the WILEY WAXENE COMPANY, Superiorville (Boston), Mass.

BURNS and SCALDS

Resinol

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Superior Dressing for the Hair. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. Sold by Department, Hardware and Paint Store.

HINDERCORNS

PISO'S Coughs



The DOOM TRAIL by ARTHUR D. HOWDEN SMITH

CHAPTER VIII—Continued

"Here," he said, "you may find my warrant from the king himself to exercise what powers I deem necessary along the frontier. Only the governor-general may overrule me."

"That is so," he admitted. "But I tell you this, De Veulle, you have a bad record on the frontier for a trouble-maker. But for you I should have had the Senecas and Onondagas in our interest before this. I write to Quebec by the first post, demanding a check upon your activities. We have too much at stake, to permit you to jeopardize it."

"At De-o-nun-de-ga it is known that Ta-wan-ne-ars and his brother Ormerod journeyed to Jagara," interposed the Seneca in his own language. "Does Joncaire think the Senecas will be quiet when one of their chiefs is given up to the Keepers of the Doom Trail for torment?"

"The Senecas will be told that you never reached Jagara," replied De Veulle before Joncaire could speak. Joncaire turned to me. "Well, my Jean," he said soberly, "whatever your name may be, you have gotten yourself into a nasty mess. You will be lucky if you die quickly. My advice to you is to pick the first chance to die, no matter how it may be. These Keepers—peste! They are a bad lot. They are artists in torment. This part of their religion, which I will say they still practice, even though Pere Hyacinthe were to excommunicate me."

As he was about to climb the stairs De Lery had ascended, De Veulle called him back. "One moment! Speaking officially, Monsieur de Joncaire, I desire you to send out belts to all friendly tribes, summoning them to a council-fire which will be held here by the king's command in August."

Joncaire bowed. "It shall be done," he said. "Now then"—De Veulle addressed me—"we will consider your case. Are the bands sufficiently tight?"

I had been bound with strips of rawhide which cut into every muscle. The question was superfluous. "Pick them up," he said to the Cahnuagnas. "We will get back to the canoes."

Despite the tightness of my bonds and the numbness they induced, I fell asleep, rocked by the easy motion of the canoe as it was driven along by the powerful arms of the Cahnuagnas.

CHAPTER IX

La Vierge du Bois A dash of water awakened me. One of the Cahnuagnas was leaning down, his hideous face close to mine, his fingers wrestling with the knots in the rawhide bonds.

"You cannot lie idle, my distinguished guest," called De Veulle from his place at the stern. "You must keep us dry."

As the rawhide strips were upwound I was able to sit up and look over the frail bark side. We were out of sight of land, and a moderate breeze was raising a slight swell, the crest of which occasionally broke over our bow. In the other canoe Ta-wan-ne-ars already was at work with a bark scoop.

All of that day we were isolated on the restless surface of the huge inland sea. Just before dusk of the second day we sighted a rocky coast, and sheered away from it. On the sixth day we passed out of the lake into the narrow channel of the great river, and landed in the evening at a pallid post on the southern bank.

So far I had been treated fairly well. My captors had shared with me their meager fare of parched corn and jerked meat; and if I had been compelled to bale out the canoe incessantly, it was equally true that they had labored at the paddles night and day. But now everything was changed. My legs were left unbound, but with uncanny skill the savages lashed back my arms until well-nigh every bit of circulation was stopped in them and each movement I was forced to make became an act of torture.

The recompense for my sufferings was that for the first time since our capture I had the company of Ta-wan-ne-ars, and I was able to profit by his stoical demeanor in resisting the impulse to vent my anger against De Veulle.

"Say nothing, brother," he counseled me when I panted my hate, "for every word you say will afford him satisfaction."

"I wish I had stayed in the canoe in the middle of the lake," I exclaimed bitterly. "What is this place? Where are we?"

Distance a wooden tower showed through the trees. As we drew nearer other buildings appeared, arranged in irregular fashion about a clearing. One of pretentious size stood by itself inside the palisade.

Cahnuagnas, including women and children, swarmed along the trail with guttural cries. A big, red-headed man stepped from a building which was evidently a storehouse. 'Twas Bolling, and with a yell of delight he snatched a block of wood from the ground and hurled it at my head.

"Curse me, 'tis the renegade and his red shadow!" he shouted. "We are in great luck! Do but wait until Tom knows you are here, my friend. The stake awaits you!"

He walked beside us, rubbing his hands together in high glee, and discoursing with seemingly expert knowledge on the precise character of the various kinds of torment we should undergo.

His attentions drew a considerable crowd; and so when we entered the single rude street of the settlement 'twas to find the whole population awaiting us. The gate in the stockade around the big house was open, and with a thrill I realized that a swirl of color there meant Marjory. Murray's stately figure I identified at a distance.

"I think she did not know me at first. There was no reason why she should. My leather garments were rent and torn, my hair was tangled and matted with briars and thorns from the underbrush, my face was scratched and bleeding. I was thin and gaunt, and I might not walk upright, although I tried, for the rawhide thongs bowed by shoulders.

But Murray knew me instantly, and a flare of exultation lighted his face. De Veulle halted us directly in front of the gate.

"An old acquaintance has consented to visit us," he said. And with a shock of grief I saw comprehension dawn in Marjory's face. But she did not flush crimson as De Veulle had prophesied. She blanched white. I knew by that she had been long enough at La Vierge du Bois to appreciate the temper of its inhabitants.

"I seem to recollect the tall Indian beside our friend, likewise," observed Murray.

"'Tis his companion of the Inter-joined De Veulle, in New York," rejoined De Veulle. "What, Mistress Marjory, you have not forgotten the rash youth who was always threatening or badgering us?"

Her lips moved mechanically, but 'twas a minute before she could force her voice to obey. "I remember," she said. Murray took snuff precisely and addressed himself to me. "You are a dangerous youth, Master Ormerod. You had opportunity to win free of your past misdemeanors, you will allow, yet you would hear none of my advice. No, you must mix in affairs which did not concern you. And as I warned you, it hath been to your sore prejudice. Much as I—"

Community Building

Cost of Beautifying Grounds Never Waste

That the importation of foreign flower bulbs has reached a point where they are now available at little cost was pointed out by Joseph C. Maloney, president of the Joseph C. Maloney company, subdividers of Detroit.

"The United State Department of Agriculture has limited the importation of narcissus bulbs for 1927 to small quantities of new varieties," said Mr. Maloney. "The reason given by the department was that in 1925 alone 42,000,000 bulbs were imported. This included 200 varieties, but the bulk of the shipments were made up of about twenty of the most used commercial varieties. This heavy importation with the previous known plantings is sufficient for all propagation needs."

"The planting of flowers and shrubs has been quite an expense to the home owner, although the gain in added beauty to the home more than offset the cost. It is probable that the home raising of these bulbs will cut the cost to a fraction of what was formerly paid."

"I don't know of any other investment in land or home that returns more pleasure or actual cash value than flowers, shrubs and trees. They will beautify any vacant lot and make a home an estate. There is a danger in planting that it will be overdone. There is more beauty in a thin, well-planned planting than in a profusion of flowers and shrubs that have been planted without thought of what the entire picture is to be."

City of Small Homes Is Ideal Community

It is not surprising that the Mississippi valley landscape artists, meeting in Kansas City, should declare that the charm of a well-ordered city is in its small homes. The small homes so greatly predominate in number that unless very many of them are attractive the city, at best, offers only beautiful residential spots of greater or lesser extent. It is in the rich districts that the landscape architects get their best commissions, but they are not overlooking the importance of small home treatments, even though they have not yet devised a way to promote the landscaping of small lots.

The interesting fact is that the home owner, be his place costly or inexpensive, has real incentive for beautification. Keeping the house and premises attractive contributes to the joy of living and to the value of property. Co-operation is an important factor. A block or district otherwise well planned and cared for may be spoiled to considerable extent by a few careless home owners or occupants. Hence the expediency of neighborhood improvement associations. Through common effort desirable standards may be established and maintained.—Kansas City Times.

Roof Highly Important

Nowadays the modern home builder desires a covering for the home possessing not one or two virtues, but combining in one perfect roofing all the single advantages which the various old-style roofs possessed, together with such additional ones as modern science may have developed.

The "perfect roof," according to modern standards, must combine the following qualities: It must be a complete shelter in all climates and under all weather conditions. It must be proof against all roof-communicated fire—for the benefit not only of the individual, but of the community.

Plan Before Building

Every little thing in the house should be planned out before hand. Stairs, doors, windows, chimneys, flues, closets, all the thousand and one things that make a house don't just happen. Any of them misplaced entirely spoils the utility or the appearance of the house, or both. It has been said, and there is quite a little truth in it, that if you wish perfection in your house, you should take as long in planning as it takes to actually build.

White Tells of Tanlac's Benefits

After Surprising Recovery From Indigestion and Allments Caused by Run-down Condition, Contractor Wants all to Know Tanlac.



Clark A. White, Murrayville, W. Va., contractor, says: "After 3 years suffering from constipation and other stomach ailments, I have found a successful remedy. 'When I began taking Tanlac I had given up hope of recovering. Tormenting pains bothered me so that I thought I would have to stop work. My nerves were worn with the struggle. I couldn't sleep. Lack of food, nervousness and indigestion had taken away my appetite. Soon after trying Tanlac, my strength returned and nervousness vanished. I gained seven pounds. Now that I have my health back, I endorse Tanlac to everyone.'"

A QUICKER WAY TO END COLDS!

To quickly break up a cough or cold, it is necessary to do two things: 1—Get rid of phlegm. 2—Heal irritation in lining of throat, chest and bronchial tubes. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral accomplishes this by its powerful double action. It cuts away phlegm because its medication penetrates through and through the linings of throat, chest and bronchial tubes. You feel almost instant relief, all the way down. Then it is absorbed into the irritated membranes, just as ink soaks into a blotter. As its soothing, healing properties are absorbed by the membranes themselves, it stops the cough, breaks up the cold and brings prompt, lasting relief.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is hospital-proved. Prescribed by physicians. Pleasant to taste. 60c and, twice the quantity, \$1.00, at all druggists.

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

DO YOU SUFFER FROM ASTHMA?

Olive Tar has relieved bronchitis, its soothing, but also its expectorant, use especially in the winter. A wonderful relief for asthmatics and influenza, colds, bronchitis, coughing, croup, hoarseness, etc. HALL & SUGILL, New York.

Special Offer to Victims of Indigestion

Your Druggist Says Pleasant to Take, Elixir Must Help Poor Distressed Stomachs or Money Gladly Refunded. You can be so distressed with gas and fullness from poor digestion or dyspepsia that you think your heart is going to stop beating. Your stomach may be so distended that your breathing is short and gaspy. You are dizzy and pray for quick relief—what's to be done. Just one tablespoonful of Dare's Mentha Pepsin and speedily the gas disappears, the pressing on the heart ceases and you can breathe deep and naturally. Oh! What blessed relief; but why not get rid of such attacks altogether? Why have them at all? Especially when any druggist anywhere guarantees Dare's Mentha Pepsin, a pleasant elixir, to help you or money back.

Humorous Episode the Result of Tardiness

Absentmindedness, that classic affliction of college professors, is an impartial ailment which does not restrict itself to any class of individuals, as was proven at a recent meeting held in one of the city's hotels. A young lady, arriving shortly after the meeting was called to order, became embarrassed at her tardiness and, when called upon for her ticket of admission at the door, handed the required pasteboard to the ticket-taker and hurried to her seat.

Shortly afterward the chairman of the meeting called for order and explained that he had a short announcement to make. "If Miss Smith will call at the door, on her way out," said the chairman, "we will be glad to return her automobile license in exchange for her ticket of admission."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Pianists' Hand Stretches

The difficulty of some of Liszt's compositions for the piano is perhaps explained in part by the fact that his own hand-stretch was unusually big. He could easily stretch an octave with his thumb and first finger. Rubinstein also had a phenomenal reach. On the other hand, there are well-known pianists today whose natural stretch between thumb and little finger is barely an octave; yet by constant and careful practice, and by a wise choice of music for performances, they have established themselves in the estimation of audiences, who are rarely aware of the handicap.

Chambers of Commerce

There is no better evidence of the worth of a chamber of commerce than the fact that other live cities maintain such organizations. There is not on record a single case of a live, progressive town without a chamber of commerce. Eufala must and will carry on. Unless we do carry forward the splendid work we have started, the effort and money thus expended will count for naught.—Eufala (Ala.) Daily Citizen.

Great Truth

The bigger the city the cleaner the main streets and the dirtier the side streets.—System—the Magazine of Business.

No Cold

Fever headache or grippe. Cold break in a day for the millions who use Hill's. Headache and fever stop. La Grippe is checked. All in a way so reliable that druggists guarantee results. Colds are too important to trust in lesser ways. Be Sure It's HILL'S Price 30c. CASCARA & QUININE. Get Red Box with picture.

# C. F. Butterfield



## Years Later?

Keeping that child healthy is a job. It may take years to show up foot troubles starting now. A good, energetic, able pair of feet years later is Educator's promise to your child. Let us fit him today!

## Carriages and Strollers

### BABY AIRING AND SLEEPING

Heywood Wakefield With "Quality Seal On Every Wheel"

Have you seen the New Baloon Tires, just like high grade automobiles. The New Carriages are a fit setting for any baby, even your baby which calls for the very best, and big enough to lay flat for comfort in sleeping, comfort in every line and a joy to look at.

Full Size Carriages, \$12.50 to \$40.00

The New Strollers are compact but roomy, fit into your hall or can be taken up stairs easily, combining comfort with beauty to a very remarkable extent.

Strollers from \$8.25 to \$24.00

If you cannot call, write or telephone 154-3. We can send you pictures, and our special low prices

You Can Budget The Price and Pay While You Use

EMERSON & SON, Milford.

By far the best thing one can do for a distant friend is to send a copy of

# The Antrim Reporter

for six months or a year

Former residents and friends of Antrim will want to keep posted concerning the sesqui-centennial, to be observed in August Next. The Reporter is THE source of information

## The Antrim Reporter

Published Every Wednesday Afternoon

Subscription Price, \$2.00 per year

Advertising Rates on Application

H. W. ELDREDGE, PUBLISHER

H. B. ELDREDGE, ASSISTANT

Wednesday, Mar. 30, 1927

Long Distance Telephone

Medicine of Corns, Lectures, Entertainment, etc., to which an admission fee is charged, or from which a revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the law.

Cards of Thanks are inserted at no cost.

Resolutions of ordinary length \$1.00.

Obituary notices and lists of flowers charged for as advertising rates; also will be charged at the same rate list of presents at a wedding.

Foreign Advertising Representatives: THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter.



"It Stands Between Humanity and Oppression!"

## Antrim Locals

One-horse Teaming, on and after April 1st. Apply to George W. Edes, Antrim. Adv.2t

Wanted—To Split Wood or do other Odd Jobs. Howard Gokey, Antrim. P. O. Box 263. Adv.

Mrs. Everett Scott, of Munsonville, is spending a week with her father, James D. Cutter.

Molly Aiken Chapter, D.A.R., will meet on Friday afternoon of this week with Mrs. William D. Ward.

House Wiring and Repairing done at low cost. Drop me a card. Howard Humphrey, Antrim. Adv.2t

At a meeting of the Presbyterian congregation last Sunday, the officers of the Sunday school for the ensuing year were elected.

All those interested in base ball are invited to meet in the Town hall, this week Thursday evening, March 31, at 8.00 o'clock, to discuss plans for the coming season.

The body of Miss Nellie G. Smith was brought to Antrim on Monday for interment in the family lot, from Malden, Mass., where she died. She was a descendent of the late Otis Smith, of this town.

Relatives here have received word of the death on Saturday of Mrs. William Derby, at her home in Melrose, Mass. She was known to some of our people, having visited here at different times. She was a niece by marriage of Fred and John Burnham of this place.

Apples For Sale—Apply to Frank K. Black, Antrim. Adv.

The April meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Woodbury Memorial Methodist Episcopal church will be held at their church on Wednesday, the 6th. Business meeting in the afternoon; supper at 5.30 o'clock. This will be known as an Easter supper and will consist of baked beans and brown bread, egg and potato salads, one-crust pies, rolls, cake and coffee.

In the winter when there is ice all up and down the streets, our people are pleased beyond expression when the road agent and his helpers appear with the sand and all is serene again. After the snow and ice leave in the spring the sand isn't needed, and if each one should sweep off the sidewalk in front of his own house or the one he occupies, what an improvement there would be; some do it, why not everybody?

The remains of Ed. T. Worthley were brought to Antrim on Monday afternoon for interment; he died in Derry, this state, on Thursday last, at the home of his son, George Worthley, where he had been stopping. He was 72 years of age. A sister, Miss Ella Robinson, resides in this town. Mr. Worthley formerly resided in Antrim for a number of years, living at the Center, where he raised a family. For a number of years past he has made his home in Florida, where he followed the carpentry business. In the last year or two Mr. Worthley's health has been failing.

### To Receive Inventories

The Selectmen will meet at their room in Town Hall block, on Friday evening, April 15, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Saturday afternoon, April 16, from 2 to 5 o'clock, to receive inventories and hear all persons regarding taxes.

Henry B. Pratt  
Archie M. Swett  
John Thornton  
Selectmen of Antrim

## Moving Pictures!

MAJESTIC THEATRE  
Town Hall, Antrim

Wednesday, March 30

Earl Williams and  
Gladys Hulette in  
Lens Rivers

Pathe Weekly Pictures at 8.00

W. A. NICHOLS, Mgr.

For any who wish to use the local columns of the Reporter for short advertisements, the price is given herewith and may be sent with the order for insertion: All For Sale, Lost or Found, Want, and such like advs. two cents a word, extra insertion one cent a word; minimum charge 25 cts. All transient advs. of this kind should be accompanied by cash with order.

## Antrim Locals

Mrs. H. W. Eldredge spent a few days in Winchendon, Mass., the past week.

Herbert Edwards and family spent a day last week at the Manchester auto show.

Walter Simonds, who is attending school in Boston, is spending vacation at his home here.

Edmund and Benton Dearborn are spending ten days' vacation here from school work at Andover, Mass.

Reports from G. Miles Nesmith are to the effect that he is constantly but very slowly improving in health.

Fred C. Raleigh, business manager of the local Goodnow-Derby store, was a business visitor to Boston last week.

The Baptist ladies' circle held a sugar party for the church and congregation last week Monday evening at their church.

Mrs. Richard Hall, of Winchendon, Mass., was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Clark, for Saturday last.

Miss Pauline Whitney, who teaches in North Woodstock, this state, is spending a two weeks' vacation at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Toward, who have been spending the winter with relatives in Framingham, Mass., have returned to their home in this place.

H. W. Johnson, Carl H. Robinson and John E. Loveren attended a meeting in H-nniker, of Woods Chapter, No. 11, Royal Arch Masons, on Friday evening of last week.

Mrs. James L. Hill was quite sick last week and it was necessary to send for her daughter, Mrs. E. D. Putnam, who arrived Thursday night from Southern Pines, North Carolina.

Morton Paige has his new factory building well on its way to completion. Shafting has been put in place, some machinery added, and soon he will be making reels again—but in a new shop replacing the one very recently consumed by fire.

Mrs. William E. Putnam, music teacher in our schools, has been confined to her room at the home of her son, Herbert Lindsay, in Bennington, as the result of a fall which strained the tendons of the knee; she is reported as getting along comfortably.

Workmen have been employed the past week installing the apparatus to illuminate the front dial of the town clock in order to tell the time at night. Two electric lamps with reflectors are so arranged as to throw light on the dial. It will be a decided improvement if it works out as expected.

The Queen Esther Circle met at the Methodist church one evening last week to open their mite boxes and transact other necessary business. The circle presented Mrs. Thompson a gift as a slight token of appreciation of her work with this young people's missionary society of the church. Mrs. Olive Poor will be Mrs. Thompson's successor for the coming year.

H. W. Eldredge, Grand Representative, was in Nashua last Friday evening attending a gathering of Nashnoonan Encampment, I.O.O.F., with other grand officers. A special get-together meeting was held, the attractions being an entertainment by Boston talent, an address by Past Grand Representative Sam Wood, of Massachusetts, refreshments, and a general good time.

### For Sale

Good Wood, 4 ft. or Stove length.  
FRED L. PROCTOR,  
Antrim, N. H.

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Hancock, N. H. Tel. 33

## Hillsboro Guaranty Savings Bank

Incorporated 1889

HILLSBORO, N. H.

Resources over \$1,350,000.00

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent, \$2 per year

Banking Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m., and 1 p. m. to 3 p. m.  
Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

DEPOSITS Made during the first three business days of the month draw interest from the first day of the month

You Can Bank By Mail.

## Pine Logs Wanted

Will Buy in Carload Lots at Any Station  
on the Boston & Maine Railroad

American Box & Lumber Co.,  
NASHUA, N. H.

## Buy Your Bond

AND BE SECURE

Why

Run

The

Bazard

Of accepting personal security upon a bond, when corporate security is vastly superior! The personal security may be financially strong to-day and insolvent to-morrow; or he may die, and his estate be immediately distributed. In any event, recovery is dilatory and uncertain.

The American Surety Company of New York, capitalized at \$2,500,000, is the strongest Surety Company in existence, and the only one whose sole business is to furnish Surety Bonds. Apply to

H. W. ELDREDGE Agent,  
Antrim.

## H. B. Carrier

Mortician

Hillsboro and Antrim, N. H.  
Telephone connection

## CHAS. S. ABBOTT FIRE INSURANCE

Reliable Agencies

To all in need of insurance I should be pleased to have you call on me.  
Antrim, N. H.

## Automobile LIVERY!

Parties carried Day or Night.  
Cars Rented to Responsible Drivers.

Our satisfied patrons our best advertisement

J. E. Perkins & Son  
Tel. 33-4 Antrim, N. H.

### Maple Syrup.

Place your orders early to insure your supply of choice Maple Syrup.

J. E. Perkins,  
Antrim, N. H.

The Antrim Reporter, all the local news, \$2.00 per year.

## COAL WOOD FERTILIZER

James A. Elliott,  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
Tel. 53

### SELECTMEN'S NOTICE

The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town Hall block, on Tuesday evening of each week, to transact town business.

The Tax Collector will meet with the Selectmen.

Meetings 7 to 8  
HENRY B. PRATT  
ARCHIE M. SWETT  
JOHN THORNTON,  
Selectmen of Antrim

### SCHOOL BOARD'S NOTICE

The School Board meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town Hall block, on the Last Friday Evening in each month, at 7.30 o'clock, to transact School District business and to hear all parties.

ROSS H. ROBERTS,  
BYRON G. BUTTERFIELD  
EMMA S. GOODELL,  
Antrim School Board.

## Carl H. Muzzey AUCTIONEER

ANTRIM, N. H.  
Prices Right. Drop me a postal card

**Moving Pictures!**

**DREAMLAND THEATRE**  
Town Hall, Bennington  
at 7.40 o'clock

**Saturday, April 2**  
Buck Jones in  
Gentle Cyclone

**Bennington.**

Bennington Congregational Church  
Howard R. May, Pastor  
Sunday services as usual.  
Morning service 10.45.  
Sunday school 12 m.  
Evening service 7 p.m.

Jack Shea is home from the hospital and feeling pretty well again.

Mrs. M. L. Knight is in Boston for a few days over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruel Cram were in Manchester several days last week.

Kenneth Bartlett has been sick the past week with a cold which seemed to affect his eyes.

Mrs. Chas. L. Merrill, Merrill Gordon and John Day attended church in Bennington on Sunday morning.

There was a chimney fire in the Crystal Spring house on Tuesday of last week, but it was soon extinguished.

The town hall is receiving a new coat of paint on the inside, and soon as possible the grounds are to receive further attention.

Schools closed on Friday for the spring vacation. Miss Genzler goes to Keene, Miss Cashion to Manchester and Miss Cilley to Antrim.

Following the movies on Saturday evening, the film showing the human eye was shown by the courtesy of the Antrim Civic Club. Thank you!

Anyone looking for Memorials will want to see Walter D. Cleary, representing the New Westerly Granite Co. Read his advertisement in this paper.

Mrs. Evelyn Young, of Boston, is passing her two weeks' vacation from Simmons College with her grand father, R. V. Knight, who is about as usual.

There was a basket ball game on Tuesday evening of last week between the Tom Thumbs and the Midgets, won by the Tom Thumbs; we failed to get the score.

The prayer service at the home of Mrs. Seaver was largely attended and a good meeting was held. This week the service of Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., will be held at the home of M. C. King.

Mrs. Putnam is staying at the home of her son, Herbert Lindsay, since injuring her knee. She is reported gaining, but suffers a good deal of pain. Mrs. Putnam is to chaperon the Antrim seniors to Washington, D. C., in April.

The Ladies' Benevolent Society meets in the chapel on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock. The Outing Club of the Sunday School will meet at the same place, where the pastor will see they are entertained; children are requested to bring five cents.

The following bit of news which is interesting to our people here who know all these folks, will be interesting to our readers: Mr. and Mrs. Guy H. Vieno, of Osteen, Fla., received a very pleasant call from former friends of Bennington, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Graves, proprietor of Hotel Villa Dora, Mt. Dora, Fla., with Mrs. Robert Guy and Mrs. Bowker. Bennington people will remember Mr. and Mrs. Guy; Bob was with the Monadnock Paper Mills for several years and is now in New York; also know Mr. Bowker who is a traveling salesman from Fitchburg, Mass., coming to Bennington for the past 20 years or more. Mr. and Mrs. Bowker are stopping with Mr. Graves for the winter at Mt. Dora, coming down first of the winter in their car; they all like Florida very much.

On Thursday evening, several interested in Community Club work met in Grange hall, where H. R. May, pastor

**CHURCH NOTES**

Furnished by the Pastors of the Different Churches

Presbyterian-Methodist Churches  
Rev. Wm. Thompson, Pastor

Thursday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, I John 5.

Sunday—10.45 a.m., Holy Communion; 12 m., bible school; 6 p.m., Y. P. S. C. E. meeting; 7 p.m., union meeting.

Tuesday, April 5, 6.00 p.m. The annual church supper, followed by the meeting of the church for the transaction of business. All members of the Presbyterian church and contributors are invited.

Wednesday, April 6. The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society, at the Methodist Episcopal church; supper will be served at 5.30 o'clock.

**BAPTIST**

Rev. R. H. Tibbals, Pastor

Thursday, March 31. Mid-week meeting, 7.30 p.m. Topic: "Friendship with God." Matt 6.

Sunday, April 3. Morning worship at 10.45. The subject of the pastor's sermon will be: "The Attractive Christ."

Bible school at 12 o'clock. Crusaders at 4.30 o'clock.

Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 o'clock. This is the monthly consecration service.

**Everyone Can Help**

The Antrim Sesqui-centennial Committee seeks the cooperation of every citizen. If you know of any native, or former resident of Antrim now living elsewhere you will aid the committee by handing the name and address to anyone of the following:  
Mrs. Fred I. Burnham  
Henry A. Hurlin  
John E. Loveren  
Ralph H. Tibbals  
Mrs. B. J. Wilkinson

**Wood Notice**

Now is the time to put in your order for Green Wood.

All cleft Hard Wood, 4 ft., \$10/cord  
Cleft and Round, 4 ft., \$9 cord  
Sawed, \$1 extra

Grey Birches, sawed only, \$7 cord  
Quality and Measure Guaranteed

I always have Dry Hard Wood on hand for prompt delivery.

H. GERINI, Antrim.

**Chimneys Need Attention**

Don't forget the chimney sweep. James Cashion, Bennington. Adv.

of the Congregational church here, outlined what such a club might accomplish even in a small village, emphasizing particularly a tennis court and a base ball field; also the basket ball games for the youth of the town. Various activities for the older ones were outlined. Andrew Adam acted as chairman; M. C. King, A. F. Bell, and George Edwards responded with remarks. A nominating committee was appointed, consisting of Miss Mae Cashion, A. F. Bell and M. C. King. They brought in the following named as officers and they were declared elected:

President—Miss Mae Cashion  
Vice Pres.—Andrew Adam  
Sec. and Treas.—Mary L. Knight

Executive Committee—Howard R. May, Mrs. Gertrude Ross, M. C. King, Mrs. M. Lizzie Sargent, A. F. Bell.

**SHOE REPAIRING!**

I want to announce to the public that I have opened a place for Repairing of Shoes of all kinds, in what was formerly the Barber Shop, in Bennington Square.

In connection, I shall conduct a Shoe Shine Parlor, for both ladies and shoes; open Sunday mornings in addition to week-days.

Your patronage is solicited.

ARIS BAPPS, Bennington.

**MICKIE SAYS—**

IF ANY MAN IS READING A CITY PAPER, WE KNOW TALK 'EM AND WE'LL ANSWER BACK, BUT WHEN A COPY OF 'THE HOME PAPER' IS IN HIS HANDS HE SCOWLS AN' SEZ, 'PIPE DOWN, YOU KID! I CAN'T YOU SEE 'EM READING 'THE PAPER!'



**OFFICERS FOR 1927**

The List Also Includes the Several Committees

At the recent session of the Fourth Quarterly Conference, held at the Woodbury Memorial Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Edward A. Durham, district superintendent, presiding, the following were elected to serve this church as officers and committees for the ensuing year:

Trustees—Dennis W. Cooley, John M. Burnham, Fred H. Colby, Hiram W. Eldredge, Jas. R. Ashford, James A. Elliott, Arthur L. Poor, Ross H. Roberts

Stewards—James F. Roberts, Ross H. Roberts, Arthur L. Poor, Maurice A. Poor, D. Wallace Cooley, Hiram W. Eldredge, Mrs. Cora B. Hunt, Mrs. Rebecca M. Eldredge, Mrs. Emma J. Cooley, Mrs. Helen R. Ashford, Mrs. Ellen F. Balch, Mrs. Amy G. Wheeler, Mrs. Vera M. Butterfield, Miss Charlotte E. Balch, Miss Florence L. Brown, Mrs. Bertha Colby

District Steward—Hiram W. Eldredge

Treasurer of the Stewards—Maurice A. Poor

Recording Steward—Miss Charlotte E. Balch

Communion Steward—Mrs. Rebecca M. Eldredge

Custodian of Deeds and other Legal Papers—John M. Burnham

Sunday School Superintendent—Hiram W. Eldredge

President Woman's Home Missionary Society—Mrs. Bertha Perkins

Trier of Appeals—Hiram W. Eldredge

Member of Laymen's Association—Hiram W. Eldredge

Treasurer of Benevolences—Mrs. Cora B. Hunt

Sunday School—James R. Ashford, Arthur L. Poor, John M. Burnham, James F. Roberts

Church Records—Mrs. Cora B. Hunt

Auditing—John M. Burnham

Parsonage and Furniture—Officers of Ladies' Aid Society, Officers of Board of Trustees

Church Music—Miss Charlotte E. Balch, Mrs. Vera M. Butterfield, Miss Florence L. Brown

Estimating Ministerial Support—Dennis W. Cooley, John M. Burnham, Mrs. Cora B. Hunt

Finance—John M. Burnham, Maurice A. Poor, Dennis W. Cooley, Ross H. Roberts, James R. Ashford, Mrs. Cora B. Hunt, Miss Charlotte E. Balch

Pulpit Supply—Dennis W. Cooley, Hiram W. Eldredge, John M. Burnham, James R. Ashford, Ross H. Roberts, Arthur L. Poor

The B. & M. raises the pay of 1000 employees, reads a headline in the daily press, and then the statement follows that the raise is voluntary. Another raise, also voluntary, will be made to meet this exigency, and that will be the act of raising the funds by increased rates from the pockets of the dear people. All one will have to do is to await developments.

**For Sale**

Cows, any kind. One or a chirod. Will buy Cows if you want to sell. Fred L. Proctor

The daughters of Mrs. Carrie Maxfield, Misses Dorothy, Ida and Carrie, visited their mother at St. Joseph's hospital, in Nashua, on Saturday last. They report Mrs. Maxfield resting comfortably, but in a very serious condition.

**"A City Garage in a Country Town"**  
**HANCOCK GARAGE**

WM. M. HANSON, Prop'r, Hancock, N. H., Telephone 42

We wish to announce the completion of a contract with the Hudson Motor Car Co., of Detroit, Michigan, for the sale of

**Hudson-Essex Cars**

and now stand ready to Demonstrate the quality of these cars including the Closed Car Comforts, Masterful Performance and Low Cost, which claims are well supported by thousands of owners, who take great pride in their ownership.

The economy of ownership starts with extraordinary low first price, and continues with very infrequent service expense, if the necessity should arise to purchase a replacement part, the owner of these cars will find that parts are obtainable at a moderate figure corresponding to that of the car itself, which means universal service wherever and whenever needed.

If you intend to purchase a Motor Car you should by all means check on the ability and value of these cars, first by driving the car in a demonstration, and secondly by an inquiry among owners of Hudson-Essex Cars. We shall be glad to stand on the results of such a test. You will find that they are easy to steer, the power range so great that gear shifting is lessened, the riding action so well arranged that long hours at the wheel are not tiring but instead a comfort together with the distinctive smoothness of motor, power, speed and reliability throughout.

Last but not least, we want you to consider the low price which has been brought about by the enormous production of these cars, also note that the prices include the delivery at your door with nothing else to pay and with complete equipment not to be found on the majority of other makes of motor cars, and back of all this we stand ready and at your service with one of the best if not the best equipped Garage in the State of New Hampshire and would be glad to have you call and inspect our equipment and see for yourself that our statements are correct.

A telephone call at our expense will bring a salesman to your door to demonstrate a Hudson or Essex Car—Call us and tell us your wants, and we will guarantee full satisfaction.

**Arthur McGrath, Bennington**  
LOCAL SALESMAN REPRESENTATIVE

All prices include freight, tax and the following equipment: front and rear Bumpers, automatic Windshield Cleaner, rear view Mirror, Transmission Lock (built in), Radiator Shutters, Motometer, Combination Stop and Tail Light.

**"A City Garage in a Country Town"**

**OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY**

Waverley Lodge and Rebekahs Unite to Celebrate

The anniversary of Odd Fellowship occurs in April and the Sovereign Grand Sire's proclamation for a due observance of the occasion has been received by the several branches of the order in town.

Waverley Lodge, No. 59, has voted to fittingly observe the 108th anniversary and the date of same will probably be the first week in May. A committee was appointed to arrange for an entertainment which will very likely be procured through some city bureau of entertainers. The program will no doubt be given in town hall to all Odd Fellows and their families and Rebekahs and their families. It will be planned to give an entertainment of unusual worth, for this is the kind that Waverley Lodge always gives.

Hand and Hand Rebekah Lodge has voted to join with Waverley Lodge in this observance, and the sisters will look well after the requirement part of the evening's program. This latter number will be given in the Odd Fellows banquet hall. It is not necessary to know of what this part of the program will consist, but when our ladies are to do something they certainly do it well, and this is enough.

All Odd Fellows will want to learn the date of this evening's entertainment as soon as it is made public, and make their arrangements in such a way as not to have anything conflict with attending.

**EZRA R. DUTTON, Greenfield**  
**Auctioneer**

Property of all kinds advertised and sold on easy terms  
Phone, Greenfield 12-6

**J. D. HUTCHINSON,**  
**Civil Engineer,**  
Land Surveying, Levelling, etc.  
ANTRIM, N. H.

**C. E. DUTTON,**  
**AUCTIONEER.**

Hancock, N. H.  
Property advertised and sold on reasonable terms.

**RUGS RE-WOVEN!**

If you have any old and worn carpets of any description, we can re-weave them into high grade reversible rugs any size, all work guaranteed.

Drop us a postal and we will be glad to give particulars.

N. H. RUG CO.

972 Valley St., Manchester, N. H.  
Tel. 629

**Fred C. Eaton**  
**HANCOCK, N. H.**

Representing Henry W. Savage, Inc., realtors, 10 State St., Boston. Established 1840.  
Tel. Hancock, N. H., 33

**Ladies' and Gents' Garments Cleaned and Pressed at J. C. WARNE'S**

Tel. 33-11. Church St., Hillsboro 16-13t

**Ledge View Poultry Farm,**  
**Antrim, N. H.**  
**Arthur L. Poor, Prop.**

**Single Comb White Leghorns**

Baby Chicks, Hatching Eggs, Young Stock. Half of breeders two year old hens mated with Hollywood cockerels from 250 to 260 egg hens. Vigorous, free from disease. Our hatching: 75¢. Eggs, \$7.00 per hundred; chicks, \$18.00. Special pen, Hollywood pullets from 250 to 260 egg hens mated with Hanson's pedigree cockerels 260 to 280 egg hens. Price on request. Don't gamble with cheap stock. 2000 chicks due March 15th. Order early.

ARTHUR L. POOR,  
Antrim, N. H.

**Junius T. Hanchett**  
**Attorney at Law**

Antrim Center, N. H.

For Your Job and Book Printing Patronize the REPORTER PRESS Antrim, N. H.

**The Antrim Pharmacy**

C. A. Bates

Antrim, New Hampshire

**When In Need of FIRE INSURANCE**

**Liability or Auto Insurance**

Call on **W. C. Hills,**  
Antrim, N. H.

**ACCOMMODATION!**

To and From Antrim Railroad Station.

Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:  
Going South Trains leave for  
6.27 a. m. Elmwood and Boston  
10.21 a. m. Peterboro  
1.34 p. m. Winchendon, Worcester, Boston  
4.18 p. m. Winchendon and Keene  
6.52 Winchendon and Worcester  
Going North Trains leave for  
7.04 a. m. Concord and Boston  
12.04 p. m. Hillsboro  
3.42 p. m. Concord  
7.24 p. m. Hillsboro  
Sunday Trains  
South 6.12 a. m. For Peterboro  
6.50 a. m. Elmwood  
North 10.10 a. m. Concord, Boston  
5.24 p. m. Hillsboro

Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes earlier than departure of train.  
Stage will call for passengers if word is left at Express Office.  
Passengers for the early morning train should leave word at Express Office the night before.

**John R. Putney Estate**  
**Undertaker**

First Class, Experienced Director and Embalmer, For Every Case.

Lady Assistant.  
Full Line Funeral Supplies.  
Call for Particulars for All Occasions.  
Call day or night promptly attended to.  
New England Telephone 18-2, at West Corner, Corner High and Pleasant Sts., Antrim, N. H.

The Antrim Reporter is \$2.00 per year; gives all the local news. Can subscribe at any time.

**Memorials**

**New Westerly Granite Co.**  
Milford, N. H.

REPRESENTED BY

**WALTER D. CLEARY**  
BENNINGTON, N. H.

# Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

MARY GRAHAM BONNER

## A ZOO VISIT

The animals in the zoo looked out of their cages and said a pleasant "good afternoon" to Douglas and Dorothy in their various ways.



"Nonsense," said the Monkey.

At last they reached the monkey house, where they had planned to spend most of their time.

"How do you do?" squeaked the monkey in monkey talk.

"Good afternoon," said Douglas and Dorothy.

"Would you like to join us here?" asked the monkey.

"Goodness, no," said Douglas. "Can't you see we're not monkeys. We're children."

"Nonsense," said the monkey. "When you say you are children you simply mean you are young."

"You're not grown-ups, for instance, nor are you old men and women. As far as that is concerned, we're not old, so you might as well call us children. I'm a child, for I am very young."

"You look old enough," said Dorothy. "You have a face that is wrinkled and looks like an old man. Besides, you have a tail. Real children haven't tails."

"I should say not," said Douglas. "You're very unfortunate," answered the monkey, "and I feel extremely sorry for you. Whatever do you do if a fly bothers you?"

"We have arms and hands," said Douglas.

"So have I," added the monkey. "But here I am wasting time talking to you when I told my little cousin, the white-faced monkey you see, that I would have a friendly scrap with him."

So between the two cages the monkeys fought with their hands, slapping each other through the bars. Suddenly one of them stopped. He gave a queer yell! What could it mean? thought the children. But just then the keeper came around with some bananas for all of them.

"You see," he said, "they were playing. But it's peacetime now that it is banana time. There is a rule in the monkey house:

"Speech is silver, but bananas are golden."

Then Uncle John asked the keeper to tell the children more about the monkeys, after which they not only wandered through and talked to the keepers and watched the animals, but they rode on the ponies and after that the camels.

Never, they were quite sure, had anything been quite such fun as the camels.

"Someone who ought to have known better," said one of the keepers to Douglas and Dorothy and Uncle John, "stood once here in the zoo before the giraffe and said to some accompanying boys and girls:

"See, boys and girls, the giraffe has a solid foot just as a horse has."

"Well, I just couldn't bear to let such a thing go by. You know we like to give information and tell about our animals. We like to have people interested."

"I beg your pardon," I said that day, "but you will notice that the giraffe has not a solid hoof such as the horse has, but his hoof is separated and is of two parts."

"The thing that bothered me mostly was that there stood the giraffe—not able to speak the human language, but at least showing his foot so that they could be explained by looking at him and not from some bit of misinformation which had been handed about somehow, some way."

With the Horizon Line  
Tenderfoot—Why do they have knots on the ocean instead of miles?  
First-Class Scout—Well, you see, they couldn't have the ocean tide if there were no knots.—The American Boy Magazine.

Of Course  
Teacher—What happened when the falling apple hit Sir Isaac Newton on the head?  
Pupil—He realized the gravity of the situation.—London Answers.

## WE FIGURED SILK PRINTS; CAP-LIKE SHAPES IN HATS

SMALL patterned prints are the very latest for silks. Like myriads of stars in a summer-night sky, wee figures, mostly flowerettes, seem to "twinkle, twinkle," all over their silken background. And how prettily these tiny-patterned silks lend themselves to the mode! They are so neat and so smart, just the thing for practical daytime frocks, and for the separate blouse these "cravat silks," as some call them, are top-notch mode.

they're quite the newest instead of the regulation scarf. In youthful circles, brimless hats are "all the go." These close-fitting little cap-like shapes, for which young girls are showing unbounded enthusiasm, couldn't fit any snigger if they tried. They look as if they had been molded on the head. Of course, these tight hats fit only the "bob," and they must follow the hairline perfectly to be really chic and correct. Save for their smart molded lines and striking color, there is little else



NEAT AND SMART FROCK

Palm Beach and California resorts, where fashionables reveled in costume and even accessories such as parasol, hat and scarf made from these prim silks in delicate colorings as well as those with navy or black for their background.

For the trimming of these flower-strewn silks, grosgrain ribbon is very attractive, especially for semi-tailored effects. It is navy blue ribbon which so charmingly details the dress in the picture. Two rows of it form a rigid effect. Ribbon also ties the collar and cunningly forms wristbands. The jabot-like necktie must be given special mention for jabots, frills and ties are details seldom omitted in the styling of the spring frock.

Sometimes bands of solid colored silk trim these diminutive patterned prints. For two-piece dresses the blouse or jumper is often of the figured silk with a solid colored plaid skirt. Some there are who reverse the order, and use the print for the plaid skirt.

With the short-jacket tailored cloth

to these "skull caps," aviator or cap shapes, as they are variously called. A single ornament or a flat ribbon cocarde usually constitutes the trimming.

Many of the earlap shapes are of felt, others of fabric. The model in the picture shown at the top to the right is of navy satin.

The felt skull cap to the left, for sweet simplicity has not its equal, and yet how effective and how becoming to the youthful miss of today.

Wide beige grosgrain ribbon is the chosen medium for the cunning toque to the left center.

Notice the snug little straw hat. It suggests the pike influence. Many recently arrived imports give hint of a revival of poke shapes.

Shown to the right center in this group is a very clever felt shape, which, though it departs from the skull-fitting type, still holds the idea of clinging close about the forehead.

Notwithstanding this immediate furor for tiny snug hats there is ap-



ULTRA-CHIC MILLINERY

suit coming into leading vogue, the blouse shares the glory of its prestige, and there is no blouse so apropos for practical and at the same time smart occasion as that made of these new little prints.

These "cravat silks" make clever kerchief squares for the neck, too, and

pearing on the millinery horizon in measure wide brims for summer. "They say" that the broad-brimmed willow hat with grosgrain ribbon trimming will furnish a future chapter in the story of millinery for the young girl.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.  
(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)  
Why do we worry about the next? We only stay for a day. Or a month or a year, at the Lord's behest. In this habitat of clay. The best will come in the great "to be." It is ours to serve and wait; And the wonderful future we soon shall see, For death is but the gate.

## FISH COOKERY

Fish does not require long cooking, nor the slow cooking of varieties of meat. The connecting tissues of fish are more gelatinous and very tender, therefore they soften quickly under the application of heat.

Most fish would taste better, be more nourishing and palatable if cooked about half as long as the average cook cooks it. This does not mean that any fish should ever be served undercooked. Europeans and Asiatics use fish more freely than we Americans do, and they cook it much more deliciously, with highly seasoned sauces, dressings and stuffings which add to and bring out the flavor of the fish. They take especial care not to destroy the flavor itself by long, slow cooking that toughens the fibers, dries up the natural juices and loses the flavor altogether.

There are so many ways of serving fish acceptably; here are but a few: Baked, broiled or fried, scalloped, molded, pickled, smoked, spiced in chowders and broths.

Fish should be served more often than once a week, and that on Friday. Often one is able to get much better fish any other day in the week and at a lower price, as many women think because Friday is regarded as fish day the fish will be better, when the contrary is true more often, as the market man finds it hard to supply the demand on that day and will buy and store fish for the Friday market.

If the housewife would patronize her nearest fish dealer impartially throughout the week, as she does the grocer and baker as well as the butcher, she would not only help herself but would find that the market could afford to lower its price. Naturally the man who has a good fish trade only one day in the week will make as much profit on that one day as possible.

Fresh Trout.—In camp nothing in the food line can compare with fried trout or baked in the coals of a camp fire. When frying lay the fish, nicely cleaned and dried trout into a hot pan with plenty of butter; brown first on one side, then on the other, adding salt and pepper while cooking. When the fish is brown it is ready to serve.

Special Good Things.

Fortunately we are not all alike in our tastes. Food of which one is especially fond will not be at all acceptable to his neighbor. This diversity of tastes gives us many dishes, and he is indeed hard to suit who is not able to find some to his liking.

The tender hearts of celery well chilled and filled with creamed cheese make a most tasty accompaniment to a lettuce salad.

Sautéed Egg Sandwiches.—Finely chop four hard cooked eggs, then pound them to a paste with two tablespoonfuls of butter, adding gradually two tablespoonfuls of cream; stir until well blended and of the right consistency to spread; add more cream if needed. Season with salt, pepper and a few grains of cayenne. Have ready twelve thin slices of white bread, spread six slices generously with the mixture, cover with the remaining slices, press firmly together and dip each sandwich into egg and milk beaten together, allowing two tablespoonfuls of milk for each egg. Sauté in an equal measure of lard and butter, broiling well on both sides. Serve hot at once.

College Pudding.—Mix one-half cupful of butter with one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, add four eggs well beaten, one-half cupful of strained apple sauce, a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt and the juice of lemon. Line a pudding dish with plain pastry, fill with the mixture and chill. Serve with or without cream.

Sponge Pudding.—Stir one cupful of flour into a cupful of milk until smooth. Set in boiling water and cook. Cool and add the yolks of three beaten eggs, a teaspoonful of melted butter with one-fourth of a cupful of sugar. Cut and fold in the whites of the eggs, beaten stiff. Bake in a well buttered baking dish set into hot water. Bake until puffed and the egg well set. Serve with the following sauce: Cream four tablespoonfuls of butter and add one-half cupful of sugar and a teaspoonful of boiling water; flavor with nutmeg or vanilla; chill before serving.

Toasted Cheese With Nuts.—Cut thin slices of rich cheese a trifle smaller than saltine crackers. Arrange the crackers in a dripping pan, cover with the sliced cheese and over each place a half of a pecan nut or English walnut meat. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and set in the oven to brown.

Nellie Maxwell

# There's a "PINE TREE" Dealer Here

The dealer who displays the orange and green "Sign of Good Crops" can supply you with Genuine "Pine Tree" Brand Farm Seeds of known origin, in branded bags, sealed for your protection.



It Will Pay You to See Him  
Before you buy your seeds this spring it will pay you to call at your "Pine Tree" dealer and inspect his stocks of Timothy, Alfalfa, Clover and other seeds. You can have clean crops this year if you insist on Genuine "Pine Tree" Brand.

Watch your favorite farm paper for an interesting article on "Pine Tree" advertisements showing how recommended seeds are produced.

## "PINE TREE" FARM SEEDS

## Still Have Faith in Odd "Medicine"

Faith in a bottle of medicine for all real and imaginary ailments is a characteristic of the English working classes. In insurance practice, in which the check of expense does not act and the physicians are complacent, this leads to much wasteful expenditure on drugs. In London the insured numbered 1,800,784, July 6, last year, and for these 7,408,518 prescriptions were issued in the course of a year—an average of more than four pieces for the whole number and a much higher figure (not given) for those who were ill or thought themselves so ill as to consult a panel physician. The cost of the drugs was more than \$5,000,000. One defense of this extensive drugging is that the bottle of medicine has a psychological effect on the insured person which makes him feel better. After this, should the poor savage be despised for his faith in incantations and charms?—American Medical Journal.

## Snuff Again in Favor

Snuff is once more coming into favor in some circles in England as an elegant social accomplishment. The fine gentleman of 1927 points his witty phrases by tapping the lid of his snuff-box, and, as he takes a pinch, makes an arabesque flourish in the air with all the conscious grace of an eighteenth century beau.

## Substitute for Sun

Dwellers in smoke-shrouded cities and such as sleep by day and work by night can make up what they suffer from lack of sufficient sunshine by the use of electric sun baths, according to an eminent British health authority. Prolonged periods of wet weather tend noticeably to increase the spread of sickness in large cities, and pulmonary diseases are prevalent where sunlight is lacking, as are many ailments peculiar to children. Electric sun baths, the British physician referred to declares, offer a satisfactory substitute for nature's own.

## "THE JUNIOR TEXT BOOK"

for an Up-to-Date Church. A Most Helpful Book. 25 cents. Address the Author, W. H. KERR, Great Bend, Kansas.—Adv.

## Wanted All Improvements

Explaining that he had no "muser-up" on his pencil, Little Joe asked his father for a new one.

"What do you mean?" asked the puzzled head of the household.

"Well," Joe explained, "sometimes you take your pencil upside down and muss up your writing."

"Oh, that's an eraser," his father said. "You rub out words with it."

"Well, that's what I meant," Joe answered. "I thought it was a muser-up instead of a rubber-out."

If beauty is only skin deep it may explain why so many pretty girls are shallow.

## SOUTH-END HARDWARE CO.

# A Carload of Incubators At Less Than Half Price

We bought out a jobber's stock of the Queen Incubators at our own price and we are able to offer them at a great reduction.

EGG CAPACITY	REG. PRICE	OUR PRICE
No. 2 .....	\$27.50	\$14.98
No. 3 .....	44.50	19.98
No. 4 .....	57.75	24.50
No. 5 .....	68.00	29.50

Buy Now! Don't Miss It! Special Prices on Quantity Lots  
Some More of Our Usual Bargains

Poultry Wire—2-inch mesh galv. After weaving, 150 running feet in roll.

36 Inches Wide .....	42.00 a roll	1 INCH MESH
48 Inches Wide .....	4.25 a roll	18 Inches Wide .....
60 Inches Wide .....	5.00 a roll	24 Inches Wide .....
72 Inches Wide .....	6.25 a roll	36 Inches Wide .....

OTHER SIZES IN STOCK

Screen Wire in Rolls of 100 Running Feet  
BLACK 2c a sq. ft.

Galv. 2 1/2c a sq. ft. Copper 6 1/2c a sq. ft.

QUEEN ANNE PAINT .....

16 SHADES AND WRITING FOR INSIDE AND OUTSIDE  
SEND FOR COLOR CARD

Everything in Hardware and Paint  
MAIL ORDERS FILLED—PROMPT DELIVERY  
SEND FOR OUR BARGAIN PRICE LIST—DEPT. F

## SOUTH-END HARDWARE CO.

1095 Washington St. BOSTON, MASS.

## SCHWEGELER'S THORO-BRED BABY CHICKS

They have known they are bred from healthy, free range broilers that have thrived and gained in vigor for generations. They lay because they are from selected and tested high egg parent stock. White, Brown and Buff Leghorns, Barred and White Rocks, R. I. Reds, Anconas, Buff Orpingtons, White Wyandottas, etc. and up to 100% live delivery guaranteed. Patent, Member International Chick Raisers' Association, Inc. SCHWEGELER'S HATCHERY, 216 Northampton BUFFALO, N.Y.

## BALDNESS

MEN you have been looking for something that will grow HAIR on a BALD HEAD. Here it is in FORST'S Original Bare-to-Hair grows hair and will save what you have. It's a world's sensation.

W. H. FORST, Mfg. Scottsdale, Pa.



**NO PICTURE** so pleasing as the smiling faces of little children. And how the faces glow with delight when you serve Monarch Cocoa and Tasty Waffle Peanut Butter sandwiches.

Every genuine Monarch package bears the Lion Head, the oldest trademark in the United States covering a complete line of the world's finest food products—Cocoa, Cocoa Cream, Cocoa Wafers, Peanut Butter, Caramel Fruits and Vegetables, and other superior table specialties.

**MONARCH**  
Quality for 70 Years

REID, MURDOCH & CO.  
Established 1853  
Chicago Pittsburgh Boston New York  
Jacksonville Tampa Los Angeles

**Secrets of a French Chef**

From a village in France, where I was born, I brought some years ago to this country a secret. My great-grandfather, grandfather and my father were all eminent and famous chefs in France, known the country over, famous because of their delicate, appetizing and delicious pastries, cakes and desserts. They catered for most of the celebrated affairs given.

The secret that I brought over with me was a formula of a delightful "Marmalade in Creme Form." This product has been and is now manufactured by the Hip-O-Lite Company of St. Louis, Mo., under the name of Hip-O-Lite. It is known and used very largely by housewives throughout the United States. Ask your grocer for Hip-O-Lite.

Paraphrase by C. C. Bennett.

The Hip-O-Lite Company publishes an illustrated booklet in color of French pastries, cakes and chefs' professional recipes. It is yours for the asking. Address the Publishers of Hip-O-Lite, Department M, 200 Market Street, St. Louis, Missouri.

**TEMPLE MASONIC BIBLE**  
The Great Light in Masonry  
Finesly Bound in Blue Lodge Color

Officially approved and recommended as a most desirable Bible for Masons.

Special Features:  
As prepared by Masonic authorities, this Bible includes the following:  
- The History of the Order of the Holy Royal Arch.  
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Price, Postpaid, \$7.50

**THE "PERFECT BLENDER"**  
It's a Wonder!

For Blending Flour and Shortening  
For Pie Crust, Biscuits, Etc.

Does the work quickly and easily. Takes the place of the old slow process of cutting in the shortening with a knife or using the fingers. Insures perfect results. Perfect pie crust recipe free with every Blender.

Approved by Modern Frisella and other authorities.

Only 35c. Postpaid.

Perfect Blender Sales Co.  
Lexington Mass.

If Your Dealer does not handle  
**LE ROY HARROWS**  
Write Le Roy Flow Co., Le Roy, N.Y.

**HALE'S**  
There's nothing like this for breaking up colds—amazing relief to sore throats, head and chest—Safe—Money back. 30 cents at all drug stores.

W. N. U. BOSTON, NO. 13-1927.

### MUSIC IS CAUSE OF POLITICAL DISPUTE

#### Moslem and Hindu Councilors of Bengal Fall Out.

Washington.—Will Hindu music played near Mohammedan mosques cause Bengal province, India, to lose two of its native executive councilors? These posts are filled by a Mohammedan and a Hindu, since the people of the province are almost equally divided between the two religions.

"For more than two years the governor of Bengal sought two competent men who would co-operate, and recently a Moslem and a Hindu were appointed. Now it is reported that the Moslem opposes the activities of the Hindu musicians in the vicinity of the Moslem churches.

About Size of Kansas.  
"Straddling the northernmost point of the Bay of Bengal, the province stretches northward to the peaks of the Himalayas. While it covers a slightly larger area than Kansas, as many people live in Bengal as inhabit New York state, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, Texas and Michigan. More than 80 different languages are spoken, not to mention the various dialects.

"The narrow northern extremity of Bengal resembles that of Idaho. Like Idaho, Bengal spreads out as it stretches southward. But after leaving that extremity no one could charge Idaho with having such deformity of shape, for the border line of Bengal zigzags in all directions.

"Bengal's gateway is its most homely feature. The water that surrounds the coast is laden with silt, brought down from the north by the Ganges and a labyrinth of rivers and creeks that pierce the coast line. Water-logged jungles, infested with tigers and other wild animals, lie between these channels. These wilds and the swampy lowlands immediately north of them are called the Sundarbans.

"When the Ganges goes on its annual rampage and overflows its banks for 200 miles from its mouth the Sundarbans are submerged. The less-flooded area is planted in rice, and it is an interesting sight to see 'rowboat farmers' tending their submarine crops. When the water subsides it leaves a fertile layer of earth that causes jute, rice and wheat and many other products to thrive in this region.

"Calcutta, capital of the province and the largest city of India, lies about 80 miles up the Hooghly river. Since it is the only large port at the head of the Bay of Bengal and easily reached by canals, rivers and railroads from the interior, Assam and other neighboring provinces also use the port of Bengal. As a result the Hooghly is filled with shipping.

"As one approaches the city by water the tall smokestacks of jute mills loom up above low buildings, where jute sacking is made and shipped to all parts of the world. Jute products that are not made at Dundee, Scotland, come from Bengal's mills. More than \$125,000,000 worth of jute products are exported from Calcutta annually.

Calcutta as Big as Detroit.  
"Calcutta includes Calcutta proper, the trading district, Maldan, the residential section, and Howrah, on the opposite side of the Hooghly, a manufacturing center and the terminus of three large railroads. They are all included in Greater Calcutta, with a population as large as Detroit.

"Nearly all Bengal is a flat, fertile plain from the Sundarbans to the foot of the Himalayas, which is reached after a day and night of rough train riding. A narrow-gauge railroad is then taken to reach Bengal's roof, Darjeeling, perched 7,000 feet up among the Himalaya peaks. The snakelike course of the railroad passes thousands of acres of tea plants that from a distance resemble fields of boxwood hedge. Some of the plants grow six feet tall in Bengal and are stripped of their leaves five times a year.

"The native women seem to try to 'outjingle' one another by wearing all kinds of ornaments. Even those who look poorly nourished are bedecked with earrings, anklets, bracelets and necklaces of silver, glass and turquoise. When two or three of them approach they jingle like the chains on a herd of circus elephants' legs."

### His Rocket to Moon Just Ends in Blast

Lancaster, Pa.—Thomas Mitchell, seventeen, freshman at Franklin and Marshall college, definitely gave up the idea of constructing a gun that would shoot a rocket to the moon.

Mitchell was mixing two powerful chemicals in a laboratory on the third floor of his home, when they exploded. A sheet of flame faced up, burning the left side of his face, his left hand, his eyebrows, and part of his hair. Glasses saved his eyes.

Mitchell began experimenting with chemicals while a student at Franklin and Marshall academy. For two years he had thought of the possibility of constructing a rocket that would be shot through space to the moon.

Perhaps, he revealed recently, he would encase himself in a tube and sail along. The blast rocked the house. The boy's mother found him, semiconscious.

Find Dinosaur Tracks  
North Branford, Conn.—Dinosaur tracks have been discovered here by Yale professors. Six-inch tracks hardened in sandstone through millions of years have been uncovered in the walling of a dam.

### KING OF SPAIN MAY VISIT U. S.

#### Plans Trip in About Year, Says Financier.

New York.—King Alfonso of Spain will come to the United States within a year. He will make the trip on one of the two 30,000-ton ocean liners which the Spanish Royal Mail line is building.

So Conde de Guell, the wealthiest grandee of Castile, who, by reason of his ancient title of marquis of Comilla, enjoys the medieval distinction of being able to stand before the king without removing his hat, announced when he arrived on the Spanish Royal Mail liner Alfonso XIII.

The liner, described as the most expensive ship ton for ton ever to call here, made her first visit to New York more auspicious by establishing a record of 64 hours for the run from Havana to New York.

Known as the "Henry Ford of Spain" because of his vast industrial holdings and generally accepted as an authority on art, particularly polychrome sculptures, the Conde de Guell said the two new liners would be rushed to completion to comply with King Alfonso's double wish—that they bring Americans to Spain and the fair of Seville in 1928, and bring him to this country the same year.

The two vessels, already named Pizarro, after the conqueror of Peru, and Cortez, after the conqueror of Mexico, running between New York and Vigo or Coluna, are expected to establish the fastest service to Europe. Meanwhile the Alfonso XIII, one of the most luxurious ships afloat, and her sister ship, the Cristobal Colon, will be operated between here and Coluna in five and a half days.

The Conde de Guell was met by Alexander P. Moore, former ambassador to Spain, who said Spain was the only European power that does not owe its money and hence treat Americans as "visitors," not "tourists."

Educated at the University of Barcelona, from which he received the degree of doctor of laws, and in Cambridge university, the Conde de Guell, who is making his first visit to this country, is the dominating factor of Spain's industrial life and controls many public utilities.

The dining rooms and salons of the Alfonso XIII are decorated in the rich style of the Spanish Seventeenth century and hung with priceless Goya tapestries. Her galleries are finished in elaborate arabesque and tiled with the Moorish mosaic of Granada. The liner was built in 1923 and has been operated between Spain and Cuba and Mexico.

### King's Gift to Friend Gives France Millions

Paris.—The munificence of King Charles X to his friends is bringing a "heritage" of many millions to the President of France. Unfortunately for the President, he will have to turn this over to the government.

Eight downtown buildings and the ground under them will revert to the President April 20 this year at the expiration of a 99-year lease.

King Charles, to reward a friend, M. de Charnerne, gave him the use of the land for 1,000 francs a year with the provision that the buildings thereon should become the property of the "crown," which happens now to be the republic of France, or should be torn down if demanded.

The government already has negotiated the sale of one site, on which stands the Hotel Regina, for 8,000,000 francs. The other lots and buildings will be sold later. In addition, the government will receive a 25 per cent tax on real estate transfers.

### Queen of Spain to Wear Silks Made by Brother

Madrid.—The queen of Spain will soon be wearing dress materials made by her brother.

Word has reached here that Lord Carlisle, brother of the Spanish queen and a grandson of Queen Victoria, has gone into the artificial silk business in England. He has been elected chairman of a new company which has taken over a plant in Brantford, Staffordshire.

Lord Carlisle, age forty-one served in both the British army and navy during the war and until recently was connected with a Paris banking house.

### Writes 32-Word Will on Back of Postcard

Rockland, Me.—The back of a common postcard contained the last will and testament of Mrs. Hattie F. Holt of Owls Head, filed at the Knox county register of probate's office. The will was made by Mrs. Holt when she was sick in the Knox hospital and was dated October 18, 1928.

The names of a doctor and two nurses were signed as witnesses to the odd document, which contained but 32 words and read as follows:  
"October 29—I, Hattie F. Holt, do will and bequeath to my husband, Allen Carter Holt, all my worldly possessions and empower him to use my signature and act in my stead in all matters whatsoever. Signed, Hattie F. Holt. Witnesses: Dr. Walter Spear, Myra Joyce and Katherine Allen."

### OTTOMAN TREASURY OPENED AS MUSEUM

#### Public Given Access to Relics of Dead Empire.

Constantinople.—Jealously guarded from the public eye for almost 500 years, the imperial Ottoman treasure chamber has at last been opened as a museum by the new Turkish government, breaker of tradition and royal seals.

Tourists and natives are daily pouring into the treasury which is situated within the seraglio built by Mohammed the Conqueror in 1453, a palace so huge that the retainers alone used to number 5,000 and the guests that could be entertained therein on great feast days, 10,000.

Charge 25 Cents Admission Fee.  
With a 25-cent ticket anyone may enter now to behold what remains of the fabulous wealth of a dead empire. The most striking object is the throne of solid gold, studded with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, captured by Sultan Selim the Grim from Shah Ismail of Persia, in the battle of Chaldiran. The value of this throne is estimated at \$13,000,000, and it was used merely as something to sit on during the shah's campaigns.

It was the conquering Selim the Grim, Ottoman ruler of the Sixteenth century, who first filled the treasure chambers to the ceiling, put his seal upon the door, and exclaimed: "I have filled these chambers with gold. If any of my successors can so much as fill them with bronze, then may they break my seal." Tradition holds that it was because of this utterance that the treasury has never been opened to the public until the present day.

Round the wall of the treasury hang the satin robes and the jeweled daggers worn by various sultans, beginning with the costume of Mohammed, conqueror of Constantinople. There hangs the armor, glittering with gold and diamonds, of Sultan Murad IV, conqueror of Bagdad, an insane pliant so strong that he used to lift his portly chamberlain by the belt and carry him round the palace, and so insane that he had his subjects executed for disobeying his law against smoking and drinking.

He himself in disguise used to climb upon the roofs of Stamboul dwellings at night and poke his head down the chimneys. If he detected the faintest odor of tobacco every occupant of the house was beheaded. He alone in the nation could smoke his narghile and sip his wine, and every time he puffed the "hubble-bubble" or put wine to his lips a palace cannon boomed to remind the nation that the sultan was above the law.

There, too, hang the befurred robes of his equally insane brother and successor, Ibrahim, whose insanity took the form of a passion for fur. Under his reign the palace was hung with fur from floor to ceiling, taxes took the form of pelts, and he who failed to lay his monthly quota of fur at the feet of the sultan lost his head.

There also is an exquisite bejeweled dressing table brought back from Russia by a Turkish general, Baltagli Mehmed, as a souvenir of Catherine the Great, following a romantic love affair between the flirtatious czarina and her Turkish warrior.

Other thrones besides that of the Persian shah are on view, one being of solid gold used by the sultans during the great religious feasts of Balram. Another is of the tulip-loving Ahmed III inlaid with tulip-patterned mother-of-pearl and turquoises, while from the golden roof hangs an emerald as large as a large man's fist.

The room containing the royal jewels has not yet been opened to the public.

### 10,000 Beacon Fires to Blaze Across Canada

Montreal.—Ten thousand beacon fires will blaze across the dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific on the night of July 1 next to celebrate the jubilee of confederation, according to tentative plans already drafted.

Premier Mackenzie King has given notice of a money bill calling for the voting by parliament of \$250,000 for the purpose of providing for the observance of the nation's sixtieth birthday.

In preparing for the function the federal government will co-operate with the Association of Canadian Clubs. Also there will be an inter-department committee under the chairmanship of O. D. Skelton, undersecretary of state for external affairs.

That committee will make a careful study of the best means to properly record the event and will also make recommendations to the Canadian clubs. It is expected that the schools and higher institutions of education, along with various public organizations, will be invited to co-operate.

### Egyptians Stirred Over Queen Nefertari Bust

Cairo, Egypt.—The vernacular press declares the Egyptian government takes a serious view of the bust of Queen Nefertari, and falling this restitution the department of antiquities will refuse any application of Professor Borchardt, German Egyptologist, for permission to excavate. Moreover, it is stated negotiations on several other questions now progressing between the Egyptian and German governments will be suspended pending a settlement in accordance with the Egyptian viewpoint of the question of Nefertari's head.

## Children Cry for

**Fletcher's CASTORIA**

**MOTHER.**—Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind, Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

### Rash Order

John has implicit faith in his mother, but he stepped over the edge the other day. He is in high school and has just reached the age of quick decisions.

"Mother," he said, "can you devil me a dozen eggs, fix me ten sandwiches and bake me some beans in 45 minutes? I've got to have them quick."

"Well, John," replied the smiling mother, "I've always jumped for you, but I can't do that. I can fix the eggs and sandwiches, but you'll have to get your beans elsewhere. There is a limit to what a mother can do."—Indianapolis News.

### HEARING RESTORED

An Invisible Ear Drum invented by A. O. Leonard, which is a Tiny Megaphone, fitting inside the ear out of sight, is restoring hearing and stopping Head Noises of thousands of people. Request for information to A. O. Leonard, Suite 329, 70 Fifth Ave., New York City, will be given prompt reply.—Adv.

### Consolation

The late Arnold Daly, the brilliant actor, said one day to a New York dramatic critic:

"Who'd have believed, before the World war, that actresses would appear on the stage of New York, Paris and Berlin dressed in nothing but a few ropes of pearls?"

"I met at a supper party the other night a beautiful Topeka dancing girl whose nude dances, after a great success in Europe, turned out to be a frost on Broadway. She was pretty blue. In an effort to console her I said:

"Never mind, my dear. It's the old story, you know, of the prophet who hasn't much on 'er in her own country."

### Doesn't Sound Like It

Bill—Has Tom learned to play the saxophone?  
Jill—It's hard to tell.—Life.

For Colds

**BAYER**

**ASPIRIN**

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumbago  
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

**DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART**

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer manufacture of Monacochemische Fabrik, Elberfeld.

No Disfiguring Blemishes to Hide

If Cuticura Soap is used daily, assisted by Cuticura Ointment when necessary. They do much to prevent blackheads, pimples and other unsightly eruptions, and to promote permanent skin health.

Write for Cuticura Soap and Ointment to The Cuticura Soap Co., 150 N. 2nd St., St. Paul, Minn.

### BARBER TRADE TAUGHT

By the easiest and most modern system. Few weeks required; success assured. Position guaranteed. 22 years of successful teaching. Moler Barber College, 12 A St. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal, Canada.

### RHEUMATISM

Wheeler's Rheumatic Remedy has been used and recommended for over 25 years for Rheumatism, Muscular, Inflammatory and Articular Rheumatism, and also Lumbago and Neuritis. Price \$1.50 per bottle. Ask your druggist or write direct to

### WHEELER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Dept. A - Brockton, Mass.

WILL PAY CASH FOR ANY AMERICAN or European Securities (Stocks-Bonds). Information free. RAABER, 25 Hanover Street, NEW YORK. Phone Hanover 6218.

Wanted—Farmer or Farmer's Son to sell household article of merit. A necessity to every home. (Blood-keeping approval). Good earnings, and a business of your own. Exp. unnecessary. Vital Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O.

### TUBERCULON—its causes, nature, prevention and cure.

For sale by LORING, BROOK & HAYMON, Portland, Maine.

OVERCOME THE SNUFF OR TOBACCO HABIT without drugs. The "HARBINGER" FOOT PKE. \$1 prepaid. W. M. Thornton, Jessup, Ga.

JOLLY CALIFORNIA NOVELTY. Medical curiosity. Sub-Tropic Eucalyptus. No bogus dose or patent remedy. Real fun, new life, something different. Price \$1. R. E. ARMSTRONG, TRUIT, Box 216, McFarland, Calif.

DON'T YOU CARE? YES? Then use Mystic Pimple Remover. Pimples removed, often in 24 hours. Sample free. McSherry, 464 Prospect Ave., Brookline, N.Y.

100% NERVE AND BRAIN TONIC. 150 tablets \$3.50. Guaranteed. Runt G. O. D. N. M. LEWIS, Silver Lake, Ore.

WELFARE—Every young person should have "Poetry and Hygiene of Love." Only \$1. Doctor Hatteson, State College, Pa.

PHOTOGRAPHY. I make reproductions. Plus 50c. 8 and any photograph. SPRINGER, 439 Birch, Indianapolis, Ind.

BE A DETECTIVE. Great demand everywhere. We train and assist you in securing position. Write for free particulars. National Globe Agency, Ferguson Blvd., Denver, Colo.

Sunshine Chickens Live and Grow. Sunshine chickens produced in mild Southern Indiana. Free range all year round. 40,000 hucky chickens weekly. Free catalog. Sunshine Hatcheries, 411 Market Street, Corydon, Indiana.

YOU'LL LOVE IT. Tiny treasure from Flower Kingdom. We'd love to give you one. Just name and address please. (LIFE) MISS MORGAN SHOPPE, Box 342, Alameda, Calif.

South Produces Sulphur. Nearly all of the country's sulphur supplies now come from the South. Thirty years ago practically all was imported from Sicily.

## Antrim Locals

Rev. and Mrs. William Thompson spent a day last week with Dr. and Mrs. D. W. Cooley, in Peterboro.

The date of the Contoosook Valley District meeting, at Henniker, will be on Wednesday evening, April 27, when the Odd Fellows of the five lodges in the hoisting district will gather for this annual meeting. Waverley lodge, of Antrim, will confer one of the degrees.

Master Reginald Cleveland is sick with the croup.

Mrs. Gaylord Douglas, of Wilbraham, Mass., passed the week-end with Miss Florence L. Brown.

Chester A. Bates is reported very sick and under the care of a trained nurse, suffering from a nervous trouble.

Born, in Hancock, March 29, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dufraim, and grandson to Mr. and Mrs. Albert I. Brown, of Antrim.

Arnold Cleveland, who has been ill in the Navy Hospital, Newport, R. I., for more than three weeks with rheumatism, still remains quite sick.

Born, in West Somerville, Mass., March 15, a son, Lewis Edward, to Mr. and Mrs. Earl Maynard Kibbee. Mrs. Kibbee was Miss Elinor Gibney, of Antrim.

Mrs. Ella Perkins, widow of the late George H. Perkins, passed quietly away last (Tuesday) evening. She had suffered a week or so with pneumonia, seemed to be getting better, but Monday was not as comfortable, and gradually grew much worse. She was 69 years of age. Two children survive her, Carl W. Perkins and Mrs. Cyril Switzer. Funeral services will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church on Friday afternoon at two o'clock. A more extended notice will be given in next week's Reporter.

Twenty five years ago, on April 1, Frank Amidon's mill was sawing lumber on the Henry Lawrence place, where Joseph Archibald is sawing at the present time. Wallace Currier was sawyer. Herbert Rogers fireman, and Bartlett Brooks did the sticking. The snow was so deep that Frank Tenney drove with a sleigh through W. H. Simonds' field to the lumber lot, when taking invoice. At that time, after the first day, the Selectmen separated and took the invoice alone. This information is furnished us by George P. Craig.

### Contributed

Last Saturday night the lights were turned on for the first time, illuminating the town clock. It is a great improvement, and many favorable remarks have been made. It will prove very useful to those passing through the town as well as to our own people. It will be one feature of the 150th anniversary. The Selectmen are to be commended for their promptness in its installation.

The idea started with Arthur L. Poor, present President of the Club, who suggested it to the Men's Civic Club a few months ago.

The work was in charge of Angus Nolan, assisted by Hayward Cochrane.

The current is turned on and off by an automatic switch run by a clock movement. It is now turned off at midnight. It can be set to turn on and off at the time required by the change of the sun's setting.

It is expected that the cost will be well within the appropriation.

### For Sale!

Some Nice Burbank Potatoes; a few medium priced R. I. Cockerels; and orders taken for Maple Syrup.

M. S. French, Adv 3t Antrim, N. H.

### Customs of Indians

#### Unchanged by Time

The Indians living in the region of San Francisco bay have not changed their customs or place of abode for 3,500 years, says Dr. A. L. Kroeber of the University of California. "When Troy was besieged and Solomon was building his temple, at a period when even Greek civilization had not yet taken on the traits that we regard as characteristic, when only a few scattering foundations of speritic modern culture were being laid and our own northern ancestors dwelled in unmitigated barbarism, the native Californian already lived in all essentials like his descendant of today." This knowledge was obtained from shell mounds submerged around the bay. All classes of objects found in these mounds were unearthed from practically the same frequency from the top, middle and bottom. This shows that these prehistoric people ate the same kind of food, wore the same kind of clothes and had the same customs as their descendants. The age of the mounds is estimated by calculating the time necessary for such shells to accumulate.—Pathfinder Magazine.

## NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

### Our Policy in Nicaragua Bitterly Attacked in Latin America.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

IF ONE were to believe the press in some Latin-American republics and the alarmists at home, affairs in Nicaragua are approaching a crisis that will be very uncomfortable for the United States. But the administration pursues its course steadily and without the least appearance of being worried. Rear Admiral Julian B. Latimer, commanding our naval forces down there, has established a neutral zone that embraces the entire east coast of Nicaragua and has notified both sides in the civil struggle that any troops of either faction that enter that zone will be disarmed. Though the zone includes Puerto Cabezas, where Doctor Sacasa set up his liberal government, Admiral Latimer's action last week happened to strike hardest at the Diaz forces, for they suffered a severe defeat at Las Perlas and hundreds of them were forced to retire to El Bluff, where they were disarmed by the Yankee gobs. The Conservatives fought desperately for three days but could not withstand the attacks of the Liberals, who were said to have the help of 300 Mexican soldiers and officers.

Dr. T. S. Vaca, agent of the Liberal government in Washington, lodged with Secretary of State Kellogg an emphatic protest against the occupation of Puerto Cabezas by the Americans, asserting that it was unwarranted and that Doctor Sacasa was held in "practical imprisonment." At about the same time President Coolidge gave out a statement describing America's intervention as non-partisan and declaring that the only purpose in landing the bluejackets in Puerto Cabezas was the protection of the lives and property of American citizens. American marines, according to Doctor Sacasa or any member of his cabinet. The Liberal president, it was pointed out, is now residing in a house lent by Americans at Puerto Cabezas. Senator Borah, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, after conferring with Secretary Kellogg and reading a cablegram from Admiral Latimer, issued a formal statement saying he did not believe it was the intention of the United States to intervene in the affairs of Nicaragua, but warning that the government should be "vigilant against being tricked into intervention."

"Naturally, we are interested in protecting our own people," the Borah statement continued. "But we should also bear in mind that to do anything more than is necessary to protect them is wholly unjustifiable. Those people have their own way of doing things, and not only this government but American citizens who go into these countries will have to take that into consideration. I am in favor of withdrawing our forces from Nicaragua just as soon as it can be ascertained that Americans are reasonably safe."

Senator Moses, also a member of the committee, is not so satisfied. He introduced a resolution calling on the State department for the correspondence leading up to the recognition of Diaz and relating to efforts to stabilize his government. It was presumed this would open the way to a general discussion of American policies in Latin America.

Newspapers in Mexico, Brazil and Argentina are bitterly attacking the policy of the United States in Nicaragua. In Buenos Aires the press calls it part of the fixed program of the United States eventually to annex all of South America. But they are angered by our refusal to admit their beef and alfalfa seed, and suggest a boycott on American coal in retaliation. Unfortunately Ambassador Peter A. Jay, who could explain it all to the Argentine government, has resigned and is about to come home with the body of his daughter, who died there.

### A Question

This is a grouchy world, Ah, me! A fellow seldom laughs. Why don't we wear the smiles that we wear in our photographs?

### Acute Angling

Husband (describing fishing trip)—And we fought for half an hour before I landed him!  
Wife (sympathetically)—What a nuisance!

### Gems Rarely Seen

Many of the most famous collections of gems in the United States have not seen the light of social function, nor even the less romantic light of day for 20 years. They belong to old families, the members of which have lost their taste for expensive adornment, but do not wish to dispose of their possessions. It is only occasionally upon the settlement of such an estate that a really rare collection is thrown on the market. Owing to a peculiarity of the market value of these stones, most of them are sold to European purchasers, says the Saturday Evening Post, for the old-time gems were cut with as small waste as possible with little regard to shape, and Americans demand regularity of facet and brilliancy.

### Breath Transfusion

Just as it is practicable to transfuse blood, it is becoming possible to use the human breath for restoring and revitalizing a patient. Recently a house surgeon at Bedford hospital, England, kept a man alive for some time by breathing into his lungs, and though he failed to prevent death, he was complimented for his heroic action. A few years ago Dr. Henry Durville of Paris treated a boy who had contracted acute pneumonia and his life was in danger. The doctor covered the affected parts of the tissue with a thin towel, and filling his lungs with pure air, breathed heavily, endeavoring to penetrate the body. The treatment was continued for several days and after a week, the boy was pronounced out of danger.—Yankee Province.

### Something Missing

He tried to cross the railroad track before a rushing train. They put the pieces in a sack. But couldn't find the brain.

### The Truth of the Matter

"I wouldn't marry him if he were the last man in the world."  
"If he were the last, you'd be killed in the rush, dear."

### THE CALF HAS HIS DAY



The Bull—I hear the prodigal's returned. Ain't you scared?  
The Fatted Calf—Not me. The boss turned me loose and I butted the prodigal off the premises.

### Die of Joy

"If ignorance is bliss," said Black To White, "well, then, my boy, you'd better get your life insured: You're apt to die of joy!"

### Nearly

"Has he ever been on a government job before?"  
"Very nearly."  
"What do you mean very nearly?"  
"Well, you see, there wasn't quite enough evidence to convict him."—Observer.

### So It Seems

"What's a jury for, daddy?"  
"To give criminals their liberty."  
—From Excelsior, The City of Mexico.

### Count's Most

"What do you think counts most in this world?"  
"Well, there's the adding machine."

### Leaky

Elsie—What makes your feet so wet?  
John—I've been wearing pumps.—Stray Stories.

### Just Stood Still

Lincoln's birthday had been celebrated with the usual patriotic exercises in the public schools. Kathleen's mother was ill and had been unable to go to hear her daughter's recitation. When the children returned from school her mother asked her for an account of the program, and this is the way Kathleen told it:  
"Well, we just sang some songs, and a lot of us recited poems. Then at the end we all stood up and sang 'America,' and one boy carried in the flag and all of the boys saluted."  
At this point her mother interrupted the story with, "Didn't the little girls salute, too?" "Oh, no. Mother, you don't understand. The little girls just stood still in solution."—Indianapolis News.

### Prices

Wilson Mizner, who has gone in heavily for Florida development, was rattled at a Palm Beach reception about his Pirate cabaret in Lake Boca Raton.

"The Pirate cabaret" said a pretty Chicago girl. "What a dreadful name! What prices it suggests!"  
"Palm Beach," said Mr. Mizner, "is no place to talk about prices. I said to a young fellow yesterday:  
"Horribly hot, isn't it?"  
"Oh, unbearably, insufferably," said he. "Why, my old man gave me fifty plunks this morning, and it's already melted down to half a dollar."

### A Big Draw

Cactus Joe—How do you know you had Wild Bill's hand beat in that poker game?  
Prospect Pete—I seen him draw three cards, a deep breath and a revolver.

### Natural Result

Brown—Your daughter tells me that your wife is having her voice cultivated.  
Braine—Yes? And did she tell you that the rest of us were growing wild?

### His Need

Minister—I see from your black eye, Williams, that you have been fighting again. What you need, my poor friend, is self-control.  
Williams—What I need isn't self-control—it's wife control.

## Hills of California Rich in Tourmalines

One California mine exhibits tourmaline crystals a foot long and several inches wide of a deep, luscious pink-tanned rubellite—with an outer coating of a darker color. Some of the pink tourmalines have a capping of blue. In the Pala district red tourmalines are the rule; in others rich blues and greens; whilst still others have all these and many other exquisite colors. On the San Jacinto mountains were discovered green tourmalines with red centers, such as Brazil was noted for. Sometimes they are green at one end and red at the other end of the same crystal. Harvard university has one that is eight inches long and two inches in diameter. Absolutely unique are some that are the exact reverse of the famous double-color Brazilian type—being green internally and red externally. Mesa Grande is notable for these very rare gems and for the large size of its tourmalines. A fine set of these was presented to the Musee d'Histoire

Naturelle in Paris, and those are wonderful, with their beautiful colors and shades of red, rose, pink, pale green, yellowish green and dark green, and of a size from which are cut gems of from twenty to thirty carats. The two-color tourmalines also make nice cat's-eyes when cut across, and are fashionable in some quarters.

## Perfect Exponent of Bird Love Is Linnet

There are not two more devoted little lovers to be found than a pair of linnets. "I have often looked upon acts of devotion in the birds' world, but if you want to see bird love at its best you must watch the home life of the linnet," says Oliver G. Pike, the well-known ornithologist. Almost every action that they perform at the nest speaks of happiness, and you could not find any birds more attached to their young. If enemies approach, and they are surrounded, the hen will fall to the ground, showing the greatest bravery, and by feigning a broken wing or leg will drag herself, along, keeping dangerously near the cat or weasel, until she has attracted it far from the nest. While she is bravely doing her duty the male will stand by the young, covering them with his wings until his mate returns. But when at last the young are able to fly they are led from the nest, and they never return to it again. The beautifully made home is deserted, and three weeks later the parents prepare to rear another family in a new nest.

## Gave Name to Ray

The X-ray (Roentgen ray) was discovered in 1895 at Wurzburg, Germany, by W. K. Roentgen. He was using apparatus comprising Crookes tubes. While thus engaged he perceived certain peculiar manifestations never before observed. This led to investigation, with the outcome that the discovery was made that the production of X-rays is incident to the use of such tubes. Knowledge thereof spread very quickly throughout Europe and the United States. The utilization of the rays for curative purposes soon came about, and since that time there has been refinement and improvement in the apparatus by Coolidge and many others.

## Qualified

The animal trainer having been taken ill, his wife reported for duty in his stead.  
"Have you had any experience in this line?" asked the proprietor of the circus, doubtfully.  
"Not exactly in this line," replied the woman; "but my husband manages the beasts all right, doesn't he?"  
"He certainly does."  
"Well, you ought to see how easily I manage him!"

## Domestic Economy

"What's this?" inquired the young husband, referring to the memorandum his wife had given him.  
"One dozen eggs, a pound of raisins, a bottle of lemon extract, a tin of ground cinnamon and half a pound of sugar."  
"What the merry spring do you want with all these things, Doris?"  
"I've got a stale loaf," replied the young wife, "which I am going to save by working it up into a bread pudding. I never let anything go to waste, Robbie, and you know it."

## Society's Warp and Woof

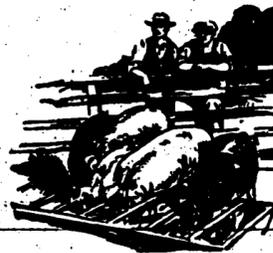
During a prolonged study of the lives of various men both great and small, I came upon this thought: In the web of the world the one may well be regarded as the warp, the other as the woof. It is the little men, after all, who give breadth to the web, and the great men firmness and solidity; perhaps also the addition of some sort of pattern. But the scissors of the Fates determine its length, and to that all the rest must join in submitting itself.—Goethe.

## Road Made of Glass

What is probably the only glass road in the world is to be found at Obsidian cliff, near Mammoth Hot Springs, in Yellowstone National park. The construction of this roadway was accomplished by building great fires around the blocks of volcanic glass which compose the sides of the cliffs. When heated the rocks were suddenly cooled by dashing water upon them, thus shattering them into small fragments. In so unique a manner the roadway was formed.

## Feeding Cows Like Hogs Will Boost Dairy Profits

If the dairyman fed his cows as the hog man feeds his pigs, there would be more money in dairying, according to the Larrowe Institute of Animal Economics.  
"The hog man interested in getting his pigs to marketable weight in the shortest time and with the least effort



and expense has tried ration after ration for his pigs until he is now pretty close to the best ration for accomplishing the result he is after," the Institute states. "For the hog man, the proof of the feed is in the feeding. Contrast this attitude with the attitude of the dairyman. Instead of finding out what a given ration will do with his own cows in his own barn, the dairyman has continued to make up his ration on the test-tube theory of chemical analysis, which has little to do with the amount of milk the cow will give. The dairyman tests out gasoline in his own car, but he feeds his cows on the ration arrived at with pencil and paper. Is it any wonder that under the standards of our present knowledge the average cow in

view of her possibilities is not as good as the average hog?"

While the stomach of the cow is the only true guide on what a given ration will do for that cow, there are certain characteristic elements that every good dairy ration possesses, according to the Institute. In the first place, the ration should contain a variety of foods. It should be bulky and it should be palatable. But in the selection of his ration the dairyman who mixes his own feed is at a disadvantage to the dairyman using a ready mixed ration. There is a wide range of difference in the analysis of the ingredients or even different lots of the same ingredients that go into the making of a dairy ration, and it's not uncommon for the same dairyman's mixture to work out one week and be a failure the next. On the other hand,



the commercial feed maker through actual tests with cows and the use of chemical and mechanical means to analyze and mix the many ingredients that go into their feed, are able to make a ration that is standardized and uniform and which will give similar results under like conditions.

## Milk Can't Be Made On Tonic

Grass is a good tonic for the cow but she can't make milk on tonic, according to the Larrowe Institute of Animal Economics. If she is expected to continue to do a day's work every day, she will have to get enough to eat of a good nourishing feed.

"Few dairymen realize that in some respects a dairy cow is a great deal like a human being," states the Institute. "No human being would stop eating meat and potatoes simply because he was eating lettuce and spinach to tone up his system, yet many dairymen believe that their cows do not need grain simply because they have grass to graze on."

"Fresh spring grass is a good tonic for the cow. It is green, juicy and palatable. Cows like it. It tones them up and for a time will actually stimulate milk production. But grass at its best is half water, and a cow has to eat an enormous amount of pasture daily to get the feed she needs. Grass, therefore, should be used more as a tonic than as a feed. All dairymen should use pasture but they should

use it intelligently and should use it with grain. The practice of turning out herds on pasture as soon as the grass comes up thick and green is always a costly move, both in damage to pasture, and, to an even greater extent, in the falling off in production on the part of cows relying on grass alone for their nourishment."

Actual tests by E. A. Hanson, in charge of cow test association work in Minnesota, of the effects of pasture feeding as compared to the use of grain, especially throughout the spring and early summer, showed that 1,231 cows receiving no grain on pasture averaged 224 pounds of butterfat per year at a feed cost of \$41.87. In contrast to this, 572 cows receiving grain while on pasture averaged 296 pounds of butterfat per year, at a total feed cost of \$40.35. That extra \$7.48 spent for feed during the pasture season resulted in an additional 68 pounds of butterfat from each cow, which, on the basis of 40 cents a pound, was worth \$27.20, or a net profit of \$19.72 above the added cost of feed.



## Watch Cow's Temperament

Most temperamental of all farm animals is Madame Dairy Cow, according to the Larrowe Institute of Animal Economics. She who is considered by most persons as the personification of calm and the living contradiction of nervousness is really the fussiest, and much thought, work and study on the part of the dairyman are devoted to the pampering of her whims.

"Experienced cow owners know that it is no libel of the lady of the dairy

corn-meal of a certain protein content for one slightly higher; musty bran for bran that is sweet; linseed meal having a low fat content for a high one, etc. Such changes affect the feeding value of a ration and Madame Dairy Cow spots them all. She is fussy about the flavor of her ration, and does not care who knows it. There is just one thing she craves and that is uniformity. She approves of it and demands that her ration have ex-

MONDAY				=	
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barn to call her fussy," according to the Institute, "but the extent to which she is governed by her temperament is really amazing. The slightest variation from the daily routine inevitably results in a lowered milk production. A change in the stall, or feed, unusual noises, a sharp change in the weather—Madame Dairy Cow misses none of these. She is sure to show it in the weight of her milk for the day, or, perhaps, several days after she has been particularly upset by something."

"Madame Dairy Cow is especially sensitive to changes in feed and the loss of many a well deserved dollar of the cow owner may be traced to it. This does not mean a change from one brand of feed to another but rather to the invisible and unsuspected changes such as the substitution of

actly the same feeding value, the same flavor, day in and day out; month in and month out, if she is to give the maximum production which that particular ration will permit. This is a real problem for those who mix their own rations and the manufacturer of dairy feed is no less a victim of these variations. Only one feed manufacturing concern, so far as is known, has, by means of an ingenious device, solved this problem. Through a system of storage blending and tank blending on a large scale, this organization is producing a composite of many different lots of the same ingredients in their feeds that is giving them a mixture as perfectly uniform as it is humanly possible to make it. Such uniformity in feed affords Madame Dairy Cow the least possible excuse to display her fustiness."

