

# The Antrim Reporter

State Library

VOLUME XXXVII NO. 14

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920

5 CENTS A COPY

## Cram's Store



### STATIONERY

### Genuine Leather Bags

Leather Novelties Pocket Books Hand Bags

### China and Glass Ware

We have been fortunate in securing Genuine hand painted Nippon China. Call and see what we are offering in our China and Glass Ware department. Pyrex Ware.

### Bath Robes Blankets

### Handkerchiefs

### Towels Neckwear

### Thermos Sets

## W. E. CRAM

Odd Fellows Block Store,  
ANTRIM, New Hamp.

## R. W. SAVAGE, Electrical Contractor

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES  
Agent for Hotpoint Appliances

Box 148, Antrim, N. H. Tel. Henniker 12-14

Orders for Wiring left at Morse's Barber Shop  
will receive prompt attention

Call at the  
Antrim Pharmacy  
and get a  
**Miles Almanac**

ANTRIM PHARMACY  
C. A. BATES ANTRIM, N. H.

**ACCOMMODATION!**  
To and From Antrim  
Railroad Station.

Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:

A. M.	P. M.
7.08	11.32
7.44	
11.35	
P. M.	

1.12 1.53  
4.15 4.57

Sunday: 6.30, 6.43, 11.42 a.m.; 4.49 p.m.  
Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes  
earlier than departure of train.  
Stage will call for passengers if word  
is left at Express Office, Jameson Block.  
Passengers for the early morning train  
should leave word at Express Office the  
night before.

**MRS. M. E. EDWARDS  
NURSE**

Hancock, New Hampshire  
Phone Peterborough 187-M  
Phone Hancock 34-3

### The Beautiful—No. 3846

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow!  
Wallowing thru it to work I go,  
Enough is sufficient of anything—  
And I say we've had more than that,  
by jing—  
I've shoveled now 'till my strong arms  
ache,  
And my trusty hack is ready to break.  
I carved a path to the lane house door  
And then it up and snowed some more.  
It's four feet deep in our back yard  
And as I write it's snowing hard.  
We'll have enough snow by and by  
To last us 'till next 4th of July!  
If I was a woodchuck or a bear  
I'd just den up and wouldn't care,  
But as it is forth I must go  
And struggle thru the deep cold snow.  
Snow in my eyes, snow in my neck;  
My whiskers full of snow, by heck!  
Snow, snow, beautiful snow,  
Go sell it to the Eskimo!  
—Hamilton (N. Y.) Republican

### NOTICE!

Here's your chance, invest ONE  
CENT and get a DOLLAR: Put your  
name and address on a post card, set  
down what you think the 6 months old  
prize pig will weigh in our Fall Pig  
contest. The contest closes March  
19. Send the card to us.  
We will give \$1.00 to the person  
who first sends in the correct weight.  
adv Liberty Farm, Antrim.

### FROM WASHINGTON

#### The Reporter's Correspondent Writes Encouragingly

**A VOICE OF HOPE**  
The country may not know Bernard  
M. Baruch, formerly Chairman of the  
War Industries Board, quite as well  
as we do here in Washington. But  
that is because his political plumage  
is new; and though it has been stroked  
and caressed to a considerable de-  
gree by the President and Mr. McAdoo  
and Mr. Tumulty, the brilliant colors  
have hardly dazzled the country out-  
side that portion of the continent tra-  
versed by lines of steel running be-  
tween Washington and the lower end  
of Manhattan island. In other words  
Mr. Baruch is "kind o' a new one."  
But he rates high. When he appear-  
ed before a committee of Congress the  
other day, the general comment was:  
"Here is a man who knows what he  
is talking about." That being the es-  
timate placed on his opinions at the  
Capital it is worth while to turn loose  
on some of his statements—and here  
you are:  
"The profiteers and hoarders," said  
Mr. Baruch, "will soon run to cover,  
with the markets returning to normal.  
Only a cataclysm, an act of God or  
some development such as the over-  
throw of the Government can prevent  
this. When the hoarders and profiteers  
see that this greatly increased produc-  
tion is in sight, and they will be the  
very first to see it, they will unload  
and run to cover. With the restora-  
tion of normal transportation on sea  
and on land and with the work back  
at work, reduction of the cost of liv-  
ing is an absolute certainty. When  
the war broke out in 1914 it took  
25,000,000 men from production to  
destruction. It took five men and wo-  
men to care for the wants of each of  
these fighting men. This made the  
enormous total of 125,000,000 persons  
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Mr. Baruch thinks that the United  
States has almost returned to its nor-  
mal condition in industry. "True,"  
he comments, "a great many have not  
yet resumed the job at top speed, but  
they are getting back." He pictures  
how other nations will return to nat-  
ural conditions, with the result that  
prices, too, will drop to normal.

### N. H. SOLDIERS

#### To Receive Medals from their State—Grateful Tribute

Within a short time the work will  
begin of distributing bronze medals  
and engraved certificates of service to  
20,000 New Hampshire soldiers, sail-  
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the war. The Legislature of 1919  
appropriated \$15,000 for this purpose,  
and a committee has had the matter  
in charge.

The medal, designed by Charles E.  
Sims of Concord, shows the Old Man  
of the Mountain in base relief on an  
eagle with wings outspread. Above  
is the legend, "New Hampshire's  
Award for Service in the World War,"  
and below an anchor and rifles. On  
the reverse of the medal is the State  
seal and the insignia of the different  
branches of the service.

Each certificate, bearing the gold  
seal of the State and signed by the  
Governor, the Councilors and the Sec-  
retary of State, declares that "In  
recognition of the patriotic and faith-  
ful service of—, who has served as—  
in the war against the Imperial  
Government of Germany and her al-  
lies, the people of New Hampshire,  
by a unanimous vote of the General  
Court, present to you this testimonial  
of their gratitude and appreciation."

The task of getting the medals and  
certificates into the hands of their re-  
cipients will be difficult and expensive,  
but it is thought that it may be possi-  
ble to employ in the work the posts  
of the American Legion, as that order  
now covers New Hampshire quite  
thoroughly.

### For Rent

To responsible parties, upper and  
lower tenements in "Collins House"  
on Highland Ave. Completely reno-  
vated and newly decorated. Ready  
for occupancy March 15.  
Robert W. Jameson, Agent.

### Maple Syrup

To insure your orders for Choice  
Maple Syrup being filled, place them  
early. Price \$3.00 per gal. No  
charge for crating.  
J. E. Perkins, Antrim, N. H.

### THE WEEK AFTER

#### Matters That Interest Our Cit- izens at Any Time

Herewith are given a number of  
after thoughts of the school, town  
and precinct meetings. These are not  
alone the thoughts of the Reporter  
man, but are ideas he has heard ex-  
pressed from the lips of those who  
attended these gatherings, yet are not  
necessarily from the men who filled  
the hall with amateur oratory:

Some difference in the size of our  
appropriations for schools, when  
twenty-five years ago the district ap-  
propriated around \$5000 for High and  
District schools and this year more  
than this sum for District schools  
alone and nearly as much for High  
School. Then there were 35 scholars  
in the High School and about 200 in  
the other schools; today there are  
some less than 200 in all the schools,  
including the High.

The sanitary conditions of the vil-  
lage schools have always been a bone  
of contention and it is hoped that now  
an appropriation is secured to remedy  
the existing conditions it will be done  
in such a manner as to improve our  
school property and make it better  
for future use.

Medical inspection is without doubt  
a good thing—in many cases—and  
may be in a town our size, yet it must  
be carried out in a manner that will  
best meet our particular needs.

It was somewhat of a surprise to  
the Reporter man to hear the favor-  
able comments on the quiet and order-  
ly manner the Australian system of  
balloting works out,—at the same  
time while the other business of the  
town warrant is being transacted,  
without interruptions of any sort.  
One thing in particular was said:  
What a nice, clean and methodical  
way to teach the fairer sex to cast  
their ballots, for they will doubtless  
mingle with the male voters at the  
polls, before another election. An-  
trim's decisive vote not to do away  
with the system at town meetings  
was also favorably commented upon.

Among the most needed appropria-  
tions was the \$300 for the Tuttle li-  
brary. The work of cataloging the  
books, which the trustees plan to do  
is a needed improvement and will  
prove beneficial to every patron of  
the library.

Regarding the appropriation for  
trunk line construction, it is the hope  
of all our people that work will be  
commenced on the Hillsboro road, so  
called, beginning at Elm on Concord  
street, just as soon as frost gets out  
of the ground and the necessary ar-  
rangements can be made. Money  
enough has been appropriated by the  
town, together with state and Federal  
aid, to make a long strip of permanent  
highway over this piece of the Contooc-  
(Continued on page 5)

### EXTENSION TILL MAY 15

#### Of the Final Date for Filing Corporation Returns

In view of the fact that considera-  
ble difficulty is being experienced by  
corporations and their representatives  
in the preparation of income tax re-  
turns for the year 1919, Collectors of  
Internal Revenue are hereby author-  
ized to accept tentative corporation  
returns for the calendar year 1919 on  
or before March 15, 1920. Each  
return must be accompanied by at  
least one-fourth of the estimated  
amount of tax due, together with a  
statement setting forth the reasons  
why the return cannot be completed  
within the prescribed time, AND A  
FORMAL REQUEST FOR THE EX-  
TENSION. Any deficiency in the first  
installment will bear interest at the  
rate of six per cent per annum.

An extension of time is hereby  
granted to corporations in such cases  
to file completed returns on or before  
May 15, 1920. The tentative return  
submitted in accordance with the  
foregoing should be in Form 1120, on  
which should be written plainly across  
the face "Tentative Return." Only  
the estimated amount of tax due need  
be stated.

Tentative returns filed under this  
authority will be handled in Collectors'  
offices in the manner prescribed for  
the handling of similar returns last  
year.

A further extension of time within  
which to file returns will not be grant-  
ed except in extraordinary cases and  
upon proper application to the Com-  
missioner of Internal Revenue, setting  
forth the reasons why the return can-  
not be completed.

### A FEW THOUGHTS

#### Suggested by What is Taking Place Around

The high water as a result of the  
thaw last week did considerable dam-  
age to towns and cities along the  
banks of rivers; in the vicinity of  
Manchester, but mostly in the neigh-  
boring state of Vermont.

Yes, we read this week about Ger-  
many being torn by internal wars be-  
tween factions, and a whole lot of  
stuff that may have a shade of truth  
in fact, but do you know—people as a  
whole do not put much stock in such  
reports? This propaganda bunk needs  
to be "well shaken before taken."

What a splendid movement the  
Rhodes Post, American Legion, of  
Tacoma, Washington, has started, in  
favoring the adoption of the Shirley  
Poppy as the memorial flower of the  
Legion. And how appropriate is the  
Poppy, when one recalls "In Flanders  
Fields the Poppies grow, among the  
crosses row on row."

Vermont doesn't want to be left out!  
Through her governor, it is given out  
that he may call a special session of  
the legislature, should his state be  
36th in line, and she be needed to  
adopt the Suffrage ratification clause.  
The last state, West Virginia, was  
the 34th in line. New Hampshire was  
the 16th; many of our readers  
will want to remember that, and also  
the date of ratification—Sept. 10,  
1919.

Do all of the patrons on the rural  
mail routes know that they should  
keep all paths to mail boxes free and  
clear, not only from the house but  
from the road? Possibly everyone  
does know it, and they may also know  
that every rural carrier is under de-  
partment orders not to break any  
roads and not to leave his vehicle. If  
you fail to receive your daily paper  
or letters from friends, it may be  
that you have a duty to perform.

Senator Moses of New Hampshire  
sent this communication to a Manches-  
ter post of the American Legion, ex-  
plaining where he stands in relation  
to an adequate bonus to the men and  
women who served in the armies dur-  
ing the late war: "I am glad to say  
that I am in full sympathy with this  
movement, and that I intend to vote  
in behalf of a generous recognition of  
the brave young men who took up  
arms in behalf of their country."

Senator Gronna says 23,000 new  
American millionaires were made in  
the war. Yet the \$30-a-month dough-  
boy is to be cheated out of his bonus  
because the country is too "poor,"  
remarks the Boston Transcript.

It is estimated that there are 35,000  
unnecessary government employees in  
Washington. Now we understand why  
there is an income tax.

### Don't Waste Time

It's a waste of time to experiment  
with liniments and plasters when you  
have a dull, throbbing backache or  
sharp, stabbing twinges. Get after  
the cause! Help the kidneys with  
Doan's Kidney Pills. Ask your neigh-  
bor! Read this.

C. H. Hinds, 119 E. Bow St.,  
Franklin, N. H., gave the following  
account of his experience with Doan's  
Kidney Pills in September, 1908:  
"Being on my feet long hours was a  
strain on my back and kidneys and I  
suffered a long time from kidney trou-  
ble. I had dull, nagging pains across  
my kidneys. My kidneys acted too  
frequently and caused me a great deal  
of annoyance. I tried a number of  
medicines, but nothing seemed to give  
me relief until I used Doan's Kidney  
Pills. In a short time the dull, nag-  
ging backaches and pains left me and  
my kidneys were regulated."

### THE RESULTS LASTED

Seven years later Mr. Hinds said:  
"I am always glad to recommend  
Doan's Kidney Pills. They made a  
permanent cure for me and I have  
nothing but praise for them."

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn  
Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### How to Get Your Local Items Published

Day before yesterday a perfectly  
nice lady called up with tears in her  
voice, reproving us for not mentioning  
the fact that she had a friend visiting  
her last week. We told her that she  
had not let us know that she had a  
visitor. Then she said, "Well you  
should have known. I thought you  
were running a newspaper." Wouldn't  
that rattle your slats?

Some people think that an editor  
ought to be a cross between Argus  
and Anna Eva Fay. They seem to  
think that our five senses are aug-  
mented by a sixth that lets us know  
everything that happens, even if we  
see, hear, feel, taste, or smell it not.

Dear lady, editors are only human,  
or at least almost human. If you  
have a friend visiting you, if you are  
going away, or have returned from a  
visit out of town, if Johnnie falls  
and breaks his arm, if your husband  
chops his toe instead of a stick of  
wood, if anything happens to make  
you glad or sad, happy, or mad, call  
us up. Tell us about it. That's the  
way to get it in the paper.

—Coaticook (Quebec) Observer.

Try The REPORTER for a year!

## I Want to Purchase COLLECTIONS of POSTAGE STAMPS!

Odd Lots of Old Envelopes con-  
taining Postage Stamps, or any kind  
of Postage Stamps that were issued  
prior to 1880.

E. B. BROWN,  
55 Chambers St., New Haven, Ct.

## Barrington Hall

The very last word in Coffee

When going away from home take a jar of

SOLUBLE BARRINGTON HALL

which may be used instantly.

## HEATH'S STORE

Goodell Block, ANTRIM  
Tel. 31-2

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to file completed returns on or before  
May 15, 1920. The tentative return  
submitted in accordance with the  
foregoing should be in Form 1120, on  
which should be written plainly across  
the face "Tentative Return." Only  
the estimated amount of tax due need  
be stated.

Tentative returns filed under this  
authority will be handled in Collectors'  
offices in the manner prescribed for  
the handling of similar returns last  
year.

A further extension of time within  
which to file returns will not be grant-  
ed except in extraordinary cases and  
upon proper application to the Com-  
missioner of Internal Revenue, setting  
forth the reasons why the return can-  
not be completed.

### A FEW THOUGHTS

#### Suggested by What is Taking Place Around

The high water, as a result of the  
thaw last week did considerable dam-  
age to towns and cities along the  
banks of rivers; in the vicinity of  
Manchester, but mostly in the neigh-  
boring state of Vermont.

Yes, we read this week about Ger-  
many being torn by internal wars be-  
tween factions, and a whole lot of  
stuff that may have a shade of truth  
in fact, but do you know—people as a  
whole do not put much stock in such  
reports? This propaganda bunk needs  
to be "well shaken before taken."

What a splendid movement the  
Rhodes Post, American Legion, of  
Tacoma, Washington, has started, in  
favoring the adoption of the Shirley  
Poppy as the memorial flower of the  
Legion. And how appropriate is the  
Poppy, when one recalls "In Flanders  
Fields the Poppies grow, among the  
crosses row on row."

Vermont doesn't want to be left out!  
Through her governor, it is given out  
that he may call a special session of  
the legislature, should his state be  
36th in line, and she be needed to  
adopt the Suffrage ratification clause.  
The last state, West Virginia, was  
the 34th in line. New Hampshire  
was the 16th; many of our readers  
will want to remember that, and also  
the date of ratification—Sept. 10,  
1919.

Do all of the patrons on the rural  
mail routes know that they should  
keep all paths to mail boxes free and  
clear, not only from the house but  
from the road? Possibly everyone  
does know it, and they may also know  
that every rural carrier is under de-  
partment orders not to break any  
roads and not to leave his vehicle. If  
you fail to receive your daily paper  
or letters from friends, it may be  
that you have a duty to perform.

Senator Moses of New Hampshire  
sent this communication to a Manches-  
ter post of the American Legion, ex-  
plaining where he stands in relation  
to an adequate bonus to the men and  
women who served in the armies dur-  
ing the late war: "I am glad to say  
that I am in full sympathy with this  
movement, and that I intend to vote  
in behalf of a generous recognition of  
the brave young men who took up  
arms in behalf of their country."

"Senator Gronna says 23,000 new  
American millionaires were made in  
the war. Yet the \$30-a-month dough-  
boy is to be cheated out of his bonus  
because the country is too 'poor'," re-  
marks the Boston Transcript.

It is estimated that there are 35,000  
unnecessary government employees in  
Washington. Now we understand why  
there is an income tax.

### Don't Waste Time

It's a waste of time to experiment  
with liniments and plasters when you  
have a dull, throbbing backache or  
sharp, stabbing twinges. Get after  
the cause! Help the kidneys, with  
Doan's Kidney Pills. Ask your neigh-  
bor! Read this.

G. H. Hinds, 119 E. Bow St.,  
Franklin, N. H., gave the following  
account of his experience with Doan's  
Kidney Pills in September, 1908:  
"Being on my feet long hours was a  
strain on my back and kidneys and I  
suffered a long time from kidney trou-  
ble. I had dull, nagging pains across  
my kidneys. My kidneys acted too  
frequently and caused me a great deal  
of annoyance. I tried a number of  
medicines, but nothing seemed to give  
me relief until I used Doan's Kidney  
Pills. In a short time the dull, nag-  
ging backaches and pains left me and  
my kidneys were regulated."

### THE RESULTS LASTED

Seven years later Mr. Hinds said:  
"I am always glad to recommend  
Doan's Kidney Pills. They made a  
permanent cure for me and I have  
nothing but praise for them."  
60c, at all dealers. Foster-Milburn  
Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### How to Get Your Local Items Published

Day before yesterday a perfectly  
nice lady called up with tears in her  
voice, reproving us for not mentioning  
the fact that she had a friend visiting  
her last week. We told her that she  
had not let us know that she had a  
visitor. Then she said, "Well you  
should have known. I thought you  
were running a newspaper." Wouldn't  
that rattle your slats?

Some people think that an editor  
ought to be a cross between Argus  
and Anna Eva Fay. They seem to  
think that our five senses are aug-  
mented by a sixth that lets us know  
everything that happens, even if we  
see, hear, feel, taste, or smell it not.

Dear lady, editors are only human,  
or at least almost human. If you  
have a friend visiting you, if you are  
going away, or have returned from a  
visit out of town, if Johnnie falls  
and breaks his arm, if your husband  
chops his toe instead of a stick of  
wood, if anything happens to make  
you glad or sad, happy, or mad, call  
us up. Tell us about it. That's the  
way to get it in the paper.

—Coastcook (Quebec) Observer.

Try The REPORTER for a year!

## I-Want to Purchase COLLECTIONS of POSTAGE STAMPS!

Odd Lots of Old Envelopes con-  
taining Postage Stamps, or any kind  
of Postage Stamps that were issued  
prior to 1880.

E. B. BROWN,  
55 Chambers St., New Haven, Ct.

## Barrington Hall

The very last word in Coffee

When going away from home take a jar of

SOLUBLE BARRINGTON HALL

which may be used instantly.

## HEATH'S STORE

Geodell Block, ANTRIM  
Tel. 31-2

## PROBLEMS FACING STRICKEN WORLD

Shall Chaos or Reconstruction in Europe Follow the Great World War?

MEN CHANGED BY BATTLE

Soldiers Have Learned What Can Be Accomplished by the Use of Force, Sternly and Efficiently Applied.

### Article IX

By FRANK COMERFORD.

Making a soldier out of a civilian does more than change the clothes he wears. It changes the man. Men who had never owned a revolver or rifle, who had never even shot one off, who had never killed anything in their lives, were given firearms. They were drilled, taught to shoot, taught to kill. The education was thorough and scientific. They learned to look down the sight of a rifle, pick out a human heart for a target, fire and eagerly watch for the man to fall. They were trained to rush madly at a wall of human beings and drive bayonets into men's heads and bowels. Many of these men a few years before would have fainting in a stockyard where cattle were being killed. For four years they have been in a human slaughterhouse, not only as spectators, but as part of the place. It steered these men. Many of them contracted the undertaker's point of view towards life, a fatalism without fear.

Experience in battle taught them the meaning of the word "force." They discovered that the individual was only important and efficient when he acted in concert with a great group. Everything depended upon team work. Men learned that a group of men working in harmony, with nerve and rifles with fixed bayonets, could do wonderful things. They could take an objective. In other words, take the thing they wanted and needed. When these men came back into civil life and took off khaki and put on overalls, the taking off of the khaki and the putting on of mufti did not erase from their minds this lesson the war had taught them.

This lesson has borne fruit. The men look at the employer as an enemy. The employer thinks of them as a commodity. Hatred is cordial. The men want something. They demand it. The employer refuses. Their objective is to get the thing they want and need. The war taught them there is a way, a weapon—Force. Today in Europe men reason, "If we can't get what we want, and need, we must take it. We have the force." Having grown habituated to suffering, accustomed to blood and death, they look with indifference on the question of danger, of price. They saw that when nations could not agree they resorted to force. They discovered that victory generally went to the nation possessing the greatest force.

**Threat of "Direct Action."**  
In the labor movement of Europe we have this idea in what is called "direct action." "Direct action" is nothing more or less than applying war methods to peace conditions. It is an effort on the part of great groups of working men to compel recognition of their demands. They seek to secure their objective by force. No allowance is made for the fact that methods justifiable in war are not right in peace. Few people will deny that war is the supreme expression of force.

Many men got their first taste of fresh air and decent food while in the army. Very properly the allied governments gave the best of everything to the men in the armies. It isn't difficult to get accustomed to good food and fresh air; it is hard to go back to poor food and the tenements. Back home, many of the demobilized soldiers are not eating as well or as much as they ate during their service.

Notwithstanding the rigid discipline of army life, men are treated as men. The humblest man in the ranks has rights that must be respected. This is not always the case in civil life. Then, too, while in uniform the private was made much of. Class distinction was obliterated. He was looked upon as one of his country's defenders. Since he has been demobilized he has been forgotten and neglected. This has soured him. He resents it. Social distinctions have come back. He is only a working man now.

Another cause of unrest among the working man of Europe grows out of the war. Mobilization took millions of men from their jobs. A great shortage of labor resulted. Employers were forced to compete to get men. The usual competition was among men to get jobs. The law of supply and demand affected the labor market. Wages went up. The soldier went off to war. While he was in the trenches the wages back home were high. His pay was small. Our fighting men were not interested in pay. They went to fight for a principle. With the coming of peace a large quantity of labor was dumped upon the market. The demobilized men rushed for employment. Comrades competed for jobs. The same old law of supply and demand sent wages to beginning. The number of men who

wanted jobs was much greater than the number of places available. The returning soldier seeking a job was offered a much smaller wage than he knew was paid for the same work while he had been fighting. It incensed him. He figured that he had given four years out of his life, had come home tired and broke. He looked upon the decline in wages as a positive discrimination against him.

**Comparison Breeds Discontent.**  
Everywhere I have heard these men say: "We are out of luck. The bands played and we were applauded when we left to fight. While we were gone the wages went up. We don't begrudge the men who stayed at home the wages they got, but it's damn funny that when we come back down go wages. The cost of living don't go down. I guess we're out of luck."

I found two phrases inseparable in the speech of the discontented, "the high cost of living;" "the profiteer." Workingmen with whom I talked, freely admitted that some of the high cost of living was the legitimate result of the great demand for everything and the natural shortage, but in the same breath they insisted that much of it was due to the mercenary, ghoulsh profiteer.

The profiteer took blood money during the world's greatest tragedy. He exacted usury from the toiler at home and the fighting man at the front. He drew dividends out of the tears and walls of broken-hearted women and fright-stricken children. He minted his gold out of agony, starvation, heartaches. He stands today the Judas of the war, the most despised man of earth.

The profiteer is not an Englishman, a Frenchman, Italian or American. He is found in every country of the world, a man without nationality, without conscience, without humanity. He is the pimp of civilization. He is still on the job.

The profiteer has given the United States a terrible black eye. A common comment of Europe is, "The United States made money out of the war." These people do not refer to the money we made legitimately. They point to the fact that a fact that has been given great publicity in Europe, that in August, 1914, there were about 7,000 millionaires in the United States, while at the time of the signing of the armistice it was estimated the millionaire colony had increased by 23,000, making a total of 30,000 millionaires in the United States. The profiteer is still on the job. He is holding up the world, a starving, cold world.

**Profiteering Case in Point.**  
Under date of November 17, 1919, J. S. Bache & Co., members of the New York stock exchange, in their financial letter say: "In mercantile circles there is proceeding at the present time a vast amount of speculation on a very large scale in commodities. An incident is cited to us of one concern that is carrying \$15,000,000 worth of vegetable oils, which are in great demand, and the concern is holding them for higher prices. This is a distinct damage to the consumers, and keeps living prices in these things, used daily, at top and increasing levels. Speculation of this kind is a real detriment to the community."

The pair of shoes the workman once bought for \$3.50 are now \$8 and \$10. It is true that the cost of labor and material have gone up, but not enough to warrant any such exorbitant prices. Business men have taken advantage of the situation, and justify their larcenies on the ground of the law of supply and demand. A shoe man with a prominent Chicago firm, a man long in the business, told me that the present unwarranted and outrageous price of shoes was due to the fact that American shoe manufacturers could get almost any price for shoes from the barefooted people of Europe.

Governments are blamed for not dealing with this species of holdup. The discontented ask "Why isn't profiteering treason—why shouldn't these Fagans be sent to the wall with a firing squad as an escort?"  
(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

**Greatest of Hun Crimes.**  
Evidence that destruction wrought in France and Belgium by German armies was deliberate and unjustified by military necessity has accumulated since the signing of the armistice, according to a statement given out by the national committee of the United States for the restoration of the library at Louvain. Col. William Barclay Parsons, subway builder, who commanded the eleventh engineers, the regiment that went to Haig's aid with picks and shovels when the Huns were driving at the channel ports, in a letter to the executive committee, of which Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, is chairman, called the destruction of the Louvain library, with its precious treasures, the greatest of Teuton crimes in Belgium. Noted Europeans were quoted as sharing similar views.

**Germans to Be Prosecuted.**  
Prosecution will be carried out, according to announcement made in Berlin, of German subjects charged with offenses and crimes committed in Germany against the person or property of hostile aliens during the war and up to June 29 of this year. The attorney general will be obliged to prosecute crimes perpetrated by Germans abroad during this period if the crimes are also punishable under the law of the country where committed.

The law covering general procedure in these cases has been submitted to the national assembly. It permits relatives or heirs of the injured party to appear as complainants.

## NEW ENGLAND NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Items of Interest From All Sections of Yankeeeland

A life sentence in State prison was meted out to George Motarke of Guilford, Conn., convicted of killing his wife with an axe January 7.

Thomas F. Mahoney of Providence, R. I., has been appointed a prohibition agent for Connecticut, particularly charged with running down "bootleggers."

For the first time in the history of Marlboro Mass., a black fox has been seen prowling about in the fields and yards of people residing on the outskirts.

The Block Island, Newport & Providence Transportation Company went out of business when the steamer Juliette made her last trip to Block Island and Newport.

After an extended debate, the Massachusetts House passed to be engrossed the bill to authorize appointment of women as members of the Boston police force.

Contract for a \$400,000 extension to the paper mill of Crocker-Burbank Company in Fitchburg, Mass., has been awarded the Casper Ranger Construction Company.

Candide Dumais of Van Buren, Me., was shot and killed by Customs Officer Emile J. Vanier when he was caught attempting to smuggle thirty gallons of alcohol across the Canadian border.

Walter W. Watson, a Milford, Mass., undertaker, was locked in a tomb with a score of bodies in Vernon Grove cemetery. He escaped finally by crawling through a 10-inch ventilator to freedom.

Maj.-Gen. Clarence R. Edwards has been initiated into the Revere lodge of Elks. The initiation took place in the Crescent Garden ballroom with 1500 present. The general was one of a class of 20.

Mrs. Maria Horton Chappell, the oldest resident of Seekonk, R. I., and one of the oldest persons in this country, recently observed her 105th birthday at her home with her daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Weson.

A squad of policemen descended on Nash Village, a settlement in the north-west section of New Bedford, and seized four stills, a quantity of illicit whiskey and discovered 19 barrels of mash. No arrests were made.

An invitation for Allied warships to visit Portland and participate in the celebration of Maine's centennial as a state was presented to the state department for transmittal to the Allied nations of Europe by Gov. Milliken at Washington.

Herbert Whittemore, a traveling salesman for a Haverhill, Mass., concern, and a companion, hold the record, as far as is known, for walking the longest distance to reach home after being marooned by the recent storm in Rockingham, N. H.

Mrs. Franklin P. Shumway of Melrose, Mass., for the past four years State vice regent of the Massachusetts Society of Daughters of the American Revolution, has been elected State Regent of that organization, as the result of the annual election of officers.

A bill which would abolish capital punishment was reported in Massachusetts by the legislative committee on judiciary. The bill, filed by Representative Stone, provides that any person found guilty of murder in the first degree shall be punished by imprisonment for life.

Articles of incorporation of the MacMillan Arctic association, which will finance the expedition of Donald B. MacMillan to Baffin Land in the Arctic region next year, have been filed in Portland. The association is composed of alumni of Bowdoin college and other friends of the explorer.

Articles of incorporation of the MacMillan Arctic Association, which will finance the expedition of Donald B. MacMillan to Baffin Land in the Arctic Region next year have been filed at Portland, Me. The association is composed of alumni of Bowdoin College and other friends of the explorer. The authorized capitalization is \$50,000.

The Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Company is all through trying to battle King Winter. So sadly crippled—almost completely paralyzed—does this company now find itself as a result of the storms of the past month that it has been decided that until warmer weather arrives nothing can be done to re-establish the service that the last storm caused to be discontinued.

A total of \$127,352.35 in taxes and betterments for the use of Quincy Point during the war will be paid into the Quincy city coffers by the United States. Mayor Whitton returned from Washington, and brought back with him a check for \$79,408.95 as payment. Quincy Point during the war was used by the United States Housing Corporation as a site for 335 workmen's dormitories. According to Washington authorities, these dormitory buildings have been purchased by W. A. Pride of Medford, Mass., for \$47,000.

The Maine Sheep and Wool Growers' Association has been incorporated. The establishment of a warehouse at some central point in the State has been advocated, but it is probable that as a beginning arrangements will be made with some reliable commission house to handle the product.

The Artists' Club of Hartford, Conn., is taking steps to prevent the destruction of the former home of "Mark Twain" which the owner is to raise that he may erect on the site a modern apartment house. A campaign will be instituted to raise funds from admirers of Samuel L. Clemens in all parts of the country.

District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier, speaking before the West Somerville, Mass., Civic Association, advocated the removal of the state prison to some point outside metropolitan Boston. He said that while Deer Island was not an ideal place for the prison, it was infinitely better than the present location.

Rev. Arthur Wheelock Moulton, rector of Grace Church, Lawrence, Mass., has notified the Utah Cathedral that he will accept the office of bishop of the missionary jurisdiction of Utah. His headquarters will be in Salt Lake City. Mr. Moulton was elected to the office at a convention of Episcopal churches in Detroit last fall.

Representative Hull of Leominster, Mass., one of the three dissenters from the adverse report on a bill which would permit employers to insure themselves in workmen's compensation, tried in vain to obtain the substitution of the bill in the House. A similar bill has been defeated in three preceding legislatures.

Aliens, all Russians, who are alleged to be undesirable, were taken from Hartford to Waterbury, Conn., and after inspection were lodged in the county jail, where 90 other alleged radicals are awaiting deportation orders. There were 101 men and one woman in the group. All were well dressed and took their experience in a jovial manner.

Frank A. Sayles of Pawtucket, R. I., considered to be the wealthiest citizen of Rhode Island, and one of the leading figures in the textile industry in the United States, died in New York. Mr. Sayles was owner of the Sayles bleaching, dyeing and mercerizing plants under one head in this part of the United States.

Henry H. Bond, formerly chief of the income tax division of the state tax department, has petitioned the legislature that stock dividends be exempt from taxation in Massachusetts. This legislation would make the Massachusetts law conform with the decision of the United States Supreme Court on Monday, relative to taxation on such dividends under the federal income tax law.

Mrs. Edwin D. Richards and her blind companion, Mrs. Isabel Ballou, of North Adams, Mass., sustained curious accidents. Mrs. Richards who is an elderly woman, fell from a chair at her home and became unconscious. Realizing that Mrs. Richards was badly injured, her blind companion tried to give assistance, and in groping around, opened the wrong door and plunged headlong into the cellar.

Wilfred Bodwell, ex-cashier of the City National Bank of Norwalk, Conn., and for many years city treasurer of Norwalk, was sentenced to serve one year in the Fairfield County Jail at Bridgeport by Judge Edwin S. Thomas in the United States District Court. Bodwell was indicted on charges of embezzlement of \$31,000 from the bank and falsifying the bank's accounts, and he pleaded guilty.

This year mark the centenary of the beginning of the business of Amos Abbott & Company, wool manufacturers. The enterprise was started by two brothers, Amos and Jeremiah Abbott. Machinery for the plant was brought here from Boston, via Bangor, in sailing vessels. The original plant was situated in the wilderness. The two brothers came here from Andover, Mass., where they learned the woolen business.

The act of Congress, approved by the President, prohibiting the libelling of government or shipping board vessels and their cargoes, was applied in the federal district court in Boston a few hours after its approval, when Judge Morton dismissed a libel placed on the shipping board steamship Lake Forkville. The libel, brought by three members of the crew to recover for wages, clothing and personal effects, was filed in the morning. Deputy United States Marshall Bancroft at once placed a keeper in charge of the vessel. Early in the afternoon a telegram was received from Washington at the federal district attorney's office, stating that the new law, forbidding proceedings against government vessels, had been approved. Asst. U. S. Lewis Goldberg went before Judge Morton a few minutes later and asked that the libel be dismissed.

The Connecticut milk regulation board has issued a set of rules recently agreed upon in regard to the pasteurization of milk. The most drastic of the new regulations is one which orders an annual physical examination of every employe in a plant where milk is pasteurized. Another rule bars dogs and cats from such plants. It is also required that a state permit be procured by any person, firm or corporation which pasteurizes milk to sell and that milk be pasteurized according to state board rules.

## TURN DEFEAT INTO VICTORY

Washington Sees in News from Berlin Effort to Stage Comeback

WORK OF PAN-GERMANS

If Present Counter-Revolution Falls, It Will Be Attempted Again—Junkers Trying Hard For Control

Washington.—The silence of American government officials relative to the seizure of power in Berlin by the reactionary forces who executed coup d'etat against the Ebert government, does not disguise the fact the latest developments in Germany constitute a very bad situation.

The actual overt act, by which the reins of power were taken over in Berlin did not come as a surprise to American officials. Confidential information has for some time convinced them that the junker, militaristic and imperialistic reactionary elements in Germany have been intriguing to start a counter revolution at the first favorable opportunity. The overt act at Berlin was anticipated. What officials are now most anxious to know is whether the overthrow is going to be temporary and abortive or successful.

If the new revolution turns out to be premature and fails of success it is confidentially expected here that at some more favorable opportunity these reactionaries will make the attempt again. If the counter-revolution is successful, the next move in what may prove to be a very dangerous situation is expected to be a joint alliance between Soviet Russia and the new reactionary German government against the entente powers, possibly leading into a combination of Berlin and Moscow with the Turkish nationalists and the Pan-Turanian movement.

Whether the present counter-revolutionary movement at Berlin succeeds or fails there is not the slightest doubt in the minds of American government officials that great issues are at stake and that this move of the German junkers and imperialists is of much greater importance and consequence for the whole entente world, than a mere change of government in Berlin.

Those responsible for the present overt acts against the Ebert government are in control of telegraphic, telephonic and wireless facilities leading out of Germany and it is not believed by officials here that the full story of all that has taken place in Germany has been permitted to reach the outside world.

Throughout the stories from Berlin runs the evident purpose of the leaders of the Luetwitz-Von Kapp revolt to lull the outside world into the belief that the counter-revolutionary movement is neither reactionary or monarchial. These professions are accepted in Washington as mere camouflage. It is known that the same inside information which the Washington government has had on the situation has been in the possession of the British and French intelligence service.

Camouflage it as they may, the leaders of the revolt have not convinced men in Washington possessing confidential sources of information that the junkers, militarists and other adherents of the former Hohenzollern regime have not been carefully laying their plans with a view to trying to stage a come-back which would turn defeat into victory for Germany. American military experts and other officials in the government have been in possession for two months of evidence that the junker crowds have been planning and intriguing a counter revolution in combination with the militarists and reactionaries.

At the same time, the weight of the evidence reaching Washington has been that the revolution would be abortive and that Noeke, the Ebert minister of war, would be able to control the situation, provided he remained firm in support of his government and did not yield or surrender to the reactionaries. No evidence, official or press, has yet reached Washington to convince military or civil officials that the reactionary revolt is going to succeed at this time. The temporary domination of Berlin by the several contingents of marine troops that have entered the German capital, or their occupation of the place for a week, it is insisted by experts here, does not necessarily mean that the change of government is going to be permanent.

Very much depends on the efforts to be made by the fugitive Ebert government to recover control of the situation and how these are received by the Ebert volunteer forces, by the Socialists, and working elements and by the people of Germany generally. The Ebert government had a volunteer force of about 500,000 men and there were about 500,000 men in irregular forces of home guards, constabulary and other forces. Some of the members of the volunteer force of 500,000, according to information received, have gone over to the counter revolution, but nothing in the news dispatches, it was pointed out by a high official, showed that any large part of the force of 500,000 volunteers had abandoned the Ebert government.

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**J. D. HUTCHINSON,**  
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ANTRIM, N. H.  
TELEPHONE CONNECTION

**C. E. DUTTON,**  
**AUCTIONEER.**  
Hancock, N. H.  
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Sundays and holidays by appointment only.

**SELECTMEN'S NOTICE**  
The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town hall block, the First Saturday in each month, from two till five o'clock in the afternoon to transact town business.  
The Tax Collector will meet with the Selectmen  
**JAMES M. CUTTER,**  
**CHARLES F. DOWNES,**  
**HENRY A. COOLIDGE,**  
Selectmen of Antrim.

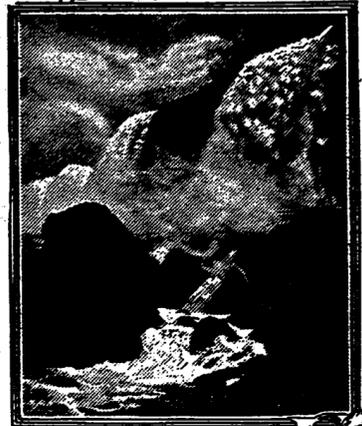
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of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

# "Nello, Earth! Nello!"

Marconi believes he is receiving signals from the planets



Testa



Niagara Falls



Edison

**O**F COURSE you recall Jules Verne's "Ten Thousand Leagues Under the Sea." Well, his submarine is now an accomplished fact, isn't it? And doubtless you read Kipling's "With the Night Mail." Well, the Atlantic has been crossed in a single flight, hasn't it? Probably, also, you read H. G. Wells' "The War of the Worlds," in which the Martians descended upon us with fighting machines even more formidable than the tanks of the great war and a mysterious agent of wholesale destruction even more deadly than any gas used by either side.

Well, who shall say that Wells hasn't the right idea about Mars being inhabited by beings just as smart as we are—and probably a good deal smarter?

It is a bold man who says "impossible" these days. Anyway, Guglielmo Marconi, the famous Italian engineer, who perfected wireless telegraphy, has opened up an exceedingly interesting question by this statement:

"I have encountered during my experiments with wireless telegraphy most amazing phenomena. Most striking of all is the receipt by me personally of signals which I believe originated in the space beyond our planet. I believe it is entirely possible that these signals may have been sent by the inhabitants of other planets to the inhabitants of earth.

"If there are any human beings on Mars I would not be surprised if they should find a means of communication with this planet. Linking of the science of astronomy with that of electricity may bring about almost anything.

"While our own planet is a storehouse of wonders, we are not warranted in accepting as a fact the general supposition that the inhabitants of our comparatively insignificant planet are any more highly developed than inhabitants (if there be such) of other planets.

"For all we know, the strange sounds that I have received by wireless may be only a forerunner of a tremendous discovery.

The messages have been distinct but unintelligible. They have been received simultaneously in London and in New York, with identical intensity, indicating that they must have originated at a great distance.

"These signals are apparently due to electromagnetic waves of great length, which are not merely stray signals. Occasionally such signals can be imagined to correspond with certain letters of the Morse code. They steal in at our stations irregularly at all seasons. We do not get the signals unless we establish a minimum of 65-mile wave lengths. Sometimes we hear these planetary or interplanetary sounds 20 or 30 minutes after sending out a long wave. They do not interrupt traffic, but when they occur they are very persistent.

"The most familiar signal received is curiously musical. It comes in the form of three short raps, which may be interpreted as the Morse letter 'S'; but there are other sounds which may stand for other letters.

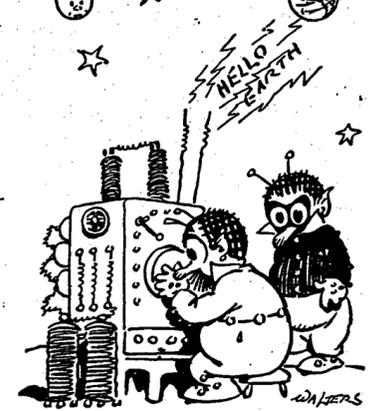
"The war prevented an investigation of the Hertzian mystery, but now our organization intends to undertake a thorough probe."

Australia corroborates Marconi's statement. Highly skilled and experienced operators at Sydney have received numerous signals similar to those reported as having been received in England. They consist of frequent repetitions of two dashes, representing the letter M. They are on wave lengths of 90,000 to 120,000 meters. The Australian experts say such wave lengths have never yet been used by any wireless station of the earth.

Now what do the electrical authorities say on the general subject? Here it is, in brief:

Thomas A. Edison has this to say: "Although I am not an expert in wireless telegraphy, I can plainly see that the mysterious wireless interruptions experienced by Mr. Marconi's operators may be good grounds for the theory that inhabitants of other planets are trying to signal to us. Mr. Marconi is quite right in stating that this is entirely within the realm of the possible.

"I have given some thought to the matter and can record one personal experience which may or may not have bearing on proving that Mr. Marconi is right. I was seated on the peak of a great pile of iron ore near the reduction plant at Orange one day, when I noticed that the magnetic needle



was jumping about in astonishing fashion. The thought immediately popped into my mind that static signals from some other planet were probably responsible. This idea took such a hold on me that I made the definite suggestion that there be established in the ore fields of Michigan a station where scientific vigil might be kept, in the hope that the great masses of ore in that region would attract magnetic signals from interplanetary space.

"If we are to accept the theory of Mr. Marconi that these signals are being sent out by inhabitants of other planets, we must at once accept with it the theory of their advanced development. Either they are our intellectual equals or our superiors. It would be stupid for us to assume that we have a corner on all the intelligence in the universe."

Nikola Tesla, the famous Serbian inventor and electrical expert says: "Marconi's idea of communicating with the other planets is the greatest and most fascinating problem confronting the human imagination today. To insure success a body of competent scientists should be organized to study all possible plans and put into execution the best. The matter should be directed probably by astronomers with sufficient backing from men with money and imagination. Supposing that there are intelligent human beings on Mars, success is easily within the range of possibility." In March, 1907, I stated in the Harvard Illustrated Magazine that experiments looking to communication with other planets should be undertaken.

"In 1909 I built an electric plant in Colorado and obtained activities of 18,000,000 horsepower. In the course of my experiments I employed a receiver of virtually unlimited sensitiveness. There were no other wireless plants near, and, at that time, no other wireless plants anywhere on this earth of sufficient range to affect mine. One day my ear caught what seemed to be regular signals. I knew that they could not have been produced upon the earth. The possibility that they came from Mars occurred to me, but the pressure of business affairs caused me to drop the experiment.

"The thing, I think, that we should try to develop is a plan akin to picture transmission, by means of which we could convey to the inhabitants of Mars knowledge of earthly forms. This would enable us to exchange with them not only simple primitive facts, but involved conceptions. To talk to Mars seems to me only a matter of electric power and perseverance."

Frank Dyson, British astronomer royal, believes we could get Hertzian waves from other planets. Prof. Edward Branley, Paris, inventor of the coherer, is sceptical. Prof. Domenico Argentieri, Rome, says the supposed signals are worthy of careful observation.

Prof. Albert Einstein, the German astronomer and author of the theory of "Relativity" that is apparently upsetting all accepted doctrines, believes that Mars and other planets are inhabited, but if intelligent creatures are trying to communicate with the earth he should expect them to use

rays of light, which could much more easily be controlled.

Are there inhabitants on Mars? That's a question on which scientists differ.

Among scientists who have won the right to speak with authority the foremost was the late Professor Lowell, director of the observatory at Flagstaff, Ariz. Not only was Professor Lowell convinced that Mars was inhabited, but he believed the people had a much higher degree of intelligence than those on earth. He dwelt particularly on their inventive genius.

In 1914 he found a new opportunity for strengthening his pet belief by announcing that instead of losing any of their canals the Martians had built two new ones, which could be seen plainly through the telescope.

"We have actually seen them formed under our eyes," Professor Lowell said at the time, "and the importance of it can hardly be overestimated. The phenomenon transcends any natural law, and is only explicable so far as can be seen by the presence of a power of animate will."

Professor Lowell had little to say about the appearance of the beings on Mars. Edmond Perrier, director of the museum of the Jardin des Plantes, in Paris, constructed the first picture of the Martians as he conceived them. He said in part:

"The men on Mars are tall because the force of gravity is slight. They are blond because the daylight is less intense. They have less powerful limbs. Their large blue eyes, their strong noses, their large ears, constitute a type of beauty which we doubtless would not appreciate except as suggesting superhuman intelligence."

On the other hand, Dr. C. G. Abbott holds that if wireless messages are being received, it is not Mars sending the signals, but most probably Venus. Abbott is director of the Smithsonian Astrophysical observatory and assistant secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. He says Mars is eliminated as a possibility because known conditions on that planet would not permit the existence of any form of living creature. It is too cold there and there is practically no water vapor in its atmosphere.

Assuming that Mars or some other planet is signaling us, what can we do in the circumstances? Apparently we can do much.

Dr. James Harris Rogers of Hyattsville, Md., who has devoted his life to the study of electric waves and invented the underground and under-seas wireless used during the war, declares he is going to undertake to teach the inhabitants of Mars the rudiments of intelligence of this planet. Within a year wireless communication will be established with Mars, Dr. Rogers believes.

L. J. Lesh, a New York radio engineer, suggests that one of the methods of constructing a gigantic station would be to erect huge antennae suspended by balloons like the British dirigible R-34. He asserts, however, that a still better way would be to use huge and brilliant shafts of light as antennae for the system. He thinks that projectors could be grouped around one spot where a great amount of electricity could be generated. He suggests Niagara Falls or some other spot with an enormous amount of water power.

Elmer A. Sperry has a searchlight capable of producing a beam having the illuminating intensity of 1,280,000,000 candle power. He would form a group of 150 to 200 of his searchlights and direct their combined beams in the direction of Mars. An aggregation of that sort would possess the luminous equivalent of a star of the seventh magnitude such as our telescopes are able to pick up readily. Therefore, assuming that the Martians had glasses of equal power, they should have no trouble in catching that dot of light from a distance of 33,000,000 to 40,000,000 miles.

It would be possible, no doubt, to operate these lights so that they could give slow signals which would fill all the requirements of a system of communication. However, an array of lights of this character and the needful energizing plant would cost a pretty sum.

The outlay might be warranted some day, but certainly not until it is certain that we are being called by one of our neighbors out in space.

## Home Town Helps

### PAYS TO BUILD BIRD HOUSES

Feathered Songsters, Through Their Destruction of Insects, Increase Yield of Farm.

Birds are desirable to have about the premises, not only on account of their beauty and song but because of their economic worth. The little feathered songsters are especially useful as insect destroyers during the breeding period, when they have to work early and late to obtain sufficient food for their nestlings. One way to increase the number making your property their summer home is to put out feathers, bits of wool and twine during the nest-building season for the birds to use in building their habitations. Another way is to build safe retreats for them in which they can rear their young comfortably. Most of the houses will be occupied year after year. In fact, no attraction for summer birds is more effectual than plenty of houses suited to the needs and habits of the various kinds of house birds. During idle hours the construction of a few of these bird dwellings is fascinating and useful work.

Farmers' Bulletin 600, prepared by the United States bureau of biological survey, gives clear working directions, with illustrations, for a large number of bird houses—both of the single and apartment house variety. This bulletin may be had free by writing the department of agriculture, Washington.

### TOWN RUN ON BUSINESS LINES

Municipal Departments of Lakewood, O., Work Through Mayor's Office—Makes for Co-Operation.

From his military training in the Spanish-American war and his business training since, Mayor Louis E. Hill of Lakewood has adopted methods which he believes are novel in municipal affairs.

The idea, the mayor says, is to keep him in direct touch with all municipal problems and works and to bring about greater co-operation between heads of departments in a business administration.

Army correspondence procedure governs all communications between heads of departments. A letter between departments goes first through the hands of the mayor, who forwards it to its destination. It is answered by indorsement on the original letter and returned, again through the mayor's office, to the writer.

Every Tuesday morning at ten o'clock the mayor holds a conference with all department heads, at which every phase of each department's work is discussed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### MAKE WAR ON THE BARBERRY

Any Number of Substitutes for Shrub Which is One of Farmer's Worst Enemies.

Landscape gardeners are recommending substitutes for the common barberry, a host of the black stem rust of wheat which causes enormous losses each year to the wheat crop.

Where a purple variety is desired in the shrubbery border, the purple-leaved plum may be substituted, according to P. H. Elwood, Jr., assistant professor of landscape architecture at the Ohio State university. This may also be used as a high background mass or as specimen tree groups on the lawn. The purple hazel may also be used as an accent of color in the shrubbery mass.

Many other shrubs can be used where the common barberry has or would have been planted, such as the five-leaved angelica, red-twigged dogwood, pink weigela, winged euonymus, white kerria and high bush cranberry.

The common barberry must go, and the sooner we make up our minds to it, the better. Root it out, and put something else in its place, and soon its absence will be forgotten.

#### Plant Memorial Trees.

While various kinds of memorials are being erected for our departed soldiers, none is more simple and more appropriate than the tree, which will be a living emblem of the remembrance of a grateful people to those who gave their lives upon the altar of their country. Statues and monuments after a few years may come to look cheap, and they may be meaningless to the next generation, but in the memorial tree nature will assist man in keeping fresh and green the memory of American heroes.

#### His Consideration.

"Looky yur, Gap," chided a friend, "what in thunder made you tell your wife you'd be home from the speaking dead shore by nine o'clock, when you know good and well it won't let out until half past ten or eleven?" "She always begins to worry about me as soon as she thinks it's about time for me to show up," replied Gap Johnson, of Rumpus Ridge. "So I figured I'd give her plenty of time to worry. My wife is like all the rest of the women; she hain't happy unless she's pestering about nuttin'."—Kansas City Star.

### IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Get less meat if kidneys feel like lead or bladder bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulates them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

Applause has made fools of more men than criticism.

#### Important to Mothers

Examining carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

An ill-smelling pipe has no conscience.

## SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

### GOLD MEDAL BARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1896. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes. All druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

### Yes, Cold All Gone—Not A Bit of Cough Left

Feel great this morning. As soon as I felt it coming on yesterday I used Gray's Syrup and nipped it in the bud. Just couldn't miss an hour at the office, we are so busy and short-handed. Gray's Syrup is a habit in our family, the folks have used it for sixty years. I Always buy the Large Size. 06

### GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM

Montreal D. WATSON & CO., New York



### BAKER'S Pure Fruit EXTRACTS

For Sale at All Grocers BAKER EXTRACT COMPANY Springfield, Mass. and Portland, Maine

### FORD STARTER \$15

Simple, practical, durable, dependable, guaranteed. Agents with Ford coinage money. The American Starter Co., Anderson, Ind.

BUY SHARES in big Texas Producing Oil Company before too late for big Dividends. President's report under advisement. \$100.00. Monthly Dividends \$2. Finance Company of New York, 18 Park Row, New York.

Don't Throw It Away—mend kitchens or anything without best sample tube. \$20 sends for 32c. Agents wanted: Bay State Distributing Co., 7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

GUARANTEED KEYLESS BRASS LOCK; burglar proof; only \$20.00. Agents: W. D. Hughes & Co., Box 465, Johnston, Pa.

### Coughs Grow Better

surprisingly soon when inflammation disappears. Relief is relieved and throat clearing scope, when you use reliable, time-tested

## PISO'S

## JOSLIN'S CLINTON STORE

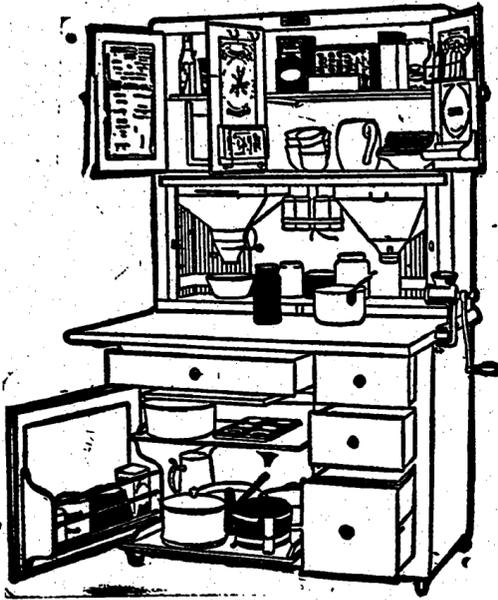
As we are beginning the New Year, 1920, we wish to thank all those who were instrumental in making the year 1919 the banner year of business since we opened our Clinton Store. We have earnestly tried under very trying business situations, to serve our trade faithfully. We shall make still greater efforts this year. Get our prices, even if we do not get your business. Our buying capacity of two stores may help you.

A Fine Formosa Tea, 38¢ a lb.  
One Week Only.

Yours for business,

G. O. JOSLIN'S CLINTON STORE

"Hoosier" Kitchen Cabinets



Greatest Utility in Least Space—Saves Miles of Steps

EMERSON & SON, Milford, N. H.

## Hillsboro Guaranty Savings Bank

Incorporated 1889

HILLSBORO, N. H.

Pays **4 Per Cent** to Depositors

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent, \$2 per year

DEPOSITS Draw Interest from the First Business Day of Each Month

Sooner or Later Every Property Owner Will Have to Face the Paint Problem

You may turn your back and try not to see the condition of your property. But if it needs paint, simply shutting your eyes to the fact will not solve the problem for you. Nothing but PAINT will do that. The best paint to use is

**MONARCH**  
Paint 100% Pure

Why Not Now?

If your property needs paint it will be money in your pocket to paint NOW. Every day's wind and weather does some damage that must be repaired. Paint NOW—stop the decay and save the expense of repairs. Besides adding to the beauty of your property, paint makes it worth more money should you want to sell. Come in and consult us about your paint problem—we can help you and save you money and worry.



G. A. Hulett, Antrim

Paints, Glass, Wall Board, Varnishes, Wall Paper and Brushes always on hand

**The Antrim Reporter**  
Published Every Wednesday Afternoon  
Subscription Price, \$2.00 per year  
Advertising Rates on Application  
H. W. ELDREDGE, PUBLISHER  
H. B. ELDREDGE, ASSISTANT  
Wednesday, March 17, 1920

Long Distance Telephone  
Notices of Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, etc., to which an admission fee is charged, or from which a revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the time.  
Cards of Thanks are inserted at 50¢ each.  
Resolutions of ordinary length 50¢.  
Obituary poetry and lines of flowers charged for at advertising rates; also will be charged at this same rate list of presents at a wedding.

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter.



"It Stands Between Humanity and Oppression!"

## Antrim Locals

Fred L. Proctor is in New York state this week on a business trip.

Maurice A. Poor was a business visitor to Manchester on Friday last.

FOR SALE—Pure Maple Syrup—order now. Edson H. Tuttle adv. Antrim, N. H.

Fred C. Farmer was laid up a few days a week or more ago by rheumatism.

Mrs. Harold Tewksbury was confined to her home a portion of last week by illness.

Bert Preston has gone to New York with one of R. W. Jameson's horses from the Highlands.

At the union service at the Methodist church on Sunday evening, Rev. J. D. Cameron, D. D., occupied the pulpit.

Orders taken for single comb, R. 1. Red day-old chicks, at 25¢ and 30¢ each.

Mrs. N. A. Richards. Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Prentiss were in Manchester on Monday; Mrs. Prentiss will remain for a time for treatment.

Miss Mary Lane, of Boston, is the guest of her brother and sister, E. M. Lane and Miss Sadie Lane, at the Maplehurst.

The Senators and Congressmen at Washington are remembering their constituents with a supply of garden grass and flower seeds.

A. Wallace George has accepted a position as clerk in a grocery store in Concord and left town on Monday to commence his new duties.

The teamsters are experiencing some of the worst traveling of the winter and don't expect it to improve much in the next few weeks.

Miss Gladys Colby and friend, from Winchester, this state, were guests Friday and Saturday of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Colby.

The thaw of last week was a most welcome guest. The water was high on meadows and in the streams, but no damage was done in this immediate vicinity.

There was a feeling of rejoicing on Friday morning last when it was learned that a carload of coal had arrived at the Antrim station for the local coal dealer.

Donald B. Cram, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cram, has completed his course of study at the Albany, N. Y. Business College, and is at his home here for a season.

Mrs. W. W. Brown is the guest of relatives in Massachusetts, and Mr. Brown is boarding at the Carter House. This arrangement was made necessary by the scarcity of fuel.

The regular week end blizzard visited us on Sunday but it was somewhat of an infant compared with the former full grown storms. However, this one had the appearance of knowing it was March.

Edward F. Heath, who has been janitor of the town hall and school building for a number of years, completes his labors in this position on Saturday of this week. His place will be filled by Granville Whitney, Jr., who gives up a job with the J. G. Abbott Estate to take this position.

Again owing to the bad traveling, no degree work was done by Waverley Lodge on Saturday night last; consequently the second degree will be conferred on Saturday evening of this week. It is expected that Grand Master L. C. Shaw, will be present, and at the close of the meeting a banquet will be served.

## Moving Pictures!

Eight O'clock  
Town Hall, Antrim  
TUESDAY Eve., March 23  
5 Reel Drama  
2 Reel Comedy  
W. A. NICHOLS, Mgr.

## Antrim Locals

### LOGS WANTED

Few thousand feet White Birch and Maple logs wanted. GODELL CO.

The W. R. C. will hold a box supper in the near future.

Mrs. G. W. Hodges is entertaining a relative from New York.

Miss Marion Davis, of Hancock, is visiting in her old neighborhood.

Mortimer Call, from Springfield Vt., was the week end guest of Friends in town.

Miss Josephine Bailey, of Claremont, is visiting her sister, Mrs. N. J. Morse.

Mrs. E. D. Jameson has practically recovered from her recent illness, occasioned by a severe cold.

C. F. Butterfield, H. W. Johnson, E. C. Martin and A. N. Nay visited the auto show in Boston on Tuesday of this week.

After several weeks at her former home in Arlington, Mass., Mrs. Don H. Robinson has returned to her home in this place.

The selectmen have organized for the current year as follows: James M. Cutter, chairman; Charles F. Downes, Edmund M. Lane.

Mrs. H. J. McCarence and daughter, Miss Maxine, are visiting in two weeks at their former home in Saxon's River, Vermont.

Miss Vivian Dumas has returned to her home on Hancock Road, after visiting friends in Reading and Marlboro, Mass., and Barre, Vt., Conn.

Mrs. C. W. Perkins was called away last week by the death of a relative and owing to the storm, was delayed in her return a number of days.

The village schools reopened on Friday last, after a two weeks' close. Fuel has been procured and it is hoped no more interruptions will seem necessary.

The citizenship class meets on Thursday afternoon at half past two o'clock, at Selectmen's room, and it is earnestly hoped that a goodly number will attend.

The school board has organized for the current year, in the following order: Mrs. Mattie L. H. Proctor, chairman; Mrs. Emma S. Goodell, Charles S. Abbott.

Frank Reed, who has recovered from his recent illness of a number of weeks, has returned from his stay in Boston, Mass., and again resumed his work for G. W. Hunt.

G. Miles Nesmith is on a week's vacation from Cram's store and is visiting his son, Arthur S. Nesmith, in Reading, Mass., and other relatives in and around Boston.

The members of the church and everyone in any way connected with the Methodist society will remember and attend the St. Patrick's social at their church parlors this Wednesday evening.

The freights and express came along after a time and were welcomed by our people generally. The lack of goods at the stores was beginning to be felt somewhat, and the stock of grain was getting very much reduced.

Antrim's Selectmen and assessors were in Concord and Manchester last week to attend the meetings of the state tax commission. This instruction is designed to do them good or be for their guidance in the assessing of taxes in the near future.

George D. Dresser, Henry E. Swain and G. G. Whitney, Sr., were guests of James McClarence last week Wednesday afternoon. These four G. A. R. comrades had a very pleasant visit together previous to the latter leaving town for his home in Saxon's River, Vt.

There will be a rehearsal of the Rebekah degree at Odd Fellows hall on Monday evening, March 22. It is hoped all members of the degree staff will make an extra effort to be present at this time, as the degree will be conferred at the next regular meeting of Hand in Hand lodge.

James R. Ashford is spending a brief season with relatives in New Castle, N. B., called there by the serious illness of his aged father, William Ashford. The family here has received word of the death of the father on Thursday last, at the age of 86 years. The senior Mr. Ashford will be remembered by many of our readers in this place, as he resided here a few years, leaving town about twenty years ago.

## R. R. RATES MUST BE ADJUSTED

Dean of the Wharton School of Finance on the Need of Good Railroad Credit.

### TO MAKE INVESTMENT SAFE.

National Authority on Railroad Transportation Says Roads Must Be Self-Supporting or Become Bankrupt.

In an address on "The Railroad Puzzle," delivered in Philadelphia, January 3, Dr. Emory R. Johnson, dean of the Wharton School of Finance, and one of the nation's leading authorities on railroad transportation, declared that "after the first of March the companies must be self-supporting or become bankrupt." Continuing, he said: "Can the railroads be successfully financed and operated when they are returned to their owners? For two years the government has drawn upon the public treasury to sustain the credit of carriers.

"If the carriers avoid failure their income must cover operating expenses, maintenance and capital charges; if the companies succeed to the extent that is demanded in public interest, they must not only be able to meet unavoidable expenses, they must have some surplus revenue.

"If there is no income to be used in part for betterments and in part for building up a surplus or reserve fund, the public will not invest in the railroads, their credit cannot be re-established and maintained and corporate ownership and operation of the railroads will fall.

"The income of the carriers is determined by public regulation, and properly so; but from this it follows that the country must decide between a policy of adequate revenues to the railroad corporations of the future and a policy of government ownership.

"The government is entitled to credit for having given greater unity to railroad operation, both line and terminal. It has done much that the carriers were prohibited from doing. The public now realize that co-operation of the carriers in the joint use of equipment and terminals should be encouraged, instead of prevented.

"The railroad legislation now pending in Congress must solve many difficult questions, but the most critical one is that of providing for the future regulation of railroads in accordance with a policy that will cause the carriers to secure revenue sufficient to enable them to perform their services adequately and with progressive efficiency. The railroad business must be made attractive to private investments or the country will have to adopt government ownership and operation of the railroads. There is no other alternative."

### INCREASED WAGES TOOK 97% OF INCREASED RATES.

Increases in freight and passenger rates made during federal control amounted to \$1,835,000,000 when applied to the traffic moved up to July 31, 1919, while the increases in wages applied to the number of employees and the hours or days worked in July, 1919, amounted to \$1,774,800,000, or 97 per cent of the revenue from the increased rates, according to a statement compiled by the Interstate Commerce Commission at the request of Senator E. D. Smith of South Carolina and presented by him in the senate on December 29.

## MILLIONS IN U. S. OWN RAILROADS

Wage Earners Directly and Indirectly Affected by Roads' Solvency.

### DIVISION OF SECURITIES.

Mutual Savings Banks Owned Entirely by Depositors Hold Large Amount of Railway Bonds.

Millions of thrifty Americans who have laid aside something for a "rainy day" are directly or indirectly owners of railroad securities. This ownership represents not only individual investment in the railroads, but holdings of railroad securities by life insurance companies, savings banks, fire and marine insurance companies, benevolent associations, educational institutions, trust companies and State and National banks. A large part of the assets of these institutions depend on the solvency of the railroads.

The ownership of railroad securities among these people is divided approximately as follows:

Individuals, numbering over 1,000,000, own outright about \$10,000,000,000 in railroad securities. Over 600,000 are stockholders with an average holding of \$13,856.

Life insurance companies, with \$3,000,000 policies in force, own nearly \$2,000,000,000 of railway securities.

Savings banks, with 10,000,000 depositors, own \$847,000,000.

Fire and marine insurance companies, casualty and surety companies own a total of \$648,000,000.

Benevolent associations, colleges, schools, charitable institutions, etc., own \$350,000,000.

Trust companies, State and National banks own \$385,000,000.

According to statistics compiled for the Association of Life Insurance Presidents in 1918, 27.85 per cent of life insurance companies' assets were invested in railroad bonds, and during the first half of 1919 the percentage of railroad bonds held by the life insurance companies was 28.25 of the total assets of these companies.

Interest of Wage Earners. In addition to this widespread ownership of equities of American railroads by the people of the United States every wage earner who puts money into the savings bank has a direct interest in the soundness of railroad investment on account of the large part of the savings of men and women wage earners secured by the railroad bonds which are bought by the savings banks.

A great many of these institutions are mutual savings banks which have no capital stock, pay no dividends, earn no profits for stockholders, and their entire property belongs to the depositors. Every dollar that the bank earns beyond the actual cost of doing business also belongs to them.

The report of the United States Comptroller of the Currency for 1918 shows that 625 of these savings banks operated on the mutual plan had at the end of 1918 total deposits of \$4,422,008,393.15 credited to 9,011,464 depositors, an average deposit of \$490.72. These figures covered mutual savings banks in 18 states of the Union.

The Comptroller's report gives the amount of railroad bonds held by mutual savings banks in the six New England states—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut—as \$408,272,193.

The report of the State Superintendent of Banks of New York shows that the railroad bonds held by the mutual savings banks at the end of 1918 in New York amounted to \$361,711,334.

## AMERICANS BIGGEST USERS OF RAILROADS; SERVICE HERE FAR OUTSTRIPS EUROPE

The railways of the United States, in point of actual railway service lead the world. Americans buy more railway service, and a greater amount of transportation is supplied and used in the United States than in any other country.

According to statistics prepared by the Bureau of Railway Economics, the ton miles per capita carried by United States railroads in 1913 were almost five times the ton miles per capita carried by Germany, which was second to the United States in this respect. The ton miles per capita carried by the United States railroads in 1913 were 8,101. In Germany the ton miles per capita carried by the railroads were 631 and in France 447.

Since 1913 the increase in ton miles per capita carried by the railroads of the United States was more than the total carried by either of the two other countries in that year. In comparison with the total of 631 carried by the railroads in Germany and the total of 447 carried by the railroads in France the increase carried by the railroads in the United States since 1913 was 759 ton miles per capita.

The chart below shows the transportation supplied in the United States, Germany and France in 1913 and the increase in railroad service in the United States since 1913.



The increase alone since 1913 in ton miles per capita (freight tons carried one mile for every one of the population) on American railways was more than the total of any of the next leading countries for 1913, the last year for which comparative data is available.

**Tell This to the Man Who Lacks Confidence in America's Future**

America has emerged from the world war with

- 6 p.c. of the world's population.
- 7 p.c. of the world's land.
- 70 p.c. of the world's copper.
- 66 p.c. of the world's oil.
- 75 p.c. of all corn grown.
- 60 p.c. of all cotton grown.
- 33 p.c. of the world's silver.
- 52 p.c. of the world's coal.
- 40 p.c. of the world's iron and steel.
- 20 p.c. of the world's gold.
- 85 p.c. of the world's automobiles.
- 25 p.c. of all wheat grown.
- 40 p.c. of all the world's railroads.

Previous to 1914 we owed England so much money that the annual interest was 30 million dollars. Now England is paying us 150 million dollars a year interest. Before the war we owed about four billion dollars abroad. Today the net indebtedness of Europe to America is ten billion dollars. We possess about one third or more of the total wealth of the world. America is now the richest nation and the financial center of the world. Before the war England was the greatest ship owning nation. After 1920 America will have twice as many ships as England.

At the dawn of the greatest era in our history every citizen of the United States should get these big facts indelibly in his mind.

—The A. W. Employees Booster

**THE WEEK AFTER**

(Continued from page 1)

cook Valley trunk line. Our people want to see something doing on this piece of road.

Then, too the matter of a Memorial to the soldiers, sailors and nurses of the World War, has called forth much comment. Doubtless what has been said regarding this matter would fill column after column if put in type—some of it would be of value to the committee who will have the matter in charge and some would not be practical. It does seem that time enough has elapsed since the signing of the armistice to warrant the erecting of the coming summer of an honor roll in some conspicuous place along the Main street in our village. As a town which prides itself on being somewhere near up to date, it would seem that she should have done something before this—besides talk. The boys expect something definite along this line and are entitled to it. Let progress be made and an honor roll be placed in position as early as satisfactory arrangements can be completed. Delay in this regard is getting on the nerves of some of our people, as well as the returned veterans. It may seem best to take a much longer time in considering a fitting memorial and what is best to erect for this purpose, but it is not wise to longer delay the making of necessary arrangements to procure and erect an honor roll.

If the matter of lighting our streets by electricity could be settled for more than a year at a time it would remove a topic for discussion that might be injurious to the development of town meeting oratory, yet there are those who would make a desperate effort to survive the shock. The past few years the Precinct has paid for lighting the streets within its confines and this year it was thought best to have this included within the town limits.

Dismissing ten articles of the warrant, in some cases after sufficient time for discussion had been given was a record breaker for our town and materially cut down the time of doing the business under the warrant.

The article dealing with the pay of the Selectmen, which appeared to be an increase in their salary, and the suggestion that the Road agents were worth more than just day pay when they were actually at work, called forth some very favorable remarks, yet it was not thought best to change the mode of payment, but reason and sound judgment should govern these things and where deemed advisable it was the sense of the meeting that changes should be made to conform with the conditions and requirements.

The Antrim town history was published in 1877 and it was stated that in the past forty three years our town has been making history that is worthy of record and it was wisely suggested that steps be taken to consider this matter. To publish a volume that will compare with the former histo-

ry and be anything like what our people would desire, it will take much time and careful thought. A committee soon to be appointed will consider the matter and report.

The customary business of the Precinct did not take a long time to transact, and the articles in the warrant were disposed of in short order. Acting under the last article in the warrant the matter of sewerage for our village was considered at some length. While this is a very important matter and should be seriously thought of by all our people, it was decided that as nothing definite could be done about it at this meeting and more people should be present at a meeting especially called to consider this matter, it was voted to adjourn to May 5, to hear some report from the Commissioners upon this subject.

The moderators at these meetings are the busy men and their courtesy and ability to push along the business in an expeditious manner and not appear to overdo this one thing, is very commendable. D. W. Cooley, for a number of years presiding officer of the school meeting, and W. E. Cram, who has wielded the gavel for many town meetings, are to be congratulated on the success of their efforts. A new man appears this year as moderator of the Precinct meeting, H. W. Johnson; he is not a new man at this business, however, and his voice and manner of conducting the business was very acceptable to all present.

**HILLSBORO**

The Gleason Young post, No. 59, at their last meeting unanimously voted to urge Congress to pass the proposed bill relative to paying each veteran \$50 per month for every month of service.

A certain ex sergeant in one of the western states is quoted as saying that if the bill was passed the money would be thrown away. Such a statement coming from an ex-soldier might be true in a few cases, the local boys state, but the big majority of ex-service men right here in this locality would use money the government would see fit to give them for actual necessities of life.

About \$30,000 has already been raised for the proposed memorial building, but the entire cost will take at least \$25,000 more.

The building now proposed will cost the community between \$50,000 and \$60,000.

Mrs. J. B. Smith has offered \$10,000 toward the building. Her son, Lieut. Archibald Smith, made the supreme sacrifice over there.

The Gleason Young post, American Legion, is much interested in the proposed plan for the erection of the memorial building.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

**EAST ANTRIM**

George A. Cochran, who has been restricted to his house since the 27th of September, is again getting outside, breathing the snowy air. He was knocked down by an auto on the above date, driven by W. M. Smith, who was in the employ of J. Bryant Chickering Grinder Co., Springfield, Vermont. Mr. Cochran claims it was a case of sheer carelessness on the part of the auto driver.

**Church Notes**

The subject of Rev. J. D. Cameron's sermon next Sunday morning will be "Problems Before the Church."

The preacher at the evening union service in the Presbyterian church next Sunday will be Rev. Henry A. Coolidge. He will speak on the subject "Salvation of Life unto Life."

**Ask Your Soldier Boy How "Coolies" Got Such a Hold**

He'll tell you that the battlefronts of Europe were swarming with rats, which carried the dangerous vermin and caused our men misery. Don't let rats bring disease into your home. When you see the first one get RAT-SNAP. That will finish them quick. Three sizes. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed by Cram's Store and Antrim Pharmacy.

**Odd Paragraphs**

It is easier for a man to bluff his creditors than his wife.

It isn't what a man is going to do that adds to his bank balance.

Women are naturally tender-hearted. No woman ever deliberately stepped on a mouse.

Richard S. Jones, editor of a newspaper for soldiers, in addressing a committee at Washington regarding a suitable bonus for soldiers, said "The feeling among ex-soldiers is that they should be given at least an even break with those who worked in shipyards or munition plants." Our gallant men who wore the khaki and received \$1 per day while their fellows were paid fabulous wages in war industries, are entitled to additional compensation, and Congress now has the matter under consideration.

**Mr. E. C. King Tells a Wonderful Story About Rats. Read It.**

"For months my place was alive with rats. Losing chickens, eggs, feed. Friend told me to try RAT-SNAP. I did. Somewhat disappointed at first, not seeing many dead rats, but in a few days didn't see a live one. What were not killed are not around my place. RAT-SNAP sure does the trick." Three sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed by Cram's Store and Antrim Pharmacy.

**W. R. C. Notes**

Ephraim Weston W. R. C. met as usual on Tuesday evening, a goodly number being present. After the routine work, a social hour was enjoyed, with Mrs. Barker and Mrs. John Burnham acting as hostesses. Mrs. Parker was presented with a birthday cake, lighted with candles. Refreshments of cocoa, sandwiches, cookies, olives and candy were served. A jolly time to smile over for future reference.

Mrs. Ida B. Robb, Press-Cor.

**WANTED**—Capable woman for housekeeper in small family. Must be good plain cook. A good position for the right person. References required. Address, Box 406, Nashua, N. H.

**Luke Rielly Says, "The Rat Died Before Reaching the River"**

"Since moving near the river 2 years ago, we've always used RAT-SNAP. Watched a vicious water rat, nibbling at RAT-SNAP outside the house. About 15 minutes later he darted off for the water, to cool his burning stomach, but he died before reaching it." Three sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed by Cram's Store and Antrim Pharmacy.

**What the Kaiser Told Roosevelt**

**THE FULL ACCOUNT**

of Roosevelt's reception at the various courts of Europe, describing intimately his remarkable interviews with the Kaiser, are told in Roosevelt's own words exclusively in

**SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE**

at your dealers or send \$1.00 now to SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE, New York City, for three numbers containing

Roosevelt's Own Letter



LEONARD WOOD.

**LEONARD WOOD'S ACTIVE CAREER**

Brief Story of His Life as Doctor, Soldier and Statesman—His Boyhood and Student Days.

By JOHN G. HOLME.

On December 12, 1859, Leonard Wood, a Major-General of Volunteers in the United States Army, received one of the most remarkable orders that any government has ever issued to any army officer.

He was made Governor-General of an island which for four hundred years had been a colonial dependency of one of the most reactionary monarchies on the face of the earth and was commanded to train its militia and a half inhabitants, who had never had any voice in their government, for republican self-government. He was ordered to perform this gigantic task as quickly as possible, for the diplomatic telescopes of all the governments of the world were trained on the United States and the island, which happened to be, in natural resources, probably the richest spot of its size on the globe. The governments of Europe, Asia and South America wanted to know whether Uncle Sam really meant what he said when he pledged himself to free Cuba, or whether he was really going to annex Cuba with her inexhaustible sugar bowl.

The work before Wood was to build, rebuild and repair all the civil institutions of Cuba, such as the courts, the customs and postal departments, the school and electoral systems, establish lines of communication, expel the epidemics, train native public officials and supervise the writing of the Constitution. When Cuba was able to stand on her own feet, Wood was to come home.

Two years before the man who was commanded to perform this extraordinary task had been an obscure army doctor with the rank and pay of a captain. He had distinguished himself in the Spanish-American War as Colonel of the Rough Riders, the famous regiment of aristocrats and cowpunchers of which Theodore Roosevelt later became the commander when Wood was advanced to the rank of Brigadier-General. Wood had done a big job as Military Governor of Santiago de Cuba, and his success there had paved the way for his Governorship of all Cuba. Now that he looms big as Presidential possibility, the American people are more than ever interested in his career, in the forces and influences which have shaped his active life.

Leonard Wood was born in the village of Winchester, N. H., on October 9, 1850, and is therefore fifty-nine years of age. He comes of an old American stock which settled in New England long before the Revolution. One of his ancestors, Peregrine White, was the first white child born in Plymouth colony. Another ancestor, John Nixon, was one of Washington's Brigadiers, fighting through the Revolution, Leonard Wood's father, Dr. Charles Jewett Wood, left his wife and infant son, the future General, to respond to Lincoln's first call for volunteers. He was invalided home just before the Confederacy surrendered.

After the Civil War the family moved to Cape Cod, Massachusetts, settling in the village of Pocasset, where Leonard Wood grew up, attended the district school and later Pierce Academy, Middleboro, Mass. Here he distinguished himself as an all-around athlete. He showed a fondness for the languages and history. In his work he was persevering rather than ready. (To be continued.)

**WOOD'S MANAGERS CLAIM 300 VOTES**

Senator Moses and W. S. Procter See Powerful Support for Their Candidate — Hitchcock Joins General.

New York.—When Senator George H. Moses and William Cooper Procter, managers of General Leonard Wood's campaign for the Republican nomination for President, made their claim that he would have 300 pledged delegates when the Chicago convention opened, General Wood's rivals smiled.

Every day that has passed since the claim was made convinces General Wood's supporters that it will be more than fulfilled. All of the States claimed by Senator Moses and Mr. Procter are running true to expected form, and in addition General Wood is developing unusual strength in unexpected places.

Claims are made by supporters of Senator Johnson, Senator Harding, Governor Lowden and other aspirants for the nomination, but none of them has gotten down to cases and named the locations from which pledged delegates are expected to come. Senator Moses, on the other hand, specifically states where General Wood's first 300 delegates are coming from. Senator Moses said:

"New York, New England, New Jersey and Delaware will give General Wood 100 delegates; the Middle West and Northwest will furnish 100 more; the South Atlantic States 50 and the Interior South and Southwestern States 50 more."

Since this claim was made the Wood managers have received reports from all sections of the country, showing that each of the sections mentioned by Senator Moses is getting stronger and stronger for Wood.

General Wood confesses himself gratified, flattered and surprised over the receptions accorded him everywhere he has spoken. A few days ago he told a number of his friends that while the enthusiasm and tumultuous applause of the large crowds impressed him tremendously, he was deeply touched by the great number of personal assurances he had received from individuals—men and women who had stood in line for long periods to shake hands with him and pledge him their whole-hearted support.

Although the supporters of General Wood's rivals have attempted to slur him in many ways, General Wood is conducting his campaign on the highest plane of dignity and has never yet made an uncomplimentary allusion to any of the other aspirants for the nomination. One of the most recent efforts to strike at Wood was a slurring reference to General Wood as "the man in uniform." When this was brought to General Wood's attention by some of his supporters, he immediately issued this statement:

"I have no apologies for the American uniform. If I had it would be an insult to every American soldier who died in France or in previous wars we have waged."

With Frank H. Hitchcock, former postmaster general, and manager of William Howard Taft's campaign in 1908, now actively affiliated with the Wood management, National Campaign Manager Procter is confident that an unentablent combination has been formed. Mr. Hitchcock does not succeed Mr. Procter, but will have co-ordinate authority with him, both working to their utmost ability in the furtherance of General Wood's campaign.

In entering upon his work with the Wood campaign Mr. Hitchcock said there was every reason for being confident of Wood's nomination because he is the outstanding candidate and the man with whom the Republican party undoubtedly can win in November.



**Figure Paint Costs with a Brush not a Pencil**

It isn't so much what paint costs a gallon that counts. It's how much a gallon will cover and how long it takes to cover it.

If your paint costs less, and still the painting costs more, you lose.

**Low's Mother HIGH STANDARD LIQUID PAINT**

costs less because it goes so far and lasts so long. We prove it.

Ask for a High Standard Color Card

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**FIRE INSURANCE Auto Insurance**

I have reliable companies and will do your business for you with promptness and accuracy, having had many years of experience.

W. C. HILLS Antrim, N. H.

**H. B. Currier Mortician**

Hillsboro and Antrim, N. H. Telephone connection

**MAX ISRAEL**

Henniker, N. H.

**SCHOOL BOARD'S NOTICE**

The School Board meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town Hall block, the Last Friday afternoon in each month, at 2 o'clock, to transact School District business and to hear all parties.

MATTIE L. H. PROCTOR, EMMA S. GOODELL, CHARLES S. ABBOTT, Antrim School Board.

**W. L. Lawrence ANTRIM, N. H.**

Sole Agent for

**Geo. E. Buxton FLORIST**

The Largest Greenhouses in Southern N. H.

FLOWERS for all OCCASIONS

Flowers by Telephone to All Parts of U. S.

Phone 311-W NASHUA, N. H.

**BACK ACHING?**  
That "back" ache probably due to weak kidneys. It is caused by low grip, cold, or overwork. It shows in constant dull throbbing backache, or sharp twinges when bending or lifting. You have headaches, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling, and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have moved themselves from kidney ills by timely use of Doan's. Ask your neighbor!

**A Massachusetts Case**  
Thomas, the electrician, line sub-station operator, 24 Hill St., Massachusetts, says: "About three years ago I was suffering with severe pain in my kidneys. I could hardly bend over, my back was sore and lame, and mornings I felt more tired than before going to bed. My kidneys acted too freely. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I did. They helped me from the first and when I used three boxes I was cured."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**HEARTBURN**  
Caused by  
**Acid-Stomach**

That bitter heartburn, belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloating after eating—all are caused by acid-stomach. But they are only first symptoms—danger signals to warn you of awful troubles if not stopped. Headache, biliousness, rheumatism, colic, flatulence, listless feeling, lack of energy, dizziness, insomnia, even cancer and ulcers of the intestine, may be other ailments are traceable to ACID-STOMACH.

Thousands—yes, millions—of people who ought to be well and strong are mere weaklings because of acid-stomach. They starve in the midst of plenty because they do not eat enough strength and vitality from the food they eat.

Take **EATONIC** and give your stomach a chance to do its work right. Make it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. **EATONIC** brings quick relief for heartburn, belching, indigestion and other stomach troubles. It proves digestion. It helps you get full strength from your food. Thousands say **EATONIC** is the most wonderful stomach remedy in the world. Bring them relief when everything else failed.

Our best testimonial is what **EATONIC** will do for you. Get a big 50c box of **EATONIC** today from your druggist. Use it five days—if you're not pleased, return it and get your money back.

**EATONIC**  
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

**Children Who Are Sickly**  
When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their children's comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of **Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children** for use throughout the season. They tend to break up colds, relieve feverishness, constipation, teething disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. These sweet powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach and give healthful sleep. Don't accept by regulating the child's any substitute system.

Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by all druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address: Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. Be sure you get the genuine.

**Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.**

**IF YOU GET YOUR FEET WET**  
don't have a cold afterwards—take **HALE'S HONEY** of Horsehoof and Tar. Nothing better than this safe, dependable home remedy for healing and soothing throat troubles and clearing up coughs.

30c at all druggists. Use Hale's Throat Drops.

**That's Right, Say "I Want GELERY KING"**

Take a cup to regulate your bowels, to purify your blood and make you strong so you can withstand an attack of grippe if it happens to come along this winter. It's one great vegetable laxative and it won't cost you but a few cents to find it out. Children like it.

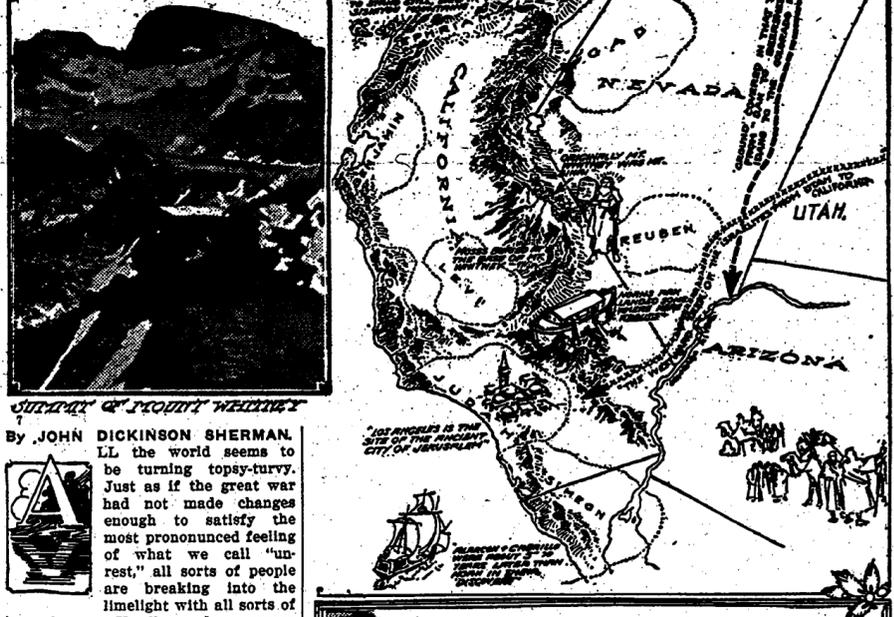
**Representative Wanted**  
If you have the right kind of ability and ambition, you can earn from \$5,000 to \$10,000 per year in your district in marketing high grade stocks and bonds. The man selected by us must have the selling instinct and the ambition and determination to succeed. Give full particulars regarding qualifications, experience and references. Address: Box 51, WALL STREET PUBL'GTY, Inc., 230 Broadway, New York City.

**Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young**  
See 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Tablets 25c.

**GOLDS** are unnecessary—but if you feel one coming on take immediately **HURLBURT'S Camphor Pills** and stop the cold at the very start. 50 Cents at All Druggists. **THE KELLE COMPANY, Newburgh, N. Y.**

**Our Clients Received**  
25c return last year from investments on advised; will do better this year. Ask "How?" Address: Maroonia Selected Values, 409 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey.

**Old Testament History In the Southwest**



By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN.

LL the world seems to be turning topsy-turvy. Just as if the great war had not made changes enough to satisfy the most pronounced feeling of what we call "unrest," all sorts of people are breaking into the limelight with all sorts of iconoclasm. Hardly a day passes without some iconoclast getting on the first page.

For example, there's that German astronomer and scientist Prof. Albert Einstein, with his theory of "relativity." This "relativity" theory is so wonderful that only twelve men in all the world are able to understand it. It is stated, no wonder, it knocks all established theories into a cocked hat. The professor holds, it is generally understood, that our ideas of time and space are all wrong and that Newton should turn over in his grave and guess again at the law of gravitation.

Then there's Marconi, the Italian who is so busy in the world of wireless telegraphy. He come forward with the statement that Mars or Venus or some other planet is running in signals on his wireless and is trying to say "Hello, Earth! Let's have a little talk!"

And now jumps into the spotlight L. B. Larsen of Portland, Ore., author and theologian, who says—well, anyway, his discoveries are calculated to shake our faith in the Bible, which nowadays is about the only thing a man can really tie to. But first a few facts by way of preliminary, as a sort of shock-absorber.

In the State of California, on the Pacific, is the Cabrillo national monument. It was created October 14, 1913, by proclamation of President Wilson, under the act for the preservation of American antiquities approved June 8, 1906. All regular, you see; here's something, moreover, on which the president and congress agree.

Cabrillo national monument was dedicated by the United States to the people because it is believed to be on the identical spot first sighted by Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo September 28, 1542, on voyage of discovery of the Pacific past Vasco Nunez de Balboa, first European to see the Pacific, gazed on it from a high peak of the Isthmus of Panama in 1513. Cabrillo was the first of Europeans to see California from that same Pacific. To be sure, Hernando de Alarcón explored the mouth of the Colorado in 1540 or thereabouts and Francisco Vasquez de Coronado was exploring Arizona and New Mexico about the same time—he may even have got as far as Kansas—but Cabrillo national monument is a sort of Pacific ocean Columbus' Watling Island.

This American Southwest had its own civilization long before the Spaniard "discovered" it—so long before that the prehistoric people who lived in its cliff-dwellings and pueblos had vanished before his arrival. Nobody knows who they were, where they came from or what became of them. Excavations in Mesa Verde national park in Colorado, in Bandelier national monument in New Mexico and in other regions abounding in prehistoric ruins, have so far failed to solve the mystery. That they had progressed quite a way on the way to civilization is evident. They made clay utensils, wove cloth, constructed stone buildings, had ceremonial structures, practiced irrigation, used cold-air refrigerators and lived under a community organization.

And now this L. B. Larsen of Port-

land, Ore., author and theologian, throws all this interesting past into the discard as modern and unimportant. Of the Cabrillo national monument he says "pooh, pooh," and of the cliff-dwellings "tut, tut."

This American Southwest, says L. B. Larsen of Portland, Ore., author and theologian—and he doesn't care who knows it—is the Biblical land of the Children of Israel, and the history of the Old Testament took place right there.

And what's more, Mr. Larsen of Portland, Ore., has written a book to furnish proof that what he says is the truth. The title of the book is "The Key to the Bible and Heaven."

Mr. Larsen says, by way of starter, that Adam and Eve were the original Argonauts and the progenitors of the Native Sons and Daughters of the Golden West. The Garden of Eden was in the present State of Missouri.

Noah, says Mr. Larsen, landed on a California mountain, after the flood. Strangely enough he makes no mention of the mighty Paul Bunyan. Of course, it is possible that he never heard of him, being an author and theologian, and not a lumberjack. Now, this boss logger of all boss loggers, Paul Bunyan, is the very fellow who got out the timbers for Noah's ark. Maybe he caused the flood. A writer in the Saturday Evening Post used Paul to bolster up a piece of fiction only the other day, and spoke of him thus:

"The contract, as everyone knows, called for the delivery of gopher wood. But old Bunyan was something of a shipbuilder himself and he knew gopher timbers would never do. So he searched the whole world over and finally decided that Oregon fir was best suited for Noah's purpose."

"At that time, as you will remember, the Cascade mountains and the Sierra Nevada formed the unbroken western shore of an inland sea that extended eastward to the Rockies. Bunyan discovered that the level of this inland sea was much higher than the level of the Pacific ocean, so he set the Big Swede to work digging a ditch through the Cascades. The Big Swede, as loggers know, is Bunyan's foreman and has charge of all the log drives."

"When the ditch was finished—today folks call it the Columbia river—Bunyan was ready with his logs. It took the best of his white-water boys to handle that drive, for the rush of water from the inland sea carried the logs out to the ocean in a great hurry and created such a tide that they had hardly time to gather the logs into a raft before they found themselves in Noah's home port."

"Some of the scientifically inclined

loggers like to argue that this sudden draining of the inland sea caused a slight shifting of the earth's center of gravity and that this shifting caused the flood about which Noah had received advance information."

Los Angeles, says Mr. Larsen, is the site of ancient Jerusalem.

Sodom and Gomorrah were in Utah. Mount Whitney, he says, is undoubtedly Mt. Sialal, and Moses is buried at its base. Mount Whitney is in Tulare county and marks the eastern boundary of the proposed Roosevelt national park, to be created out of a greatly enlarged Sequoia national park. So Roosevelt national park will be a double memorial.

Arizona is where the Israelites sojourned while awaiting the return of Moses. They had their headquarters either in the Grand canyon or at Casa Grande. Grand canyon is now a national park and Casa Grande (Great Building) is a national monument.

Mr. Larsen shows that Israel's twelve tribes occupied practically all the Pacific coast from the Mexican border to the Canadian line.

The tribe of Simeon lived around San Diego, it seems, spilling down into Mexico and the Gulf of Lower California. Judah occupied the domain from Los Angeles to Santa Barbara. Levi made headquarters at Bakersfield, and Benjamin flourished near San Francisco. Ephraim's territory extended up well toward Eureka, and Ruben and Gad spread out over the regions of Nevada and the eastern border of California, while Asher, Issachar, Zebulun, Manasseh and Naphtali and Dan lived in Washington, Oregon and Idaho, respectively. There seems to have been two Dan's, for we find one occupying the coast just west of Bakersfield, about where Paso Robles is now located.

The writer also clears up a moot question, in that he has fixed definitely the ground covered in that time-honored phrase, from Dan to Beersheba. He says it represents the distance on a crow's line from Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, to the Colorado river.

Notwithstanding the fact that L. B. Larsen, author and theologian, lives in Portland, Ore., and should therefore be more interested in Crater Lake and Mount Rianter National parks than in Sequoia and Grand Canyon National parks, Californians will doubtless hasten to deny that his book is "just some more Southern California literature," concocted with the idea of increasing the tourist traffic. To this denial other parts of the country will presumably say, "Ha, ha," for the ingenuity and persistence of the Golden State booster is a household word in America.

**TOWN'S FIRST FREE SCHOOL**

Dedham, Mass., Very Properly Celebrates Its Founding Nearly Three Centuries Ago.

In celebration of the two hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the starting of a free public school in Dedham, Mass., held by many to have been the first one on the continent, the schools of the town held special exercises. The free school commemorated was unbecomingly in 1645, it having been voted by the citizens assembled in town meetings that sufficient taxes be raised to establish the school. There has been free public instruction in Dedham ever since.

So fundamental and all-important is this early step of the Puritan fathers considered that the anniversaries are ever kept uppermost in the thoughts of educators and other patriotic citizens.

In 1898 the commonwealth erected a tablet on the spot where this first school was located. In 1898, the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the school, a big public celebration took place, with prominent men present. And it is expected that the same will occur in 1945, the three hundredth anniversary. — Christian Science Monitor.

Never carry away a plate from the table on which are two knives nor a saucer with two spoons.

**LIFT OFF CORNS!**  
Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

Girls are true friends when they cry together in sympathy.

A postal card to Garfield Tea, Brooklyn, N. Y., asking for a sample will repay you.—Adv.

Chinese bridesmaids always wear black.

**OLD CLOTHES DYED MAKE NEW GARMENTS**

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

The Reformation.

Admiral Mark Kerr said at an airman's wedding:

"Women often marry men, to reform them, and oftener than people think, the women succeed in this. The reformed husbands, however, are seldom very grateful."

"My wife married me to reform me," a man said bitterly on a sea voyage Cubaward.

"Did she succeed?" asked another man.

"You bet she did," said the first one. "Why I wouldn't marry again if I lived to be as old as Methusalem!"

Benefit of Silence.

"I don't see your name in the paper quite so often as it used to be, senator."

"No," replied the senator. "I find it just as well not to inform the public of my whereabouts. When they don't actually know where I am it is natural for them to believe that I am busy working for their interests."

Seeking Information.

Arthur, three years old, was watching his cousin milking a cow. This was the first time he ever saw anybody milking. He hesitated a while and said: "Are you milking the side that gives cream now?"

**112 Millions used last year to KILL COLDS**

**HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE**

Standard odd remedy for 50 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiate—brings up a cold in 24 hours—leaves no grippe in 3 days—Money back if it fails. The genuine has a red top with Mr. Hill's name.

At All Drug Stores

**Used for 70 Years**

Thus its use Grandmother's youthful appearance has remained until youth has become but a memory. The soft, refined, creamy white appearance it lends leaves the joy of Beauty with you for many years.

**Gossard's Oriental Cream**

**LOCAL AGENTS WANTED**

We deal in investments, handling entire issues of gilt-edged industrial securities. We have been in this line of business since 1864, are favorably known and have exceptional bank references. We are NOT brokers, dealing in speculative issues. Our offerings are for the careful investor.

We need a local agent in your territory. He must be a man of character and standing in the community. We offer exclusive territory and good terms to the right man.

**JESTER & COMPANY**  
Investment Securities  
(Established in 1864)  
60 Wall St., New York City

The parting words of a barber are, "Which side, please?"

Japanese Training.

Japanese children begin to study Jiu-Jitsu in their earliest years, for it is a system of physical culture, hygiene and ethics, and the exercises give strength and flexibility to the limbs. Later the pupil is shown the fine art of using an adversary's strength against himself.

When the Lot Shrinks.

"I thought you told me your lot was 50 feet wide," said the neighbor.

"So it is."

"Then why shovel only 40 feet of snow off your walk?"

Curiosity.

Boy (to butcher who had put on a bone to make up weight)—Mother said the pork she had this morning was all bone.

Butcher—Run home and tell your mother that the next pig I kill without bones I'll make her a present of it.

Boy (a few minutes after)—Mother says the next pig you kill that has got mutton bones in, she would like to buy the whole carcass as a curiosity.

The Wrong Disease.

A Greencastle physician was approached by a patient who was in poor health. The patient explained his illness, and also the fact that he was not able to pay for the professional services at once, but would do so within a short time. He got the medical services and was improving nicely, in fact he had recovered sufficiently to go to work. The patient met the physician, who broached the subject of his fees. The patient said: "Well, doc, don't you know I was just talking to another doctor, and he told me you doctored me for the wrong thing, and I don't want to pay you for doctoring me for the wrong disease."—Indianapolis News.

**Health and Comfort Flavor and Economy**

**POSTUM CEREAL**

gives you every desirable quality in a table beverage and has none of the harm of coffee.

This All-American table beverage must be boiled 20 minutes.

For children and grown-ups.

"There's a Reason"

Two Sizes 25¢ and 15¢ All grocers.

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.



**Facts for Sick Women**

**Reliable Information**

All American women know of the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in restoring to health women who suffered from ailments peculiar to their sex, yet there are some who are skeptical and do not realize that all that is claimed for it is absolutely true—if they did, our laboratory would not be half large enough to supply the demand, though today it is the largest in the country used for the manufacture of one particular medicine.

The Facts contained in the following two letters should prove of benefit to many women:

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I suffered with organic indigestion and displacement. When lifting I had much pain and bearing down that I was not able to stand up, and it hurt me to walk or go up or down stairs. I was going to a doctor without any results and he said the safest thing would be to have an operation. I met a lady who told me she had had three operations and was not well until she took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I felt relief after taking two bottles of Vegetable Compound and I kept on with it until I was cured. I always use Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and they are fine. Everything used to turn sour on my stomach and the Liver Pills relieved that."—Mrs. A. BOGARD, 563 Fargo Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sacramento, Calif.—"I had organic trouble and had such terrible pain and swelling in the lower part of my side that I could not stand on my feet or even let the bed clothes touch my side. I gave up my work thinking I would not be able to go back for months. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had saved her life at one time, and it put me in a wonderful condition in a couple of weeks, so I can keep on working. I work in a department store and have to stand on my feet all day and I do not have any more pains. I surely recommend your Vegetable Compound to all my friends and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—BERTHA J. PARKER, 3220 M St., Sacramento, Calif.

The fact is, the Best Medicine for Women is

**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

**NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE NEWS**

**Eagle boats Nos. 2 and 3** have arrived at the Portsmouth, N. H., navy yard from Archangel, Russia, being the first two boats of the eagle type sent across the ocean during the war.

Exhaustion from walking through the deep snow toward his home, two miles from the center of Meriden, is believed to have caused the death of Oscar French, a farmer, 50 years of age. His body was found in a snowbank.

Mr. Gregg of South Newport, who will be 73 years of age next month, went upon his roof town meeting day and shoveled the snow off. He went from the piazza roof to the ridge-pole and over without the assistance of a ladder.

Frank Burbanks of Hillsboro has kept track of all the snow storms this year, and up to the Saturday blizzard we have had 25 storms, and 74 inches of snow has fallen; in other words, 6 feet and two inches. The first snow that came is still down at the bottom of the pile.

The sale of war saving stamps at the Concord postoffice during the year 1919 amounted to \$34,988.15, the largest in the state, with the exception of Manchester. The sales throughout Merrimack county also averaged large, nine offices reporting from \$1,500 to \$10,000 each.

Curtis W. Davis, more than 25 years transient officer in Manchester, N. H., died there from a shock. He was president of the Manchester-Vermont association and active in Republican politics. He was born in Vermont, Feb. 11, 1861, but had lived in Manchester many years.

Under a new order of the post master general, going into effect March 15, all the affairs of the third-class and fourth-class postoffices of the state are placed under the Concord office, so far as supervision of their financial matters is concerned. That makes Postmaster George E. Farrand responsible for the condition of 415 offices, or all but 27, in New Hampshire.

**Endorses Plan for "American Day"**  
The National Security league announces that it has received an endorsement of its plan to make May 1 "American day", from Gov. John H. Bartlett of New Hampshire.

**Arrests Man As Dover Burglar**  
Charged with burglarizing the jewelry store of David M. Howard of Dover and the larceny of \$2000 worth of diamonds and other valuables, Joseph Cavanagh of Medford, Mass., was arraigned following his arrest.

**Exeter Strike Ends**  
The 600 employes of the Exeter Manufacturing Company who have been on strike since March 1 have returned to work. It was announced a satisfactory arrangement had been made between the company and the union.

**Re-elected for Seventh Time**  
Fred H. Brown was re-elected mayor of Somersworth for the seventh time in the city elections. The same city council was elected, everything going democratic. A total of 443 votes were cast out of a possible 1,000 eligible voters.

**Award \$22,785 to Plant Bros.**  
Plant Brothers & Co., Manchester, was awarded judgment of \$22,785.11 in their case against the city of Manchester by Chief Justice Kivel. The occasion calls for the execution of the award April 16.

**Keene to Have "Y" Conference**  
Keene is to have a New Hampshire Older Boys "Y" conference which is to be held there March 26, 27 and 28. About 400 boys and leaders from all parts of the state are expected to be present at the sessions. A program of sports and addresses has been arranged and final details were completed this week, except for securing all of the speakers.

**To Supervise Future Bouts**  
Professional boxing exhibitions in Manchester will hereafter be supervised by a semi-official boxing commission, consisting of Police Chief M. J. Healy and the members of the aldermanic license committee.

The move is made to protect the boxing patrons from being imposed upon by the promotion of fake matches or one-sided bouts and the decision to establish the commission was stimulated as a result of the bout held last week, which developed into one of the biggest fistic fiascos in the annals of the local ring game.

**Manchester Ice Jumps To 50 Cents**  
Ice will jump to 50 cents per 100 pounds next summer, an increase of 5 cents, despite the extreme cold weather and the big crop harvested. W. H. Maxwell of the Maxwell Ice Company and Albert J. Precourt of the Manchester Coal & Ice Company say the increase will be imperative because of the high cost of labor and conditions during the winter which increased the cost of harvesting to three times that of any previous year.

**Accidental Gunshot Severely Wounds Boy**  
Clarence Perry, the 14 year old son of Albert Perry of Stratford Center was painfully wounded in the hand by the accidental discharge of a gun which he was cleaning. At the city hospital at Rochester where he was taken; it was at first thought that he would lose his hand, but the surgeons now believe it can be saved.

**Enlightenment Essays**  
The best essay on "Benefits of Enlistment in the U. S. Army" in the Keene high school was presented by Miss Louise I. Wilder, a student in the junior class. She will receive a fountain pen donated by G. E. Tilden & Co. Her essay will be forwarded to Portland, Me., where it will be entered in competition with essays written by other pupils in the country.

**Excellent Herd Sire Purchased**  
Ernest P. Quimby of Cornish Flat has bought a registered Holstein bull of C. A. Fisher, Spencer, N. Y. His dam made 16.39 pounds of butter in seven days at 2 years and 26 days, average 4.31 per cent fat. The two nearest dams of his sire average 34.27 pounds of butter in seven days. He is a grandson of Rag Apple Klondyke 8th, who sold for \$50,000, and his son, Rag Apple the Great, sold for \$125,000 at auction. The calf is great grandson on both sire and dam's side of Colanthe Johanna Ead, 133 A. R. O.; daughters, 28 from 30 to 38.25 pounds; 60 from 20 to 29.69 pounds; 92 sons with A. R. O. daughters; 62 grand-daughters from 30 to 43.05 pounds.

**Public Shares Will of Concord Woman**  
The will just probated of Grace Pickering Smith, late of Concord, gives \$1000 each to the South Congregational Church, the Female Charity Society and the Centennial Home for the Aged; \$5000 each to the Margaret Pillsbury General Hospital and the New Hampshire Memorial Hospital, all of Concord; and \$500 each to the Girls Friendly Club of Concord, the Orphans Home at Franklin and the Children's Aid and Protective Society of Manchester.

The residue will be divided among the Concord District Nursing Association, the Concord Charity Organization and the Woman's Association of the South Congregational Church.

**Busy on Medals for Vets**  
Adjutant General Howard and his corps of assistants are extremely busy these days making arrangements to send out the 20,000 bronze medals and certificates which will be presented to the soldiers as a tribute from New Hampshire to its veteran sons. The matter of how to get these testimonials into the hands of the men is an important problem, as the postage requirements are such that the payment of 30 cents postage will have to be made on each and this will involve an expenditure of about \$6,000. Some means will be sought, if possible, to have them distributed without this added expense, possibly to the various Legion posts, which now extend pretty well over the state.

**Boy's Courage Brings Help to Starving Tot**  
His four brothers and sisters, one an 8 months' old baby, were saved from possible death by starvation in their snow-buried hut near Lebanon by the bravery of 14-year-old George Badger, who burrowed his way for miles through monster snowdrifts to summon aid.

The nearly starved children were taken from the isolated hut near the Glenwood cemetery and taken to Lebanon. The father of the children and the mother, one of whom is employed in Lebanon, the other in Enfield, were unable to reach home following the last storm. For more than 48 hours the children were without food or drink.

**New Industry for New Hampshire**  
The Newington Shipyard of the Emergency Fleet corporation, located just north of Portsmouth, on the Piscataqua river, which has been purchased by the Atlantic Dyestuff company of Boston, will be utilized as a site for a new and greatly enlarged works, to care for a rapidly increasing dyestuff business.

The Newington Shipyard was constructed in 1918 for the purpose of building wooden ships in which to carry troops and supplies to Europe. A number of ways were laid down and 11 ships of about 3,000 tons gross were launched, but never put into service; these are still tied up at the docks on the property; two uncompleted ships are yet on the ways and will perhaps never be completed.

With the property the Atlantic company also gets a vast amount of equipment—electrical, mechanical and structural—as well as large stores of building and other material.

The property purchased by the Atlantic company is located four miles north of the city of Portsmouth, at Newington station.

**Find Dead Body of Farmer in Bed**  
The body of Frederick A. Meader, 74-year-old farmer, was found in bed at his Hill Centre farmhouse by a party of "road breakers." He had been living alone for several weeks. The elderly farmer had been dead for a number of days. A horse tied in the barn was weak from hunger and thirst. Meader is survived by a brother and a sister, who live in Lakesport.

**WRIGLEYS**

Here's to teeth, appetite, digestion!

The flavor lasts—and the electrically-sealed package brings

**WRIGLEYS**

to you with all its goodness perfectly preserved.

Sealed Tight—Kept Right!

Blind Man Splices Rope. Blind men in a Pacific coast institution have become expert rope splicers and knotters with a very brief series of lessons.

**OUCH! LUMBAGO PAIN! RUB BACKACHE AWAY**

Instant Relief With a Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.—Adv.

Nail This, Quick!  
"Why has he named his motor Wilton?"  
"Because it's his car-pet."

**BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.**

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

A Plea.  
"I have always maintained that alcohol is a food." "Me, too. Could you help a starving man?"

The Cuticura Toilet Trio  
Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

For never, never, wicked man was wise.—Pope.

**MURINE**  
Night Morning  
Keep Your Eyes Clean, Clear, and Healthy

W. N. U., BOSTON, NO. 12-1920.

A father gets some of his boy's company if the boy has to come to him for pocket money.

Every human heart is human.—Longfellow.

**HOMELESS!**  
Constipation, Headache, Colds, Biliousness, driven out with "Cascarets"

Health is the fashion. Take Garfield Tea, the herb laxative which purifies the blood and brings good health.—Adv.

Drive away those persistent enemies of happiness—biliousness and constipation. Don't stay headachy, sick, tongue coated, sallow and miserable! Never have colds, indigestion, upset stomach or that misery-making gas. Feel splendid always by taking Cascarets occasionally. Cascarets never gripe, sicken or inconvenience you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty, harsh Pills. They cost so little and work while you sleep.—Adv.

Pessimists live long—like Voltaire and Schopenhauer—in spite of their pessimism about all things.

**Take Aspirin With Water**

If your Aspirin tablets have the name "Bayer" stamped on them, they are genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," proved safe by millions of people. The name "Bayer" identifies the true world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Always drink one or two glasses of water after taking the tablets. Each unbroken "Bayer package" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuritis, and for Pain.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" of the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is made in the Bayer Manufacturing Monopolies of Germany.

**CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS**

Tells How to Get Quick Relief From Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

Accommodating.  
"Will you do me a favor?" asked the shabby-looking visitor.

"No, I won't," growled Mr. Grumpson. "I presume you want money."

"Well, I'd be glad to do you a favor," replied the visitor as he edged toward the door. "I'd be so tickled to act as your palbearer that I'd even provide my own white gloves."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

**WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT**

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

There are no buffet cars on a train of disasters.

Garfield Tea stimulates the liver, corrects constipation, cleanses the system and rids the blood of impurities. All druggists.—Adv.

Falling in love is often a serious accident.

**Sure Relief**

BELLANS  
INDIGESTION  
NO COST

6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

**BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION**

**OLIVE TAR** For internal and external use

Useful for winter throat troubles, coughs, croup, whooping cough, etc.

**for bronchitis**

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**

**HINDERCORNS**

**Indian Guide--Great Pile Cure**

**FRECKLES**

# The Reporter Press

Our best advertisement is the large number of pleased customers which we have served. Ask any one who has had their Job Printing done at this office what they think of our line of work. Our Job Department has steadily increased with the years and this is the result of Re-orders from pleased customers. This means good work at the right prices.

Anybody can make low prices but it takes good workmen, good material, and a thorough knowledge of the business, to do first-class work. We have these requirements and are ready to prove our statement. A Trial Order Will Convince You.

# The Reporter Press

Telephone ANTRIM, N. H.

The Reporter Office carries in stock a good grade of Typewriter Paper, at a Fair price

# Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's no longer necessary to go into the details describing the practical merits of the Ford car; everybody knows all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes day after day and year after year at an operating expense so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge prospective buyers to place orders without delay. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We'll take good care of your order—get your Ford to you as soon as possible—and give the best in "after-service" when required.

**FRANK J. BOYD**

Authorized Agent for Ford Cars  
Sales and Service

Tel. 34-2 ANTRIM, N. H.

## Automobile LIVERY!

Parties carried Day or Night.  
Cars Rented to Responsible Drivers.  
Our satisfied patrons our best advertisement.

**J. E. Perkins & Son**  
Tel. 33-4 Antrim, N. H.

## E. D. Putnam & Son,

ANTRIM, N. H.

## Automobile LIVERY!

Trailer for Light Loads  
Prices Guaranteed Satisfactory  
Tel. 22-4.

## Bennington.

### Moving Pictures!

Town Hall, Bennington  
at 8.00 o'clock

Wednesday Evening, Mar. 17  
Wm. Desmond in  
"Beyond the Shadows"  
5 Reel Drama 2 Reel Comedy

Saturday Evening, Mar. 20  
Theda Bara in  
"Under Two Flags"  
5 reel drama  
"Fatal Fortune" Chap. II

The public schools close this week Friday for a two weeks' vacation.

Lee Rogers, of Walden, N. Y., called on old friends here last week.

Miss Myrtice Philbrick, from Manchester, is spending a few days at her home here.

Ora Sheldon and Herbert Lindsey were in Boston the first of the week, to attend the auto show.

Paul Brooks has returned from Torrington, Conn., and is with his grandmother, Mrs. Cyrus Philbrick.

Will Knowles, from Concord, made a brief visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Knowles, this week.

Mrs. Nellie Burnham has returned from Sheldon Springs, Vt., and has her grand daughter, Pearl Burnham, with her.

Dorothy H. and Donald H. Johnson, twin children of Mr. and Mrs. Lester M. Johnson, have been presented one hundred dollars each, by the Rev. Fred M. Stacy, of New York.

Major Arthur J. Pierce and Mrs. Pierce have left town for a season and are taking a pleasure trip to Italy, expecting to return the latter part of May. Their many friends wish for them a pleasant trip and a safe return home.

In our report of the town meeting last week it was unintentionally omitted that George E. Edwards was elected moderator. Mr. Edwards has held this position for a number of years, being reelected annually almost without opposition, which speaks well for his ability as a presiding officer and the courteous manner in which he conducts the meetings.

### OLDEST RESIDENT DIES

Stillman S. Dunn, aged 84 yrs., 24 days, died last Friday, as the result of a shock, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John R. Saunders, on Lake George road. Mr. Dunn was a veteran of the Civil War, and, being the oldest man in town, was the Post cane holder. He has made his home in Bennington for the past seven or eight years. Deceased is survived by his daughter, Mrs. Saunders, a son, W. C. Dunn, of Bangor, Me., a sister, Mrs. Sarah Clement, of Wilton, also two grandchildren and three nieces. Funeral services were held Monday, the 15th, at the home, conducted by Rev. William Weston, of Marlboro, and the body was taken to Greenfield for burial.

### A Card

We wish to thank the neighbors and friends for their many acts of kindness, during our recent bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Saunders  
W. C. Dunn  
Miss Maude Saunders

"The Rats Around My Place Were Wise," Says John Tutthill

"Tried everything to kill them. Mixed poison with meal, meat, cheese, etc. Wouldn't touch it. Tried RAT-SNAP; inside of ten days got rid of all rats." You don't have to mix RAT-SNAP with food. Saves fussing, bother. Break a cake of RAT-SNAP, lay it where rats scamper. You will see no more. Three sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed by Cram's Store and Antrim Pharmacy.

### CLINTON VILLAGE

Miss Marlon Davis, who has been caring for Mrs. Tenney, has returned to her home in Hancock.

Richard Brooks walked down from Windsor Sunday, and spent the day.

Waldo Brown, Maurice Fournier and Francis Whittemore attended the auto show in Boston the first of the week.

Leon Brownell visited part of last week with his sister in Malden, Mass.

John Bryer and George Sawyer have gone to work for G. H. Caughey.

E. K. Wheeler has recently sold four horses to Fred Proctor.

Charles Butterfield was in Boston Tuesday to attend the auto show.

### NORTH BRANCH

Mrs. W. D. Wheeler was sick the past week with a cold.

Miss Ethel Brown has returned to the Estey place for a season.

From all appearances spring is buried in a snow drift, and all the news with it.

Harry Richardson recently received word of the illness of his mother, of pneumonia, at her home, in Winchester, Mass.

Frank Smith was at W. D. Wheeler's Sunday. We understand he has been quite busy since the deer season "explaining things."

Charles Russell, of Windsor, was at Liberty Farm recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Ora Story were in Antrim recently on business.

George Rogers has returned to his house, the Lawrence place.

### Card of Thanks

We wish to thank the neighbors and friends for their kindness during the illness and death of Mrs. F. W. Russell; also the bearers at the funeral.

Mrs. Mabel Clark  
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Codman  
and family

## Call and See Our

ROUND OAK  
PARLOR STOVES



Glenwood Ranges and  
Wood Parlor Stoves

George W. Hunt  
ANTRIM, N. H.

## GRAND VIEW SANITARIUM AND HOSPITAL

547 Central Street, Winchendon, Mass.

A Modern Health Resort for Convalescent Cases, Semi-Invalids, and General Medical and Surgical Work. Beautifully located with views of Monadnock in the north and Wachusett in the south. Pine grove. Rates moderate. Licensed Lying-in Hospital. Confinements a specialty. Doctors' private patients will receive our special care.

Write for particulars

Julia A. Nason, R.N., Supt. Howard N. Nason, M.D., Physician



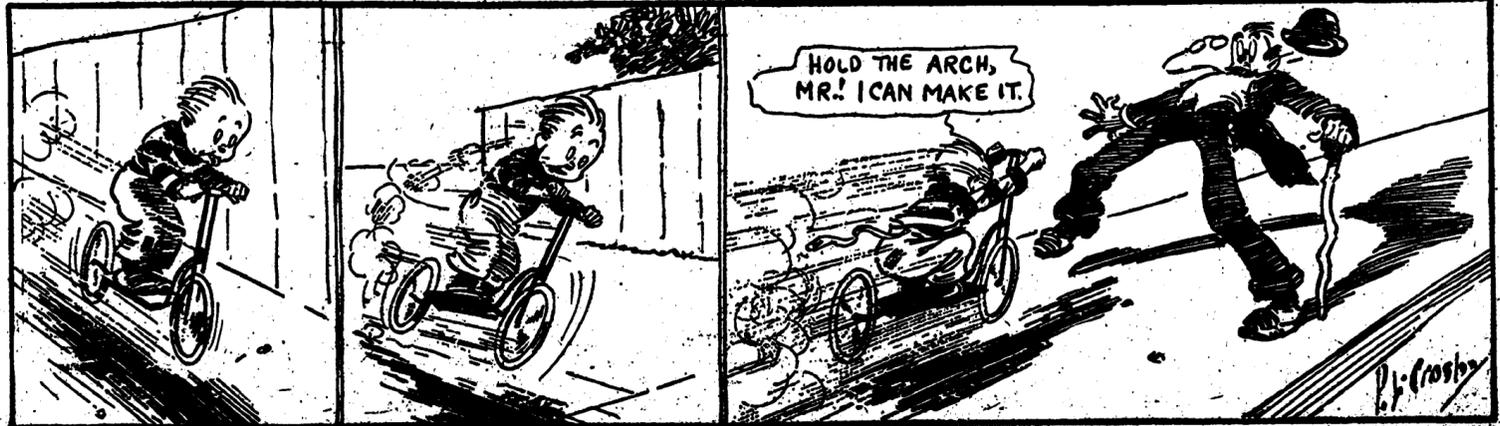
IN USE FOR MORE THAN 40 YEARS  
A Tried and Proven Remedy for  
ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER  
Two Sizes, 25c and \$1.00.

If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to  
Northrop & Lyman Co. Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.  
Free sample on request.

**DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S  
ASTHMA REMEDY**

## The Clancy Kids

A Through Train



By PERCY L. CROSBY  
© by The McClure Newspaper Syndicate