

The Antrim Reporter

State Library

VOLUME XXXVI NO. 21

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1919

5 CENTS A COPY

Cram's Store



New Shirt Waists

In Voile, Muslin, Silk, Crepe de Chene and Tub Silk. All good values, at

\$1.25 to \$5.25

SILK HOSE

Black, White, Negro, Beaver, Beige, Brown and Gray, at

79c, \$1.25

New Spring Stock of

Muslin Underwear, Bloomers

MEN'S AND BOYS'

Khaki Pants, Hats, Caps

MAY PICTORIAL NOW ON SALE

W. E. CRAM

Odd Fellows Block Store,
ANTRIM, New Hamp.

Plows, Oil Stoves, Wheelbarrows, Rubber Hose, Tin and Paper Roofing

In All These Lines of Goods I have them in stock, at Reasonable Prices

You Should See Our Line of Oil Stoves Before You Buy

George W. Hunt ANTRIM, N. H.

ACCOMMODATION!

To and From Antrim Railroad Station.
Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:
A. M. 7.08 10.24
P. M. 4.13 5.57
Sunday: 6.22, 6.43, 11.40 a. m.; 4.48 p. m.
Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes earlier than departure of train.
Stage will call for passengers if word is left at Express Office in Jameson Block.
Passengers for the early morning train should leave word at Express Office the night before.

War Tax!

Ice Cream and Mixed Sodas are now taxed one cent on ten (cents) or fraction thereof, if served on the premises. Packages of Ice Cream taken out are not taxed.

ANTRIM PHARMACY C. A. BATES ANTRIM, N. H.

Auction Sale

By W. E. Cram, Auctioneer, Antrim
J. E. Perkins & Son, having decided to go out of the horse end of the livery business, will sell at Public Auction, at their stable, in Antrim village, on Friday, May 9, at one o'clock in the afternoon, ten horses, a number of carriages, lot harnesses, robes, blankets, etc., together with some other goods. For particulars read posters.

C. L. Luce, as commissioner, will sell the Betsy F. Barrett house in Greenfield Village, at public auction, on Saturday, May 10, at 2 o'clock. This is property that must be sold to settle an estate and is centrally located and would make a good home. For other description and particulars read posters.

Children's Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

OBSERVES THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY

Waverley Lodge of Odd Fellows Has a Large Part in the Centennial Celebration

Waverley Lodge, No. 59, I. O. O. F., observed the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Order Wednesday by a big celebration. It was a red letter day in the history of the local lodge and the celebration was one of the most successful and complete in the 43 years of existence of Waverley Lodge.

The festivities commenced at 5 o'clock in the afternoon with a parade which started at Odd Fellows Hall on Main street. Lieut. Bryon G. Butterfield, a returned overseas soldier and member of Waverley lodge, was marshal, riding a handsome black horse. The Hillsborough band led the procession and was followed by a group of soldier members in uniform, in charge of Lieut. H. Burr Eldredge. A large gathering of Odd Fellows from this town, Bennington, Hancock, Frances-town and Greenfield were next in line, and then came a large number of members of Hand in Hand Lodge of Rebekahs.

A handsome feature of the parade was a float by Hand in Hand Rebekah lodge emblematic of the Order. Miss Gertrude Proctor and Miss Nelly Mudge took the leading parts impersonating Rebekah characters.

As special invited guests, Custos Morum lodge of Odd Fellows and Rebekahs from Milford were present and participated in the parade. They had two elaborate auto floats which were especially well designed and decorated.

There were two hundred members of the order in the line of parade, including four charter members of Waverley Lodge, charter members of Hand in Hand Lodge of Rebekahs, and visiting brothers and sisters. The line of march was up Elm street, to Concord street, to Main street and down to Odd Fellows hall, at point of beginning, where column was dismissed.

A banquet was served in the rooms of the Odd Fellows hall to 500 or more guests. The menu included cold meats, relishes, scalloped potatoes, fruit salads, hot rolls, pies, cakes, coffee. The capacity of the banquet rooms was taxed to the limit but the committee were able to feed the large crowd in short time and everybody appeared to particularly enjoy this phase of the celebration.

At the town hall a free public entertainment was presented during the evening. The Schubert quartette, of Boston, and Miss Una G. White, reader, of Concord, were entertainers. Features included an original poem by Past Grand Milan D. Cooper, of Waverley, which was written for the occasion. Charles S. Emerson, Grand Representative, of Milford, and Frederic E. Small, Past Grand Representative, of Rochester, were present as guests and had a prominent part on the program, making the two addresses of the evening. H. W. Eldredge, Past Grand of Waverley Lodge and Chief Patriarch of Mt. Crooked Encampment, presided. Mr. Eldredge has the distinction of being the only member with two sons who are members of Waverley (and were in the parade) with the longest terms of volun-

teer service in the world war. Dancing concluded the evening's enjoyment, music being furnished by Appleton's orchestra.

A large part of the success of the affair is due to the tireless efforts of the committee of arrangements, consisting of Edmund M. Lane, of Antrim, Allan A. Gerrard, of Bennington, and George W. Goodhue, of Hancock. They were assisted by the following committees: J. Maurice Cutler, Archie N. Nay, Edward E. George, Albert E. Holt, A. Wallace George, James J. Griswold, Mrs. Marjorie Brownell, Mrs. Mary Cram and Mrs. Anna George, banquet; J. Leon Brownell, William E. Cram and Charles F. Burnham, Miss Mamie Barrett, Mrs. Jennie Dearborn and Mrs. Blanche Thompson, parade; Charles F. Butterfield, Fred C. Raleigh and Herbert Curtis, decorations.

ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAM

Personnel of Schubert Quartet
Dr. W. Frank Ames, First Tenor
Chas. W. Swaine, Second Tenor
William W. Walker, Baritone
George E. McGowan, Bass

Star Spangled Banner
Schubert Quartet
Reading by Miss Una White
Tenor Solo, Dr. Ames
Schubert Quartet
Address by Chas. S. Emerson, G. R. Appleton's Orchestra

Bass Solo, Mr. McGowan
Schubert Quartet
Original Poem
Address by Frederic E. Small, P. G. R. Schubert Quartet Orchestra

The entertainment was said by everyone to be the best production ever brought before an Antrim audience, and never was the hall crowded as it was on this occasion. The members of Waverley Lodge were greatly pleased to know that their efforts were so signally appreciated. What helped make this occasion such a success was the willingness of the entertainers to entertain. The musicians and the reader were very generous in their appearances and their selections were of a nature unusually pleasing to the people.

We feel we ought to say something nice about the two addresses given by Bros. Emerson and Small—they deserve it, but words almost fail us in this instance. These speakers are not excelled by anyone in the state when they talk on Odd Fellowship; they know whereof they speak, and if they talk on history their knowledge is complete, and if they talk on the work of the order throughout the state, full information is at their tongue's end; the benefits derived from the workings of the order they have closely watched, and have heaps of evidence to present at a moment's notice. The speakers dealt more especially with the subject of Odd Fellowship as it had made for itself a place in different phases of our national life, yet

OUR CENTENNIAL

Original Poem by Milan D. Cooper

Through days, and months, and years that's past,
As the seasons come and go,
Through Summer's heat and sunshine,
Through Winter's ice and snow,
Our Order has pressed on its way,
Midst sorrows, joys and fears,
To this Centennial landmark—
A full one hundred years,
Through a hundred years of shifting scenes
Odd Fellowship still stands,
A loved and honored Order,
In this and other lands,
From a band of seven faithful ones
The numbers swelled and grew,
To many and many a thousand men
And faithful Women too.
Our Principles are right we know:
They're Friendship, Love and Truth;
Bearing Precepts here are found
Both for old age and youth.
We look to God our Father
Who reigns in Heavens above
And all Mankind as Brothers
Who share our works of love.
We make no boast of good we've done,
We try to do our part
To rid the world of sorrow,
And cheer the heavy heart;
We stand for right and honor
And work as best we can;
True to our God and Country,
And to our Fellow Men.
Mistakes we make,—that's Human:
We fail, and try again,
To help in times of sorrow,
Of sickness, death and pain,
And when on Earth we finish
Our work and words of Love,
We hope to meet those gone before,
In the great Lodge-room above.

both took diverging lines of thought, and gave to their hearers information which was important, instructive and interesting. They presented these facts to our people in a most convincing manner and we feel sure that as a result their hearers have a much broader view than before of the part this Great Order has had in the making of history during the past one hundred years. In the short time they had at their disposal they could tell of only a few of the good things, yet what they said will stay with our people for a long time.

Had the speakers chosen to present any other of the many different lines of activity with which this order has been identified they would have had just as many convincing facts to present, for the subject has many sides and can be treated most intelligently from a number of different angles.

Of considerable interest to many of the guests was a valuable assortment of antique china and table furnishings which were loaned by Past Grand Frank F. Roach, a charter member of Waverley lodge, who is at present one of the trustees. William H. Hill, the oldest and a charter member, was one of the honored guests of the occasion. Other charter members present besides Mr. Roach and Mr. Hill were Arthur A. Miller, of Antrim, and Dr. I. G. Anthonie, of Nashua. The distinction of being the oldest in point of years of membership in the Rebekah degree is held by Mrs. Hulda Wing, who for 51 years has held active affiliation with Rebekah Oddfellowship.

Waverley lodge commenced its history in February, 1876, being the first Lodge to be instituted in the centennial year, with 18 members and now numbers over 200. Its part during the World War was a memorable one, many of its members volunteering for service early after the entrance of the United States in the conflict.

The present officers, all of whom were prominently identified with the celebration, are: Peter C. Wickham, Noble Grand; Maurice A. Poor, Vice Grand; H. W. Eldredge, Recording Secretary; Morris E. Nay, Financial Secretary; Fred I. Burnham, Treasurer; Charles L. Fowler, R. S. N. G.; Edward E. George, L. S. N. G.; Bartlett L. Brooks, Warden; H. Burr Eldredge, Conductor; Charles F. Burnham, R. S. S.; E. W. Sturtevant, L. S. S.; Charles L. Eaton, Inside Guard; Walter C. Hills, Outside Guard; Milan D. Cooper, Chaplain; Everett N. Davis, R. S. V. G.; Burton L. Preston, L. S. V. G.; Philip W. Whittemore, Past Grand.

"Victory" in the State

The week-end brought the expected break-through of New Hampshire towns in the Victory Liberty loan campaign, and ever since there has been a steady stream of accessions to the honor column. By Saturday night, 43 towns and one city, Franklin, had filled their quotas, after intensive drives for small subscriptions, among them being Hillsborough and Frances-town.

As the final week of the campaign opened, this number rapidly increased, however, and so rapidly did the towns fall into line that the record for one day became of little use on the next. The final week is simply a period of getting aboard the band wagon.

In one respect, however, the closing week of the drive has a characteristic feature. It is the time for enrollment in the "Yankee Division of Finance," the "associate membership of the Yankee Division." This is made up of those who double their subscriptions. These have a special insignia to wear with the V button, a red YD. This feature is a part of the campaign for small subscriptions. Almost from the outset, the campaign has been an effort to get the loan into the hands of the small subscribers. The quota has not been in doubt at all. These towns that are flocking in might have come in days ago, but held back until a thorough canvass was made for the \$50 and \$100 subscriptions. And this Yankee Division scheme has been devised to get still more of the notes into the possession of the wage-earners and other small savers.

Banquet to Soldiers

Landlord Lane gave a banquet at The Maplehurst Inn on Thursday evening last to all of Antrim returned soldiers and sailors and their lady friends. A party of about forty were present and enjoyed a nice spread and a most pleasant evening. Dancing closed the festivities of the occasion.

ARTICLES TAXABLE

Here are a Few of the Things to be Levied Upon

Following is an excerpt from the statement of the Internal Revenue Commission at Washington, D. C., to the press making certain tentative rulings under Section 630, Revenue Law Plea E.

"RATE OF TAX. The tax is measured by the price for which the food or drink is sold. It is on the actual sales price at the rate of 1 cent for each ten cents or fraction thereof of the amount paid for any of the articles mentioned in Section 630. Each sale for ten cents or less is taxed one cent, and each sale for over ten cents is taxed one cent for each ten cents or fraction thereof of the price the tax is, upon the whole of the amount of the price paid by the purchaser when the price is paid at one time, though in payment for several articles which are the subject of a single transaction of purchase and sale the total price paid is the unit for computing the tax, thus, if the purchaser orders two sodas at the same time, each sold for fifteen cents, the tax is three cents and not four cents; if, however, he buys one soda for fifteen cents, the tax is two cents and if he then immediately purchases another fifteen cent drink the tax is two cents on the second sale which cannot be treated as part of the first sale. Any means by which separate purchasers pool their orders for the purpose of defeating or escaping the tax imposed by Section 630, shall be carefully guarded against by the vendor for its employment subjects the purchaser and the vendor if he connives in it, to the penalties provided in Section 1308 of the Act.

"ARTICLES TAXABLE. Examples: the following articles of food or drink are subject to tax within the meaning of Section 630 of the Revenue Act of 1918. All beverages when compounded or mixed at the fountain, such as orangeades, lemonade, pineapple juice, coca cola, root beer, moxie, phosphates, fruit and flavoring syrups compounded or mixed with carbonated water or plain water, milk shakes in any form, malted milk shakes in any form, cream and egg shakes, ice cream, ice cream sodas, ice cream sundae, ice cream sandwiches, flavored ices and all other similar foods or drinks. This list however, is not intended or considered to be complete but merely illustrative of the class of articles subject to tax.

"BEVERAGES NOT TAXABLE. Examples: There are certain drinks which are often sold at soda fountains, ice cream parlors or similar places of business which are not regarded as soft drinks or ice cream products or similar articles of food or drink within the meaning of Section 630 of the Revenue Act of nineteen-eighteen. Such beverages are exemplified by hot beef tea, coffee—hot, cold or iced, tea—hot, cold or iced, buttermilk, milk, hot chocolate or cocoa, hot clam broth, hot clam bisque, hot tomato bisque and hot tomato bouillon. No tax applies on the sale of beverages or drinks such as ginger ale, root beer, moxie, mineral water, etc., when served directly from a container in which case the manufacturers' tax on such drinks has already been levied, see section 628 of the Revenue Act of 1918. However, if any of the drinks or beverages herein mentioned are compounded or mixed with carbonated water or extract or other ingredient at the fountain, they are taxable beverages, but taxable as medicinal preparations. There are certain medicines such as bromo seltzer, citrate of magnesia, rochelle salts, seiditz powders, bicarbonate of soda, castor oil, epsom salts and essence of pepsin which are often sold at soda fountains, ice cream parlors and similar places of business which are not soft drinks or ice cream products or similar articles of food or drink and hence are not taxable."

Regular Meeting

Molly Aiken Chapter, D. A. R. met Friday, May 2, with Mrs. Wilkinson. After the ritual reading and Flag Salute a very interesting report of the 28th Continental Congress was given by the regent's alternate, Mrs. Hurlin. The following program was given: Paper, "Women's Sacrifices in the Wars of the World," Mrs. Colburn; Music, "The Woman's Song," by the Daughters; Paper, "Child Welfare," Mrs. Cooper; Music, "I Cannot Sing the Old Song," duet by Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Wheeler.

Amy Gammon Wheeler,
Sec. pro tem

Strong Evidence

Is the Statement of this Keene Woman

Backache is often kidney ache; A common warning of serious kidney ills. "A stitch in time saves nine"—Don't delay—use Doan's Kidney Pills. Profit by this nearby resident's experience.

Mrs. W. D. Britton, 75 Davis St., Keene, N. H., says: "I suffered for a long time from kidney trouble and my back became painful and at times felt as though it were broken. My feet and ankles swelled and there were other distressing symptoms of kidney complaint. As others of my family had been helped by Doan's Kidney Pills, I decided to give them a trial. I felt relief after taking the first box. Since then, Doan's have helped me in every way and have done me more good than anything else I have ever used."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Britton had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

B. B. ASSOCIATION

Antrim is Promised Base Ball the Coming Season

A meeting of ball players, business men and others, interested in baseball, was held in town hall, Friday evening, May 2, at which a base ball association was organized and the following officers elected:

President, Lieut. Byron G. Butterfield; Treasurer, Chester A. Bates; Directors, Fred C. Raleigh, F. C. Parmenter, R. C. Goodell.

The president and treasurer are to serve as directors ex officio.

The grounds have been secured and next Saturday afternoon, May 10, there is to be some necessary work done on them, in order that they may be in first class condition. This work is to be done by men and boys who give their services. Quite a number have agreed to help, and yet there is room for more. Everybody is most cordially invited to be present and lend a hand.

The directors met Tuesday evening, at which time Ross H. Roberts was appointed manager.

The outlook is bright for a rattling good team.

EAST ANTRIM

Chas. D. White was in Vermont last week, where he purchased a carload of cattle.

George Nylander was in Keene the first of the week.

Mrs. A. L. Perry spent last week with her sister, Mrs. G. F. Trask.

George Nylander has accepted a position at the Highlands and with his family moved there last week.

The Social Club met with Mrs. G. F. Trask last week and it was a jolly crowd, not many times that you could hear a pin drop. Dainty refreshments were served in abundance.

Mrs. Alice Graves has purchased the Tarbell place at the village; we are glad she has decided to remain in town.

Mrs. L. W. Swett has returned to her home, after several weeks spent in the home of M. S. French.

Mrs. Lyford has gone to Milford to reside with a daughter, after spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Mary Coombs.

Mrs. M. S. French is entertaining a case of the mumps

FOR SALE! OR EXCHANGE!

The George Horne Farm, about 75 acres, cut 10 to 12 tons of hay. 500 cords of wood. Borders on Steele Pond. Good cottage lot.

My Home Farm of 100 acres. East Antrim.
The Frank Holt place, at Antrim Center.

Two lots of growing Pine, one of 48 acres, one of about 30 acres.

G. C. ROGERS,
Antrim, N. H.

NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE NEWS

Only Druggists May Sell Liquors.

Although New Hampshire has been bone dry during the past year, with the amendments to the Lewis law, which went into effect May 1st, the state for the next two years will be "bone dryer" if that is possible.

Under the old law, cities and towns were given the right to name liquor agents, but with the enactment of the amendments which are now in force no special agents can be appointed, those allowed to handle liquor for money on being the druggists in the cities and towns, providing the city and town governments grant them licenses.

During the past year but two places in the state appointed liquor agents, the city of Manchester and the town of Fitzwilliam. These under the law which went into effect May 1st, were legislated out of office. It is of interest, perhaps, at this time to call attention to the amount of business which the Fitzwilliam agent, Charles F. Pierce, did during the past year. His sales, all of which were for medicinal purposes, were 34 of alcohol, 18 of whiskey, 15 of gin, 24 of brandy and one of rum, bringing his total cash receipts to \$104.08.

Weather Records for April.

Deather records, compiled at Exeter during the month of April, show that it was the warmest April for four years, within average temperature of 43.9 degrees. The nearest to that figure was April of last year 43.7. However the maximum temperatures of 37 on April 2, and 25 made two exceedingly cold April days. It being colder, however on April 9, 1916 when 35 was the maximum.

The average minimum temperature was 32.3 degrees, and the average maximum 55.5. The minimum was 2 degrees on April 2, and the maximum 70 on April 11.

A remarkable fact this season was the month was free from a snow storm, there being furies on April 2, and April 25. No amount fell as is usually the case other years.

The average temperature for April for the past three years was: 1916, 41.9; 1917, 41.5; and 1918, 43.7.

The maximum temperature for the past three years was 1916, 65; 1917, 70; 1918, 75; and the minimum 1916, 21; 1917, 19; and 1918, 19.

For Men's Week Aug. 19th.

New Hampshire college at Durham has set aside the week of August 19 as a special occasion to be known as farmers' and homemakers' week. President Hezel has just been informed by the state board of agriculture that that organization will make some day of this week the time for its annual meeting. Practically every agricultural organization in the state of New Hampshire has agreed to take an active part in making the farmers' and homemakers' week a success.

For several years the college devoted one week to a short course for the farmers of the state. This year the work is to be broader and all state organizations interested in agriculture are invited to co-operate.

The college hopes to make this meeting an annual affair and expects it will serve as a means of acquainting all who come with the nature and scope of the various agencies in the state and to suggest ways by which residents of New Hampshire can more greatly benefit from their services.

Lt. Osborne Advocates Prison Reform.

Lieutenant Commander Thomas Mott Osborne, of the naval prison at Portsmouth, told the students at New Hampshire college at Durham that it is a part of their duty to assist in every way possible in the campaign of prison reform. His contention was that the present prison system turns out on the average of 400,000 criminals a year more unfit civically than when they entered the institutions and hungry for revenge against a society which has injured them.

He said that he was not a man who believed that there should be no state prisons but that the administration of the state prisons should be such that the inmates would emerge from them with a greater sense of civic responsibility than when they went in.

He explained the workings of his famous mutual welfare league and narrated with some pride his recent feat of taking 83 men to Portsmouth and back again to their prison successfully with no losses.

Will Work Eight Hours.

The bakers and confectioners of Concord, under an agreement, will work but eight hours a day instead of nine. All but two of the baker shops signed the agreement.

Clean-up Forces Busy.

This is clean-up and paint-up week in Manchester and the police and fire departments, public work departments, churches, schools, Boy Scouts and other civic, patriotic, fraternal and social organizations are giving every possible assistance in the campaign in the effort to win the silver cup emblematic of the cleanest city in New England. Manchester has won the cup twice and another victory this year, gives the city permanent possession of the trophy.

Legislative Councils Make Returns.

Only 42 lobbyists have made returns of their fees to the state for the recent session of the legislature, the smallest number in the history of the lobby law. The time has expired now, only one month being allowed after adjournment of the legislature.

The law provides that any person who got pay for lobbying at the legislature must make a return of every cent he received or expected to receive and from whom he got it. Many interesting returns are noticed in the list.

The railroad administration, which is under government control and operation paid Judge Harry J. Brown of Concord \$1,500 to look after its lobby work during the brief session. Similarly the telephone company, also under governmental operation paid Edward K. Woodworth, another Concord lawyer \$1,000.

Mr. Woodworth's total fees were \$3,950 for in addition to the government telephone interests he received \$1,000 from the New Hampshire Manufacturers' Association, \$1,500 from the Manchester Traction and Street railway interests and \$300 from the Claremont Street railway.

Alderman John L. Barry's fee against the Federation of Labor amounted to only \$119. Robert W. Upton of Concord, a lawyer, although not the regular legislative agent of the Federation received from it \$50. The Portsmouth bridge lobby headed by Mayor Albert Hison of Portsmouth paid John B. Cavanaugh of Manchester \$290 and ex-County Solicitor Ivory C. Eaton of Nashua, \$315.

The Anti-Cider League paid Judge Fred A. Jones of Lebanon \$200 for boosting the interests and welfare of the league. The Judge also drew from those desiring to have the purple lilac adopted as the state flower.

Will Exhibit at Springfield.

At a meeting of different agricultural and industrial organizations of the state at Concord, plans for the staging of a New Hampshire exhibit at the Eastern States' agricultural exposition at Springfield, Mass., in September were made.

The following committee was named to look after the matter: Commissioner of Agriculture Andrew L. Felker of Concord, State Grange Master Fred A. Rogers of Plainfield, Frank A. French and A. B. Jenks of Manchester and J. C. Kendall of New Hampshire State college, Durham.

It was announced at the meeting that the field meeting of the state board of agriculture would be held at New Hampshire State college during the week of Aug. 19 and that the various organizations would co-operate with the state board in the affair.

Y. M. C. A. Elect Officers.

The state committee of the Young Men's Christian association at its meeting in Concord elected the following officers: Chairman, J. M. Russell, Somersworth; vice chairman, Prof. E. R. Groves, Durham; clerk, Robert J. Merrill, Concord; treasurer, J. E. Fernald, Concord; secretaries, P. A. Foster, E. P. Conlon, L. B. Hawes.

The plan of state "occupation" was considered at the meeting and the details will be carried out by a special committee to be appointed soon.

Professor Green of Dartmouth college and Dwight Hall of Dover were the new men added to the committee, by the vote of the meeting.

Another matter taken up was the plans for Camp Belknap this season which were approved and the camp will open on July 1.

Letter from Missing Wife.

"By the time you receive this letter I will be dead." Such was the communication received by John Small of Claremont from his wife, who disappeared about four weeks ago. Mr. Small was in hopes that he would hear from her in some way before he took the police into his confidence and then gave Chief of Police White the letter which was postmarked Medford, Mass.

Chief of Police White communicated with the police department at Medford, but could learn nothing in regard to Mrs. Small there. She has no relatives or near friends in Massachusetts and Mr. Small fears for the worst and believes she has taken her own life.

Sailor Instantly Killed.

Conswain R. R. Broders of the U. S. S. South Dakota was instantly killed on board ship at Portsmouth. Broders was engaged in coaling the ship and was rolling a truck across the deck when his clothing got caught in the whipl by which the coal barges were being hoisted aboard ship. He was being over the revolving drum of the winch and thrown to the deck with such force as to fracture his skull.

Soldiers in Military Prison.

Gen. Clarence Edwards, former commander of the 25th division, has joined Gov. John H. Bartlett in his efforts to secure the release of New Hampshire soldiers held at Camp Devens in military prison. The governor received a message from General Edwards expressing sympathy with the movement for the Granite state boys and stating that he will use his influence in their behalf.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Items of Interest From All Sections of Yankeeeland

A total of 143 foreign students are registered at Harvard. The Chinese lead with 46 men, and Japan is second with 25.

The April gas output of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company was 489,602,000 cubic feet, a decrease of 1.4 percent compared with the corresponding 1918 month.

Robert Warm, ex-soldier charged with the murder of his sweet heart, Jennie Hemmingsway, 14, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury at St. Albans, Vt.

Shoe workers from Brockton, Mass., which is no-license, swarmed on May 1st surrounding towns which have granted first-class licenses. There is one saloon open in Whitman, one in Abington, one in North Abington, five in Rockland and three in Plymouth.

John D. Howard, formerly employed in the pneumatic tube station at the South Postal Station, Boston, was sentenced by Judge Morton in Federal Court to serve one year and a day in Plymouth Jail for the larceny of \$2 from a letter. He pleaded guilty.

A complete set of hypodermic syringes and a box and bottle containing morphine was found sewn inside the coat and trousers lining of William Schoeld and Joseph C. Kabin of Nashua, N. H., by the police after their arrest for vagrancy at Burlington, Vt. Both men are under 25 and Kabin is married.

Coffee rooms as a substitute for the saloon are no longer efficient, desirable or practical, in the opinion of the directors of the Church Temperance society, which for a quarter of a century conducted such rooms in Boston. At the request of the members, Judge Loring of the supreme court dissolved the New England department of the society.

Gov. Coolidge of Massachusetts has signed the bill providing that the names of all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines shall be placed above the names of all other applicants in civil service examinations. The measure is one redrafted by the Legislature from a message of the Governor recommending such a law and of bills on the same subject.

The naval fuel ship Brazos, the largest vessel ever constructed at the Boston navy yard, was launched at the yard. The ship was christened by Catharine Rush, daughter of the commandant of the yard, Capt. William R. Rush. The Brazos was named for the Brazos river in Texas, from which state the navy department obtains a considerable part of the fuel oil used by the fighting ships.

A general increase in salaries of members of the faculty at Amherst (Mass.) college was voted by the board of trustees. The scale of salaries for instructors, now ranging from \$1200 to \$1500, was increased so as to range from \$1200 to \$2000, that of associate professors, now ranging from \$1600 to \$2000, was made \$2000 to \$3000, and the minimum for professors was raised from \$3000 to \$3250.

Wreckers from Boston are making the \$1,500,000 worth and hides cargo of the beached Russian bark Professor Koch. The bark struck on Long Ledge. The cargo is for Boston consignees. Boston underwriters are heavily concerned in the possible damage to or loss of the cargo. It is planned to get out as much of the cargo as possible, seal up the boiler in the bark's hull, pump out and then refloat the vessel.

In the District Court at Salem, Mass., Isadore Ginzberg of Beverly, convicted of malicious injury to another person's property, was sentenced to the House of Correction for 30 days. Testimony submitted showed that the defendant borrowed a stove of a man named Glick a year ago, and when asked to return it did so with the stove filled with ashes and badly broken. The stove cost Glick \$24 and was made worthless.

Improvements to the Mystic River, costing \$1,250,000, will be undertaken soon to the great satisfaction of the boards of trade and improvement associations of Somerville, Mass., Gov. Coolidge having signed the bill making the above appropriation. The improvements include straightening, widening and deepening as well as reclaiming a large land area on each side of the river. The investigation for the purpose of deciding the nature and locality of the improvements must be completed, according to the law, not later than the first Wednesday in January, 1920.

Earnings reported by the Boston & Maine road for March this year show a decrease in gross of \$223,384, compared with an increase of \$1,353,000 in January and an increase of \$541,900 in February. This was the first decrease for a month since February, when a deficit in net operating income decreased \$274,870, compared with a loss of \$379,083 in February, and a deficit of \$177,845 in January. In December last, the company reported a deficit in net operating income of \$2,109,916.

The Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission has been formally requested by Mayor Gainer of Providence to appeal to the Supreme Court for a temporary injunction restraining the Providence Telephone Company from increasing its rates until the United States Supreme Court decides whether the federal government can legally supersede state authority in dealing with public utilities.

The Aero Club of Massachusetts, incorporated, met in Boston and discussed tentative plans for an aviation field day to be held in July, possibly on Cape Cod, in which it is expected several airplanes, seaplanes and dirigibles from Chatham, will participate. Also further arrangements were made for the aviation memorial fund dance to be held at the Copley-Plaza May 28. President T. E. Hedlund presided. Secretary Dodge requested that all men of any branch of the aviation service who desire information of the club, be told to address their communications to 67 Milk street.

The Rev. Cortland Myers in his sermon Sunday night at Tremont Temple, Boston, advocated the closing of all Boston dance halls, denounced present day styles as "the most immodest, suggestive and damnable in the history of the world," and called on mothers to guide their daughters aright and "spank them if necessary." His sermon was on the topic, "Samson and Delilah—the man who was ruined by the woman he married." He characterized Boston dance halls as having "99 per cent. animal conditions of the lowest heathenish and uncivilized type," and added that modern dresses came under the same description.

Captain Hugh J. Lee of the Dudley street police station, Roxbury, Mass., in whose district serious rioting occurred on May day, was found dead in bed at his home in the South Boston district. Death was said to be due to natural causes, although fellow officers were inclined to believe that the strain under which he worked during the disturbances was in a measure responsible. Captain Lee had apparently been in the best of health. He was on duty when the first call for reserves was received, and continued to direct the officers until the rioting was quelled late in the evening. He was 53 years of age and had been a member of the police force for nearly 30 years.

A curious situation has resulted from the appearance in Boston of Charles C. Jones, who was declared legally dead 24 years ago. A 40-year insurance policy, taken out on his life in 1871, was surrendered in 1895 in the belief that Mr. Jones had passed away, and the amount due on it was paid to Mrs. Jones and her children, the beneficiaries under the policy. Now Mr. Jones has appeared and claims that the 40 years having expired the full \$10,000 represented by the policy is due him. Judge Fox in the Equity session of the Superior Court has heard arguments on a demurrer of defendants, the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company and the estate of the father of James J. Storrow who was trustee of a fund created by Jones' father.

Former Congressman Asher Crosby Hinds, compiler of "parliamentary precedents of the House of Representatives," and for a number of years clerk at the speaker's table in congress died at Washington May 1st. Before going to Washington as editor in newspaper work in Portland Me., when the later was elected speaker in 1889. Mr. Hinds was engaged in newspaper work in Portland with the Portland Advertiser and the Portland Daily Press, being at one time editor and part owner of the Press. He was born at Benton in 1863 and graduated from Colby College in 1883. He took up his residence here soon after graduation. Mr. Hinds represented the first Maine district in the 62nd, 63rd and 64th congresses, serving three terms beginning in 1911.

Stripped of all clothing excepting stockings, shoes and a pair of gloves, her hands tied together behind her back with her undershirt and a cloth rag bound tightly in her mouth, the body of Mrs. Henry Broadwell of West street extension Barr, Vt., was found lying face downward Sunday morning in a vacant lot a few rods from the centre of the city. Death was due to suffocation caused by the rag. The body was rigid and cold. It is evident that the woman made a terrific struggle before she was subdued for a pile of clothing several feet from the body showed signs of having been ripped off by main force. Her hat and watch were evidently thrown away in the struggle as these were found a distance from the body. Police officers visited the home of the dead woman and there found her husband in the act of preparing breakfast for his three children, aged 6, 7 and 8, and the father of his wife, who lives with them. He was overcome when told of the fate of his wife.

Seneca Haselton of Burlington, Vermont, first associate justice of the supreme court, has submitted his resignation to Governor Clement, because of poor health. Governor Clement on accepting the resignation, which is effective immediately announced that he would appoint Leighton P. Slack, of St. Johnsbury, to the supreme bench in filling the vacancy. Mr. Slack is fourth superior judge, and the vacancy caused by his elevation will be filled by the appointment of Representative Fred Webster of Swanton.

CHURCH WINDOW KILLS WOMAN

And Seriously Injures Eight Others—More Than a Score Were Cut by Flying Glass

WINDOW WEIGHED HALF TON

The Window Fell Just as the Services Were About to Begin—There Were More Than 1200 Women Present.

Trenton, N. J.—A stained glass window weighing half a ton, crashed with its sash from the lofty vault of St. Mary's Catholic Cathedral Sunday upon the heads of the women assembled for the closing service of a women's mission, killing Miss Mary Kennedy, 40 years old, and injuring eight so seriously that they were taken to hospitals. More than a score were cut by flying glass.

A panic threatened, but was restrained by the voice of the Rev. Father Gunville, one of the missionaries. The window fell just as the services were about to begin. Father Gunville's calming words ended, the services were opened as if no accident had occurred and proceeded though their routine course as the injured were being taken from the edifice. At the close of the sermon it was announced from the altar that Miss Kennedy had been killed and several women fainted.

The window was loosened when one of the ushers attempted to open it to ventilate the cathedral. There were more than 1200 women gathered in the pews. Miss Kennedy was killed instantly. The section of the window which fell upon her made a hole in the top of her head and broke her neck.

IMMENSE WHEAT CROP.

Government Estimate is 900,000,000 Bushels.

Washington.—Prediction of the Department of Agriculture for a wheat crop this year even larger than the record-breaking crop of 1914 was repeated by the United States Chamber of Commerce in a report based on statistics obtained from all sections of the country. The report stated that an acreage never before equaled had been planted and a yield of 900,000,000 bushels was forecast.

"The condition of the winter wheat is so high as to be without precedent or parallel," the report said. "It is, in fact, a monotone of perfection. The plant came through the winter and the trying month of March, unscathed and unburnt. In many sections of the West and Southwest it was necessary to pasture it to livestock to keep down its rank growth. Reports of damage are mostly remarkable by their entire absence. Unless some climatic catastrophe of some Egyptianlike and unexpected some Egyptianlike intervene, the yield will probably be 900,000,000 bushels or about 35 percent more than the great harvest of 1914."

WAR DEATH CLAIMS.

Not Payable if Applicant Was in Dying Condition.

Washington.—Claims for deaths of men in military service resulting either from natural causes or from battle are not payable under the war risk insurance act if application for insurance was made while the applicant was in a dying condition. It was explained in a statement by the war risk insurance bureau.

This provision of the law was pointed out, it was said, to correct an erroneous impression that the bureau was refusing to pay claims on deaths from natural causes. The conditions in which a man dies, it was said, do not affect the payment of claims, but only the terms upon which he makes application for insurance.

COTS LOANED TO HOMELESS.

Government Helping Fight Rent Profiteers.

New York.—The United States government has contributed 2000 army cots for the relief of poor persons rendered homeless as the result of the wholesale evictions now taking place in New York. This announcement was made today by Captain C. A. Goldsmith, U. S. N., retired, who is working in conjunction with Mayor Hylan's committee in an investigation of rent profiteering. The cots will be placed in 38 Methodist Episcopal churches throughout the city which have been opened to the homeless by the church authorities. Captain Goldsmith also said that the United States army would give 5000 tents if necessary. The navy will be asked for blankets and mattresses.

MRS. VERNON CASTLE WEDS.

New York.—Mrs. Irene Castle, widow of Captain Vernon Castle, was married Saturday at the Little Church Around the Corner, to Captain Robert E. Treman of Ithaca, N. Y. After the wedding she announced that she had given up professional dancing but would continue her work as a motion picture actress. Captain Treman's father is deputy governor of the Federal Reserve Bank at New York. Vernon Castle was killed in February, 1918.

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SELECTMEN'S NOTICE The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town hall block, the First Saturday in each month, from two till five o'clock in the afternoon to transact town business. The Tax Collector will meet with the Selectmen. JAMES M. CUTTER, CHARLES F. DOWNES, HENRY A. COOLIDGE, Selectmen of Antrim.

You May Talk to One Man But an advertisement in this paper talks to the whole community. Catch the Idea?

ADVERTISE IN This Paper

TEXT OF REVISED COVENANT OF THE NATIONS' LEAGUE

Many Important Changes Made in Document Since It Was First Tentatively Drawn Up.

THIRTY-TWO NATIONS IN PACT; OTHERS INVITED

President Wilson to Have Honor of Calling the First Meeting of the League and of the Executive Council—Monroe Doctrine Specifically Upheld.

Washington, April 27.—The state department made public tonight the text of the revised covenant of the league of nations, as it was presented to the plenary session of the peace conference at Paris. The text follows:

The covenant of the league of nations:

In order to promote international co-operation and to achieve international peace and security, by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war, by the prescription of open, just, and honorable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understandings of international law as to actual rule of conduct among governments, and by the maintenance of justice and a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organized peoples with one another, the high contracting parties agree to this covenant of the league of nations.

In the original preamble the last sentence read "to adopt this constitution" instead of "to agree to this covenant."

ARTICLE ONE.
The original members of the league of nations shall be those of the signatories which are named in the annex to this covenant and also such of those other states named in the annex as shall accede without reservation to this covenant. Such accessions shall be effected by a declaration deposited with the secretariat within two months of the coming into force of the covenant. Notice thereof shall be sent to all other members of the league.

Any fully self-governing state, dominion, or colony not named in the annex, may become a member of the league if its admission is agreed by two-thirds of the assembly, provided that it shall give effective guarantees of its sincere intention to observe its international obligations and shall accept such regulations as may be prescribed by the league in regard to its military and naval force and armaments.

Any member of the league may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the league, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

[This article is new, embodying with alterations and additions the old article VII. It provides more specifically the method of admitting new members and adds the entirely new paragraph providing for withdrawal from the league. No mention of withdrawal was made in the original document.]

ARTICLE TWO.
The action of the league under this covenant shall be effected through the instrumentality of an assembly and of a council, with permanent secretariat. (Originally this was a part of article I. It gives the name assembly to the gathering of representatives of the members of the league, formerly referred to merely as "the body of delegates.")

ARTICLE THREE.
The assembly shall consist of representatives of the members of the league.

The assembly shall meet at stated intervals and from time to time as occasion may require, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The assembly may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league, or affecting the peace of the world.

At meetings of the assembly, each member of the league shall have one vote, and may have not more than three representatives.

(This embodies parts of the original articles one, two and three, with only minor changes. It refers to "members of the league," where the term "high contracting parties" originally was used, and this change is followed throughout the revised draft.)

ARTICLE FOUR.
The council shall consist of representatives of the United States of America, of the British empire, of France, of Italy, and of Japan, together with representatives of four other members of the league. These four members of the league shall be selected by the assembly from time to time in its discretion. Until the appointment of the representatives of the four members of the league first selected by the assembly, representatives of — shall be members of the council.

With the approval of the majority of the assembly the council may name additional members to the league whose representatives shall always be members of the council; the council with like approval may increase the number of members of the league to be selected by the assembly for representation on the council.

The council shall meet from time to

time as occasion may require and at least once a year, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The council may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league or affecting the peace of the world.

Any member of the league not represented on the council shall be invited to send a representative to sit as a member at any meeting of the council during the consideration of matters specially affecting the interests of that member of the league.

At the meetings of the council each member of the league represented on the council shall have one vote, and may not have more than one representative.

ARTICLE FIVE.
Except where otherwise expressly provided in this covenant, decisions at any meeting of the assembly or of the council shall require the agreement of all the members of the league represented at the meeting.

The first meeting of the assembly and the first meeting of the council shall be summoned by the president of the United States of America.

ARTICLE SIX.
The permanent secretariat shall be established at the seat of the league. The secretariat shall comprise a secretary general and such secretaries and staff as may be required.

The first secretary general shall be the person named in the annex; thereafter the secretary general shall be appointed by the council, with the approval of the majority of the assembly.

The secretary general shall act in that capacity at all meetings of the assembly and of the council.

The expense of the secretariat shall be borne by the members of the league, in accordance with the apportionment of the expenses of the international bureau of the Universal Postal union.

[This replaces the original article V. In the original the appointment of the first secretary general was left to the council and approval of the majority of the assembly was not required for subsequent appointments.]

ARTICLE SEVEN.
The seat of the league is established at Geneva.

The council may at any time decide that the seat of the league shall be established elsewhere.

All positions under or in connection with the league, including the secretariat, shall be open equally to men and women.

Representatives of the members of the league and officials of the league, when engaged on the business of the league, shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities.

The buildings and other property occupied by the league or its officials, or by representatives attending its meetings, shall be inviolable.

[The paragraph opening positions to women equally with men is new.]

ARTICLE EIGHT.
The members of the league recognize that the maintenance of a peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement by common action of international obligations.

The council, taking account of the geographical situation and circumstances of each state, shall formulate plans for such reduction for the consideration and action of the several governments.

Such plans shall be subject to reconsideration and revision at least every ten years.

After these plans shall have been adopted by the several governments limits of armaments therein fixed shall not be exceeded without the concurrence of the council.

The members of the league agree that the manufacture by private enterprise of munitions and implements of war is open to grave objections. The council shall advise how the evil effects attendant upon such manufacture can be prevented, due regard being had to the necessities of those members of the league which are not able to manufacture the munitions and implements of war necessary for their safety.

The members of the league undertake to interchange full and frank information as to the scale of their armaments, their military and naval programs and the condition of such of their industries as are adaptable to warlike purposes.

ARTICLE NINE.
A permanent commission shall be constituted to advise the council on the execution of the provisions of article one and on military and naval questions generally.

(Unchanged except for the insertion of the words "article.")

ARTICLE TEN.
The members of the league undertake to respect and preserve, as against external aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the league. In case of any such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression, the council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.

ARTICLE ELEVEN.
Any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any of the members of the league or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the whole league, and the league shall take any action that may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of nations. In case any such emergency should arise, the secretary general shall, on the request of any member of the league, forthwith summon a meeting of the council.

It is also declared to be the fundamental right of each member of the league to bring to the attention of the

assembly or of the council any circumstance whatever affecting international relations which threatens to disturb either the peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

ARTICLE TWELVE.
The members of the league agree that if there should arise between them any dispute likely to lead to a rupture, they will submit the matter either to arbitration or to inquiry by the council, and they agree in no case to resort to war until three months after the award by the arbitrators or the report by the council.

In any case under this article, the award of the arbitrators shall be made within a reasonable time, and the report of the council shall be made within six months after the submission of the dispute.

ARTICLE THIRTEEN.
The members of the league agree that, whenever any dispute shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which cannot be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy, they will submit the whole subject matter to arbitration. Disputes as to the interpretation of a treaty, as to any question of international law, as to the existence of any fact which, if established, would constitute a breach of any international obligation, or as to the extent and nature of the reparation to be made for any such breach, are declared to be among those which are generally suitable for submission to arbitration.

For the consideration of any such dispute the court of arbitration to which the case is referred shall be the court agreed on by the parties in the dispute or stipulated in any convention existing between them.

The members of the league agree that they will carry out in full good faith any award that may be rendered, and that they will not resort to war against a member of the league which complies therewith. In the event of any failure to carry out such an award the council shall propose what steps should be taken to give effect thereto.

ARTICLE FOURTEEN.
The council shall formulate and submit to the members of the league for adoption plans for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice. The court shall be competent to hear and determine any dispute of an international character which the parties thereto submit to it. The court may also give an advisory opinion upon any dispute or question referred to it by the council or by the assembly.

ARTICLE FIFTEEN.
If there should arise between members of the league any dispute likely to lead to a rupture which is: (a) submitted to arbitration as above; (b) members of the league agree that they will submit the matter to the council; (c) any party to the dispute may effect such submission by giving notice of the existence of the dispute to the secretary general, who will make all necessary arrangements for a full investigation and consideration thereof. For this purpose the parties to the dispute will communicate to the secretary general, as promptly as possible, statements of their case, all the relevant facts and papers; the council may forthwith direct the publication thereof.

In Case of Success.
The council shall endeavor to effect a settlement of any dispute, and if such efforts are successful a statement shall be made public giving such facts and explanations regarding the dispute, terms of settlement thereof, as the council may deem appropriate.

If the dispute is not thus settled, the council, either unanimously or by a majority vote, shall make and publish a report containing a statement of the facts of the dispute and the recommendations which are deemed just and proper in regard thereto.

Any member of the league represented on the council may make public a statement of the facts of the dispute and of its conclusions regarding the same.

Agree to Avoid War.
If a report by the council is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the league agree that they will not go to war with any party to the dispute which complies with recommendations of the report.

If the council fails to reach a report which is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof, other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the league reserve to themselves the right to take such action as they shall consider necessary for the maintenance of right and justice.

If the dispute between the parties is claimed by one of them, and is found by the council, to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction of that party, the council shall so report, and shall make no recommendation as to its settlement.

May Refer to Assembly.
The council may in any case under this article refer the dispute to the assembly. The dispute shall be so referred at the request of either party to the dispute, provided that such request be made within fourteen days after the submission of the dispute to the council.

ARTICLE SIXTEEN.
Should any member of the league resort to war in disregard of its covenants under articles twelve, thirteen, or fifteen, it shall, ipso facto, be deemed to have committed an act of war against all other members of the league, which hereby undertake immediately to subject it to the severance of all trade or financial relations, the prohibition of all intercourse between their nationals and the nationals of the covenant breaking state and the

prevention of all financial, commercial or personal intercourse between the nationals of the covenant breaking state and the nationals of any other state, whether a member of the league or not.

It shall be the duty of the council in such case to recommend to the several governments concerned what effective military or naval forces the members of the league shall severally contribute to the armaments of forces to be used to protect the covenants of the league.

The members of the league agree, further, that they will mutually support one another in the financial and economic measures which are taken under this article, in order to minimize the loss and inconvenience resulting from the above measures, and that they will mutually support one another in resisting any special measures aimed at one of their number by the covenant-breaking state, and that they will take the necessary steps to afford passage through their territory to the forces of any of the members of the league which are co-operating to protect the covenants of the league.

Any member of the league which has violated any covenant of the league may be declared to be no longer a member of the league by a vote of the council concurred in by the representatives of all the other members of the league represented thereon.

ARTICLE SEVENTEEN.
In the event of a dispute between a member of the league and a state which is not a member of the league, or between states not members of the league, the state or states not members of the league shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, upon such conditions as the council may deem just. If such invitation is accepted, the provisions of articles twelve to sixteen inclusive shall be applied with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the council.

Upon such invitation being given, the council shall immediately institute an inquiry into the circumstances of the dispute and recommend such action as may seem best and most effectual in the circumstances.

If a state so invited shall refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, and shall resort to war against a member of the league, the provisions of article sixteen shall be applicable as against the state taking such action.

If both parties to the dispute, when so invited, refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, the council may take such measures and make such recommendations as will prevent hostilities and will result in the settlement of the dispute.

ARTICLE EIGHTEEN.
Every convention or international engagement entered into henceforward by any member of the league, shall be forthwith registered with the secretariat and shall, as soon as possible, be published by it. No such treaty or international engagement shall be binding until so registered.

ARTICLE NINETEEN.
The assembly may from time to time advise the reconsideration by members of the league of treaties which have become inapplicable, and the consideration of international conditions whose continuance might endanger the peace of the world.

ARTICLE TWENTY.
The members of the league severally agree that this covenant is accepted as abrogating all obligations or understandings inter se which are inconsistent with the terms thereof, and solemnly undertake that they will not hereafter enter into any engagements inconsistent with the terms thereof.

ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE.
Nothing in this covenant shall be deemed to affect the validity of international engagements, such as treaties of arbitration or regional understandings like the Monroe doctrine for securing the maintenance of peace. (Entirely new.)

ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO.
To those colonies and territories which, as a consequence of the late war, have ceased to be under the sovereignty of the states which formerly governed them and which are inhabited by peoples not yet able to stand by themselves under the strenuous conditions of the modern world, there should be applied the principle that the well-being and development of such peoples form a sacred trust of civilization and that securities for the performance of this trust should be embodied in this covenant.

The best method of giving practical effect to this principle is that the tutelage of such peoples be entrusted to advanced nations who, by reason of their resources, their experience or their geographical position, can best undertake this responsibility and who are willing to accept it, and that this tutelage should be exercised by them as mandatories on behalf of the league.

Certain communities formerly belonging to the Turkish empire have reached a stage of development where their existence, as independent nations, can be provisionally recognized subject to the rendering of administrative advice and assistance by a mandatory until such time as they are able to stand alone. The wishes of these communities must be a principal consideration in the selection of the mandatory peoples, especially those of central Africa, who are at such a stage that the mandatory must be responsible for the administration of the territory under conditions which will guarantee freedom of conscience or religion subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals,

the prohibition of abuses, such as the slave trade, the arms traffic, and the liquor traffic and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications of military and naval bases and of military training of the nations for other than police purposes and the defense of territory, and will also secure equal opportunities for the trade and commerce of other members of the league.

Sparsely Settled Places.
There are territories, such as South-west Africa and certain of the South Pacific islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or their geographical contiguity to the territory of the mandatory and other circumstances can be best administered under the laws of the mandatory as integral portions of its territory subject to the safeguards above mentioned in the interests of the indigenous population. In every case of mandate, the mandatory shall render to the council an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

A permanent commission shall be constituted to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatories and to advise the council on all matters relating to observance of the mandates.

ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE.
Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of international conventions existing or hereafter to be agreed upon, members of the league (a) will endeavor to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women, and children, both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend, and for that purpose will establish and maintain the necessary international organizations.

(b) Undertake to secure just treatment of the native inhabitants of territories under their control.

(c) Will instruct the league with the general supervision over the execution of agreements with regard to the traffic in women and children and the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

(d) Will endeavor to take steps in arms and ammunition with the countries in which the control of this traffic is necessary in the common interest.

(e) Will make provision to secure and maintain freedom of communication and of transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of all members of the league. In this connection the special necessities of the regions devastated during the war of 1914-1918 shall be in mind.

(f) Will endeavor to take steps in matters of international concern for the prevention and control of disease.

[This replaces the original article XX, and embodies parts of the original articles XVIII and XXI. It eliminates a specific provision formerly made for a bureau of labor and adds the clauses (b) and (c).]

ARTICLE TWENTY-FOUR.
There shall be placed under the direction of the league all international bureaus already established by general treaties if the parties to such treaties consent. All such international bureaus and all commissions for the regulation of matters of international interest hereafter constituted shall be placed under the direction of the league.

In all matters of international interest which are regulated by general conventions, but which are not placed under the control of international bureaus or commissions, the secretariat of the league shall, subject to the consent of the council, and if desired by the parties, collect and distribute all relevant information and shall render any other assistance which may be necessary or desirable.

The council may include as part of the expenses of the secretariat the expenses of any bureau or commission which is placed under the direction of the league.

ARTICLE TWENTY-FIVE.
The members of the league agree to encourage and promote the establishment and co-operation of duly authorized voluntary national Red Cross organizations having as purposes improvement of health, the prevention of disease, and mitigation of suffering throughout the world.

ARTICLE TWENTY-SIX.
Amendments to this covenant will take effect when ratified by the members of the league whose representatives compose the council and by a majority of the members of the league whose representatives compose the assembly.

Such amendment shall (if the word not apparently omitted in cable transmission) bind any member of the league which signifies its dissent therefrom, but in that case it shall cease to be a member of the league.

(Same as original, except majority of league, instead of three-fourths, is required for ratification of amendments, with last sentence added.)

THOSE WHICH SIGN.
One—Original members of the league of nations. Signatories of the treaty of peace.
United States of America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, British empire, Canada, Australia, South Africa, New South Wales, India, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Slav, Uruguay.
States invited to accede to the covenant:
Argentine Republic, Chile, Colombia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.

Two—First secretary general of the league of nations—
[The annex was not published with original draft of the covenant.]



"The REEL Surprise"

You will find it not only in the deliciously cooked dishes but in the actual pleasure of cooking them on the New Perfection Oil Cook Stove.

For the New Perfection gives all the comfort of gas—keeps your kitchen cool even in the hottest weather and clean the year round. No kindling, no ashes.

Its Long Blue Chimney makes the clean intense heat—prevents smoke, odor or soot. You regulate the flame like gas—on when you want it, off when you've finished.

The New Perfection Hot Water Heater gives plenty of hot water for kitchen, laundry and bath. See your dealer. Today.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVES

Also Puritan Cook Stoves — the best Short Chimney stove.



TOMMY IN HUMOROUS MOOD

And Possibly There Was a Little Sarcasm in Remark Credited to Real Soldier.

"Don't ever imagine that the British haven't some sense of humor," said Robert Chambers, the author, recently. "A friend of mine, just back from London relates an incident that shows that the Tommy, at least, has a funnybone somewhere in his anatomy.

"These two Tommies, disheveled, torn with wounds and altogether untidy, were on leave in London. As they stood in Trafalgar square they approached a detachment of the Windsor guard in silver trappings, waving plumes, red coats, long varnished boots shining like mirrors, and kid gloves.

"The Tommies looked on in silence for a moment and then one nudged his mate.

"'Looka Bill,' he whispered in an awed voice. 'Them's sojers.'"

Important to Mothers

Exchange carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Friendly Chatter.
Belle—Do I make myself plain?
Nell—Ah, nature saved you that trouble.

If you want to make a man howling mad just keep cool when he abuses you.

We have to guess what the future, and the merchant who never advertises, have in store.

Hunger never kicks because the tablecloth is soiled.

One man with an idea is worth 40 men in an old rut.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy
No stinging—Just Eye Comfort. It cures all Irritation of the Eye. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO.

STAR RUBBER CO., Inc.

Non-Skid Tread	Ribbed Cord Type Tread	
AUTO TIRES		
GUARANTEED 5,000 MILES		
Size	List Price	Star Price
30x3 1/2	\$12.50	\$11.00
32x3 1/2	\$15.00	\$13.50
34x3 1/2	\$17.50	\$16.00
36x3 1/2	\$20.00	\$18.50
38x3 1/2	\$22.50	\$21.00
40x3 1/2	\$25.00	\$23.50
42x3 1/2	\$27.50	\$26.00
44x3 1/2	\$30.00	\$28.50
46x3 1/2	\$32.50	\$31.00
48x3 1/2	\$35.00	\$33.50
50x3 1/2	\$37.50	\$36.00
52x3 1/2	\$40.00	\$38.50
54x3 1/2	\$42.50	\$41.00
56x3 1/2	\$45.00	\$43.50
58x3 1/2	\$47.50	\$46.00
60x3 1/2	\$50.00	\$48.50
62x3 1/2	\$52.50	\$51.00
64x3 1/2	\$55.00	\$53.50
66x3 1/2	\$57.50	\$56.00
68x3 1/2	\$60.00	\$58.50
70x3 1/2	\$62.50	\$61.00
72x3 1/2	\$65.00	\$63.50
74x3 1/2	\$67.50	\$66.00
76x3 1/2	\$70.00	\$68.50
78x3 1/2	\$72.50	\$71.00
80x3 1/2	\$75.00	\$73.50
82x3 1/2	\$77.50	\$76.00
84x3 1/2	\$80.00	\$78.50
86x3 1/2	\$82.50	\$81.00
88x3 1/2	\$85.00	\$83.50
90x3 1/2	\$87.50	\$86.00
92x3 1/2	\$90.00	\$88.50
94x3 1/2	\$92.50	\$91.00
96x3 1/2	\$95.00	\$93.50
98x3 1/2	\$97.50	\$96.00
100x3 1/2	\$100.00	\$98.50

Dr. Teulon's Rubefacient OR RED SALVE

An EXTERNAL REMEDY Invaluable for Influenza, Grippe, Pneumonia and all inflammatory troubles. During the recent epidemic of INFLUENZA, hundreds of lives were saved by its timely use.

Draws Inflammation to the Surface and in a few hours great relief is experienced.

For sale by all druggists. 50c; by mail postpaid 60c.

THE J. H. GREEN CO., NEWTON HIGHLANDS, MASS.

10,000 Salesmen Wanted for the fastest selling specialty on the market. Discharged soldiers, men, women, young people, no experience necessary. Pleasant part-time work. Pleasant out-door work, no canvassing. Present agents make \$25.00 to \$150.00 weekly. Full time, and \$150.00 to \$500.00 part time. Write for descriptive literature. For quick action send \$1.50 for sample. Can be returned and money back if you desire. The Ruttle Corp., Dept. of famous Ruttle Cream for auto, trucks, motorcycles, \$2.50 per pair. All states. 1575 Commerce St., Dallas, Texas.

Why Bald So Young

Rub Dandruff and Itching with Cuticura Ointment
Shampoo With Cuticura Soap

We Guarantee Our Ideal Vacuum Washer saves clothes. No rubbing. With wash agitator, fabric, curtains, heavy blankets and family clothes. Fits any wash boiler. We are selling thousands weekly. \$12.50. It is prepaid in any address. Money back guarantee. Erie Metal Products Co., Erie, Pa.

Time is Flying! GET BUSY!

THIS CONTEST CLOSSES SATURDAY NIGHT,

May 31. Every vote must be in the hands of the Counters by that time. Only 24 More Days to work in, so look up and see if you have any back bills; if so pay them and help your friend get the machine.

The Standing at Present:

Mrs. Walter Russell	143,000
Mrs. M. E. Nay	100,000
Mrs. Fred Bemis	85,000
Mrs. A. N. Nay	70,000
Mrs. Nellie Johnson	56,000

Contestants will please turn their number of votes in every Saturday Night until close of contest.

With each 25c CASH Purchase YOU Will Receive 50 Votes
For every Cash Purchase in excess of \$1.00 votes will be given at the rate of 100 for every 25c purchased.
For every \$1.00 Paid on Account, 200 votes.

HEATH'S STORE

Goodell Block, ANTRIM
Tel. 31-2

Save Money! COAL OR WOOD!

Special Display of our Oil Stoves
Commencing May 5 to the 10th

Our Assortment of Oil Cooking Stoves is Complete, representing Four of the Leading Makes:

- FLORENCE AUTOMATIC**—Wickless, Odorless and Clean; easy to keep in condition, up to date, lever control, burners large, powerful.
- PERFECTION**—With the long blue chimney, quick lighting, visible, clean, hot flame, reversible reservoir.
- NEW UPTON**—Short chimney, giving the right heat, right height; wide top, plenty of room for cooking utensils.
- DETROIT**—Vapor Oil Stove, no wicks of any kind, no odor, burns oil or gasoline, easy to operate and safe—next to gas without the danger

The Hillsboro Furniture Rooms

Baker's Block, HILLSBORO, N. H.

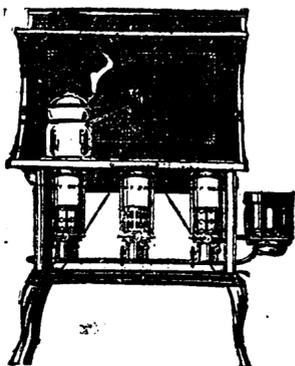
Wall Paper, Paints, Moulding, &c.

GUY A. HULETT,

ANTRIM, N. H.
Telephone 9-3

NEW PERFECTION Blue Flame Oil Stoves

Originally Introduced and Always Recommended
by Us in Milford



We Have Tested Out Many Stoves in Our Purpose to Have Something Better— if there was anything better, but we have nothing as good

As shown	\$27.25,
without shelf	\$21.00
4 burner	\$34.00, without shelf \$26.50
2 burner	\$20.75, " \$15.50
1 burner	\$5.25 Low Stove
2 burner	\$11.00

Ask Your Neighbor How She Likes Her's!

The Ease of Control, the Safety, the Economy, the Convenience: all Telling Features. Delivered into your home and Money Back if Not Entirely Satisfactory.

EMERSON & SON, Milford

The Antrim Reporter

Published Every Wednesday Afternoon

Subscription Price, \$2.00 per year

Advertising Rates on Application

H. W. ELDREDGE, PUBLISHER
H. B. ELDRIDGE, Assistant

Wednesday, May 7, 1919

Long Distance Telephone

Notices of Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, etc., to which an admission fee is charged, or from which a revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the user.

Cards of Thanks are inserted at soc. each.

Resolutions of ordinary length \$5.00.

Obituary poetry and lists of flowers charged for at advertising rates, also will be charged at this same rate list of presents at a wedding.

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter.



"It Stands Between Humanity and Oppression!"

Antrim Locals

Rev. S. P. Brownell, of Springvale, Maine, was in town one day last week.

Miss Ethel Ellinwood, from Boston, passed the greater part of the past week at her home in this place.

Frank Donnelly and Miss Bertha Bailey are guests of friends in town; Miss Bailey formerly resided here.

Colonel J. W. Jameson left town Friday for Camp Jackson, Charleston, S. C., where he was ordered to report.

Mrs. George Woodward, and daughter, Miss Lena Woodward, of Milford, are guests of relatives and friends in town.

Rev. R. S. Barker, of the Methodist church, exchanged pulpits on Sunday morning with Rev. Robert Laite, of the Hancock Congregational church.

Paul F. Paige spent Saturday night with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Paige. His ship, the Mercury, was in Philadelphia for a few days and he was able to be at home only over night.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Woodward came up from Milford on Wednesday last to help Waverley Lodge observe the centennial of Odd Fellowship, and to meet former friends and acquaintances.

Our people were glad to have the chance to shake the hand of Rev. William Weston, of Marlboro, while he was here last week to help Waverley Lodge in its celebration. He is Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter T. Poor, of Milford, were in town to attend the Odd Fellows celebration and to visit with friends for a few hours. Everyone was glad to welcome them; they were natives of Antrim and spent most of their lives here.

George R. Whittemore, of Ashmont, Mass., Edwin J. Whittemore, of Somerville, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Cummings, of South Lyndeboro, were guests of Phil W. Whittemore, at the old home on Main street, a portion of the past week.

Another former Antrim man whom many were pleased to greet last Wednesday while here to attend the Odd Fellows centennial observance, was Will Holt, of Milford. He lived in town in his youth and for the past fifteen or more years has been a resident of Milford.

Maurice A. Poor will remove this week to the house vacated by Mrs. H. B. Drake, and Will C. Hills will remove to the tenement vacated by Mr. Poor. Elmer W. Merrill will remove to the Hills farm, now owned by Mrs. H. A. Coolidge, and which he has leased for a term of years.

Many of our older residents were much pleased to have the opportunity of meeting Dr. I. G. Anthoine, of Nahua, on Wednesday last, while he was here for the Odd Fellows celebration on that day. The doctor left Antrim nearly twenty-seven years ago, but has occasionally made return visits here, and seldom misses a chance to be present when Waverley Lodge extends a special invitation.

W. Scott Hilton, just returned from overseas and honorably discharged at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., was in town on Saturday last greeting his former townsmen. He enlisted from Antrim and has spent eighteen months in France; was in the 103rd machine gun company of the 28th Division; saw much service in the trenches; was in a number of different engagements, did his bit, and was awarded the croix de guerre which he prizes very highly. He says he is feeling fine and is inexpressibly glad to get home again.

Moving Pictures!

Town Hall, Antrim

TUESDAY Evening, May 13

5-Reel Drama

Good Comedy—1 reel

W. A. NICHOLS, Mgr.

Antrim Locals

E. V. Goodwin is a business visitor in Boston today.

Born, in Antrim, May 2, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Lang.

Born, in Antrim, May 3, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Carlin.

The cottage house, near the Antrim railroad station, has been sold to Herbert C. Bemis.

Mrs. Clifton Bartlett, from Ayer, Mass., is spending a few days at her home in this place.

Anyone wishing to have their closets cleaned out will communicate with George W. Edes, Antrim, adv.

Donald Cram was at his home here from Manchester, on Wednesday last, returning on Thursday morning.

Miss Nan Harlow is spending a season with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Winslow Harlow, on Hancock road.

Mr. and Mrs. Will M. Carr and friends, from Malden, Mass., were in town on Sunday, at The Maplehurst.

Fred W. Ellsworth, of Worcester, Mass., was in town last Wednesday to attend the Odd Fellows celebration.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason C. Butterfield and daughter, of Manchester, were in town Saturday last renewing former acquaintances.

The Text of the Revised Covenant of the Nation's League is given in full on another page in this issue of The Reporter.

Miss Mildred Cram arrived at her home here Monday, from school teaching in Concord, and will remain for an indefinite time.

Robert Savage captured a large turtle on Saturday on the Miller meadow land by the old brick yard; the thing weighed twenty pounds.

The household goods of Mrs. H. B. Drake have been removed to Laconia this week, to which city she has gone with her son, Stuart, to reside.

For the first electrical shower of the season; the one on Sunday evening was a heavy one, and the great quantity of lightning was very unusual.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Henderson and son, from Boston, were at their summer home near Antrim village for the week end, returning by auto on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Frank Dickey and two daughters, from Concord, were in town last week to visit with friends while attending the Odd Fellows celebration.

The family of Mrs. Cora Curtis have removed the past week from the house they have been occupying on Depot street, to their home farm in North Bennington.

Howard E. Paige and Miss Mabel Richardson, of Peterboro, were in town over Thursday night, to attend the banquet at The Maplehurst, given by Landlord Lane to the returned soldiers.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Martin have received word from Alford R. Hazzard that he is in New York, at the home of a relative, sick with influenza. His friends here hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chase, who have passed the winter at The Maplehurst, have left town; they will stop a few days in Boston, then go to New York to visit their son and daughter, and later return to their home in Falmouth, Mass.

A change in the running time of the trains on the railroad into Antrim went into effect Monday. The trains affected are the Concord train, now leaving at 10.24; the noon train at 11.28; the Concord train north at 3.38; the Concord train south at 4.13.

H. Burr Eldredge and Cranston D. Eldredge were at their home here from Hanover, this state, last Wednesday and Thursday to attend the celebration by Waverley Lodge, of the 100th anniversary of American Odd Fellowship. They made the return trip by automobile.

Waverley Lodge of Odd Fellows conferred the first degree on a class of five last Saturday night at their regular meeting, and on Thursday evening of this week at a special meeting the second degree will be conferred on the same class of brothers; refreshments will be served.

John Bryer, Leo Munhall, John Newhall and Henry Newhall have each received their honorable discharges from the service, at Camp Devens, and have returned to their home town. They were members of the 103rd machine gun company of the 28th Division and saw eighteen months service in France.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.



Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. CRUMLING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. ELISE HERS, R. No. 6, Box 83, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

MEMORIAL TO BOYS

Antrim Will Want a Fitting Testimonial Erected

I know well enough that the citizens of this town would wish that a fitting memorial may be left to the remembrance of the boys who enlisted in the late war and fought side by side with their own American Eagle and the old British Lion. Nearly a cen-

tury and a half ago this same eagle and lion were enemies, fighting with the old flintlock guns, but the eagle won the battle,—drove the lion back to his home. Today that same lion and eagle are friends, fighting side by side in the late war.

As I have stated, a fitting memorial would be most feelingly left to the remembrance of the boys.

I will give the names of nine men, who I have no doubt would make an honorable committee to get together

and talk the matter up as regards the leaving of a worthy and memorable remembrance of the boys:

John E. Loveran J. Elroe Perkins
Chas. D. White Chas. S. Abbott
Chas. R. Jameson George P. Little
Chas. F. Butterfield R. C. Goodell
D. W. Cooley

The foregoing is a thought of my own; all citizens have a right to express their minds. I can make no appointments—only thoughts.

Threescore.

PRINCE ALBERT



Tapered bags, tidy red tin, handsome pound and half-pound tin—ready-made that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidifier with sponge moisture cap that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

Copyright 1919 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

PUT it flush up to Prince Albert to produce more smoke happiness than you ever before collected! P. A.'s built to fit your smoke appetite like kids fit your hands! It has the jimmidiest flavor and coolness and fragrance you ever ran against!

Just what a whale of joy Prince Albert really is you want to find out the double-quickest thing you do next. And put it down how you could smoke P. A. for hours without tongue bite or parching. Our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch.

Realize what it would mean to get set with a joy'us jimmy pipe or the papers every once and a while. And puff to beat the cards! Without a comeback! Why, P. A. is so good you feel like you'd just have to eat that fragrant smoke!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Eagle "Mikado" Pencil No. 174



Packed One Dozen in an attractive Box and Half Gross in a Carton

Hexagon Shape Highly Polished in Yellow Finish, with Gilt Tip and Red Ring, fitted with best Red Erasive Rubber. The Eagle Mikado is the finest Quality of Pencil and contains a specially prepared lead, which is exceedingly smooth and durable.

Accurately Graded in Five Degrees:—No. 1 Soft; No. 2 Medium; No. 2½ Medium Hard; No. 3 Hard; No. 4 Extra Hard for Bookkeepers

For Sale at Your Dealer's, 5¢ Each or 50¢ per Dozen

EAGLE PENCIL COMPANY, 708 East 13th Street, New York.

FINE CROPS SURE

Outlook in Western Canada Never More Favorable.

Perfect Weather Conditions Enabled Early Seeding and Wheat Has Long Been Above Ground in the Land of Opportunity.

The greatest optimism prevails throughout every district in Western Canada. From the eastern boundary of Manitoba to the slopes of the Rocky Mountains the farmers have been busy for three weeks in seeding operations. Last fall, even for Western Canada, was an exceptional one. Threshing was completed at an early date and the amount of fall plowing made ready for crop from fifteen to twenty-five per cent more acreage than in any year in the brief history of the country. Therefore there was ready for seeding this spring an acreage away beyond anything ever before experienced in that country.

On April 20 Calgary (Alta.) reported that in south country points there was a notable spirit of optimism amongst the farmers there. Moisture and weather conditions were good, while land in most places was in the best possible condition. More tractors were being put into operation than in any previous year. In some parts of the south country, however, there was a marked shortage of labor, but in the consideration of the country as a whole the labor outlook was bright.

Seeding operations were well under way in every part of Western Canada by the fifteenth of April. The practice of the farmers in that country is to commence as soon as the frost is out of the ground enough to allow the few inch seed bed to be worked up well. Beneath this the ground may still be frozen, but from this frost the young and tender wheat roots get the moisture at first so necessary to its existence. The warm days of spring and the long hours of sunlight that are ushered in with it thaw the frost out day by day and pay to the growing plant the moisture as it is needed. Nature's way of producing moisture to the young wheat plant is one of the chief reasons why Western Canada has become world famous as a wheat-producing country. What may be said of wheat can as truly be said of oats and barley, and yes, in fact, corn, too. Rapid and strong growth is stimulated in this manner. Heavy spring rains usually occur after seeding is over and the grain well above ground. Already a report has been received, dated April 20, that a farmer near Cabri, Saskatchewan, had 150 acres of wheat showing above the ground.

A good, strong and sturdy wheat plant is necessary when it is expected that there will be produced a forty-bushel-to-the-acre crop of wheat of a quality that will weigh out its six-fifty pounds to the measured bushel.

These spring wheat conditions represent but one of the reasons why Western Canada has been able to produce, with so little effort, world's record grain crops—wheat and oats that have carried off all championship awards at America's largest exhibitions.

Western Canada has this spring shipped ten thousand bushels of Marquis wheat, the variety that holds most of the world's championships, to Australia, where it is to be tried out. Seventy-five thousand bushels of the same variety has been sent to France to be used for seed.

The wheat lands of Western Canada are probably the most undervalued of any on the continent.

A comparatively small acreage of Western Canada's lands has been sold as high as \$80 an acre. The greater portion of the best farming land in its unimproved state may be purchased at \$25 an acre. The comparison between these prices and an annual revenue derived from grain-growing alone, with big yields and present prices, can but more firmly impress one with the certainty of a rapid increase within the next few years.—Advertisement.

Bullet Meets Bullet.
So many bullets flew through the air in both directions in large battles of the great war that some of them were bound to bump into each other. A pair of fighting bullets were picked up by an English soldier one day after he and his comrades had pushed the Germans back several hundred yards. In their perilous journey over No Man's Land they struck barbed-wire entanglements with the varied results shown.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble. Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

A theatrical stage is not an airplane because it has wings and flies.

Butter was originally spread on bread with the thumb.

THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By IRVING BACHELLER

Author of EBEN HOLDEN, D'RI AND I, DARREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES, KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, ETC.

BART HEARS SOME STARTLING NEWS ABOUT THE SON OF THE MONEY LENDER.

Synopsis.—Barton Barnes, an orphan, goes to live with his uncle, Peabody Barnes, and his Aunt Deel on a farm on Rattleford, in a neighborhood called Lickitysplit, about the year 1828. He meets Sally Dunkelberg, about his own age, but socially of a class above the Barneses, and is fascinated by her pretty face and fine clothes. Barton also meets Roving Kate, known in the neighborhood as the "Silent Woman." Amos Grimshaw, a young son of the richest man in the township, is a visitor at the Barnes home and Roving Kate tells the boys' fortunes, predicting a bright future for Barton and death on the gallows for Amos. Barton meets Silas Wright, Jr., a man prominent in public affairs, who evinces much interest in the boy. Barton learns of the power of money when Mr. Grimshaw threatens to take the Barnes farm unless a note which he holds is paid. Now in his sixteenth year, Barton, on his way to the post office at Canton, meets a stranger and they ride together. They encounter a highwayman, who shoots and kills the stranger. Barton's horse throws him and runs away. As the murderer bends over the stranger Barton throws a stone, which he observes wounds the thief, who makes off at once. A few weeks later Bart leaves home to enter Michael Hacker's school at Canton.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

"There comes Colonel Hand," said Mrs. Hacker as she looked out of the window. "The poor lonely Whig! He has nothing to do these days but sit around the tavern."

Colonel Hand was a surly-looking man beyond middle age, with large eyes that showed signs of dissipation. He had a small, dark tuft beneath his lower lip and thin, black, untidy hair. "What do ye think has happened?" he asked as he looked down upon us with a majestic movement of his hand. "The son o' that old bucktail, Ben Grimshaw, has been arrested and brought to jail for murder."

"For murder?" asked Mr. and Mrs. Hacker in one breath.

"For bloody murder, sir," the colonel went on. "It was the shooting of that man in the town o' Ballybeen a few weeks ago. Things have come to a pretty pass in this country, I should say. Talk about law and order; we don't know what it means here and why should we? The party in power is avowedly opposed to it—yes, sir. It has fattened upon bribery and corruption. Do you think that the son o' Ben Grimshaw will receive punishment even if he is proved guilty? Not at all. He will be protected—you mark my words."

He bowed and left us. When the door had closed behind him Mr. Hacker said:

"Another victim horned by the Snapper! If a man were to be slain by a bear back in the woods Colonel Hand would look for guilt in the opposition party. Michael Henry, whatever the truth may be regarding the poor boy in jail, we are in no way responsible. Away with sadness! What is that?"

Mr. Hacker inclined his ear and then added: "Michael Henry says that he may be innocent and that we had better go and see if we can help him. Now I hadn't thought o' that. Had you, Mary?"

"No," the girl answered. "We must be letting Mike go ahead of us always," said her father. "You saw the crime, I believe," turning to me.

I told them all I knew of it. "Upon my word, I like you, my brave lad," said the schoolmaster. "I heard of all this and decided that you would be a help to Michael Henry and a creditable student. Come, let us go and pay our compliments to the senator."

The schoolmaster and I went over to Mr. Wright's house—a white, frame building which had often been pointed out to me.

Mrs. Wright, a fine-looking lady who met us at the door, said that the senator had gone over to the mill with his wheelbarrow.

"We've plenty of time and we'll wait for him," said the schoolmaster. "I see him," said little John as he and Ruth ran to the gate and down the rough plank walk to meet him.

We saw him coming a little way down the street in his shirt-sleeves with his bow in front of him. He stopped and lifted little John in his arms, and after a moment put him down and embraced Ruth.

"Well, I see ye still love the tender embrace o' the wheelbarrow," said Mr. Hacker as we approached the senator. "My embrace is the tenderer of the two," the latter laughed with a look at his hands.

He recognized me and seized my two hands and shook them as he said: "Upon my word, here is my friend Bart. I was not looking for you here."

He put his hand on my head, now higher than his shoulder, and said: "I was not looking for you here." He asked about my aunt, and uncle and expressed joy at learning that I was now under Mr. Hacker.

"I shall be here for a number of weeks," he said, "and I shall want to

see you often. Maybe we'll go hunting some Saturday."

We bade him good morning and he went on with his wheelbarrow, which was loaded, I remember, with stout sacks of meal and flour.

We went to the school at half past eight. What a thrilling place it was with its 78 children and its three rooms. How noisy they were as they waited in the schoolyard for the bell to ring! I stood by the door-side looking very foolish, I dare say, for I knew not what to do with myself. My legs encased in the tow breeches felt as if they were on fire. I saw that most of the village boys wore boughten clothes and fine boots. I looked down at my own leather and was a tower of shame on a foundation of greased cowhide. Sally Dunkelberg came in with some other girls and pretended not to see me. That was the hardest blow I suffered.

Among the handsome, well-dressed boys of the village was Henry Willis—the boy who had stolen my watermelon. I had never forgiven him for that or for the killing of my little hen. The bell rang and we marched into the big room, while a fat girl with crinkly hair played on a melodeon. Henry and another boy tried to shove me out of line and a big paper wall struck the side of my head as we were marching in and after we were seated a cross-eyed, freckled girl in a red dress made a face at me.

It was, on the whole, the unhappiest day of my life. During recess I slapped a boy's face for calling me a rabbit and the two others who came

"Hello, Grimshaw," he said sternly. "Step out here."

It all went to my heart—the manners of the sheriff so like the cold iron of his keys and doors—the dim candle light, the pale, frightened youth who walked toward us. We shook his hand and he said that he was glad to see us. I saw the scar under his left ear and reaching out upon his cheek, which my stone had made, and knew that he bore the mark of Cain.

He asked if he could see me alone and the sheriff shook his head and said sternly:

"Against the rules."

"Amos, I've a boy o' my own an' I feel for ye," said the schoolmaster. "I'm going to come here, now and then, to cheer ye up and bring ye some books to read. If there's any word of advice I can give ye—let me know. Have ye a lawyer?"

"There's one coming tomorrow."

"Don't say a word about the case, boy, to anyone but your lawyer—mind that."

We left him and went to our home and beds, I to spend half the night thinking of my discovery, since which, for some reason, I had no doubt of the guilt of Amos, but I spoke not of it to anyone and the secret worried me.

Next morning on my way to school I passed a scene more strange and memorable than any in my long experience. I saw the shabby figure of old Benjamin Grimshaw walking in the side path. His hands were in his pockets, his eyes bent upon the ground, his lips moving as if he were in deep thought. Roving Kate, the ragged, silent woman who, for the fortune of Amos, had drawn a gibbet, the shadow of which was now upon him, walked slowly behind the money lender pointing at him with her bony forefinger. Her stern eyes watched him as the cat watches when its prey is near it. She did not notice me. Silently, her feet wrapped in rags, she walked behind the man, always pointing at him. When he stopped she stopped. When he resumed his slow progress she followed. It thrilled me, partly because I had begun to believe in the weird, mysterious power of the Silent Woman. I had twenty minutes to spare and so I turned into the main street behind and close by them. I saw him stop and buy some crackers and an apple and a piece of cheese. Meanwhile she stood pointing at him. He saw, but gave no heed to her. He walked along the street in front of the stores, she following as before. How patiently she followed!

I started for the big schoolhouse and a number of boys joined me with pleasant words.

Sally ran past us with that low-lived Willis boy, who carried her books for her. His father had gone into the grocery business and Henry wore

to help him went away full of fear and astonishment, for I had the strength of a young moose in me those days. After that they began to make friends with me.

In the noon hour a man came to me in the schoolyard with a subpoena for the examination of Amos Grimshaw and explained its meaning.

While I was talking with this man Sally passed me walking with another girl and said:

"Hello, Bart!"

I observed that Henry Willis joined them and walked down the street at the side of Sally. I got my first pang of jealousy then.

When school was out that afternoon Mr. Hacker said I could have an hour to see the sights of the village, so I set out, feeling much depressed. I walked toward the house of Mr. Wright and saw him digging potatoes in the garden and went in. I knew that he was my friend.

"Well, Bart, how do you like school?" he asked.

"Not very well," I answered. "Of course not! It's new to you now, and you miss your aunt and uncle. Stick to it. You'll make friends and get interested before long."

"I want to go home," I declared. "Now let's look at the compass," he suggested. "You're lost for a minute, and like all lost people you're heading the wrong way. Don't be misled by selfishness. Forget what you want to do and think of what you want you to do."

We want you to make a man of yourself. You must do it for the sake of those dear people who have done so much for you. The needle points toward the schoolhouse, yonder."

He went on with his work, and as I walked away I understood that the needle he referred to was my conscience.

I went about my chores. There was to be no more wavering in my conduct. At the supper table Mr. Hacker kept us laughing with songs and jests and stories. The boy John, having been reproved for rapid eating, hurled his spoon upon the floor. "Those in favor of his punishment will please say aye?" said the schoolmaster.

I remember that we had a divided house on that important question.

The schoolmaster said: "Michael Henry wishes him to be forgiven on promise of better conduct, but for the next offense he shall ride the badger."

"This meant lying for a painful moment across his father's knee."

The promise was given and our merrymaking resumed. The district attorney, whom I had met before, came to see me after supper and asked more questions and advised me to talk with no one about the shooting without his consent. Soon he went away, and after I had learned my lessons Mr. Hacker said:

"Let us walk up to the jail and spend a few minutes with Amos."

We hurried to the jail. The sheriff, a stout-built, stern-faced man, admitted us.

"Can we see the Grimshaw boy?" Mr. Hacker inquired.

"I guess so," he answered as he lazily rose from his chair and took down a bunch of large keys which had been hanging on the wall. "His father has just left."

He spoke in a low, solemn tone which impressed me deeply as he put a lighted candle in the hand of the schoolmaster. He led us through a door into a narrow corridor. He thrust a big key into the lock of a heavy iron grating and threw it open and bade us step in. We entered an ill-smelling stone-floored room with a number of cells against its rear wall. He locked the door behind us. I saw a face and figure in the dim candle light, behind the grated door of one of these cells. How lonely and dejected and helpless was the expression of that figure! The sheriff went to the door and unlocked it.

"Hello, Grimshaw," he said sternly. "Step out here."

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boughten clothes. I couldn't tell Sally how mean he was. I was angry and decided not to speak to her until she spoke to me. I got along better in school, although there was some tittering when I recited, probably because I had a broader dialect and bigger boots than the boys in the village.

CHAPTER IX.

I Meet President Van Buren and Am Cross-Examined by Mr. Grimshaw.

The days went easier after that. The boys took me into their play and some of them were most friendly. I had a swift foot and a good eye as well as a strong arm, and could hold my own at three old cat—a kind of baseball which we played in the schoolyard. Saturday came. As we were sitting down at the table that morning the younger children clung to the knees of Mr. Hacker and begged him to take them up the river in a boat.

"Good Lord! What wilt thou give me when I grow childless?" he exclaimed with his arms around them. "That was the question of Abraham, and it often comes to me. Of course we shall go. But hark! Let us hear what the green chair has to say."

There was a moment of silence and then he went on with a merry laugh. "Right ye are, Michael Henry! You are always right, my boy—God bless your soul! We shall take Bart with us an' doughnuts an' cheese an' cookies an' dried meat for all."

From that moment I date the beginning of my love for the occupant of the green chair in the home of Michael Hacker. Those good people were Catholics and I a Protestant and yet this Michael Henry always insisted upon the most delicate consideration for my faith and feelings.

"I promised to spend the morning in the field with Mr. Wright, if I may have your consent, sir," I said. "Then we shall console ourselves, knowing that you are in better company," said Mr. Hacker.

Mr. Dunkelberg called at the house in Ashery lane to see me after breakfast.

"Bart, if you will come with me I should like to order some store clothes and boots for you," he said in his squeaky voice.

For a moment I knew not how to answer him. Nettled as I had been by Sally's treatment of me, the offer was like rubbing ashes on the soreness of my spirit.

I brushed and surveyed my garments and said: "I guess I look pretty bad, don't I?" "You look all right, but I thought maybe you would feel better in softer raiment, especially if you care to go around much with the young people. I am an old friend of the family and I guess it would be proper for me to buy the clothes for you. When you are older you can buy a suit for me, some time, if you care to."

It should be understood that well-to-do people in the town were more particular about their dress those days than now.

"I'll ask my aunt and uncle about it," I proposed.

"That's all right," he answered. "I'm going to drive to your house this afternoon and your uncle wishes you to go with me. We are all to have a talk with Mr. Grimshaw."

He left me and I went over to Mr. Wright's.

They told me that he was cutting corn in the back lot, where I found him.

"Mr. Dunkelberg came this morning and wanted to buy me some new clothes and boots," I said.

The senator stopped work and stood looking at me with his hands upon his hips. "I wouldn't let him do it if I were you," he said thoughtfully.

Just then I saw a young man come running toward us in the distant field. Mr. Wright took out his compass.

"Look here," he said, "you see the needle points due north."

He took a lodestone out of his pocket, and holding it near the compass moved it back and forth. The needle followed it.

The young man came up to us breathing deeply. Perspiration was rolling off his face. He was much excited and spoke with some difficulty.

"Senator Wright," he gasped, "Mrs. Wright sent me down to tell you that President Van Buren is at the house."

I remember vividly the look of mild amusement in the senator's face and the serene calmness with which he looked at the young man and said to him:

"Tell Mrs. Wright to make him comfortable in our easiest chair and to say to the president that I shall be up directly."

Grimshaw seeks by an offer of a bribe to Uncle Peabody to prevent Bart from telling what he knows about the guilt of Amos. How Uncle Peabody and Bart received this offer is told in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Buoyed by Glorious Faith. What a world were this; how unendurable its weight, if they whom death had sundered did not meet again!—Southery.

Her Happiest Days. The other day a lady confided to us that the happiest days of her life were spent during the three years that she was eighteen.—Boston Transcript.

Sooner or later the weak man finds himself up to his neck in the slough of despair.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn. Instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. A Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

Revenge is a gun that kicks harder than it shoots.

Quickly Over. Dix—I'm going to see a mind reader. Dix—You'll have a short session.—Boston Transcript.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT. When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache get Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It will take the sting out of corns and bunions and give instant relief to Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Sold everywhere. Don't accept any substitute.—Adv.

Nothing Like Education. An ostrich stood with stuffed rigidity in a store window, with two small boys looking in: "Gee, look what a great big swan." The boy with him knew better. "That isn't a swan. That's an old he-buzzard." Which shows what a fine thing it is for some boys to live where they can have the advantage of public education and a zoo.—Washington Star.

Aerial Hunt for Whales. With his airplane equipped with a machine gun, an army lieutenant recently went out on a whale-hunting expedition. Flying at an altitude of about a thousand feet above the Pacific ocean, the airman saw his quarry about four miles out at sea, and swooped down before the great animal could submerge. A short round from the machine gun was sufficient, and a motorboat was soon on its way to pick up the carcass, which yielded the hunter a considerable profit.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Needless Alarm. Junior had not been in the best of health, and when he seemed well on the way to recovery, his mother took extra precautions to guard him against possibilities of an influenza attack.

One evening the anxious mother was startled when she entered Junior's room to find the little chap in bed, sniffling, with eyes red and watery.

"Goodness, gracious!" she cried, "do you feel sick, dearie?"

"No, mamma," Junior replied. "But you seem to have caught a dreadful cold."

"I haven't any cold," "But your nose and your eyes!" From under the covers Junior produced a book.

"It is 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' mamma," he said, "and I have just been reading about poor little Eva."—Youngstown Telegram.

WAS IN MISERY

Mrs. Jones Was in Serious Condition From Dropsy. Doan's Made Her Well.

"I don't think many have gone through such misery as I," says Mrs. C. Jones, 132 Federal St., Burlington, N. J. "That awful pain in my back felt as though my spine were crushed. My head ached and I had reeling and falling sensations when everything would turn black. Though the kidney secretions passed ten or fifteen times in an hour, only a few drops came at a time and they felt like boiling water. I soon found I had dropsy. I bloated all over. My face was so swollen I could hardly see out of my eyes. My ankles and feet felt as though they would burst if I put any weight on them. My night clothes became wringing wet with sweat and I would get chilly and shake all over. Doan's Kidney Pills soon had me feeling like a different woman. My kidneys were regulated and all the swelling went away. The aches and pains left me and after I had finished my eighth box of Doan's, I was as well as ever. My kidneys have never bothered me since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me."

Subscribed and sworn to before me. J. LEEDON SMITH, Notary Public. Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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Thrift of time will repay you in after life with a usury of profit beyond your most sanguine dreams.—Gladstone.

They Still Exist.
"The pence-at-any-price man doesn't exist any more." "Doesn't, eh? Don't the married men count at all?"

St. Louis boasts of the champion lazy man. He went to work and was too lazy to stop.

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Before retiring, use with warm water and insure a restful night.
It
Glenn's Sulphur Soap
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Contains 30% Pure Sulphur.
Wash Hair & Whisker, Eyes, Mouth or Throat, etc.

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70x16	\$8.25	70x16 1/2	\$9.75
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70x16 1/2	\$9.95	70x16	\$8.95

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Second Choice

By R. RAY BAKER

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Sadie Marshall came out of the cloakroom with a little skip in her walk and a lot of happiness in her eyes, and went behind the counter to prepare for the big rush of bargain hunters enticed by announcement of the "mammoth yellow tag sale at Miller Brothers' dry goods store."

"What's the excitement?" inquired Tillie Edmonds, offering a stick of gum which proved acceptable.

"Can't tell you," demurred Sadie, as she stripped the wrapping off the gum and placed the delicacy in her mouth. "It's a secret, but—gee! I'm happy!"

Tillie scowled. She felt like reclainging the gum, but it was too late. Sadie was chewing it recklessly.

"Oh, all right; keep it to yourself," snorted Tillie, and proceeded to turn her back on the other girl and display unusual energy in dusting some bolts of muslin.

But Sadie couldn't keep it. "I'll tell you," she said, "if you promise not to tell anyone else;" and Tillie turned with the scowl still on her forehead, but her ears wide open. "I'm—I'm engaged to one of the finest young men in the world."

Tillie's face was radiant with smiles. She seized both of the other's hands and pumped them up and down for a full minute, while she showered congratulations on her.

"Good! Fine!" she beamed. "When you going to leave us, and what's the gentleman's name? Is it that one I saw you walking with in Central park, feeding the squirrels, a couple of weeks ago?"

The light of happiness in Sadie's eyes lost some of its brilliancy, although it was by no means dispelled.



"It's a Secret."

"No," she said, somewhat less enthusiastically, "he's not the one, although he asked me only last Sunday. That's Mr. Piper, but he's not the one I'm going to marry, although I have to confess I like him an awful lot. My future husband's name is Jasper Jewels and he's got just loads of money and drives a motorcar and—every thing."

Tillie sniffed.

"I'm kinda sorry," she said. "I liked that Mr. Piper real well, what little I saw of him, and I get suspicious of those fellows who have lots of money. How do you know he's rich and owns an automobile?"

"Well, I've ridden in the car with him," declared Sadie, "and as for his being rich—why, he told me so himself, and you ought to see the clothes he wears! He's spick and span, always, I tell you. Mr. Piper, as I said, is nice and has been very good to me, and if it hadn't been that Mr. Jewels hobbled up—"

Then the bargain hunters began to arrive, and there was no time to talk or think matrimony for the rest of the day. About the time the five o'clock whistles were blowing, a blonde young man, garbed in a blue and white striped suit of a cut and shade that bordered on the radical, entered the white goods department, and Sadie introduced him as her "intended." He had an easy grace of manner and a winning smile that quite captivated the salesgirls—all except Tillie, who simply said: "How'do? Glad to know you," and continued shoving bolts of cloth back on the shelves.

Sadie clung to his arm as they left the store and entered a big green touring car that stood at the curb. Those few salesgirls who were able to scramble to the window did so and stood agape as the machine whirled away.

After having dinner at a restaurant, Sadie and Mr. Jewels took a ride in Brooklyn before going to the theater. While on the ride, Sadie was presented with a ring containing a dazzling white stone. Then, just in time to see the beginning of the performance, they drove up to the theater.

The play was a good one. It had enjoyed a long run in the theater and still was drawing big houses. But Sadie's enjoyment of it was considerably interfered with by her conscience,

which was awakened by the presence of a young man seated across the aisle, three rows down. The young man had dark-brown hair and wore rather plain, but neat clothes. Evidently he was in the company of two others, who sat on either side of him, for he could be seen conversing with them frequently.

"Mr. Piper," mused Sadie. "How in the world can he afford to come to this show? He works somewhere in a factory in Brooklyn. I forget just where he said."

Her conscience was bothering her because of the treatment she was according her own heart. She knew that she really cared more for Mr. Piper than for her present escort, and she also realized that it was the lure of wealth that had caused her to accept Jewels' offer of marriage.

Her acquaintance with Mr. Piper dated six months back, to one day in late summer, when she was canoeing with two girl chums on Otsego lake. None of the girls knew anything about the management of a canoe, and they nearly paid dearly for their rash adventure on the water. They were about half a mile from shore when the canoe overturned, and if it had not been for Robert Piper, who, with two other young men, paddled up at the right moment, it is unlikely that any of the girls would have escaped with her life. Robert at once began being attentive to Sadie and the affair had become quite serious when she met Jasper Jewels one night at a dance.

Just how the alarm started was never ascertained, but as the curtain descended at the close of the second act the cry of "fire" spread through the audience. It was taken up from the orchestra seats and the boxes to the balconies and galleries and, without stopping to learn the extent of the danger, or if any existed, the greater part of the audience went into a panic, and those who did try to maintain their composure were carried off their feet by the frenzied mob which swept in the fury of terror toward the exits.

Startled like the rest, but so dazed that she scarcely knew which way to turn, Sadie sprang to her feet, reaching out an arm to clutch her male escort. But he had fled up the aisle. Helpless, the girl stood there, buffeted back and forth, until a strong arm grasped her and she felt herself lifted and carried swiftly away, while cries of terror and pain were raised repeatedly on every hand.

It seemed like hours, but it was only a moment later that she realized she was again on her feet and was surprised to see that she was standing on the stage, which was free of the panic-stricken crowd. Beside her stood Robert Piper.

"Come, let's get out of here," faltered Sadie. "We'll be burned up."

Piper laughed.

"I guess not. There isn't any fire. It's a false alarm. If the orchestra had only been on the job it could have stopped the panic; it's been done that way many a time."

The next day Miller Brothers' sale continued. After the mad nightmare at the theater, however, the battle for bargains seemed to Sadie like a very calm and sedate affair. Nevertheless she was kept so busy that she had no time for words with Tillie until late in the afternoon.

"Well, Mr. Jewels coming after you again this evening?" Tillie inquired during a lull, as she leaned up against the wall, uttered a sigh of relief and placed a stick of gum in her mouth.

Sadie's lip curled.

"No," she retorted; "but Mr. Piper is. I decided to marry him after all, and let Mr. Jewels go, even if he is rich and owns a motorcar. I'll take my chances on the poor factory hand. See, here's the ring Jasper gave me last night. I'm going to send it back."

Tillie took the ring and held it up to the light. An expression of scorn crossed her face as she placed her arms akimbo and stopped chewing gum long enough to say:

"Some jewel, Sadie, some jewel. Must have cost all of a quarter. Pure glass and brass, that's what it is. So you're going to take a chance on the poor one, are you? Why, you poor deluded kid, I've been investigating things since I met your used-to-flaunt things, and I've found some interesting facts; and one is that your second choice is the best you could have made. I thought that Jasper person looked kinda suspicious, and I was right. Do you know who he chauffeurs for? Well, I'll tell you. The fellow that owns the big green machine is Robert Piper, who also owns a factory over in Brooklyn; and he's all to the good, that fellow is."

He Fooled His Friends.

When the Americans drove the Germans out of the St. Mihiel salient the job was done so quickly and cleverly that a lot of booty fell into their hands. There was one private at Thiaucourt who took a chance, says Stars and Stripes, the soldiers' newspaper, but he could not resist the temptation.

When his mates first saw him they were uncertain whether he was the kaiser or the crown prince as they rushed forward to make the capture. He was riding a German officer's horse, he had a German officer's helmet, and on his chest was pinned the Iron cross, all left by German officers in their rush to safety. The squad of Americans bent upon making an important capture were tremendously disgusted to find that it was only Private Jones of the Infantry.

Worry Will Not Help.

Count your blessings. Rehabilitate the memory of the good and the joyful; and if life seems hard for the time being, take it on trust with the simplicity of a child.

BACK LIKE A BOARD? IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

There's no use suffering from the awful agony of lame back. Don't wait till it "comes off." It only comes back. Find the cause and stop it. Diseased conditions of kidneys are usually indicated by stiff lame backs and other wrenching pains, which are nature's signals for help!

Here's the remedy. When you feel the first twinges of pain or experience any of these symptoms, get busy at once. Go to your druggist and get a box of the pure, original GOLD MEDAL, Harlem Oil Capsules, imported fresh every month from the laboratories in Harlem, Holland. Pleasant and easy to take, they instantly attack the poisonous germs clogging your system and bring quick relief.

For over two hundred years they have been helping the sick. Why not try them? Sold everywhere by reliable druggists in sealed packages. Three sizes. Money back if they do not help you. Ask for "GOLD MEDAL" and be sure the name "GOLD MEDAL" is on the box.—Adv.

Who Blushed Then?

A pretty young teacher was once placed in charge of a class of boys and she asked them what they would like to be when grown up.

They all had very high notions, one was to be an actor, one a sailor, one a lorry driver, and another a cowboy. Presently it came to a pretty fair-haired boy to state his wish.

"What would you like to be?" said the teacher.

Jackie blushed deeply, and looked shy and afraid.

"Come, tell me your wish, Jackie, please," said the teacher.

"Please—er—please, my wish—er—is to be—your husband!" he blurted out.—London Answers.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart, and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Looked Like It.

One of our camps was near the historical ground over which General Sherman made his famous march to the sea. One day the boys in an aero squad were working on several planes. One lad seemed to be having a hard time completing his task. He sweated in silence and finally threw down his tools and remarked: "This must be the spot where Sherman said that war is!"—Exchange.

The Lobster.

Unlike most other marine animals, the lobster is not truly migratory in its habits. It remains on about the same ground, it is believed, from year to year, coming into shallower water in spring and returning to the less accessible depths in autumn.

English Words on Increase.

The English vocabulary has grown to great size. The number of words found in old English literature does not exceed 30,000; recent dictionaries have listed more than 400,000.

A Lady of Distinction.

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water will thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

What Better?

He—What is your highest ambition? She—Six feet one and just released.—Gargoyle.

Counterfeiter Caught! The New York health authorities had a Brooklyn manufacturer sentenced to the penitentiary for selling throughout the United States millions of "Talcum powder" tablets as Aspirin Tablets.

Warning!

Don't buy Aspirin in a pill box! Get Bayer package! Never ask for just Aspirin Tablets! Always say, "Give me a package of Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Insist that every Aspirin Tablet you take must come in the regular Bayer package and the "Bayer Cross" must appear on this package and on each tablet.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

For Pain
Headache
Neuralgia
Toothache
Earache
Rheumatism
Lumbago



Colds
Grippe
Influenza
Colds
Stiff Neck
Joint Pains
Neuritis

Adults—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day, after meals.

Proved Safe by Millions! American Owned!

Boxes of 12 tablets—Bottles of 24—Bottles of 100—Also Capsules. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacacetamide of Salicylic Acid.

Take First Place, Freddy.
Teacher—What is the capital of California?
Freddy Fangle—Its glorious climate!

Cement From Oyster Shells.
Oyster shells are being used extensively in the manufacture of portland cement along the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.

Indigestion, Gas and Bloat From Acid-Stomach

An acid-stomach cannot digest food properly. Instead, the food sores and ferments and, passing into the intestines, becomes a breeding place for countless millions of deadly germs—toxic poisons they are called. These poisons are absorbed into the system and cause untold misery. So, you see, it is just acid-stomach, pecking elsewhere and unfit, saps their strength and energy; robs them of their vigor and vitality. Biliousness, bad liver, nervousness, blinding, splitting headaches, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica—these and many other still more serious ailments often are traced to the common neurotic acid-stomach.

Take EATONIC and get rid quickly of the pains of indigestion, heartburn, that horrible, lumpy, bloated feeling after eating; disgusting, belching, food-repeating; near, gassy stomach. These stomach miseries are caused by what doctors call "Hyperacidity." It's just ACID-STOMACH. And in addition to the pains and miseries it causes, ACID-STOMACH is the starting of a long train of ailments that the best people never dreamed are in any way connected with the stomach.

Pleasant tasting EATONIC TABLETS that you eat like a bit of candy, quickly put an end to your stomach troubles. They act as an absorbent—literally wipe up the excess hurtful acid and make the stomach pure, sweet and strong. Help digestion so that you get all the power and energy from your food. You cannot be well without it!

If you are one of those who have "tried everything" but in spite of it still suffer all kinds of acid-stomach miseries—if you lack physical and mental strength and vigor—begin at once to take EATONIC. Get back your physical and mental punch and enjoy the good things of life. Like thousands of others you will say you never dreamed that such amazingly quick relief and such a remarkable improvement in your general health was possible.

Your druggist has EATONIC. We authorize him to guarantee it to give instant relief or refund your money. Get a big box of EATONIC today. It costs but little and the results are wonderful!

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hallam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run-down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping home since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. B. Chromazne, R. No. 1, Hallam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. Emma Egan, R. No. 4, Box 24, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

1878--ANNIVERSARY WEEK--1919

Forty-one years ago Mr. H. H. Barber, the founder of this business, took for his business motto the sentiment: "A Satisfied Customer Is a Store's Best Advertisement." Through all those forty-one years his steady aim was to have the public coming to his store so served that each one should be "A Satisfied Customer," and that he succeeded in that aim was amply proven by the steady growth of his business. The year 1900 found Mr. Barber so cramped for space that he removed to our present location and the store became known far and near as the H. H. Barber Department Store, and as such continued to satisfy old customers and to win many new ones.

A little more than a year ago Mr. Barber incorporated the business, since when it has been known as the H. H. Barber Co. And although we no longer have his personal presence and influence to aid and advise us, we shall always endeavor to carry out as well as we can his well-known aims and business policy, and make our motto now as always in the past: "A Satisfied Customer Is a Store's Best Advertisement."

Thus we have Three Anniversaries in One Event: Our Forty-first, Our Nineteenth, Our First.

H. H. Barber Co. Dept. Store
MILFORD, New Hampshire

Expert Advice on Water Supply

Is to be our especial contribution of War Service. To Farm successfully, abundant Water is needed. We have drilled many successful wells in and about Antrim, as well as in other parts of New Hampshire, and can point to a long list of satisfied customers. Several of our machines are now at work in New Hampshire. Calls for advice on Individual or Community Artesian Wells will receive prompt attention.

BAY STATE ARTESIAN WELL COM'Y, INC.
65 No. State St. CONCORD, N. H.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Hillsborough, SS. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of Araminta G. Sargent, late of Goffstown, in said County, deceased, intestate, and to all others interested therein:

Whereas, Henry A. Coolidge, executor of the will of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County, his petition for license to sell real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, said real estate being fully described in his petition, and open for examination by all parties interested.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Peterborough, in said County, on the 31st day of May next, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

Said executor is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court:

Given at Nashua in said County, this 25th day of April A. D. 1919.

E. J. COPP,
Register

Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of George E. Woodward, late of Milford, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Dated April 15, 1919.

EUGENE H. WOODWARD,
31

Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the Estate of Willie E. Simpson, late of Antrim, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Dated April 24, 1919.

CHARLES S. ABBOTT,
31

We Buy OLD FALSE TEETH

We pay from \$2.00 to \$3.50 per set (broken or not). We always actual value for diamonds, old gold, silver and bridge-work. Sent at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail. Will return your goods if our price is unsatisfactory.

W. MAZENS TOWTH SPECIALTY
Dept. X, 2007 So. 4th St. Philadelphia, Penn.

The Reporter will make you 52 weekly visits for \$2.

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-lives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA.
"I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting. When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended 'Fruit-a-lives' (or Fruit Liver Tablets) to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health."
W. M. LAMPSON.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

Antrim Locals

George W. Hunt has been in Boston this week on a business trip.

Corp. Nelson F. Cressy visited Otto Baeder and family a few days last week.

LOST—Auto number plate, No. 10173. Finder please leave at Reporter office.

Fred Dunlap is serving as grand juror in the Superior Court in Manchester this week.

Mrs. William A. Nichols has returned to her home here, after a visit with friends in Massachusetts.

E. D. Putnam is having a new barn and workshop erected at the rear of his residence on Waverley street.

Lyle Drew is spending two days in Boston, the guest of his brother, who has just returned from 21 months' stay overseas.

Mrs. Jennie Nims and Miss Gertrude Jameson have returned to their home here, after being absent from town during the winter.

The annual meeting of the Antrim Red Cross Branch will be held at the Selectmen's room, Friday evening, May 9, at 8 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Force and children; and Miss Vera Locke, from Ayer, Mass., were visitors over Sunday at Arthur W. Locke's.

The White Apron club gave Mrs. Jane Gibney a birthday party at her home on Jameson avenue one day last week and a most pleasant time was the result.

Mother's Day will be observed at the Presbyterian Church next Sunday. The pastor will preach an appropriate sermon and the choir will render special music for the occasion.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hillsborough, ss. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of Mary B. Favor, late of Bennington, in said County, deceased, testate, and to all others interested therein:

Whereas, James E. Favor, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County the account of his administration of said estate:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Peterborough, in said County, on the 31st day of May next, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

Said executor is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court:

Given at Nashua in said County, this 5th day of May A. D. 1919.

By order of the Court,

E. J. COPP, Register

BENNINGTON

A Weekly News Letter of Interest

Moving Pictures!

Town Hall, Bennington at 8.00 o'clock

Wednesday Evening, May 7
Clara Kimball Young in
The House of Glass
5 Reel Drama 1 Reel Comedy

Saturday Evening, May 10
Pearl White in
LIGHTNING RAIDER, Chap. 9
and 5 Reel Drama
The Brazen Beauty

Harold L. Brown is the new manager of the Mrs. James Swift farm.

A correspondent is wanted in this town, who will send items regularly to the Antrim Reporter. Apply at the Reporter office.

Carl Haas has purchased a new Ford car, from Frank J. Boyd, of Antrim.

Many people from here attended the Odd Fellows anniversary celebration in Antrim last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter C. Wickham were visiting friends in town the past week. They are now residing in Pepperell, Mass.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Some Eggs!

John Lilly showed us an egg the past week, which for size exceeded any we had seen for some time. It measured around it the long way 8 1/2 inches and the other way 6 1/2 inches; the egg was laid by a Rhode Island Red hen on May 1 just passed, and weighed a quarter of a pound.

NORTH BRANCH

Mr. and Mrs. Justin Parker and son, Harrison Parker, of Winchester, Mass., spent the week end at their home at the Branch. The friends of Harrison Parker are pleased to welcome him back among them once more, after a two years' service "over there."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith were at W. D. Wheeler's Saturday and Sunday.

Chester Spaulding visited his uncle, W. D. Wheeler Saturday, having just returned from France and received his honorable discharge. We are glad to welcome our boys back home again.

Mr. and Mrs. George Barrett were on an auto trip to Centre Harbor recently.

Mr. and Mrs. George Buchanan and daughter, of Saxons River, Vt., and Will Carr, of Malden, were calling on friends at the Branch Sunday.

Sol White and family are back at their farm for the summer.

Mrs. R. F. Hunt and daughter, Gladys Crosbie, are at Bide-a-wee for a few days.

Mrs. Lowe and Mrs. McIlvin were Hillsboro visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Miller are stopping for a season with their niece, Mrs. M. P. McIlvin.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Lowe have completed work at the Flint Farm, after being there nearly fourteen years. They have purchased a farm at Hollis, N. H. and will soon move to their new home. We are all sorry to lose any of our worthy families as we have none to spare.

The new manager of the Flint Farm, Mr. Bell, was in town recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harvey were away for the week end.

Through the promptness of Mr. Barrett, what might have been a very serious fire was avoided. He saw smoke in the Estey pasture, and upon going to the place, discovered a fire. Evidently some one wayflowering had carelessly thrown a match down. We wish that a heavy fine might be put on anyone who does not have enough respect for other people's property to use a little precaution.

CLINTON VILLAGE

Mrs. L. R. Gove is enjoying a vacation with her son and family, in Fitchburg, Mass.

Martin Haefeli and family, from Peterboro, visited Sunday at Alfred Holt's.

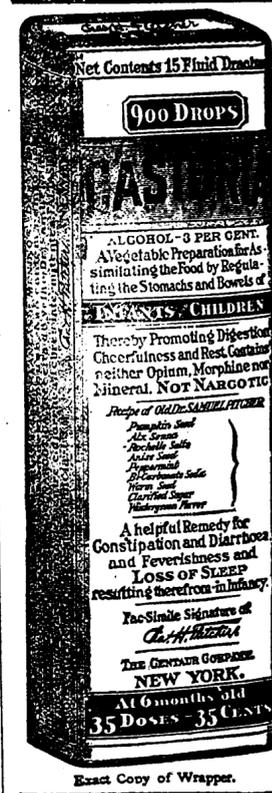
Lawrence Black and Phillip Butterfield were in Lebanon Sunday and Monday.

Fred Whittemore was in Manchester on business Saturday.

Diamond Maxwell and Richard Brooks, from Henniker, were at their homes here over Sunday.

Mason C. Butterfield and family, from Manchester, spent the week end at the Butterfield farm.

James Hildreth, from Lunenburg, Mass., and Porter Hildreth and two sons, William and Don, from Winchendon, Mass., visited Sunday at George Sawyer's.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CERTAIN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Our Regular Stock of General Merchandise was Never Better and Our Prices Lower under our new "Cash and Carry" System. Give Us a Trial and See.

GEORGE O. JOSLIN
BENNINGTON : : CLINTON

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



W. L. Lawrence

ANTRIM, N. H.

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Geo. E. Buxton

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The Largest Greenhouses in Southern N. H.

FLOWERS for all OCCASIONS

Flowers by Telephone to All Parts of U. S.

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400 TYPEWRITERS

All kinds and all grades, REMINGTONS \$15 up

Instruction book with each machine.

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