

# The Antrim Reporter

State Library

VOLUME XXXVI NO. 18

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1919

5 CENTS A COPY

## Cram's Store



### STATIONERY

A Window Full of Box Stationery of Good Quality, at the Extremely Low Price of

21c. per Box

### SHIRT WAISTS HOUSE DRESSES

All Shirt Waists and House Dresses marked down to clean up before new Spring stock comes in. A chance to save money.

Some More of Those PERCALE REMNANTS

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS  
New Lot Just In

## W. E. CRAM

Odd Fellows Block Store,  
ANTRIM, New Hamp.

## Call and See Our

### ROUND OAK PARLOR STOVES



Glenwood Ranges and  
Wood Parlor Stoves

## George W. Hunt

ANTRIM, N. H.

### ACCOMMODATION!

To and From Antrim  
Railroad Station.

Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:

7.08	A. M.	10.29
	7.44	
	P. M.	
12.04	1.53	
3.44	4.13	6.57

Sunday: 8.22, 6.43, 11.40 A. M.; 4.48 P. M.  
Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes  
earlier than departure of train.  
Stage will call for passengers if word  
is left at Express Office in Jameson  
Block.

Passengers for the early morning train  
should leave word at Express Office the  
night before.

The Reporter will make you 52  
weekly visits for \$2.

### Water Glass For Preserving Eggs

Mix one part Water Glass with  
ten parts water

ANTRIM PHARMACY  
C. A. BATES ANTRIM, N. H.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA

### FROM GERMANY

## Another Antrim Boy Tells of His Experiences

Dear Folks—  
Kaisersesch, Germany  
I can imagine what kind of a time you had with the "Flu," and am glad you are better now. So Vera McClure has it now; well, she has my sympathy for I had it in De Sauge, in the midst of summer. (southern France). I was considered very sick for four days and guess I was, alright. Just at present we are in mud knee deep, and a lot of the boys are sick with "Flu" and grippe.

What do you think of peace negotiations?—rather reluctant on the part of the Fatherland, aren't they.

The Y. M. C. A. chaplains and others are trying hard to furnish amusement for the poor soldiers; for instance, in our outfit they are organizing a minstrel, and other outfits are doing likewise, and when all have performed, the best of them get a chance to tour the A. E. F. on the Rhine. But even at that the boys are getting pretty sick of it, and are always discussing chances of going home. Not being National Army or National Guards I suppose we must learn to labor and to wait.

Another disheartening thing is having to do practice hikes, drill and these maneuvers when our thoughts and minds are with the Home Folks.

After those battles, I feel that we "fought the good fight." We understand that the 26th leaves soon, also the 42nd, but we expect to be the last to go. I think I might get home just as quick to stay with the outfit, as to try for return as a casual.

Tell the kid I fear she will graduate with me still in Germany, but that is a small matter if she only is a success.

I sailed down the Rhine as far as Oberwesel, past Stolzenfels, on the 20th of February. It was a great trip. As I viewed the famous Lorelei rock, the one famous in the song you used to love so well, I had to laugh as I recalled my idea of the Lorelei then, and I had to make a new picture in my mind, as the old one was nothing like it.

I imagine the river would be very beautiful six weeks hence, but as it was I saw the ruins and castles, and am sending you some views under separate cover.

My ambition now is to see Bingen, which is not so very much further down, and perhaps go up to Cologne, Bonn, or still better, the "Green Lady" near the Metropolis.

The best information I can get on the subject nearest your hearts is that the 4th will not sail for U. S. A. until May.

Tell Arthur Howard that deer and rabbits are as thick as fleas here but it is against the law to hunt them. I have never got the Reporters but do get the clippings you enclose in letters.

None of us won any Croix de Guerres, altho we could always be relied on, and Pershing refers to the 4th as a "pillar of strength."

Our Battery has just won Battalions, Regimental and Divisional places for the best sections; we expect to compete in the Corps contest this week sometime and we have high hopes there.

I am quitting now for it is chow time; by the way, we chowed on board the steamer Rhinegold that day on the river, on government chow, served by Germans.

Give my best regards to everyone and try to be patient.

Love, as ever,  
Ted.

### May 15, the Last Day

Organizations and individuals generally are advised by Collector of Internal Revenue, Seth W. Jones, to underscore on their calendars May 15, the last day for the filing of returns of information, giving the names and addresses of all individuals to whom payments of salaries, wages, rents, interest, commissions, and other gains, profits and income of \$1,000 or more were paid during the year 1918. An extension of time from March 15 to May 15 was granted by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the filing of these returns.

### HIGHER PRICE LEVEL

## A Condition All Must Get Accustomed To

The Governors and Mayors in attendance on the recent Washington conference appear to have been convinced, pretty generally, of two things: There is to be no immediate or marked reduction in the price of building materials and labor wages, and an immediate resumption of building and construction activities throughout the country, more than any other one thing, is essential if business is to get back to the "as usual" basis of peace, or the "better than usual" possibilities of the present and future.

A statement was made by Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale University, an acknowledged authority on price and market conditions, in which he says the United States has reached a new price level and it is doubtful if prices ever again will go back to the pre-war level, was read with interest. Prof. Fisher says that one certain way to bring about business stagnation is for everybody to wait for business to get better. Prof. Fisher states it this way:

"The fundamental practical question confronting business men is whether the general level is going to fall. In my opinion, it is not going to fall much, if at all. We are on a permanently higher price level and the sooner the business men of the country take this view and adjust themselves to it, the sooner will they save themselves and the nation from the misfortune which will come, if we persist in our present false hope."

This international authority on prices shows there have been times in history when new price levels were established. He says:

"The general level of prices depends upon the volume and rapidity of turn-over of the circulating medium in relation to the business to be transacted thereby. If the number of dollars circulated by cash and by check doubles, while the number of goods and services exchanged thereby remain constant, prices will double.

After analyzing our gold supply and credits and pointing out that prices in Europe are higher than in America, Prof. Fisher arrives at this conclusion:

"Business men should face the fact. To talk reverently of 1918 14 prices is to speak a dead language today. The buyers of the country, since the armistice, have made an unexampled attack on prices through their waiting attitude, and yet price recessions have been insignificant. The reason is that we are on a new high price level, which will be found a stubborn reality. Business men are going to find out that the clever man is not the man who waits, but the one who finds out the new price facts, and acts accordingly."

At the same time Prof. Fisher's conclusions were made known there came from the Division of Public Works and Construction Development of the U. S. Department of Labor a resume of the work of ten or twelve experts on price and market conditions. Here again it was made plain there is no evidence justifying the expectation of a general, material reduction in the price level. This report makes these statements:

"The fact is that cost of construction is not high today. It is low compared with food, clothing and commodities in general. Although some readjustments in the wages of individual trades and in the prices of individual classes of building materials may take place, the cost of construction will not come down to such an extent as to endanger a judicious investment made today in the erection of a new building."

### Auction Sale

By W. E. Cram, Auctioneer, Antrim

W. C. Hills, having sold his farm, and about to remove to the village, will sell a lot of farming tools and stock at public auction, at his residence on West Street, about one mile from Antrim village, on Thursday, April 17, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon. The stock consists of horses, cows and sheep, and the farming tools include all the wagons, harness, sleds, large and small tools used on the farm and in the milk business; and in addition

### A FULL WEEK OF CELEBRATION

## Odd Fellows and Rebekahs Do Their Part Entertaining—April 22 to 30 Inclusive

The week starts on April 22 when Hand in Hand Lodge of Rebekahs will be visited officially on Tuesday evening at a special meeting by Mrs. Kate Davis, of Marlboro, president of the Rebekah Assembly. The degree will be conferred on a goodly number of candidates and after the work refreshments will be served in the banquet hall.

The accompanying invitation has been sent to every member of Waverley Lodge.

Regarding the public entertainment at town hall we will state that the Schubert Quartet, of Boston, Miss Una White, of Concord, reader, will entertain; Charles S. Emerson, of Milford, and Frederick E. Small, of Rochester, Past Grand Representative, will give brief addresses; Appleton's orchestra will furnish music. At the close of this program dancing will be enjoyed by all who wish. This evening's program is given free to the public that everybody—and this invitation is very general—may enjoy something real nice and about the best procurable. It is hoped that the hall will be crowded.

It is probable that we may be able to give the program more in detail in the next week's issue of the Reporter. Anyway, it will be worth your while to attend. If you are an Odd Fellow or Rebekah get the whole of it; if not, get all you can of it.

The show that Antrim is particular-

YOU ARE INVITED TO  
OUR CELEBRATION ON THE  
30TH DAY OF APRIL

## All Odd Fellows Invited

Waverley Lodge, No. 59, asks you to attend their observance of the  
100th ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN ODD FELLOWSHIP

on Wednesday, April 30, 1919. The street parade starts at 5 o'clock prompt; the banquet for Odd Fellows and their families and Rebekahs and their families, at 6 in Odd Fellows hall; the Public Entertainment, at town hall, will be at 8.15. Odd Fellows are asked to wear caps, badges and white gloves. Any other information can be obtained by writing any member of the following general committee.

E. M. LANE, Antrim  
A. A. GERRARD, Bennington  
G. W. GOODHUE, Hancock

### APRIL TWENTY-ONE

## Is the Opening Day for the Sale of the Fifth

The terms of the Victory Liberty loan disclose an offering that is attractive both to large and small investors, and a loan so much smaller than was expected that loan leaders everywhere do not hesitate to predict swift and complete success for the fifth and final campaign.

Only \$4,500,000,000 is asked for, whereas it was expected that the loan would be \$6,000,000,000. This is half way between the minimum requirements of the Third and Fourth Liberties. New Hampshire's quota will therefore be approximately \$5,000,000 less than it was in the last loan.



Then the interest rate will attract both those to whom tax exemption means nothing, and those to whom it means much. The former, the small investors, can get 4 1/2 percent on a partially tax exempt note—that is, on a note that is exempt from taxation when for a sum within their means. The large investors can choose a totally tax exempt note bearing interest at 3 1/2 percent, and the note bearing the higher rate is convertible into the one bearing the lower rate.

Moreover, the life of the note is four years, the government having the right to redeem it in three years.

The terms are believed by loan workers and bank men fully to meet the requirements for a popular campaign.

### THEY MAY INTEREST

## Even if You Have Read Them Somewhere Before

Cheerfulness is a habit and cheerlessness is a disease.

It's not the world that's upside down old-timer—it's you.

He's a poor logician that can't figure out a good reason for doing the thing he wishes.

Your friend is pleased by your good luck, but don't expect him to quit business to celebrate it.

If the friends of your youth are the enemies of your old age, it is you and not your friends that are wrong.

Another good reason for not marrying now, if you are looking for reasons, is that diamonds are about \$425 a carat.

Women's skirts are to be longer and tighter which means that men's pocketbooks will also have to be longer but not "tighter."

Losing in a business deal irritates some folks while having a visitor scatter cigar ashes all over his office irritates another.

You can't make some of 'em believe it, but everybody is a gambler, even the man that eats onions when he knows it hurts his digestive apparatus. He's gambling that may be some day it won't.

Germany protests that all she wishes from the peace conference is justice. This is the first time in history, so far as known, that any nation has pleaded for its own destruction.

"How do you like army life? Quite a number of turns to get used to, aren't there?"

"You're right. At night you turn in and just as you are about to turn over somebody turns up and says, "Turn out!"

Arthur W. Proctor was a business visitor in Boston yesterday.

If anyone desires a Summer Cottage any time in June, Lakehaven is available. Ask or write the owner, H. W. Eldredge, Antrim, N. H. adv.

### Know It Well

Familiar Features Well Known to  
Hundreds of Antrim Citizens

A familiar burden in many a home, The burden of a "bad back." A lame, a weak or an aching back Often tells you of kidney ills. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Here is good testimony to prove the merits:

Mrs. W. H. Jordan, 323 Pearl St., Keene, N. H., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills off and on for a good many years, and the benefit they have given me makes me glad to recommend them. They have given me prompt relief from backache. Others of the family have also used Doan's with excellent results."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Jordan had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### Rural Carrier Examination

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination for the County of Hillsborough, N. H., to be held at Peterboro, Milford, Manchester and Brookline, on May 10, 1919, to fill the position of rural carrier at Antrim, Brookline, Manchester and South Lyndeboro, and vacancies that may later occur on rural routes from other post offices in the above-mentioned county. The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory of a post office in the county and who meet the other requirements set forth in Form No. 1977. This form and application blanks may be obtained from the offices mentioned above or from the United States Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. Applications should be forwarded to the Commission at Washington at the earliest practicable date.

The vacancy at Brookline, for which this examination is announced, is caused by the enlistment of the carrier formerly employed on the route. Upon his honorable discharge from the military service of the Government he will be entitled to reinstatement to his former position as carrier on this route in accordance with the statute approved July 28, 1916, which is as follows:

"Any postal employee who has entered the military service of the United States or who shall hereafter enter it shall, upon being honorably discharged therefrom, be permitted to resume his position in the postal department which he left to enter such service."

However, any person appointed to this position may, in the discretion of the Post Office Department, be assigned to other parts of the postal service; or transferred to other branches of the classified service for which he is eligible.

### At the Presbyterian

Easter Sunday will be observed in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday by a special sermon and appropriate music. The subject of the sermon will be "Easter and Life." The public is cordially invited to attend this service.

## FOR SALE! HORSES!

Will Arrive Monday,  
April 21st,

With a Choice Carload of Canada Horses, in Pairs and Single, from 1100 to 1500 lbs. A horse for any purpose and all ready for work. Quality the Best and prices right.

Come and See them.

Fred L. Proctor,  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
The Goodell Farm Tel. 18-3

**NEW ENGLAND NEWS  
IN TABLOID FORM**

**Items of Interest From All  
Sections of Yankeeland**

Governor Beekman at Providence, R. I., signed the bill legalizing Sunday baseball in Rhode Island.

A baseball park costing \$100,000 is to be erected on Pawtucket avenue, Providence, R. I. It is understood that \$70,000 has already been subscribed.

Only 100 cases of venereal diseases have been found and of these 17 were reported before the division left Brest. This includes the entire 28,000 men, bringing the percentage far below that of civil life.

The Yankee Division is one of the cleanest in the entire American army, according to medical officers' reports made so far, as a result of inspections made when the men passed through the sanitary plant.

The Haverhill Shoe Manufacturers' Association announces 3,000 women employees in more than forty shoe factories, have begun a fifty-hour week without reduction of pay. They have been working fifty-four hours a week.

One hundred and fifty cutters and quarrymen in the granite quarries at West Sullivan and Franklin, Maine, have been granted a wage scale of \$6 a day for three years by the quarry owners. This is an advance of \$1.75 a day.

The first case of "sleeping sickness," or lethargic encephalitis, known to have occurred in the Southeastern Massachusetts district, resulted in the death of Mrs. Frances Cunningham, twenty-five, of New Bedford. Mrs. Cunningham had been ill for about two weeks.

The 26th Division when it parades in Boston will number 552 officers and 18,287 men. This includes 501 officers and 17,198 men from New England and 51 officers and 1098 men from outside New England, who have announced their willingness to stay and participate.

Bangor, (Me.) High School is to have military training under permission of the War Department. An instructor for the Junior R. O. T. C. will be appointed. Friends of Captain Sabine W. Wood of Bangor, who is now at Charleston, S. C., in the army, are suggesting him as a desirable candidate for the position.

Harry C. Hale, who came home from France as commander of the 26th Division with the temporary rank of major general, has resumed his regular rank as brigadier, and the division on parade is expected to be under its old commander, Maj. Gen. Clarence B. Edwards, now commanding the Northeastern department.

Charles W. Walker of Pine View Farm, Canton, Me., has a three-year-old cow which has the state record for milk production. The animal is Balmam Mercedes DeKol and her official record for milk and butter in seven days is 653.2 pounds of milk and 22.16 pounds of butter. Her biggest milk production in one day was 98.4 pounds of milk.

Col. Adam Gifford, commander of the Salvation Army forces in New England has issued a statement warning the public against imposters who have been collecting money on the pretext of seeking funds for the Salvation Army home service fund. Colonel Gifford said the campaign would not open for a month or more and that no one had been authorized to make collections.

A mammoth golden star, representing approximately 2,000 men, will immortalize in the eyes of hundreds of thousands of New Englanders in April 25 the brave lads of the Yankee Division who now sleep beneath wheat fields in France. This emblem of respect and mourning will be carried by their comrades-in-arms in the big parade which starts at 1 o'clock on that afternoon at Boston.

Boston, April 11—Four special trains loaded with war relics, including equipment captured from the Germans, will tour New England between April 21 and May 10, as an advertising feature for the Victory Liberty Loan. Nearly 400 cities and towns in the six states will be visited, the committee announced today. Each train will consist of three flat cars, one box and a tourist sleeper. Several speakers and bondsalemen together with military guards will travel with each outfit.

"Neighborly yours" is the way they will sign business letters and social correspondence in Lawrence, Mass., in the future if a suggestion of the citizens committee is adopted. It has undertaken a campaign of civic betterment to get at and remove the causes for the mill city's industrial and other troubles, and it has come to the conclusion that all of its 40 odd nationalities, speaking 50 odd tongues, must "get neighborly" if its more than 100,000 citizens are to cooperate in a movement for the common welfare.

**The Y. D. Parade Order.**

The official "order of parade," showing the order in which Yankee Division units will appear in the great division parade in Boston on April 25, was issued at Army Headquarters by Colonel A. S. Williams, chief of staff. The order of parade will be as follows:

- Police escort.
- Major-General Harry C. Hale, commanding 26th Division, and Major-General Clarence B. Edwards, commanding Department of the Northeast and former commander 26th Division.
- 26th Division Flag of Honor (gold star flag).
- 220-millimetre howitzer (captured by 26th Division on road to Trugny, July 21, 1918, at second Battle of the Marne).
- Wounded soldiers of 26th Division (in automobiles).
- 26th Division Headquarters.
- Headquarters troop and detachment.
- 101st Engineer Regiment.
- 101st Field Signal Battalion.
- 101st Machine Gun Battalion.
- 51st Infantry Brigade Headquarters.
- 101st Infantry Regiment.
- 102d Infantry Regiment.
- 102d Machine Gun Battalion.
- 52d Infantry Brigade Headquarters.
- 103d Infantry Regiment.
- 104th Infantry Regiment.
- 103d Machine Gun Battalion.
- 51st Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters.
- 101st Field Artillery Regiment.
- 102d Field Artillery Regiment.
- 103d Field Artillery Regiment.
- 101st Trench Mortar Battery.
- 101st Train Headquarters.
- 101st Supply Train.
- 101st Ammunition Train.
- 101st Sanitary Train.
- Quartermaster's Office.
- Mail Detachment (A. P. O. 709).
- Sales Commissary No. 15.
- 26th Military Police Company.
- Salvage Squad No. 25.
- 101st Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop.

Maine Methodists are planning to build a \$115,000 university church at Orono. The Eastern Maine conference has voted to send Rev. Horace Sellers to the State Methodist conference now in session at Fairfield to confer about raising a \$90,000 fund. The Board of Education has offered \$25,000 toward the building fund, contingent upon the Maine Methodists giving the rest.

Veterans of the world war whose homes are in 15 Ossipee Valley and Saco Valley towns will be given a great welcome at Cornish, Me., July 4 in a monster demonstration. Committees in each of the towns from Standish to Fryeburg and from Naples to Newfield, covering the entire territory in the two valleys, are in a combination to devote the holiday to a fête, with a parade of more than 300 ex-soldiers and sailors.

At Robinhood, Me., a spider crab, an unusual variety, was caught by E. A. Williams in his lobster trap. The crab is a veteran of the sea if the barnacles and seaweed growing on his shell are any indication of his age. The shell is of average size, but is much larger and the outer edge is spiked. Its legs are long and horny, with hard pointed ends. With the legs stretched out the crab measures about eighteen inches from tip to tip.

The annual report of the Boston & Maine railroad for the year ending Dec. 31, 1918, shows a net profit of \$1,897,514 as against a deficit of \$419,384 in 1917. Operating expenses were \$66,401,110, an increase of \$19,239,170 over the preceding year, but the total revenue was \$72,141,825, an increase of \$12,690,847. The income account for revenue due the company under its contract with the United States railroad administration showed a total non-operating income of \$10,351,398. Deductions for railway operating expenses, tax accruals, rent for leased roads, interest charge, etc., totalled \$10,024,468, leaving a net income of \$226,930. The surplus was \$170,571 after applying \$56,360 to sinking and other reserve funds.

The use of airplanes to locate the schools of mackerel for the southern mackerel seining fleet, which was suggested by and taken up by the Gloucester (Massachusetts) Board of Trade a few weeks ago, appears now to be practically an assured fact. Sec. Wilnot A. Reed has received a telegram from the director of naval aviation, stating that the Navy Department will be glad to co-operate, provided that satisfactory arrangements for broadcasting the information obtained to all mackerel fishermen can be made. The plan has also been endorsed by the Master Mariners' Association. In addition to the telegram from the naval aviation director, a letter of indorsement has also been received from H. F. Moore, acting commissioner of the Bureau of Fisheries, in which he states that the bureau will follow the subject up and will lend any assistance possible toward bringing about co-operation.

Travelling all the way from St. Petersburg, Fla., to Wakefield, Mass., with a casket supposedly containing the body of their dead brother, only to discover upon their arrival in Wakefield that it was the body of an utter stranger, was the experience of Nancy H. Thayer and Mrs. Mary Pratt. The body was supposed to be that of Ashton H. Thayer, who died at St. Petersburg, Fla. Mr. Thayer was for twenty-three years a member of the Wakefield School Board, and was a past president of the New England News Dealers' Association.

**NEW HAMPSHIRE  
STATE NEWS**

**Fast Day Proclamation.**

In a proclamation appointing Thursday, April 24, as Fast Day in New Hampshire, Gov. John H. Bartlett says:

"I recommend that every person whomsoever, whether he is accustomed to pray or not, breathe at least a fervent, silent prayer for the souls of those boys whose bodies have been left in France, and for their kin at home, whose hearts are made sad beyond measure.

"I ask all to pray for the preservation of the peace which has come to us through such sacrifices, for the steadying of public unrest and unreasonable, for an increased adherence and devotion to the principle of human brotherhood, for a clearer vision of the essentials of religion and for a more perfect relation to God."

The Governor proclaims the day, he says, "not alone for the purpose of continuing a sacred custom, which we inherited from our fathers, in whose memory we receive inspiration, but also in obedience to a common and universal conscience which impels us to better and higher thinking and doing, and in harmony with the voices and spirit of springtime."

**Celebration in Manchester Saturday.**

Both Gov. Bartlett and Mayor Verette issued proclamations calling up on the people of New Hampshire to observe next Saturday as a holiday in honor of the return of New Hampshire men in all departments of the military service, and to gather in Manchester for a celebration which will be financed and managed by the state and city acting jointly.

The 103d Regiment of the 26th from New Hampshire, will arrive here from Camp Devens and march with Division, made up largely of men full equipment. Gen. William Sullivan, who served in the Spanish-American War and in the Philippines will be chief marshal. The line of parade will be from the railroad station to Granite street, to El, to Central, to Union, to Penacook, to Elm, to Granite.

The parade will be in three divisions the first being composed of the 103d Regiment, the second of soldiers, sailors, marines and others with overseas records, and the third of those who have seen service with the colors at home.

Major Frank J. Abbott will be in immediate charge of the troops from Camp Devens. It is anticipated that Maj. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole and Col. Frank M. Hume will be present as guests of the State and city.

**Concord to Honor Soldiers Saturday.**

The committee appointed at the last town meeting Concord, to arrange a fitting celebration in honor of returning soldiers has set April 19 as the date for the celebration.

The ringing of bells and blowing of whistles in the morning, at noon and at night and a salute of 48 guns at noon will be ordered.

A parade will be formed at the playgrounds at 3:30 in which will be all the Concord boys who have returned and those from other towns who went out with old Co. I, 5th Infantry. The Concord State Guard, Grand Army veterans and Spanish War veterans will act as escorts.

After the parade a banquet will be served in the armory and a dance will follow. Plans are underway to have all the public buildings suitably decorated as well as private residences.

**Executive Council Committees Named.**

Committees of the Executive Council were appointed by Gov. John H. Bartlett, as follows:

On finance, Councilors John H. Brown of Concord, Arthur G. Whittemore of Dover, Windsor H. Goodnow of Keene, on State House and State House grounds, Councilors Stephen W. Clow of Wolfeboro, Whittemore and Goodnow, on supervision of the Highway Department, Councilors John G. Welpley of Manchester, Whittemore and Clow, on supervision of the State purchasing agent, Councilors Goodnow, Whittemore and Brown; on miscellaneous matters, Councilors Welpley, Brown and Clow.

**A True Snake Story.**

William Bailey and his dog Buster of Salisbury captured five black snakes. Two measured 4 feet and 10 inches each. One was 4 feet 6, one 4 feet 5 and the other 3 feet 4 inches. They also caught three striped snakes, each 2 feet long.

**Rochester's Budget Increased.**

At a special meeting of the Rochester city council the appropriations for the present year were increased by \$38,258, which means a tax rate of about 28 per cent, according to those who have figured it out approximately. It was voted to suspend the rules and pass the resolution, also the resolution to appropriate \$6,956 for soldiers' bounties. A resolution to appropriate \$10,000 additional for highways met with overwhelming defeat.

**Concord Taxes Are Higher.**

An interesting story and one of much importance to the taxpayers of Concord is that told in the figures announced by the city tax assessors, which show that Concord is called upon to raise about \$100,000 more during the year 1919 than last year.

The state tax warrant comes in two sections this year, the straight warrant calling for \$100,962 and the special warrant to meet the soldier bonus of \$22,436, making in all a total of \$123,398 as Concord's share of the state tax as compared with \$48,248 raised last year.

One consolation comes in the fact that the county tax is a little smaller this year than last, being 441,263.38 as compared with 445,546.38.

Concord has also fallen in line with the general high cost of living and the budget which will be submitted next week will be a slight increase over 1918. As yet the assessors have not received the school warrant which was passed upon at the school meeting last week and which carries appropriations exceeding by over \$20,000 the amount of money asked for last year.

The money to be raised by taxes this year is the largest amount that has ever been asked for and, although Assessors Morris, Donovan and Shepard offer no further information unofficially it is stated that Concord faces a \$30 on a \$1,000 tax rate this year.

**Sea Gull and Crow Battle.**

A spectator recently witnessed an interesting battle between a sea gull and crow, which took place over the Swampscott river. The gulls have been flying inland much of late in search for smelts, which have been running, and the land bird, ventured a trifle nearer the water than usual, when it was attacked by the gull.

The pair fought desperately for a few minutes, after which the gull sailed down stream in the direction of the ocean. The land bird, evidently getting an even decision in the bout with its opponent, did not care to follow the enemy. It is not often that these two varieties of birds come in contact with each other, as their habits call them in different directions and their meeting caused enmity.

**Register at Service Club.**

Headquarters have been established at the Manchester Service club, 31 Hanover street, for the registering of all New Hampshire soldiers, sailors, marine, yeowomen, nurses, etc., who have seen service in the military or naval forces of the United States, and who plan to take part in the big parade in Manchester next Saturday, April 19th.

All such persons are urged to register as soon as possible so that in the parade and at the banquet table may be reserved for them. In registering it should be plainly specified whether the registrant has seen overseas service or not, so that he or she may be assigned to the proper division. Lieut. Guy E. Chapman will be in charge of the headquarters.

**Shoe Trade Outlook.**

The W. H. McElwain Shoe Company of Manchester, announce the receipt of two large foreign orders for shoes, and that its big plant is now practically under full operation. In making the announcement an official of the company said:

"Not only has the company received several Government contracts, but the general character of the domestic trade indicates that good times are had. The company anticipates a very large business this summer and fall. There is every indication that shoes, as they are such a necessity, will be one of the first industries to recover from the shock of the sudden termination of the war. There are no surplus stocks, and the general outlook for the shoe business for the future is particularly bright."

**First Bonuses Paid.**

The first payment of a State bonus to a New Hampshire soldier in the war with Germany was made by Adjt. Gen. Charles W. Howard from the \$600,000 appropriation voted by the recent Legislature. Private Leo C. Payne of Nashua, who fought in seven battles and was twice wounded and once gassed, received the first \$30 from the State Treasury. All of the men receiving bonuses have been wounded or gassed or had been in German prison camps.

**Shipped 500 Cars of Ice.**

The Trout Brook Ice Company of Hartford, Conn., have finished cutting ice at Lake Station, Newbury. They shipped 500 cars beginning March 17. It was a novel sight to see them working with open water all around. The field where they cut ice on the 7th is open water today. About 60 men were employed, and they lived up this little place, usually very quiet at this season.

**Foreign Trade Convention.**

The New Hampshire Manufacturers' Association is sending out to members and to all manufacturers in the state copies of the prospectus of the National Foreign Trade convention which is to be held in Chicago, April 24, 25 and 26. It is understood that a number of New Hampshire leaders in manufacture and trade contemplate attending this convention.

**VICTORY LOAN  
\$4,500,000,000**

**Bonds Taken at Higher Rate  
Partly, Others Wholly,  
Tax Exempt**

**WILL BE INTERCHANGEABLE**

Treasury Reserves Right to Redeem Notes in Three Years—Last Big Popular Issue—Drive Starts April 21, to End May 10.

Washington.—Terms of the Victory liberty loan were announced Saturday by Secretary Glass. They are:

Amount, \$4,500,000,000, oversubscriptions to be rejected.

Interest, 4 1/2 per cent., for partially tax-exempt notes convertible into 3 1/2 per cent. notes wholly tax exempt.

Maturity, four years, with the treasury reserving the privilege of redeeming the notes in three years.

The 3 1/2 per cent. notes, to be issued later, also may be converted subsequently back into 4 1/2 per cent. notes.

The 4 1/2 per cent. securities are to be exempt from state and local taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes, and from normal rates of federal income taxes. The 3 1/2 per cent. securities are exempt from all federal, state and local taxes except estate and inheritance taxes.

**No Other Issue Convertible.**

None of the past issues of Liberty bonds are convertible into Victory loan notes and there are no specific provisions in the terms of the Victory issue serving directly to maintain market prices of past issues.

The size of the loan was much smaller than had been anticipated by most financial observers, who looked for an issue of about \$6,000,000,000, particularly in view of Secretary Glass's past statements that the loan would be \$5,000,000,000 or \$6,000,000,000.

This will be the last Liberty loan, Secretary Glass explained, although there will be other issues of government securities to finance belated war expenses. These will not be floated by popular campaigns.

In many communities the selling campaign has already begun actively, without formal acceptance of subscriptions, said reports today to the secretary, although the official opening date is April 21, one week from tomorrow. The drive will continue three weeks until May 10.

"In fixing the terms of the issue," said Secretary Glass's announcement of the Victory loan, "the secretary has been guided largely by the desire to devise a security which will not only prove attractive to the people of the country in the first instance, but the terms of which should insure a good market for the notes after the campaign is over, and identical process for the two series, and should not affect injuriously the market for the existing bonds of the Liberty loans.

"This will be the last Liberty loan. Although as the remaining war bills are presented, further borrowing must be done, I anticipate that the requirements of the government in excess of the amount of taxes and other income can, in view of the decreasing scale of expenditure, be readily financed by the issue of treasury certificates from time to time as heretofore, which may be ultimately refunded by the issue of notes or bonds without the aid of another great popular campaign such as had characterized the Liberty loans.

"I am sure that the people of America will subscribe to this Victory loan in the same spirit of patriotism which they have shown in the past to the end that the notes may be as widely distributed as possible, and that our banking institutions may be left free to supply the credit necessary for the purposes of industry and commerce and world see that the patriots of America out of their boundless resources and devotion to country with which they prosecuted the war to a victorious end are determined to finish the job."

"The notes of both series will be dated and bear interest from May 20, 1919 and will mature on May 20, 1923. Interest will be payable Dec. 15, 1919 and thereafter semi-annually on June 15 and Dec. 15, and at maturity.

**PHOEBE A. HEARST DIES.**

Was Well Known for Her Philanthropies.

Pleasanton, Cal.—Mrs. Phoebe Apperson Hearst, widow of George Hearst, of California, and mother of William Randolph Hearst, the publisher, died at her home here Sunday, after an illness of several weeks. She was 72 years old. Her son was with her when the end came.

Mrs. Hearst was a native of Missouri and on June 15, 1862 was married to George Hearst, who became United States senator from California and died in 1891. She was known throughout the country for her philanthropies.

**SAWYER & DOWNS**  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
**Real Estate**  
**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**  
AND MORTGAGES  
Farm, Village, Lake Property  
For Sale  
No Charge Unless Sale is Made  
Tel. 34-3 2-11 Auto Service

**John R. Putney Estate**  
**Undertaker**  
First Class, Experienced Director and Embalmer, For Every Case.  
Lady Assistant.  
Full Line Funeral Supplies.  
Flowers Furnished for All Occasions.  
Calls day or night promptly attended to.  
New England Telephone, 19-2, at Best-gene, Corner High and Pleasant Sts., Antrim, N. H.

**W. E. Cram,**  
**AUCTIONEER**  
I wish to announce to the public that I will sell goods at auction for any parties who wish, at reasonable rates. Apply to  
W. E. CRAM,  
Antrim, N. H.

**FARMS**  
Listed with me are quickly  
**SOLD.**  
No charge unless sale is made.

**LESTER H. LATHAM,**  
P. O. Box 408,  
HILLSBORO BRIDGE, N. H.  
Telephone connection

**D. COHEN**  
**Junk Dealer,**  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
**Buyer of Old Magazines, Bags, Metals and Second-hand Furniture and Poultry.**  
Customer will drop postal card or phone.

**J. D. HUTCHINSON,**  
**Civil Engineer,**  
Land Surveying, Levels, etc.  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
TELEPHONE CONNECTION

**Watches & Clocks**  
**CLEANED**  
**AND**  
**REPAIRED.**  
**PRICES REASONABLE**  
**Carl L. Gove,**  
Clinton Village, Antrim, N. H.

**Again We Say**  
**SUBSCRIBE**  
**FOR THIS PAPER**

**Edmund G. Dearborn, M.D.,**  
Main Street, ANTRIM.  
Office Hours: 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p.m.  
Telephone 22-2.

**DR. E. M. BOWERS,**  
**DENTIST.**  
Baker's Block, Hillsboro, N. H.  
REMOVED FROM ANTRIM.  
Telephone 31-3  
Office hours—9-12 a.m. 1:30-5 p.m.

**C. H. DUTTON,**  
**AUCTIONEER.**  
Hancock, N. H.  
Property advertised and sold on reasonable terms.

**B. D. PEASLEE, M. D.**  
HILLSBORO, N. H.  
Office Over National Bank  
Diseases of Eye and Ear. Latest instruments for the detection of errors of vision and correct fitting of Glasses.  
Hours 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p.m.  
Sundays and holidays by appointment only.

**J. E. Perkins & Son**  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
**LIVERY**  
Feed and Sale Stable  
Good rigs for all occasions.  
**A FORD Car**  
At A-F-F-O-R-D Prices  
6-passenger REO Auto at reasonable rates  
Tel. 3-4

**SELECTMEN'S NOTICE**  
The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town hall block, the First Saturday in each month, from two till five o'clock in the afternoon to transact town business.  
The Tax Collector will meet with the Selectmen.  
JAMES M. CUTLER,  
CHARLES F. DOWNS,  
HENRY A. COOLIDGE,  
Selectmen of Antrim.

**You May Talk to One Man**  
But an advertisement in this paper talks to the whole community.  
**Catch the Idea?**

**ADVERTISE**  
IN  
**This Paper**

**Advertising is the Foundation of All Successful Enterprises**

## Trapping a Poet

By IZOLA FORRESTER

(Copyright, 1919, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"It is meant for you, Frances. Long, languid eyes of hazel hue, Mine are blue, so I'm out of it. Read on, sister."

Jess lifted laughing eyes to the serious face before her. It was 7 a. m. Frances had just stepped to the door of the mountain shack for the bottle of cream left at dawn by Shandy Cone, the village milkman, and had discovered likewise a folded slip of paper under the door.

Poetry it was, unmistakably, and with purpose and intent in its hidden message:

"Long, languid eyes of hazel hue, Shall life lose joy because of you? Shall all I dream of, hope of, die Dependent on compassion's sigh?"

"Oh, isn't that quaint and mid-Victorian?" exclaimed Jess. "It's the tall, thin, pale young man at Mrs. McCurdy's, Frances. Have you been secretly leading his young affections astray and not told your big sister a word about it?"

"I don't even know him to speak to!" Frances answered indignantly. "I don't like his poetry. It sounds like valentine verse."

She tucked it on the shelf behind the clock and wondered if possibly Shandy had burst forth into poetry, but within a week another verse lay on the threshold, as Jess put it, and a little more so than the first:

"I send my mate-cull ringing far, Through springtime woods where song-birds are, And listen long your voice to hear; Canst find no answer for me, dear?"

"Now, that is worthy of Sir Phillip Sidney," Jess said judiciously. "It has a true lyrical touch. Greenwood tree, shepherd culling in the distance, etc. Frances, you are a hard-hearted and backward maiden if you refuse to whistle back to him."

But Frances held to her own opinion, and when she had occasion to pass Hart Wade on the road down the



Stepped Out Anxiously.

mountain she merely lifted her chin higher, and let him understand his poetry had not registered.

Not that he appeared to mind her attitude, she had to admit. He was a pleasant, rather plain young man, who had boarded at Mrs. McCurdy's farm for the fall and winter painting scenes of mountain snow and keeping to himself. Mac had told them he was an artist one day when he had brought them down a load of frolongs from his woodlot.

She had liked Mac. He was straight to the point and comradely. They had known him ever since they had come to Red Indian for Jess' health, and he had been a staunch friend and neighbor. Now and then he ran down to New York for a few weeks, but he always came back with a fresh load of new books and magazines, and shared them royally. He was rather broad-shouldered and stocky in build, with curly reddish hair and blue eyes that had a habit of twinkling when he did not feel like speaking.

Frances had liked him because she could talk freely to him. Nearly all men expected you to either fall in love with them, she had decided, or to respect them. But Mac understood everything. They had gone on long tramps together through the mountain roads and when the snow had fairly drifted over their little shack it had been Mac who came down and shoveled it out, and brought food from his own store to them.

So she felt now she could speak to him about the poetry, and get a sensible, unbiased opinion on what she ought to do.

"The main question is," Mac said, as soon as he heard about it, "is whether it is good poetry."

"It seems very sincere," Frances admitted, not realizing what a delightfully comforting picture she made in her brown cloak and fur cap against the masses of crisp leather-tinted oak leaves drying on the trees and the deep

green of pines beyond. "I wonder if it is meant for me or for Jess."

"Her eyes are blue, aren't they? I never noticed yours, exactly."

"Oh, mine, are rather changeable, hazel and gray and green. Cat's eyes," she turned then on him gravely. "Do you think it is Sandy?"

Mac chuckled.

"Can't tell. Poetry's liable to break out anywhere just like measles."

Frances pondered a few minutes, then said:

"I know what I'll do, Mac. He leaves them on Fridays, I've found out. I'm going to watch and see who it is. Or, no, that wouldn't do. I watch until twelve, then you get up at five and watch, will you?"

Mac agreed it would be a good plan, only he was certain not even a poet would brave the trip up the mountain at five in February to slip poetry under the door. It must have been left in the evening, but he would watch on the following Friday.

Frances did not tell her sister. Jess had a way of laughing at serious things, but she knew when Mac came on guard, for she caught a glimpse of him in the bright moonlight, standing like a sentinel over in the shadow of the pines by the roadway. He was ready to whistle sharply like an owl to give the alarm, and Frances waited in the shack long after Jess was sound asleep. Finally it came, a little before twelve, one long, tremulous whistle. She slipped her fur coat around her and stepped out anxiously. No one was in sight, and there were no fresh footprints on the stone doorstep, but Mac waited for her.

"Did—did he come?" she whispered, when she had stolen over to him, and Mac assured her he had.

"But he's gone," she exclaimed, "and didn't leave any poetry this time. Did you see him really, Mac?"

Mac drew a deep breath of resolution and faced her, his hands deep in his mackinaw pockets.

"I saw him, and I know him well, Frances. He's the darndest coward and chump around here. He hasn't got nerve enough to up and tell you to your face, so he left a lot of fool poetry under your door. You're right, too. It's idiotic poetry. You see, you've got a way that frightens a man, because it puts him on his honor not to be sentimental. I didn't bring any poems down with me this time, dear, but I've caught your poet for you."

Frances was very still for a moment, then she said softly:

"I'm glad it wasn't Sandy. As long as it was you, Mac, why—I think it was awfully sweet of you, and I did like it. I guess you've had an answer to your call, haven't you?"

Cape Cod Windmills Working Again.

The windmills of Cape Cod are coming into their own again. Some of the mills, which closely resemble those of Holland, were built more than 150 years ago. At that time they were used to grind grain, and it is the high price of grain that brings them to a new life.

In the early seventies the mills did their duty in pumping salt water from the sea up into large vats, where the salt was scraped from the boards after the water evaporated. Not long after a new process of making salt was discovered and the salt industry of Cape Cod declined. Some of the mills were demolished. Some were left standing, and within recent years many have been purchased by summer residents to serve as ornaments on country estates. A few that have survived the severe Cape Cod easterly storms are awakening from their half a century sleep and will grind meal for farmers.

### British Sarcaasm.

This is relayed to us from our unknown friend who digs up so many good things for us down in Key West:

"Before the armistice was signed, a British government freighter tied up here to coal. The hawseers, stretched across the dock, covered some iron that was consigned to the air station. The foreman of the air station and construction gang came for the iron and found that it could not be easily moved on account of the hawseers. He requested the British captain to uncoil, Captain refused; said he was here to coal and intended to coal. Foreman got mad and said:

"I want you to understand that this is government work."

"Government work?" roared the Englishman. "You see that flag? You see that gun? And that one? What the — do you think this is, a blink-in' excursion boat?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### The Name "Victoria."

This year is the centenary of the birth of Queen Victoria, and a commentator points out that "a couple of scores of Victorias all over the globe suggests that the commemoration will be world-wide." But it is a curious point, says Observer in the London Observer, that though Victoria was in so much demand as a place-name it never, even during the later days, with their august and memorable celebrations, became popular as a personal name. Today one seldom meets a Victoria, unless in the case of some lady of the peerage to whom her late majesty stood sponsor.

### Disappointing.

"Disappointed in that new man?"

"Very."

"What's the matter?"

"We brought him on from New York city to work for us."

"Well?"

"Found out after he got here that although he came from New York he didn't know any more than a lot of young fellows that have lived all their lives in this town."

## U. S. NO LONGER ON DEBTOR LIST

Conditions of Few Years Ago Have Been Entirely Reversed by War.

### DUTY NOW TO PAY OUR WAY

Looking to World Leadership in National Ethics and International Commerce Brings Us Face to Face With Problem.

By WILLIAM C. REDFIELD, Secretary of Commerce.

Five years ago the United States was a debtor nation. We had financed many of our largest enterprises with the aid of European funds. The visible balance of trade was in our favor but was nearly or quite offset by such unseen items as payments for interest, for services (transportation) for the expenditures of Americans traveling abroad, etc. We were as a whole an expending rather than an investing country. The work of developing the full range of our resources was incomplete. We were far from being independent in the economic sense, but looked to the world outside our limits for many essentials, viz.: for credits, for materials and for many manufactured products which we did not ourselves produce.

There were then three great competitors in the international market—Great Britain, Germany and the United States—which ranked in the order stated. The first two were entrenched all around the globe with banking facilities and transportation systems everywhere at their command. Great Britain possessed the largest merchant fleet and the greatest aggregate of liquid capital in the world. Germany based her industries on science and her world commerce on research and backed both by government aid. It speaks volumes for the competing power of American industry that against competition of this nature she was a close competitor in a common field.

### Conditions Reversed by War.

These conditions are today reversed; the war has changed them all. Germany has for years been excluded from the world markets and has lost her good will in them. Her fleets have vanished. At home she is disgraced by defeat and civil strife. Abroad her methods have been discredited because the trail of evil is over them all. The earlier years of the world war altered the currents of thought and action so that Great Britain and her allies looked to us for credits and other essentials. First they recalled the investments made here and we repaid them a sum estimated at from \$4,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000. Then while looking to us for further loans they called upon our natural resources and our industries for vast volumes of raw and manufactured materials. Thus the balance of trade in our favor grew immensely and the ordinary offsets against it were removed. While others were fighting we accumulated wealth. We paid what we owed abroad and became in turn a creditor nation. When we saw that the great contest was one in which we were vitally concerned and entered the war this process was accelerated. We loaned vast sums to the nations with which we were associated so that today not only has our foreign debt to Europe disappeared, but a debt from Europe to us of eight and a half billions has taken its place. We have accumulated the greatest stock of gold in the history of the world. Now that the strife seems the world looks to us for essential materials and equipment with which to rebuild that which war has destroyed and to resume the normal work of life. We must not only feed and supply the world, but must furnish in large part the credits from which we shall be paid. Industries which we did not have are created and operated. We are far more economically independent than ever before and have come to realize the danger of being dependent on foreign sources of supply for any essential factors of commerce.

### Vast Change Is Wrought.

We may not, therefore, think in the present and of the future as we thought in and of the past. Ideas which seemed remote have been condensed into the facts. Relations that seemed dreams are now realities. Isolation has been changed into world leadership. We can no longer confine thought and action to the three-mile limit but have entered into the wide realm of world activity. This calls on us for action and for finance on a scale enlarged to fit the time, the facts and the duty. We cannot escape the responsibility that comes with power. It is not a talent we can bury in a napkin; our power must be used. No one urges that we use it for ill—we can only use it for good.

First and foremost in the future steps lies the duty to pay our way. We have fought the fight, we have kept the faith. It remains to pay the bills. We who have given credit to others must now sustain our own. We who look normally to world leadership in national ethics and international commerce must base both upon paying promptly what we owe. The call, therefore, to finance the government is as inspiring, as vitally necessary, as basic in its demand on judgment and conscience as were the calls of those previous loans made in the stress of war.

## GREAT WAR TAUGHT ECONOMY

Millions of Men, Women and Children Proudly Responded to Urgent Appeal to Give and Help Win.

By GEORGE M. REYNOLDS, President, Continental & Commercial National Bank of Chicago.

By tradition and training Americans possess, in marked degree, those qualities that fit them for the larger relationships that are bound to grow out of the sacrifices and achievements of the great war. Our mixture of citizenry and ancestry makes it very vital, in this time of looking forward to a greater America, that we should study American history, learn to revere American institutions and strive to discover and attain American ideals. These have made us great, guided our matchless progress to the past; these will lead us into a more glorious future.

From the experience of the past four years, first as onlookers and later as participants, we have gained a more intimate knowledge of the outside world, a knowledge that will be of inestimable value in our foreign relations, commercially, financially and diplomatically. We have also been getting a much clearer understanding of our own responsibilities to each other.

There are some specific requirements that must not be overlooked in our preparation for marching in the front rank of nations. Industry, thrift, the relationship of capital and labor to the general welfare, and financial power come within this classification.

Fired by ambition born of equal opportunity that exists to a greater degree here than anywhere else, we have always been an industrious people, and when we cease to be industrious we shall begin to go backward.

### Habits of Industry and Thrift are the Two Great Essentials to Success.

Extravagance has been one of our outstanding characteristics and it has cost us much; it has robbed us of the real fruits of prodigious production, for in the seasons of abundance we have squandered that which should have been saved for the hour of adversity.

### War Has Taught Economy.

One of the lessons taught by the war was economy. The government needed all kinds of supplies, expensive munitions, and millions of men who had to be fed and clothed. It was forced to build ships on an unprecedented scale. It did not have the money with which to do all this. It appealed to the people to save their money and buy Liberty bonds and War Savings stamps, and millions of men, women and children who had never known the importance of economy and of investments became savers and bond buyers.

Patriotism, as well as self-interest, prompted us to buy bonds while war was being waged. The patriotic duty to buy government bonds is no less now, for our soldiers must be cared for until demobilization and their old places on farms, in the factories and other places of employment. The promptings of self-interest are greater now, because the treaty of peace is being worked out; we are gradually returning to a normal basis, and we know that Liberty bonds will sell at or above par within a reasonable time.

Development and expansion mean general prosperity and employment for everybody, but we cannot continue even normal development of our great resources and expansion of our business, as we should, without new capital, and new capital for these purposes must come from the savings of the people. Therefore we are all vitally interested in the practice of economy now, although the war is over.

### Capital and Labor.

The relationship between capital and labor is one of the big problems, because these are the two main fundamentals of modern life. Capital is useless without labor, and labor cannot find employment in our complex civilization unless somebody risks capital in the business of farming, mining, manufacturing, construction and transportation. The banker and every other man with an unbiased view of the whole situation hopes for co-operation between these two necessary elements. Fair adjustment is needed here if anywhere. Labor should have its just reward, capital should receive such compensation as will encourage its use in industry.

### No Country, however fortunate in other respects, can continue prosperous at home or be a great factor in international trade without a safe banking and currency system.

Our Financial Resources.

We hold \$3,000,000,000 of gold in this country, which is one-third of the world's supply. Our government has loaned the allied governments over \$5,500,000,000, and they have marketed here, privately, another \$2,000,000,000 of securities. Since August, 1914, we have bought back several billion dollars' worth of American securities that were then owned abroad. During the war our excess of exports over imports have totaled about \$11,000,000,000. The estimated national wealth of the United States is \$250,000,000,000, or within \$10,000,000,000 of the combined national wealth of Great Britain, France, Germany and Austria-Hungary. Their estimates were made before the outbreak of the war. Since then they have lost in resources, while we have gained, so that an estimate today would probably show that our wealth equals or exceeds the four nations named.

## HomeTown Helps

### COUNTRY NEEDS APPLE TREES

Little Danger of a Surplus of Production If All of Us Should Get Buoy.

"An apple a day keeps the doctor away."

With all things taken into consideration the apple stands at the head of all fruit lists.

It is the favorite fruit in the majority of homes. The apple is not only a productive crop, but from a commercial standpoint a good paying investment.

The war created such a big demand and necessity for immediate food that for the last four years the planting of all kinds of fruit has been neglected. Leading authorities state that in order to meet the requirements of the ever-expanding apple industry there must be planted 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 apple trees each year for the next ten years.

If you own a piece of ground, no matter how small or large, plant as much fruit as you can, especially apples. Remember if you have a small lot in a suburban town, say 50 by 150 feet, you could plant a dozen trees or more. If you own the lot and have not already built your house, start the trees now; the cost will be small and the value of your lot increased.

Farmers having plenty of acreage should plant apple trees in large quantities. It requires no special skill and very little attention to bring the young orchard to the bearing age.—Utica Globe.

### HOW TREES BENEFIT STREETS

Amplly Demonstrated That They Are of Practical Value in Prolonging Life of Roadway.

It has been demonstrated by those in charge of the work that aside from the purely ornamental value of trees along the highway, many practical benefits would result from their proper use. It is not generally realized that trees, by means of their shade during hot summer months, prolong the life of the roadway for many years, and road experts in general are heartily in favor of this means for road protection.

Due to the emergencies of war work it was found necessary to keep many of the highways which formerly had not been used for travel in winter open and free from drifting snows. That a demand will be made for keeping these roads open in the future is certain, and in place of many expensive and unsightly snow fences which now line our more open stretches of highway it has been found that much of this work can be performed equally as well by the proper grouping of trees and shrubs along the open areas. More general planting of fruit and nut trees along the state highways will be recommended.

### Need for Library Work.

Librarians in the war camps say that the need of libraries in all towns and neighborhoods in the United States will be more acutely felt henceforth than in the past. The men returned from the army, when scattered over the land, will, it is held, wish to continue their reading, and will be restless if denied the opportunity. Consequently, although it may be necessary to postpone the book distribution scheme tentatively decided upon by the American Library association, the plan should be kept well in view, subject only to such amplification as may be necessary to meet all the requirements of the case. The returned American soldier who likes to read should be afforded the opportunity always.

### Boston Housing Plan.

Boston, even before the announcement of the federal government's reconstruction building program, had under way a housing plan aimed to demolish the city's slums and to relieve congestion as much as possible. The situation is complicated in that city by high fares on the street railway system, which tend to keep workers massed near the places where they are employed.

Several other cities were also contemplating housing programs on a considerable scale when the department of labor made its plan public.

### Need of Self-Control.

We need to use self-control in connection with our good qualities as well as with our faults. If we are not self-controlled in our sympathy it may do more harm than good. Generosity uncontrolled, leaves the giver poor and injures the recipient. Some girls who realize perfectly the need of self-control when they are angry, forget that it is as necessary in love as in hate.—Girl's Companion.

### Not the Thing.

Kitty was engaged and her girl friends were very interested.

"How did it feel," asked one, "while Billy was proposing to you?"

"Oh," laughed Kitty, "twisting her lovely diamond ring, 'two or three times I felt like supplying the words I knew he was groping for; but of course that wouldn't have been the thing to do at all, would it?'"

## PERUNA

A Wonderful Remedy

**FOR EFFECTS OF LA GRIPPE**

Mr. George E. Law, 13 1/2 North Franklin St., Brazil, Indiana, has a word of cheer for sufferers from LaGrippe and its results.

Liquid or Tablet Form Sold Everywhere

**Read His Letter**

"I have suffered for the last two winters with the terrible disease, LaGrippe. Having often heard of the great value of Peruna I decided to try it. I have only used four bottles and I do not now have any bad effects from the Grippe as it has just about entirely disappeared, and my general health is good. I am satisfied that Peruna is a wonderful remedy, and I do most heartily endorse and recommend it for LaGrippe."

## Dr. Teulon's Rubefacient OR RED SALVE

An EXTERNAL REMEDY invaluable for Influenza, Grippe, Pneumonia and all inflammatory troubles. During the recent epidemic of Influenza, hundreds of lives were saved by its timely use.

Draws Inflammation to the Surface and in a few hours great relief is experienced. For sale by all druggists. (6c) by mail postpaid 10c. TEE J. H. GREEN CO., Newtow Highlands, Mass.

## SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

## "Ace Polish"

Will make your friends believe you have a NEW Automobile; send for free sample. Agents Wanted

**ACE CHEMICAL CO.**  
330 East 35th St. New York, N. Y.

### Children Who Are Sickly

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you feel that you are not doing your duty. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of

### Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

for use throughout the season. They tend to Break up Colds, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the Liver and give beautiful sleep. Don't accept imitations by registering the child's any substitution.

Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by all druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., 100 West 11th St., New York, N. Y. Be sure you ask for and obtain Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

## EASY TO CURE "NAUGHTINESS"

Common-Sense Methods of Dealing With Children Will Always Be Found Effective.

A morbid exaggeration and perversion of the natural desire which all children feel for notice by their elders, is held by Thomson to be the cause of abnormal naughtiness in children. These cases are of essentially the same nature as those of "moral imbecility" in children who are in some degree mentally defective. The proper lines of treatment are clear enough, and when carried out consistently and thoroughly are rapidly and completely successful. They may be summarized as follows: (1) All severe corporal punishment must be stopped—it never does any good. (2) Nobody must ever appear shocked, amused or even surprised at anything a child does. (3) His misdeeds are never to be alluded to, much less described, in his presence; and, lastly, he should be noticed and encouraged in every way when he is good and altogether ignored when he is naughty.—British Journal of Children's Diseases.

Many a bride sweeps up the aisle who can't notice three inches of dust six months later.

As the political pot begins to boil some of the top-waters will boil over.

## Stop and Think!

Why are Americans using such great quantities of

# POSTUM CEREAL

Health value, wonderful flavor and practical economy make Postum the ideal American table drink.

**Boil just like coffee—**  
(15 minutes after boiling begins)

—but remember that, unlike coffee, this beverage contains no drugs to upset stomach, heart or nerves. It is absolutely pure and without harm, made from the best of roasted wheat and wholesome molasses.

You can get the original Postum at grocers. Two sizes—

**Usually sold at 15c and 25c**

## Time is Flying! GET BUSY!

Mrs. Walter Russell..... 125,000  
Mrs. Fred Bemis..... 79,050  
Mrs. M. E. Nay..... 60,000  
Mrs. A. N. Nay..... 40,000  
Mrs. Nellie Johnson..... 35,000

More Names will be in Next Week. Anyone wishing to enter the Contest as a Contestant will please leave their name at the Store by Saturday Night, April 19, 1919, as no one will be entered after that date.

### Look For a Sale and Double Votes This Week SATURDAY

With each 25c CASH Purchase YOU Will Receive 50 Votes  
For every Cash Purchase in excess of \$1.00 votes will be given at the rate of 100 for every 25c purchased.  
For every \$1.00 Paid on Account, 200 votes.

CONTEST OPEN TO ANYONE

## HEATH'S STORE

Goodell Block, ANTRIM  
Tel. 31-2

## The HILLSBORO FURNITURE COMPANY

Will on April One

Occupy the Store Formerly Used by A. G. Ridlon in addition to their present store, giving two large floors for the display of House Furnishings

New Goods at Lowest Cash Prices

## The Hillsboro Furniture Rooms

Baker's Block, HILLSBORO, N. H.

## Wall Paper, Paints, Moulding, &c.

## GUY A. HULETT,

ANTRIM, N. H.

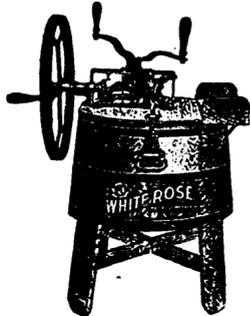
Telephone 9-3

## ADVERTISE In THE REPORTER

And Get Your Share of the Trade.

## A Satisfactory Washing Machine

REMOVES THE TERRORS OF WASH DAY



Here is a machine that has stood the test of time and actual use in families in your own neighborhood. We have sold it for more than a dozen years—put out many on trial and never one returned.

The real test is whether it continues to give entirely satisfactory service for a long term of years,—this machine has stood this test.

Price is \$16.50

We will put one in your house on trial; if after use you do not care to purchase, the test will cost you nothing.

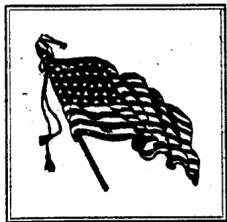
A Washing Machine is still a novelty to some of our people, who do not know what a labor saver it is. We make this proposition in order that all may learn for themselves.

EMERSON & SON, Milford

The Antrim Reporter  
Published Every Wednesday Afternoon  
Subscription Price, \$2.00 per year  
Advertising Rates on Application  
H. W. ELDREDGE, PUBLISHER  
H. B. ELDREDGE, ASSISTANT  
Wednesday, April 16, 1919

Long Distance Telephone  
Notices of Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, etc., to which an admission fee is charged, or from which a revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the time.  
Cards of Thanks are inserted at 50c. each.  
Resolutions of ordinary length \$1.00.  
Obituary poetry and lists of flowers charged for at advertising rates; also will be charged at this same rate list of presents at a wedding.

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter.



"It Stands Between Humanity  
and Oppression!"

### Antrim Locals

Miss Katherine Barker spent the week end in Peterboro.

Fred L. Proctor is in Canada purchasing another load of horses.

Mrs. Will E. Cram is spending a few days in Boston and vicinity.

G. M. Nesmith has been enjoying a week's vacation from duties at Cram's store.

Miss Maude Lane is the guest of her brother and sister at the Maplehurst.

Mrs. F. A. Ar buckle and three children are spending a season in Boston and vicinity.

WANTED—Young lady to learn millinery. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Durgin, Jameson block.

WANTED—Reliable Protestant woman for general housework.  
Box 65, Bennington, N. H.

Miss Hazel I. Burnham, from Manchester, was the week end guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Burnham.

The initiatory degree will be conferred by Waverley Lodge of Odd Fellows at their regular meeting next Saturday evening.

Commencing April 14, mail for Hillsboro will be dispatched at 6.57 p. m. instead of 3.43 p. m. Mail closes at 6.42 p. m.

Mrs. C. W. Durgin, of Bennington, has opened millinery parlors in the Jameson block, in the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. Isabelle Nason.

I offer the electric Vacuum cleaner with full attachments, which I have used as a demonstrator, at a greatly reduced price. W. E. Prescott

This year Antrim has to pay a state tax of \$5896, and a county tax of \$2078.88; last year our state tax was \$2080, and our county tax was \$2092.60.

Rev. John Currie will speak next Sunday evening at a union service at the Baptist church on "The Unpardonable Sin." A general invitation is extended to everybody to attend.

The young people gave Miss Arlene Paige a surprise birthday party on Wednesday evening, at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. E. C. Paige, on her 16th birthday. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Hurlin are visiting their son, Ralph G. Hurlin and family in Washington, D. C. Mr. Hurlin is enjoying a week's vacation from the Goodell Co. office, and Mrs. Hurlin expects to be absent about two weeks.

At the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning last, the Easter concert was given by the young people and a good attendance was present. In the evening Rev. John Currie spoke at the union service and Harold Clough sang a solo, with violin obligato by Mrs. Ar buckle.

Miss Blanche Cooley, an Antrim young lady, who has been employed by the Transcript Printing Co., of Peterboro, for fourteen years past, has been made editor of the paper, a position she has practically been filling for the past several weeks. Her many friends in Antrim extend congratulations.

Last November the Antrim railroad station was entered and a batch of tickets of different kinds was stolen. The boys who did the deed were apprehended, but all the tickets were not recovered. Within the past few days these tickets were found in the woods not far from the station by boys, who were out after Mayflowers. Of course they were in not very good condition.

### Moving Pictures!

Town Hall, Antrim  
TUESDAY Evening, Apr. 22  
5-Reel Drama  
Good Comedy—1 reel  
W. A. NICHOLS, Mgr.

### Antrim Locals

Mrs. Fred H. Colby is visiting relatives in Winchendon, Mass.  
FOR SALE—Good driving horse. Apply to Dr. Dearborn, Antrim.

A men's meeting was held on Sunday afternoon at the Presbyterian church, with a good attendance.

LOST—Small gold Masonic pin, in shape of a slipper. Finder please return to Mrs. F. A. Ar buckle.

As a special feature at the Baptist church on Sunday morning Harold Clough pleased the audience by singing a solo.

Mr. and Mrs. Squires Forsaith have returned to their home here, after spending the winter in Needham Heights, Mass.

The household goods of N. D. Kimball have been removed to town and he is occupying the house of Mrs. Jane Bass, on Elm street.

The first prayer meeting of the Conference year will be held at the Methodist church on Thursday evening and a large attendance is desired.

The High School girls and the town girls' team played basket ball last Saturday evening at town hall and the latter team won by a large margin.

Fred Gibson injured two of his fingers while at his work in the Monadnock Paper Mills last week and has been taking the best of care of them of late.

A centenary Easter program will be given at the Sunday School hour in place of the regular school session, at the Methodist church on Sunday next, —Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Prentiss leave Antrim tomorrow for a visit with relatives and friends in Willimantic, Conn. Mr. Prentiss will stay a week and Mrs. Prentiss will remain away for several weeks.

### Local Clergyman Made D. D.

Rev. J. D. Cameron, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this village, has been honored by the degree of Doctor of Divinity, conferred by Oskaloosa College, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Dr. Cameron prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and graduated from Princeton University in 1893, receiving his A. B. degree. In 1895 he received the degree of A. M. for special work in Philosophy.

He graduated from Princeton Theological Seminary in 1896. Going to New York state he labored successfully for four years, then to Lonsdale, R. I. for five years, afterwards residing in Andover, Mass., where his son, Donald K. Cameron, attended Phillips Academy and who is at present a member of the Freshman Class in Princeton University, N. J.

Dr. Cameron's fine scholarship and his work along educational lines were largely instrumental in securing his recent degree. In all his parish work he has been ably supported by the efficient work of Mrs. Cameron, who prior to her marriage was a successful teacher in Hudson, Mass.

Congratulations are herewith extended to Dr. and Mrs. Cameron.

## HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—"For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused backache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspaper advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."



Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should accept Mrs. Rohrberg's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

### Adjourned School Meeting

The adjourned school meeting was called to order on Monday afternoon of this week by D. W. Cooley, moderator, who stated the business of the meeting. Not a large gathering was present.

The new school law was the matter under consideration and considerable discussion ensued. It was finally voted to raise five dollars on every thousand dollars of last year's valuation for elementary schools and \$3500 for the High School, the amount necessary for statutory requirements to be included in this amount.

It was also voted \$500 for repairs on school buildings, any unexpended balance to be returned to the treasury for High School purposes.

Regarding medical inspection it was thought best that this meeting take no action in the matter.

The above covered all the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting.

### The Liberty Loan Committee

Is again headed by William E. Cram, chairman, and the personnel of the committee is made up the same as the one for the last Liberty Loan, with the single exception of Miss Brown, and in her place Mrs. C. E. Peaslee will serve. Antrim's committee as now made up stands:

William E. Cram, Henry E. Swain, Norman J. Morse, Arthur W. Proctor, Charlotte E. Harvey, Malcolm S. French, Edwin V. Goodwin, Charles W. Prentiss, J. Leon Brownell, John D. Hutchinson, Charles S. Abbott, Mrs. C. E. Peaslee.

### W. R. C. Notes

The Corps had a largely attended meeting Tuesday evening and two members were received by initiation, and much business of importance was transacted.

An elaborate luncheon was served by the committee: Mrs. Jennie Proctor, Mrs. Mary Nay and Mrs. Carrie Whyntott.

Emma W. Nay, Press Cor. pro tem.

You Will Find at Our Store  
BARRINGTON HALL COFFEE  
LIBBY'S PIE APPLE—all spiced ready for the pies  
ARGO CORN STARCH ARGO GLOSS STARCH Both the Best Grade  
ASPARAGUS TIPS SAUER KRAUT  
Have You Everything You Need for Housekeeping?  
Old Dutch Cleanser Bon Ami (chans and powder) Soap of all kinds, (Amnia, Mops, Brooms, &c)  
The Store That Tries To Please You  
**Clinton Store, Antrim**  
A. O. HARRINGTON, Mgr.

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford cars have become such a world utility that it would almost seem as if every family ought to have its Ford car. Runabout, Touring Car, Coupe, Sedan, (the two latter have enclosed bodies), and the Truck Chassis, have really become a part and parcel of human life. You want one because its service will be profitable for you. We make your order at once because, while production is limited, it will be first come, first supplied.

**FRANK J. BOYD**  
Authorized Agent for Ford Cars  
Sales and Service  
Tel. 34-2 ANTRIM, N. H.

Mrs. R. S. Barker and daughter, Dorothy, spent a few days the past week with Mrs. E. S. Barker, in Peterboro.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

**Administrator's Notice**  
The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Alvin Brown, late of Antrim, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.  
All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment. Dated at Antrim, March 31, 1919.  
DAVID BROWN, Admr.

**SCHOOL BOARD'S NOTICE**  
The School Board meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town Hall block, the Last Saturday afternoon in each month, at 1 o'clock, to transact School District business and to hear all parties. Those wishing an interview should appear before 2 o'clock.  
J. D. HUTCHINSON,  
EMMA S. GOODELL,  
MATTIE L. H. PROCTOR,  
Antrim School Board.

**We Buy OLD FALSE TEETH**  
We pay from \$2.00 to \$5.00 per set (broken or not). We also pay actual value for Diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge-work. Send at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail. Will return your goods if our price is unsatisfactory.  
MAZER'S TOOTH SPECIALTY  
Dept. X, 207 So. 5th St. Philadelphia, Penn.

**FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
For Backache, Kidney and Bladder

EXTRAORDINARY COLLECTION OF  
**Suits, Dolmans and Capes**  
FOR EASTER

<b>SUITS</b> Exceptionally attractive models, designed from superior quality materials, showing plain tailored models, smart suits and natty box coat effects; many with tablier vests in their varied colorings. Navy, black and Spring shades <b>\$19.95</b> and up.	<b>DOLMANS</b> Many reproductions from high priced models and designs of exceptional quality serges, tricootines, silvertones, velours bolivias <b>\$14.95</b> and up.	<b>CAPES</b> For Women and Misses By far the smartest fashion seen for many a season. Materials are velvets, men's wear serges, gabardines, velours and silvertones <b>\$15.00</b> and up.
---	---	--

DRESSES—Georgettes, Satins, Taffetas, Jerseys and Serges.  
MARABOU—In leading shades and styles. \$5.00 and up.  
PETTICOATS—Jerseys, Taffetas and Mercerized; all newest shades. 98c. and up.

**E. J. PINSONNEAULT**  
1043 ELM STREET  
MANCHESTER, N. H.

# APRIL 21

## THE DAY

The "Victory" Liberty Loan  
Goes on Sale!

Our Army and Navy helped win  
a glorious victory

Now we'll pay the bills

This will be our last chance to  
subscribe to a Liberty Loan  
Let's Keep Up the Habit

*Patriotically Save for a Prosperous Peace*

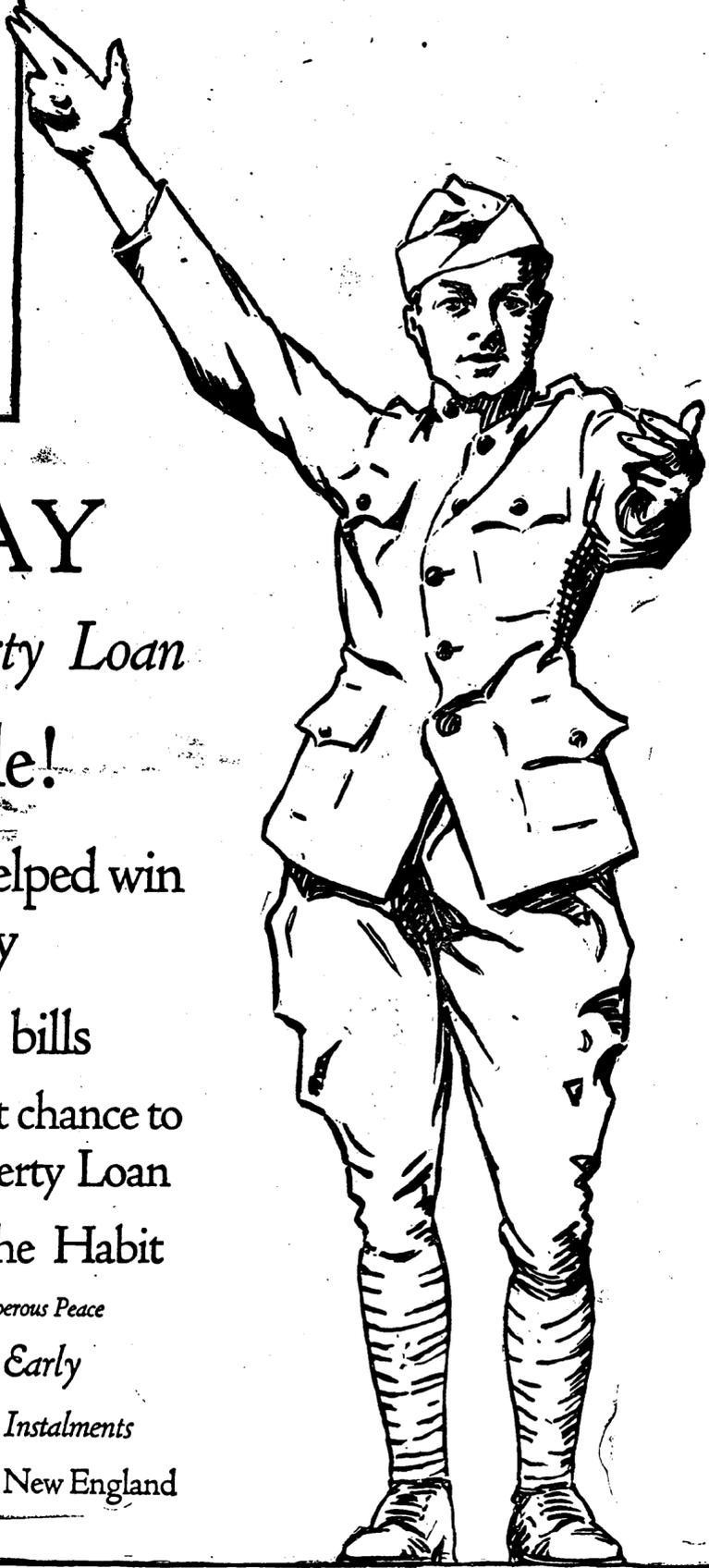
Prepare to Buy Early

At any Bank—Cash or Instalments

Liberty Loan Committee of New England



This Advertisement is Dedicated by us to  
New England's  
Heroic  
Soldiers and  
Sailors



### THE REPORTER'S HONOR ROLL

#### List of Soldiers and Sailors in Antrim and Vicinity in New Army and Navy

In addition to those listed below, entering the service since April, 1917, Antrim claims Lieut. Albert A. Baker, an Annapolis man, with U. S. Navy

The Reporter will continue to publish this list for a time. It is our desire to have it accurate and complete in every detail; anyone who knows of a correction which should be made will please notify us

Ernest H. McClure, Machinist Mate, Naval Reserves, Rockland, Maine.  
Howard Gokey, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.

Geo. A. Hodges is at Fort Worden, Washington, C. A. C.  
James M. Hodges, radio operator at New London, Conn.

John W. Thornton, Corporal, Medical Dept., Charleston, S. C.

Robert Nylander, Cavalry, El Paso, Texas, in service on Mexican border.

Fred Arthur Whitney, Co. 11, Fort Caswell, N. C.

Rev. W. J. B. Cannell, in Y. M. C. A. work, France

Robert W. Jameson, Red Cross, returned home from France

#### ANTRIM

☆ J. Harry Rogers, in the lumberman's unit at Vancouver Barracks, Washington, died April 4th.

☆ Frank O. Bemis, in 103d Infantry, "Somewhere in France" was killed in action July 17.

☆ William A. Myers, Mach. Gun Battalion, was killed in action July 18, "Somewhere in France."

☆ Orrin H. Edwards, 110th Inf., killed in action Aug. 2, in France.

☆ Cecil H. Prentiss, Medical Dept., 604th Engineers, died of influenza Nov. 4 at a hospital in France.

☆ David H. Hodges died of pneumonia in a hospital in France.

The following have received their honorable discharges from service

Charles H. Abbott, Lieutenant, Sanitary Corps

Henry B. Eldredge, Lieutenant, Officers' Reserve Corps

Burt Hodges, Lieutenant, Officers' Reserve Corps

Walter F. Parker, Lieutenant, Infantry

William H. Hurlin, Lieutenant, Guards

Ira C. Hutchinson, Sergeant, U. S. Guards

Bernard M. Davis, Corporal

Roger Hilton, motor cycle branch of aviation corps

John S. Whitney, infantry

Carl Crampton, infantry

Lawrence Black, signal corps

Norman Thompson, infantry

D. Wallace Cooley, Q. M. C.

C. Harold Tewksbury, C. A. C.

Matthew Cuddihy, Infantry

Archie D. Perkins, Infantry

Rexford H. Madden, Ordnance Dept.

Edson Tuttle, lumberman's unit

Paul R. Colby, Merchant Marine

Roy D. Elliott, S. A. T. C.

Donald B. Madden, Student's Army Training Corps, Aviation

John W. Matson

Harold Miner

George H. Kiblen, Jr.

Don H. Robinson, Sergeant, aero squadron

Paul W. Prentiss, 4th Officer Merchant Marine

Robert T. Barker, Radio Service

A. Wallace George, Sergeant, C. A. C.

Were in Overseas Service

Cranston D. Eldredge, C. A. C.

Robert H. Cleaves

Philip Butterfield, Corporal

Louis Mallett, C. A. C.

Andrew Fuglestad

Byron Butterfield, Lieutenant

"Somewhere in France"

James W. Jameson, Major

Charles Myers, Sergeant

Raymond Butterfield, Sergeant

Charles N. Robertson, Corporal

John W. Bryer, 1st class Private

Winfield S. Hilton, 1st class Private

Henry E. Newhall, 1st class Private

John Newhall, 1st class Private

Howard E. Paige, 1st class Private

Leo E. Mulhall, Horseshoer

C. Harold Clough, Cook

Nelson F. Cressy

Raymond A. Reece, Corporal

Waldo A. Robb, Medical Dept.

Oscar Huot, Corp., Canadian troops

William L. Mulhall, British Army

Frank E. Cutter, Corporal

Delmar F. Newhall

Arthur Fluri

Kasimir Fluri

Albert J. Zabriskie

Miss Margaret Redmond, Registered Nurse, at Toul, France

Miss Helen Stowell, Registered Nurse, with Dr. Hugh Cabot's Harvard Unit, returned from France.

Miss Fannie Burnham, Registered Nurse, connected with Base Hospital, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

Miss Grace Burnham, Registered Nurse, is at Ellis Island, N. Y., at the Army hospital; Red Cross service.

Ralph G. Hurlin, Captain, in Statistical Dept., Washington, D. C.

Paul F. Paige, Ensign in the Pay Department of the U. S. Navy.

Carlton Brooks, Sergeant, at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

Will Congreve, Jr., Navy, located somewhere in France.

Francis A. Whittemore is in the Aviation Corps, at Morristown, Va.

Clarence H. Bradshaw, Navy, in foreign water.

Discharged or Released from New Hampshire College

Donald B. Cram and Otis W. Pike, Naval Reserve Force

Ellerton H. Edwards and J. Prentiss Weston, Bennington; Student's Army Training Corps, Infantry.

#### BENNINGTON

☆ Albert Haas, 101st Infantry, died of pneumonia Oct. 2, in France.

Discharged from service

Dr. Guy D. Tibbetts, Captain

Corp. Vasil Ligatacas, Infantry

Maurice Fournier

Efthymus Kounelas

Morris E. Knight, Captain, aviation field

Somewhere in France

William J. Knowles, Captain

Jeremiah W. Sullivan, Lieut.

H. C. Barr, Sergeant

William A. Griswold, Sergeant

Phineas Adams

John McGrath

Harry J. Sawyer

Christos Cordatos, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

Stefan Beniniti is at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

#### HANCOCK

☆ Ralph J. Loveren, Machine Gun Battalion, was killed in action July 18, "Somewhere in France."

☆ 1st Lieut. Wm. H. Robinson, died at Camp Grant, of pneumonia.

Discharged from service

Richard Coughlan

Thos. Bertram Manning, Artillery

Lawrence Dufraime

Edwin R. Goodenough, Medical Dept.

Llewellyn LePage, Artillery Corp. William Weston.

Somewhere in France

Chas. E. Adams, Engineers

Elmer A. Andrews, Medical Dept.

Wm. J. Brunelle, Machine Gun Bn.

Andrew F. Dufraime, " " "

Ernest L. Dufraime, " " "

Atherton Griswold, Infantry

Henry J. Leavitt, Brit. Royal Flying Corps. Released from German prison.

Earl C. Locklin, Medical Dept.

Sidney W. Stearns, Machine Gun Bn.

Oliver St. Pierre, " " "

Edw. M. Coughlan, Infantry, with Army of Occupation in Germany.

Edw. Ballentine, Forestry, Vancouver, Wash.

Peter Blanchette, Navy, U. S. S. Melville.

Ernest Olin, Camp Bliss, Texas

Ralph Perry, Navy, U. S. S. Terry re-enlisted for 4 years.

Stanley R. Smith, Durham, N. H.

John A. Weston, Medical, Camp Greene, N. C.

#### GREENFIELD

Discharged from service

Pearl Warren, Infantry

Somewhere in France

Geo. R. Blanchard, 103d Infantry

Philip Burnham, Motor Truck Co.

Lester H. Lowe, Heavy Artillery

Philip Magoon, Co. I, 103d Infantry

Jas. W. Austin, Co. B, Machine Gun Corps, station not known

Harry Dow, drafted in July, served till Dec., '17, discharged on account of physical disability.

Fred Girard, Field Signal Bn., Sparta, N. H.

Donald Hopkins, Medical Corps, Walter Reed Hospital, Wash., D. C.

Geo. C. Wade, Cavalry, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

It is quite difficult for the Reporter to get the facts of the discharges of the boys in the service in the adjoining towns, only as those interested send us the facts; this favor will be greatly appreciated and we would like the information early.

This Space is Donated by The Antrim Reporter to help in Putting Across the Victory Liberty Loan

#### HANCOCK

Mrs. Mary Ramsey, who now lives in Keene, was in town Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Goodhue have returned from a vacation of several weeks, spent with friends and relatives in East Orange, N. J., Torrington and Hartford, Conn., and Walden, N. Y. Mr. Goodhue visited relatives in Chelmsford and Dunstable, Mass.

There will be an Easter concert at the church Sunday morning.

Chester Dutton has returned to his duty in the Merchant Marines at Boston harbor.

Mrs. Mary Adams recently received a post card from her son, Charles Adams, stating that he was spending a three days furlough in Paris and finds it a beautiful city, though he felt he could see but little of it in so short a time. Mr. Adams is with the Engineers and expects to be among the last to return to this country, possibly reaching here in June.

James Hayward is at the home of his mother, Mrs. Alice T. Hayward,

for a vacation from his studies in Boston.

Mrs. Ephraim Weston was in Antrim last week.

A reception and donation was given by the Congregational church and its friends, for the pastor, Robert E. Laite, Mrs. Laite, and their six children, at the vestry Tuesday evening of last week. The program, arranged by Mrs. Cora Otis, was: Selection, by two violins and piano, Geo. F. Davis 1st violin, Mrs. Davis piano; readings by Mrs. Annie Hadley, Mrs. Nellie L. Eaton, Elsie Wood, William Hanson; piano solo, Miss Catherine Moore; vocal solos, Mrs. Bessie Hanson and Mrs. C. A. Brown; vocal solo with violin obligato, Mrs. Cora Otis, accompanied by Mrs. Addie Wood; ladies' quartet, Mrs. Bessie Hanson, Mrs. C. A. Brown, Mrs. Cora Otis and Nancy Weston, accompanied by Mrs. Wood. Among the ushers were Mary Weston, Maude Ware, Doris Hayward, Allan Hadley, Chester Dutton. The town was well represented for Mr. and Mrs. Laite have made many friends here.

#### Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator de bonis non of the Estate of Ann M. Eaton, late of Bennington, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Dated April 14, 1918.

CHARLES S. ABBOTT.

#### Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Elliott W. Baker, late of Antrim, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Dated April 14, 1918.

CHARLES S. ABBOTT.

#### Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Elliott W. Baker, late of Antrim, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Dated April 14, 1918.

CHARLES S. ABBOTT.

Patronize our advertisers; 'twill help you as well as us.

## PAY UP! PAY UP!

In these times of high cost of production it is impossible to extend credit. Moreover, the postoffice regulations prevent it. If your renewal is due please attend to it without delay.

### DO IT NOW!

If you want a good paper Pay Up. If you want a better paper Keep us posted on all local events you may know of. Telephone, call or write.

# THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

## A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By IRVING BACHELLER

AUTHOR OF  
EBEN HOLDEN, DRI AND I, DARREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES,  
KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, ETC.

### BARTON GETS NEW INSPIRATION FROM THE WORDS OF THE GREAT SILAS WRIGHT.

**Synopsis.**—Barton Baynes, an orphan, goes to live with his uncle, Peabody Baynes, and his Aunt Deel on a farm on Rattleroad, in a neighborhood called Lickitysplit, about the year 1826. He meets Sally Dunkelberg, about his own age, but socially of a class above the Bayneses, and is fascinated by her pretty face and fine clothes. Barton also meets Rovin' Kate, known in the neighborhood as the "Silent Woman." Amos Grimshaw, a young son of the richest man in the township, is a visitor at the Baynes home and Rovin' Kate tells the boys' fortunes, predicting a bright future for Barton and death on the gallows for Amos. Reproved for an act of boyish mischief, Barton runs away, intending to make his home with the Dunkelbergs. He reaches Canton and falls asleep on a porch. There he is found by Silas Wright, Jr., a man prominent in public affairs, who, knowing Peabody Baynes, takes Barton home after buying him new clothes. Silas Wright evinces much interest in Barton and sends a box of books and magazines to the Baynes home. A short time later the election of Mr. Wright to the United States senate is announced. Barton learns of a wonderful power known as "Money," and how through its possession Grimshaw is the most powerful man in the community. Grimshaw threatens to take the Baynes farm if a note which he holds is not paid.

#### CHAPTER V—Continued.

To Aunt Deel wagon grease was the worst enemy of a happy and respectable home.

We hitched our team to the grass-hopper spring wagon and set out on our journey. It was a warm, hazy Indian-summer day in November. As we passed "the mill" we saw the Silent Woman looking out of the little window of her room above the blacksmith shop—a low, weather-stained, frame building, hard by the main road, with a narrow hanging stair on the side of it.

"She keeps watch by the window when she ain't travelin'," said Uncle Peabody. "Knows all that's goin' on—that woman—knows who goes to the village an' how long they stay. When Grimshaw goes by they say she hustles off down the road in her rags. She looks like a sick dog herself, but I've heard that she keeps that room o' hers just as neat as a pin."

Near the village we passed a smart-looking buggy, drawn by a spry-footed horse in shiny harness. Then I noticed with a pang that our wagon was covered with dry mud and that our horses were rather bony and our harness a kind of lead color. So I was in a humble state of mind when we entered the village.

There was a crowd of men and women in front of Mr. Wright's office and through its open door I saw many of his fellow townsmen. We waited at the door for a few minutes. I crowded in while Uncle Peabody stood talking to a villager. The Senator caught sight of me and came to my side and put his hand on my head and said:

"Hello, Bart! How you've grown! and how handsome you look! Where's your uncle?"

"He's there by the door," I answered.

"Well, let's go and see him."

Mr. Wright was stouter and grayer and grander than when I had seen him last. He was dressed in black broadcloth an' wore a big beaver hat and high collar and his hair was almost white. I remember vividly his clear, kindly, gray eyes and ruddy cheeks.

"Baynes, I'm glad to see you," he said heartily. "Did ye bring me any jerked meat?"

"Didn't think of it," said Uncle Peabody. "But I've got a nice young doe all jerked an' if you're fond of jerk I'll bring ye down some to-morrow."

"I'd like to take some to Washington, but I wouldn't have you bring it so far."

"I'd like to bring it—I want a chance to talk with ye for half an hour or such a matter," said my uncle. "I've got a little trouble on my hands."

The Senator took us into his office and introduced us to the leading men of the county.

"Here," said the Senator as he put his hand on my head, "is a coming man in the Democratic party."

The great men laughed at my blushes and we came away with a deep sense of pride in us. At last I felt equal to the ordeal of meeting the Dunkelbergs. My uncle must have shared my feeling, for, to my delight, he went straight to the basement store above which was the modest sign: "H. Dunkelberg, Produce."

"Well I swan!" said the merchant in the treble voice which I remembered so well. "This is Bart and Peabody! How are you?"

"Pretty well," I answered, my uncle being too slow of speech to suit my sense of propriety. "How is Sally?"

The two men laughed heartily, much to my embarrassment.

"He's getting right down to business," said my uncle.

"That's right," said Mr. Dunkelberg. "Why, Bart, she's spry as a cricket and pretty as a picture. Come up to dinner with me and see for yourself!" Uncle Peabody hesitated, whereupon I gave him a furtive nod and he said "All right," and then I had a delicious feeling of excitement. I had hard work to control my impatience when they talked.

By and by I asked, "Are you 'most ready to go?"

"Yes—come on—it's after twelve o'clock," said Mr. Dunkelberg. "Sally will be back from school now."

So we walked to the big house of the Dunkelbergs and I could hear my heart beating when we turned in at the gate—the golden gate of my youth it must have been, for after I had passed it I thought no more as a child. That rude push which Mr. Grimshaw gave me had hurried the passing.

I was a little surprised at my own dignity when Sally opened the door to welcome us. My uncle told Aunt Deel that I acted and spoke like Silas Wright, "so nice and proper." Sally was different, too—less playful and more beautiful with long yellow curls covering her shoulders.

"How nice you look!" she said as she took my arm and led me into her playroom.

"These are my new clothes," I boasted. "They are very expensive and I have to be careful of them."

I behaved myself with great care at the table—I remember that—and, after dinner, we played in the dooryard and the stable, I with a great fear of tearing my new clothes. I stopped and cautioned her more than once: "Be careful! For gracious sake be careful o' my new suit!"

As we were leaving late in the afternoon she said:

"I wish you would come here to school."

"I suppose he will some time," said Uncle Peabody.

A new hope entered my breast, that moment, and began to grow there.

"Aren't you going to kiss her?" said Mr. Dunkelberg with a smile.

I saw the color in her cheeks deepen as she turned with a smile and school."

"I suppose he will some time," said Uncle Peabody.

A new hope entered my breast, that moment, and began to grow there.

"Aren't you going to kiss her?" said Mr. Dunkelberg with a smile.

I saw the color in her cheeks deepen as she turned with a smile and school."

"I suppose he will some time," said Uncle Peabody.

A new hope entered my breast, that moment, and began to grow there.

"Aren't you going to kiss her?" said Mr. Dunkelberg with a smile.

I saw the color in her cheeks deepen as she turned with a smile and school."

"I suppose he will some time," said Uncle Peabody.

A new hope entered my breast, that moment, and began to grow there.

"Aren't you going to kiss her?" said Mr. Dunkelberg with a smile.

I saw the color in her cheeks deepen as she turned with a smile and school."

"I suppose he will some time," said Uncle Peabody.

A new hope entered my breast, that moment, and began to grow there.

"Aren't you going to kiss her?" said Mr. Dunkelberg with a smile.

I saw the color in her cheeks deepen as she turned with a smile and school."

"I'm not afraid of him."

We kissed each other and, again, that well-remembered touch of her hair upon my face! 'Twas the feel of her warm lips upon my own—that was so different and so sweet to remember in the lonely days that followed! Fast flows the river to the sea when youth is sailing on it. They had shoved me out of the quiet cove into the swift current—those dear, kindly, thoughtless people. Sally ran away into the house as their laughter continued and my uncle and I walked down the street. How happy I was!

I observed with satisfaction that the village boys did not make fun of me when I passed them as they did when I wore the petticoat trousers. Mr. and Mrs. Wright came along with the crowd, and by and by, and Colonel Medad Moody. We had supper with the Senator on the seat with us. He and my uncle began to talk about the tightness of money and the banking laws and I remember a remark of my uncle, for there was that in his tone which I could never forget:

"We poor people are trusting you to look out for us—we poor people are trusting you to see that we get treated fair. We're havin' a hard time."

My uncle told him about the note and the visit of Mr. Grimshaw and of his threats and upbraids.

"Did he say that in Bart's hearing?" asked the Senator.

"Ayes!—right out plain."

"Too bad! I'm going to tell you frankly, Baynes, that the best thing I know about you is your conduct toward this boy. I like it. The next best thing is the fact that you signed the note. It was bad business but it was good Christian conduct to help your friend. Don't regret it. You were poor and of an age when the boy's pranks were troublesome to both of you, but you took him in. I'll lend you the interest and try to get another holder for the mortgage on one condition. You must let me attend to Bart's schooling. I want to be boss about that. We have a great schoolmaster in Canton and when Bart is a little older I want him to go there to school. I'll try to find him a place where he can work for his board."

"We'll miss Bart but we'll be tickled to death—there's no two ways about that," said Uncle Peabody.

The Senator tested my arithmetic and grammar and geography as we rode along in the darkness and said by and by:

"You'll have to work hard, Bart. You'll have to take your book into the field as I did. After every row of corn I learned a rule of syntax or arithmetic or a fact in geography while I rested, and my thought and memory took hold of it as I plied the hoe. I don't want you to stop the reading, but from now on you must spend half of every evening on your lessons."

As I was going to bed the Senator called me to him and said:

"I shall be gone when you are up in the morning. It may be a long time before I see you; I shall leave something for you in a sealed envelope with your name on it. You are not to open the envelope until you go away to school. I know how you will feel that first day. When night falls you will think of your aunt and uncle and be very lonely. When you go to your room for the night I want you to sit down all by yourself and open the envelope and read what I shall write. They will be, I think, the most impressive words you ever read. You will think them over but you will not understand them for a long time. Ask every wise man you meet to explain them to you, for all your happiness will depend upon your understanding of those few words in the envelope."

In the morning Aunt Deel put it in my hands.

"I wonder what in the world he wrote there—ayes!" said she. "We must keep it careful—ayes—I'll put it in my trunk an' give it to ye when ye go to Canton to school."

"Has Mr. Wright gone?" I asked rather sadly.

"Ayes! Land o' mercy! He went away long before daylight with a lot o' jerked meat in a pack basket—ayes! Yer uncle is goin' down to the village to see 'bout the mortgage this afternoon, ayes!"

It was a Saturday and I spent its hours cording wood in the shed, pausing now and then for a look into my grammar.

What a day it was!—the first of many like it. I never think of those days without saying to myself: "What a God's blessing a man like Silas Wright can be in the community in which his heart and soul are as an open book!"

As the evening came on I took a long look at my cords. The shed was nearly half full of them. Four rules of syntax, also, had been carefully stored away in my brain. I said them over as I hurried down into the pasture with old Shep and brought in the cows. I got through milking just as Uncle Peabody came. I saw with joy that his face was cheerful.

"Yip!" he shouted as he stopped his team at the barn door, where Aunt Deel and I were standing. "We ain't got much to worry about now. I've got the interest money right here in my pocket."

We unhitched and went in to supper. I was hoping that Aunt Deel would speak of my work but she seemed not to think of it.

I went out on the porch and stood looking down with a sad countenance. Aunt Deel followed me.

"W'y, Bart," she exclaimed, "you're too tired to eat—ayes! Be ye sick?" I shook my head.

"Peabody," she called, "this boy has worked like a beaver every minute since you left—ayes he has! I never see anything to beat it—never! I want you to come right out into the wood-shed an' see what he's done—this minute—ayes!"

I followed them into the shed. "W'y of all things!" my uncle exclaimed. "He's worked like a naller, ain't he?"

There were tears in his eyes when he took my hand in his rough palm and squeezed it and said:

"Sometimes I wish ye was little again so I could take ye up in my arms an' kiss ye just as I used to. Horace Dunkelberg says that you're the best-lookin' boy he ever see."

I repeated the rules I had learned as we went to the table.

"I'm goin' to be like Silas Wright if I can," I added.

"That's the idee!" said Uncle Peabody. "You keep on as you've started an' everybody'll milk into your pail."

I kept on—not with the vigor of that first day with its new inspiration—but with growing strength and effec-



One Day Mr. Grimshaw Came Out in the Field to See My Uncle.

tiveness. Nights and mornings and Saturdays I worked with a will and my book in my pocket or at the side of the field and was, I know, a help of some value on the farm. My scholarship improved rapidly and that year I went about as far as I could hope to go in the little school at Leonard's Corners.

"I wouldn't wonder if o' Kate was right about our boy," said Aunt Deel one day when she saw me with my book in the field.

I began to know that that o' Kate had somehow been at work in my soul—subconsciously as I would now put it. I was trying to put truth into the prophecy. As I look at the whole matter these days I can see that Mr. Grimshaw himself was a help no less important to me, for it was a sharp spur with which he continued to prod us.

#### CHAPTER VI.

##### My Second Peril.

One day Mr. Grimshaw came out in the field to see my uncle. They walked away to the shade of a tree while the hired man and I went on with the hoeing. I could hear the harsh voice of the money-lender speaking in loud and angry tones and presently he went away.

"What's the rip?" I asked as my uncle returned looking very sober.

"We won't talk about it now," he answered.

In the candle-light of the evening Uncle Peabody said:

"Grimshaw has demanded his mortgage money an' he wants it in gold coin. We'll have to git it some way, I dunno how."

"W'y of all things!" my aunt exclaimed. "How are we goin' to git all that money—these hard times—ayes! I'd like to know?"

"Well, I can't tell ye," said Uncle Peabody. "I guess he can't forgive us for savin' Rodney Barnes."

"What did he say?" I asked.

"Why, he says we hadn't no business to hire a man to help us. He says you an' me ought to do all the work here. He thinks I ought to took you out o' school long ago."

"I can stay out o' school and keep on with my lessons," I said.

"Not an' please him. He was mad when he see ye with a book in yer hand out there in the corn-field."

What were we to do now? I spent the first sad night of my life undressing the plans which had been so dear to me but not so dear as my aunt and uncle. I decided to give all my life and strength to the saving of the farm. I would still try to be great, but not as great as the Senator.

Barton passes through what are looked upon as the second and third of the four perils predicted for him by "Rovin' Kate." Don't fail to read of his experiences in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

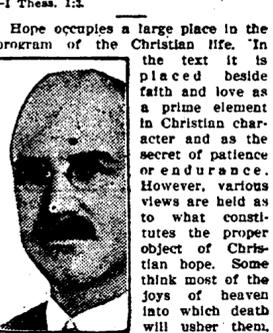
#### It's Ended Then.

Youngham—"How can I tell when the honeymoon is over?" Oldham—"When your wife stops telling things and begins asking questions."

### The Christian Hope

By REV. L. W. GOSNELL  
Assistant Deen, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—Remembering without ceasing your work of faith, and labor of love, and patience of hope in our Lord Jesus Christ. —1 Thess. 1:3.



Hope occupies a large place in the program of the Christian life. In the text it is placed beside faith and love as a prime element in Christian character and as the secret of patience or endurance. However, various views are held as to what constitutes the proper object of Christian hope. Some think most of the joys of heaven into which death will usher them, while others stress the expectation of the triumph of the gospel, which they believe will usher in millennial blessedness.

Neither of these, we venture to suggest, was the distinctive hope of the early church. A competent scholar, Bishop Handley Moule, believes that wherever "hope" is used in the Greek Testament as in this text, it refers to "that blessed hope" of Christ's return. It was for that return the early church was looking, above all things. As the tenth verse of 1 Thessalonians 1 asserts, the Thessalonians turned to God from idols to serve the living and true God "and to wait for his Son from heaven."

Prof. James Denney, a well-known scholar, says the second coming "was the great object of Christian hope. Christians not only believed Christ would come again; they not only expected him to come; they were eager for his coming. 'How long, O Lord?' they cried in their distress. 'Come Lord Jesus, come quickly,' was their prayer." He adds pertinently: "It is matter of notoriety that hope in this sense does not hold its ancient place in the heart of the church."

Great loss has accrued because of the eclipse of the expectation of Christ's return. It was an incentive to Christian service, for at the coming of Christ believers expected to receive their reward. 1 Thessalonians 2:19-20 reads: "For what is our hope or joy, or crown of rejoicing? Are not even ye in the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ at his coming? For ye are our glory and joy."

"The crown of rejoicing" is the soul winner's chaplet of laurel, to be bestowed by the King when he appears. Other crowns are spoken of in scripture and will be awarded on that day; among them the "incorruptible crown," the "crown of life," the "crown of righteousness" and the "crown of glory." Christians do not "go to their reward" at death, but it comes with the coming of the Lord. He says: "Behold, I come quickly, and my reward is with me, to give every man according as his work shall be." (Rev. 22:12.)

Christ's coming was an incentive to holiness in the early church. 1 Thessalonians 3:12-13 reads: "And the Lord make you to increase and abound in love one toward another, and toward all men, even as we do toward you: to the end he may establish your hearts unblemished in holiness before God, even our Father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ with all his saints."

He is praying for a love that will be expressed in holiness, and that they may be confirmed unblamable in holiness, not only now, but at the coming of the Lord. What a day of manifestation that will be—before God our Father, in the presence of the Lord Jesus, before all the saints! Is it not clear that a man in whose heart the hope of Christ's coming is a living power, will purify himself even as Christ is pure (1 John 3:2-3)?

The following words of Dr. Robert E. Speer suggest the practical value of this hope: "I want to speak this word to the man who would be free from unclean personal sin: The next time the temptation comes, fix your mind on the hope of his coming. No man can easily do an unclean and unwholy thing expecting at that moment that Jesus Christ might come. Can I cross the threshold of the questionable place? Can I read the questionable book? Can I be found with that questionable story on my lips? Can I be caught on the verge of that sin if I am expecting that at that very moment Jesus Christ may come?"

The Lord's coming brought comfort to the early Christians when their loved ones fell asleep. Our passage permits us only to quote 1 Thessalonians 5:13-18, but no comment is needed: "But I would not have you to be ignorant, brethren, concerning them which are asleep, that ye sorrow not, even as others which have no hope. For if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so will God bring them which sleep in Jesus with him. For this we say unto you by the word of the Lord, that which are alive and remain unto the coming of the Lord shall not prevent (precede) them which are asleep. For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the trump of God; and the dead in Christ shall rise first."

### "ASPIRIN" WAS TALCUM POWDER

Heavy Sentence Imposed on Manufacturer of Tablets.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH)  
NEW YORK, December 31.—Accused of having manufactured and sold to influenza sufferers thousands of boxes of aspirin tablets, principally composed of talcum powder, Joseph M. Turkey, head of the Verandah Chemical company, of Brooklyn, was found guilty yesterday of violation of the sanitary code and sentenced to three years in prison with a fine of \$500. The sentence was the most severe ever imposed in the country for such an offense.

Hereafter say, "Give me genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Insist you want only the Bayer package with the "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

## Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The genuine American owned "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" have been proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Grippe, Influenza Colds, Joint Pains, Neuritis. Proper dosage on every "Bayer" package.

Bones of 12 tablets—Bottles of 24—Bottles of 100—Also Capsules.  
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturer of Monoacetic Acidester of Salicylic Acid

### Rich but Wild.

Secretary Carter Glass was talking about a wild region where oil had been struck.

"A tenderfoot from New York," he said, "visited the region to prospect. He put up at the Planters Arms, a part-wild and part-canvas hotel, and, as his bed was being made up he said to the landlird nervously:

"I trust this is a—er—a—law-abiding community?"

"The landlird took a chew of tobacco.

"Wall, stranger," he said, "it's a lynch-law abidin' community."

Showing Himself.

At a Washington reception a lady said to Senator Nelson in a shocked voice:

"Look at that Cortlandt Blocker girl. I never saw such a décolleté blouse, such a short skirt, and such transparent stockings. I'm astonished, for I always thought her a very quiet creature."

"Perhaps," laughed Senator Nelson, "she's the sort that believes in the old saying that young girls should be seen and not heard."

### BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insure a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

### A Massachusetts Case

C. A. Flanders, 12 Newhall St., Malden, Mass., says: "My work on the street railway caused kidney and bladder weakness. I suffered a great deal of pain and annoyance. During the past five or six years since I have been using Doan's Kidney Pills I have been greatly helped. By taking a box now and then, I keep my kidneys in good condition."

### His Rule.

At school No. 10, the children are working enthusiastically in the modern health crusade and in their art classes are making health posters. One little fellow, after finishing a poster showing a mounted knight in all his glory, wrote beneath it: "If you will keep all the health crusade rules you will be him."—Indianapolis News.

### Getting into a "Scrape."

When a boy or young man gets into a "scrape" he is supposed to have gotten into some kind of devilry, but the old meaning is somewhat different. A "scrape" is a hole which deer dig in the ground at certain seasons of the year, and the man who fell into one of these holes was usually lucky to get out with a broken bone.

Nothing to it.

"I'll grant you three wishes," said the fairy.

"Nothing to it," declared the woman.

"Eh."

"I gotta husband who does better than that every day."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Definite and Distinct.

"Tommy, what's a vacuum?"

"Why, Bill, it's somethin' with nothin' in it."

Some men mistake call for ability.

### When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Marine Eye Remedy

Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

### Soothe Your Itching Skin With Cuticura

HAIR BALM

W. N. U., BOSTON, NO. 16-1916.

# Easter Facts and Fancies



**E**ASTER is celebrated all over the world, though not by all the world. About one-third of the people of the civilized world will observe the day as a commemoration of the resurrection of Jesus of Nazareth—which is to say that about one-third of the civilized world is Christian. Roughly speaking, there are about 565,000,000 Christians and about 1,082,000,000 non-Christians. The Christians are thus classified: Roman Catholics, 272,860,000; Eastern churches, 120,000,000; Protestant churches, 171,650,000. The non-Christians are thus classified: Jews, 12,205,000; Mohammedans, 221,825,000; Buddhists, 138,031,000; Hindus, 210,540,000; Confucianists and Taoists, 300,830,000; Shintoists, 25,000,000; Animists, 158,270,000; unclassified, 15,280,000.

The Christians may be geographically classified thus:  
 Europe—Roman Catholic, 183,760,000; Eastern churches, 98,000,000; Protestant churches, 93,000,000.  
 Asia—Roman Catholic, 5,500,000; Eastern churches, 17,200,000; Protestant churches, 6,000,000.  
 Africa—Roman Catholic, 2,500,000; Eastern churches, 3,800,000; Protestant churches, 2,750,000.  
 North America—Roman Catholic, 36,700,000; Eastern churches, 1,000,000; Protestant churches, 65,000,000.  
 South America—Roman Catholic, 38,200,000; Protestant churches, 400,000.  
 Oceania—Roman Catholic, 8,200,000; Protestant churches, 4,500,000.

The Jews are thus distributed: Europe, 9,250,000; Asia, 500,000; Africa, 400,000; North America, 2,000,000; South America, 35,000; Oceania, 25,000.  
 Another geographical classification is this:  
 Europe—Christians, 374,760,000; other faiths, 14,050,000; total, 388,810,000.  
 Asia—Christians, 28,700,000; other faiths, 863,500,000; total, 892,200,000.  
 Africa—Christians, 9,050,000; other faiths, 149,871,000; total, 158,921,000.  
 North America—Christians, 102,700,000; other faiths, 10,285,000; total, 112,985,000.  
 South America—Christians, 36,600,000; other faiths, 1,400,000; total, 38,000,000.  
 Oceania—Christians, 12,700,000; other faiths, 42,920,000; total, 55,620,000.

It may safely be said that the allied Christian nations will celebrate Easter this year with unusual solemnity. The life immortal is a comforting belief just now, when the world has been brought face to face with death by the great war as never before. Probably also it will be celebrated as usual in Germany, for the Germans make much ado over Easter.

**Easter in Russia.**  
 Even in distracted Russia Easter will be observed, for the Greek Catholic church makes much of the celebration and Easter observance is a part of the national life. Certainly Easter of 1918 was observed as usual in many parts of Russia, although the anarchist disorders were well under way. Here is a bit of description from a letter written from Kiev in 1918:

"Easter is the greatest festival of all the year; infinitely more so than Christmas. At 12 o'clock we drove out to the 'Larva,' the oldest monastery and the richest in all Russia. Can you imagine a huge courtyard surrounded by a 40-foot wall and immense covered gateway, groups of large white buildings all ablaze with light, with the snow for a background; the center building the church, doors open, the inside lit by a thousand candles, and the chanting of 1,500 priests. In the open courtyard were thousands of soldiers with uncovered heads, each bearing a lighted candle. To the right stands the bell tower, a wonderful structure over 200 feet high. At the stroke of 12 the most wonderful bells in Russia peal forth as you have never heard bells in America. Thousands of voices cry 'Christ is risen,' and the priests come forth and march around the building."

In the days before the great war no festivals in Europe attracted so many foreigners as the celebration in Rome of the holy week. It was not unusual for more than 10,000 visitors to be present, a large proportion of them being English and Americans—and also Protestants. Doubtless there will be many visitors this Easter season. Easter Sunday is the culmination of the ceremonies. The pope himself officiates at high mass in St. Peter's with the most gorgeous ritual. It is after he extends his blessing that the papers containing prayers are thrown down from his balcony to be scrambled for by the congregation.

**Jerusalem, the Holy City.**  
 The celebration of this Easter in Jerusalem will probably be noteworthy. It is the first Easter in seven consecutive centuries which finds the holy city permanently freed from the misrule of the Moslem. Mohammedan misrule and oppression had their beginning 13 centuries ago, but the Crusaders held possession of the city twice—once under Godfrey of Bouillon (1099-1187) and again under Frederick II (1228-1244). The British, under General Allenby, were in possession at Easter of 1918, but fighting was going on in all the surrounding region and the fate of the city was still in the balance.

In normal times business in Jerusalem comes to a stop at the Easter season and religious ceremonial is the dominating interest. It is a sort of fourfold celebration. The Mohammedans contribute by holding a pilgrimage to the tomb of Moses. The Jews celebrate the passover.

year for the reason that it commemorates the resurrection of Jesus. In the words of Paul, "If Christ be not risen, then is our preaching vain and your faith is also vain." "But," he says, "now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that sleep." Which is to say that the Christian religion stands on the resurrection of Jesus.

**Pagan Rites Survive.**  
 But the Easter season is observed by millions who are not even nominally Christians. They do not celebrate the resurrection of Christ, but rather the end of winter, the approach of spring, the beginning of life in nature after the long sleep of winter. Celebrations of this kind antedate recorded history. When Christianity came into the world the Christian church adopted and modified such of these pagan rites of celebration as it could not abolish. This accounts for the many queer rites of the Christian observance of Easter in various parts of the world. They are pagan rites that had their origin in the remotest past, and have been modified by time and custom and a changed meaning.

Thus the parade of fashion to Easter morning church services in the large American cities had its origin ages ago in the superstition that failure to wear at least one new piece of clothing would bring bad luck during the year. The use of the egg as a symbol of new life is far older than Christianity. The Easter rabbit is a survival of an old, old superstition. The use of flowers as an expression of rejoicing is probably almost as old as man himself. The paschal candles are in another form the bonfires lighted by our remote ancestors to celebrate the arrival of spring.

Just how the rabbits managed to get into the Easter celebration nobody seems to be able to find out with any certainty. Anyway, they are not properly rabbits; they are hares. Undoubtedly the association of the hare with Easter and its eggs was introduced here by the Germans, but where they got the idea is what none of the antiquarians have been able to learn to their satisfaction. As far as they have gone they figure this way: The relation between the moon and the hare is fairly close. The relation of the moon to Easter is very close. Gradually in ancient times the hare seems to have become associated with Easter and with Easter eggs.

**Easter and the Egg.**  
 Easter without eggs—fresh laid, dyed and sugar—would be like Christmas without Santa Claus, the stocking and the tree. And the association of the egg with Easter is easily explained. Many of the old peoples of earth have used the egg from time immemorial as the symbol of the germ of life. The wise men of old taught that the world was hatched from an egg. All over the pagan world it signified fertility and potential life. The place of the egg was therefore firmly fixed in the spring celebrations that long antedated Christ and the Christian Easter. The Christian church found the egg so firmly established as an Easter symbol that it could not be dislodged. Therefore the church adopted the egg and adopted it as a symbol of the resurrection. In the transition of Easter from a heathen to a Christian festival the tradition of the egg stands unbroken. When the coloring of eggs began, to the Christian the white stood for the immaculate conception; the red for the blood of the redemption, and the yellow for the dawn of the resurrection morn.

It is natural that many queer relics of ancient egg customs should have survived, while many have died on the way. For instance, the rulers of earth no longer indulge in Easter eggs wholesale. After the Easter celebration found its way into France every hen roost in the country was searched for the largest eggs, which were taken as a tribute to the king. And after the Easter high mass in the chapel of the Louvre there were brought into the royal cabinet pyramids of gilded eggs decked with verdure. The chaplain, after blessing them, distributed them among the persons of the court in the presence of his most Christian majesty.  
 In the time of Henry I, eggs were in great demand on Easter morn. In the tower is an old royal roll with an account of entry, "18d for 400 eggs to be used for ornamental purposes for Easter."  
 That the whole world associates the egg with Easter is shown by the fact that the Christian children in Mesopotamia play the same game at Easter of "picking" eggs that American boys do. In England in many places the boys and girls "roll" their colored eggs, just as the Washington children do on the White House grounds. This White House egg-rolling, by the way, is quite a celebration and as a curious spectacle is worth seeing.  
 There are many curious customs that obtain at Easter that have nothing to do with the day.

## FRECKLES

**Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots**  
 There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.  
 Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.  
 Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

**Not Guilty.**  
 The Silkeston Herald says that when a negro left a train at Charleston recently carrying a heavy suitcase very carefully and acting suspiciously, the authorities thought they had caught a bootlegger redhanded. They nabbed him and compelled him to open the case, and out stepped a lean and ancient bonnie with the colored brother had smuggled on the train.—Kansas City Times.

**Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin**  
 When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

It is the easiest thing in the world for a woman to tell when a man is going to propose.  
 A humbug is bad enough but a bed-bug is worse.

## KIDNEYS WEAKENING?

**BETTER LOOK OUT!**  
 Kidney and bladder troubles don't disappear of themselves. They grow upon you, slowly but steadily, undermining your health with deadly certainty, until you fall a victim to incurable disease.  
 Stop your troubles while there is time. Don't wait until little pains become big aches. Do not trifle with disease. To avoid future suffering begin treatment with GOLD MEDAL Haaslem Oil Capsules now. Take three or four every day until you feel that you are entirely free from pain.  
 This well-known preparation has been one of the national remedies of Holland for centuries. In 1896 the govern-

ment of the Netherlands granted a special charter authorizing its sale.  
 The good housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without food as without her "Real Dutch Dress" as she quaintly calls GOLD MEDAL Haaslem Oil Capsules. Their use restores strength and is responsible in a great measure for the sturdy, robust health of the Hollanders.  
 Do not delay. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haaslem Oil Capsules. Take them as directed, and if you are not satisfied with results your druggist will gladly refund your money. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on the box and accept no other. In sealed boxes, three sizes.

**"Habits That Handicap"**  
 The menace of opium and alcohol—and the remedy.  
 An inspiring, helpful and timely book. If you have a friend or relative who needs advice and help, get this book.  
 PRICE \$1.00

**THE TOWNS HOSPITAL**  
 293 Central Park West, NEW YORK

**DOES IT PAY to be tortured**  
 by Aching, Calloused, Chafed or Sore Feet when for a Quarter of a Dollar you can obtain a box of SAMPLE MAILED FREE

**FOR-URE-FEET**  
 "MAKES OLD FEET FEEL NEW"  
 Ask your Druggist or mailed postpaid upon receipt of 25 cents.  
 Absolute relief on your money back.  
 LINO REMEDY CO., Westfield, Mass.

**WANTED** Men and women to sell Versatile toilet preparations. Representing: Rosewater, soap and jewelry. Experience unnecessary if you can furnish references as to character and ability. C. Gale & Co., Inc., 15 Baldwin St., Boston, Mass.

**Wanted, Agents** Ford "Ketch-A-Rick" preventive of breaking arm when grasping. Only \$1.00 retail. Big agents discount. Write for particulars or save time by sending \$2 for sample. Sells on sight. Write today. AFFRONTI & KILGORE, Hippodrome Annex, Cleveland, Ohio

**MEN OR WOMEN** earn \$100.00 per week during spare-time. No canvassing. Honorable, easy and fascinating. Particulars for stamps, want. Connor's Bookstore, E. Boston, Mass.

**Bargain**—"Boston's Awakening" cloth book, n.w. 20c postpaid. Write me any book you can furnish references as to character and ability. C. Gale & Co., Inc., 15 Baldwin St., Boston, Mass.

**Texas Oil** Send 5c for official map of McCulloch Oil Field. JEFF MEERS, BRADY, TEXAS

**75 STRAWBERRY**, 20 raspberry and 25 strawberry plants, postage paid, \$1. A. B. Katkammer, Macdon, N. Y.

**AGENTS:** Manufacture famous Cedar Oil Floor Polish. Send Thrift Stamp for instructions. Home Bureau, Asbury Park, N. J.

## Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat, flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run-down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Goddard, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.



North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE LASKER, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

**In Such Cases**

## LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

**Whipping Wrong Horse.**  
 A foreigner on a visit to England is at a loss to understand why in the houses of parliament each party has a whip for its own party when it wants to beat the other party.

**Nothing Escapes.**  
 Dyer—"Everything" Wild touches turns to money." Ryer—"Yes, he even profits by his mistakes."—Judge.

Ever notice what a lot of friends your enemies have?  
 We all have our opportunities, but most of us manage to dodge them.

**Mystifying "Ads."**  
 A city advertisement was headed: "Two sisters want washing." So do a good many brothers. Another advertisement was: "Wanted—a boy to sandpaper."

The rareness of a day in June doesn't worry the average man half as much as the rareness of his pay days.

## The Tongue Test

Put a little alum on the end of your tongue and you will have the reason why alum baking powder should not be used in food.

England and France forbid the sale of baking powder containing alum.

You can tell whether baking powder contains alum by reading the label.

## ROYAL Baking Powder

**Absolutely Pure**

Royal Contains No Alum—Leaves No Bitter Taste

## Royal Easy Chairs

PUSH THE BUTTON - BACK RECLINES  
World's Easiest Easy Chair

Royals are in Modern and Period designs, finished in Oak or Mahogany, with handsome tapestries, velours, genuine or imitation leather. Built in the most durable and dependable manner, Royals are chairs you will take comfort and pride in for years. Royals, famous as the World's Easiest Easy Chairs, were made famous by the "Push Button." Concealed in the right arm of the chair, it enables the occupant to easily raise or lower the back without rising from the chair.

Pushing the Button releases the back which reclines or automatically rises to any comfortable position. Releasing the button rigidly locks it. Simple, durable, silent in operation, absolutely trouble proof. Found only in Royals. Using the Leg Rest and supported from crown to toe, you can relax, rest, sleep as in no other chair. Leg Rest concealed when not in use.

Your inspection is solicited.

You must have a Royal!



H. H. Barber Co. Dept. Store  
MILFORD, New Hampshire

## Expert Advice on Water Supply

It is to be our special contribution of War Service. To farm successfully, abundant water is needed. We have drilled many successful wells in and about Antrim, as well as in other parts of New Hampshire, and can point to a long list of satisfied customers. Several of our machines are now at work in New Hampshire. Calls for advice on individual or community Artesian Wells will receive prompt attention.

BAY STATE ARTESIAN WELL COM'Y, INC.  
65 No. State St. CONCORD, N. H.

## GREENE'S FIRST FEED

For Baby Chickens With its liberal amount of Cod Livers, the perfect feed for the first three weeks, contains no dope but is made of such wonderful vitality imparting ingredients as Cod Livers, Dried Blood, Germ Meal, Shredded Codfish, Dried Milk, Ground Flaxseed, Ground Hulled Oats. It is the cheapest Baby Chick Feed on earth, because it will raise every raisable chick.

For sale by dealers everywhere at the following reasonable prices:

Trial bag, 25c; 25 lb. bag, \$1.70; 50 lb. bag, \$3.05; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

If your dealer cannot supply you write us. Sample and book on chick raising free.

GREENE CHICK FEED CO.,  
105 Sewell St., Marblehead, Mass.

C. F. CARTER, Agent  
Terms Cash Antrim, N. H.  
PHONE 22-12

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE  
Hillsborough, ss. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of David H. Carr, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased, testate, and to all others interested therein:

Whereas Henry A. Coolidge, Administrator, with will annexed of the estate of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County the account of his administration of said estate:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Peterborough in said County, on the 31st day of May next, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

The Report of the Commissioner of Involuntary will also be presented for Acceptance at the same time and place.

Said Administrator is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court.

Given at Nashua in said County, this 26th day of March A. D. 1919.

By order of the Court,  
E. J. COPP, Register.

## KIDNEY TROUBLE DISAPPEARED

After One Month's Treatment With "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. HENRY DATER

From the tip of Cape Cod in Massachusetts, to the Golden Gate in California, has come endless praise for the wonderful healing powers of 'Fruit-a-tives', or Fruit-Liver Tablets, the medicine made from fruit juices and valuable tonics.

Right here at home, we have the testimonial of Mr. Henry Dater of 638 First Avenue, Troy, New York, who wrote under date of April 29th, last.

"I have been a great sufferer for years with Kidney Trouble and Constipation. I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' about a month ago, and with almost immediate results. The Kidney Trouble has disappeared and the Constipation is fast leaving me".

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-TIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

## BENNINGTON

A Weekly News Letter of Interest

### Moving Pictures!

Town Hall, Bennington  
at 8.00 o'clock

Wednesday Evening, Apr. 16  
5 Reel Drama 1 Reel Comedy

Saturday Evening, Apr. 19  
Pearl White in  
LIGHTNING RAIDER, Chap. 6  
and 5 Reel Drama

Fred Knight is in Concord this week, on jury duty.

Mrs. Harry Knight is visiting her son, Maurice, in Cambridge.

Mrs. A. N. Pierce is visiting her son, Bonnie Barr, at Camp Devens.

J. D. McLaughlin will occupy the tenement vacated by Peter Wickham.

William Cashlon, from New York, just discharged from the service, has been visiting relatives here.

The adjourned school meeting will be held this week Friday evening, at 8 o'clock; and it is hoped there will be a large attendance.

The three-link members here will be interested in the plans of the celebration at Antrim, notice of which appears elsewhere in this paper.

There is one good thing about living in the country just at this time; the telephone strike, so far as we are concerned locally does not affect us much as yet.

### Forbidding Trust

I hereby give notice that I refuse to pay any bills contracted by my wife, Almira F. Killian, from this date.

George F. Killian  
Bennington, N. H.  
April 15, 1919

### CLINTON VILLAGE

Byron Butterfield has gone to work for Goodell Co.

Mrs. Wilkins was in Hillsboro Thursday to attend the funeral of a sister.

John Loveren has been under the doctor's care for the past week.

Miss Sarah Maxwell has gone to Springfield, N. H., to teach school.

Miss Amabel Tenney was called home from her school in Vermont Monday, by the serious illness of her mother.

Charles Holt is having his house newly shingled. Roscoe Whitney is doing the work.

### EAST ANTRIM

Robert Dickie has a new home.

The Lewis family have sold their place, the Duncan farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Knapp visited in Hillsboro the first of the week.

George Nylander and family are occupying the Harry Richardson house.

### To Let

5 rooms and bath, with electric lights, \$14.00; 3 rooms and bath, with electric lights, \$7.00; 6 rooms and bath, with electric lights, \$15.00. Address P. O. Box 102, Bennington, N. H.

### Antrim Grange Notes

Antrim Grange gave a very pleasant Victory Party Friday evening, April 11, at Grange Hall, to the returned soldier boys of our town, and their invited friends.

At about 6.30 o'clock a bountiful supper was served, consisting of good things that BOYS like, and was greatly enjoyed by all; thanks to a very efficient supper committee.

Following the supper a number of toasts were given, including "Our Boys," "Our Allies," "Our Country," "Our Grange," "Our Hostess." After supper the evening was entirely given over to "The Boys" for a good time. Promenading, dancing, and games were enjoyed until a late hour.

During the evening two feature songs were given by a chorus of young ladies: "Oh, Frenchy!" and "It's Not Your Nationality; It's Simply You."

The committee in charge of the evening was Mrs. J. L. Larrabee, Miss Marion Davis, and Miss Bertha Merrill.

The supper committee was Miss Messer, Mrs. Hilton, Miss Mary Hills, Mrs. Locke, Mrs. Elmer Merrill. There were over 100 present and everything possible was done to make the boys feel that it was "their" evening.

itor, publisher and business manager of the Antrim Reporter, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by an act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 433, Postal Laws and Regulations, to wit: Publisher, Editor, Business Manager, H. W. Eldredge, Antrim, N. H., Trustee of M. E. Church, mortgagee, Antrim, N. H.

H. W. Eldredge,  
Editor and Publisher.  
Sworn to and subscribed to before me this 10th day of April, 1919.

Carl H. Robinson,  
Notary Public.

### Statement of Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc.

Of Antrim Reporter, published weekly at Antrim, New Hampshire, required by an act of August 24, 1912.

State of New Hampshire, county of Hillsboro, s.s. (For April 1, '19.)

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared H. W. Eldredge, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says he is the ed-

## SAVED BY A FAITHFUL WIFE

Suffered Thirty Years With Stomach Trouble and Hemorrhages of the Bowels.

The Story of a Wonderful Recovery

There is hardly any one who does not experience some trouble with the stomach. It is so common that we frequently pay little or no attention to it. Yet, the stomach is very easily upset, and catarrhal inflammation of the mucous lining develops, grows worse—the pain and distress is incessant and the truth dawned that we have chronic stomach trouble.

The case of Mr. Louis Young, 205 Merrimac St., Rochester, N. Y., is typical. He writes: "I suffered for thirty years with chronic bowel trouble, stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels. We bought a bottle of Peruna and I took it faithfully. I began to feel better. My wife persuaded me to continue and I did for some time as directed. Now I am a well man." Mr. Young's experience is not unusual.

If you suffer from catarrh in any form, whether of the head, stomach, bowels or any other part of the body, try Peruna. It may be just what you need. Peruna comes in either liquid or tablet form and is sold everywhere. Your dealer has it or will get it for you. Ask for Dr. Hartman's World-Famous Peruna Tonic and insist upon having it. If you want your health accept nothing else.

All the sick and suffering are invited to write The Peruna Company, Dept. 78, Columbus, Ohio, for Dr. Hartman's Health Book. The book is free and may help you. Ask your dealer for a Peruna Almanac.



## MAX ISRAEL

Henniker, N. H.

## MORRIS E. NAY

Antrim, N. H.

## JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Deeds, Mortgages, and all similar papers written with neatness, accuracy, and ABSOLUTE privacy.

Give Me a Trial

## STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Hillsborough, SS. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of Araminta G. Sargent, late of Goffstown, in said County, deceased, intestate,

Whereas Henry A. Coolidge, Executor of the will of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County, his petition for license to sell real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, said real estate being fully described in his petition, and open for examination by all parties interested.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Nashua in said County, on the 22nd day of April next, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

Said Executor is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court.

Given at Nashua in said County, this 26th day of March A. D. 1919.

E. J. COPP, Register.

Our Regular Stock of  
General Merchandise  
was Never Better and  
Our Prices Lower under  
our new "Cash and  
Carry" System. Give  
Us a Trial and See.

GEORGE O. JOSLIN  
BENNINGTON : : CLINTON

## DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



The senior partner isn't going to be caught napping

W. E. Lawrence  
RIM, N. H.

Sole Agent for  
Geo. E. Buxton  
FLORIST

The Largest Greenhouses in  
Southern N. H.  
FLOWERS for all OCCASIONS  
Flowers by Telephone to  
All Parts of U. S.  
Phone 811-W NASHUA, N. H.

400 TYPEWRITERS  
All kinds and all grades, REMINGTONS \$15 up  
Instruction book with each machine.  
EMPIRE TYPE FOUNDRY  
100 West Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.