

# The Antrim Reporter

VOLUME XXXV NO. 13

ANTRIM, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1918

5 CENTS A COPY

## ANNUAL TOWN MEETING

### The Yearly Business is Transacted and the New Officers Elected

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1—To elect a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention and choose all necessary Town Officers, Agents and Trustees for the ensuing year.

And with the exception of an interruption of some half hour, from 11 to 11.30—during which time all attention was given to war time talk, and remarks were listened to from John B. Jameson, chairman of the State public safety committee—voting continued till four o'clock in the afternoon, when polls were closed and counting began; the result was announced about seven o'clock and will be found elsewhere in this report.

2—To hear the report of the Auditors on the Treasurer's accounts and act thereon.

The Auditor's report was read by H. W. Eldredge, and after one or two minor explanations it was voted to accept, adopt and place it on file.

3—To see how much money the town will vote to raise and appropriate for the support of the James A. Tuttle Library.

Voted, that \$200 be appropriated.

4—To see how much money the town will vote to raise and appropriate to assist Ephraim Weston Post, No. 87, G. A. R. in properly observing Memorial Day.

Voted, that \$50 be appropriated.

5—To see how much money the Town will vote to raise and appropriate for street lighting or pass any vote relating thereto.

Right here something was started and a motion was made to dismiss the article.

But before continuing farther with the business of the Warrant, adjournment of one hour was taken for dinner.

At one o'clock a goodly number of voters had returned to resume the business. It was started with a discussion of the needs of street lights throughout the town; the pros and cons were quite equally divided, yet the great stress of economy at this particular time carried much weight and was a large factor in determining the result of the vote. In the minds of some economy seemed to have a much broader meaning than it did to others. Motions and amendments were the order, and it was finally voted that the lights be shut off after March 31 and that the sum of \$284.15 be appropriated for payment of the lights up to that time.

6—To see if the Town will vote to have the Invoice and Taxes printed for the ensuing year, with the valuation of each lot of real estate printed separately and raise and appropriate a sum of money therefor, or take any other action thereon.

Here also economy was mentioned and the voters decided it was in the interest of economy to have the Invoice and Taxes printed and so voted, adding an appropriation of \$65 to carry the Article into effect.

7—To see how much money the Town will vote to raise and appropriate for repairing roads and bridges for the ensuing year.

Voted, the sum of \$5000 be appropriated.

8—To see if the Town will vote to raise and appropriate the amount of money necessary to secure state aid for the permanent improvement of highways, or take any other action thereon.

Voted, to dismiss the Article.

9—To see if the Town will vote to raise and appropriate the amount of money necessary to secure state aid for Trunk line construction, or take any action thereon.

Voted, that the sum of \$1543.50, amount necessary, be appropriated.

10—To see if the town will vote to take from the road agent's districts, the State Aid Road, the Centocook Valley Road, so called, the road from Clinton Four Corners to the end of the White Birch Point highway, the road from Clinton Four Corners, by the Tenney Farm to the Hancock town line, and the Forest Road, so called, and instruct the Selectmen to arrange with the State Highway Department to maintain said sections of road under the state patrol system and raise and appropriate, or set aside from the amount of money raised for highway work, the sum of \$1552.20, or take any other action thereon.

Voted in favor of this Article and that \$1552.20 be appropriated.

11—To see if the Town will vote to raise and appropriate a sum of money for repairing sidewalks, or take any other action thereon.

Voted, to dismiss the Article.

12—To see if the Town will vote to raise and appropriate a sum of money for the suppression of the White Pine Bliater Rust, or take any action in relation thereto.

Voted, that \$200 be appropriated and that this amount be taken from the unexpended balance for Gypsy Muth suppression.

13—To see if the Town will vote to observe Old Home Day and

(Continued on fifth page)

## FOOD PRODUCTION

### Must Be Increased During This Year

With all the publicity that has been given to the serious condition of our country's food supply at present and the even darker outlook for next winter, it seems hardly necessary to urge upon the people of Antrim the advisability of considering at so early a date the matter of what we are going to do to increase our production over last year. Time passes swiftly and we must be ready for our work as soon as the ground is ready, so let us take up a few matters at once and be prepared when the time arrives to do our very best.

We hear of the seed and fertilizer shortage and also of the largely reduced output of farm machinery. Let every man look over his equipment and then AT ONCE have repaired any implement that needs repairing. DO THIS TODAY. It is the desire of this committee to act as an exchange as far as possible, and with this end in mind we will ask the people of Antrim to co-operate by advising the Committee:

If you want land to plant.  
If you have land you are willing some one should have to plant.

If you have stable manure or wood ashes to sell.

If you need stable manure.

If you have no land of your own try to get the use of a piece near you, but if you are unable to do so we will be glad to help you.

Figure that you will raise at least all your family will use for the year and then try to put in some winter beans to sell. Remember that a row in your garden or on your farm may save a life. Think what starvation really means and realize that there are thousands of people in Europe actually DYING OF STARVATION.

A bushel of beans would let one of those people live for a year. This means about \$8.00 for a life. That's pretty cheap for a life and there is no person in our town who wouldn't quickly give that amount to save a life, but at present it's not money that's to save lives—it's FOOD. God grant that we may have a proper appreciation of our duty and have no cause to regret any lack of energy in this emergency.

Now is the time to prepare. If this committee can help you in any way they are anxious to do so, and if you can help this committee with their work it is your duty to do so. Any suggestions that will help to increase food production will be gladly welcomed and appreciated.

Oscar W. Brownell  
Charles F. Butterfield, Secy.  
Harry B. Drake  
George W. Hodges  
Benj. F. Tenney  
Charles D. White  
Robert W. Jameson, Chairman  
Committee

Address letters to the Secretary. Consult with any of the committee.

Don't figure in dollars. These are times to show real patriotism.

## Liberty Loan Organization

The Liberty Loan campaign took a big forward step in New Hampshire when Mrs. William H. Schofield announced the completion of a statewide organization of women, a skeleton organization around which other women are to congregate for loan work in connection with the regular state committee. The town chairmen in this and neighboring towns are: Mrs. Mary J. Wilkinson, Antrim; Mrs. Helen Dunckle, Bennington; Miss Ella Ware, Hancock; Mrs. John B. Smith, Hillsboro.

## Notice

The Antrim Woman's Club will hold their next regular meeting Tuesday, March 19, at the Red Cross headquarters. The work for the afternoon will be surgical dressings. As the demand is very great for these dressings a large attendance is desired. Work will begin at two o'clock, and a brief business meeting will be held at three o'clock.

Hattie M. Cannell, Secretary

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Business was at once begun and the first article of the warrant was to choose a moderator for the ensuing year; D. W. Cooley was reelected.

Under Article 2, Will C. Hills was reelected clerk.

Article 3, to choose a treasurer; Carl H. Robinson was reelected.

For member of School Board, under Article 4, Harry B. Drake had almost every vote cast, and was reelected for another term.

Article 5 called for the reading of the Auditor's report which was made by Charles W. Prentiss; the same was accepted and adopted, without debate.

Under Article 6, it was voted to pay the members of the school board, treasurer, truant officer, and clerk the same salary as the past year.

Article 7 was to see how much money the District will vote to raise and appropriate for the support of schools in addition to Statutory requirements. It was voted to raise and appropriate the sum of \$4700, which the School Board had figured out would be the amount needed to carry the schools to August 31, 1919, the new date for closing the next fiscal year.

Under Article 8, it was voted to raise and appropriate the sum of \$500 for repairs on school buildings.

Under Article 9 the District did not vote to adopt Article 83 of the laws of 1913, providing for the medical inspection of schools. And as Article 10 asked for an appropriation to carry the previous article into effect, no action needed to be taken.

Under Article 11, to choose all other necessary officers, the auditors, Charles W. Prentiss and William E. Cram were reelected auditors for the ensuing year.

This closed one of the shortest school meetings we have any record of. No contest and no special interest was probably the cause of the light attendance—more women than men being present.

## The Old Fashioned Winter

Almost everyone you meet, at some time sooner or later, is sure to say something regarding the present being an old fashioned winter; and for our part we have to admit that with an exceptional blizzard like 1888, our memory does not serve us sufficiently to recall a winter just like the one we have now nearly passed through. A valued subscriber hands us the following clipping taken from a Massachusetts paper of recent date, and will doubtless be read with interest, as it gives information regarding old fashioned winters:

"An old fashioned winter in New Hampshire is contained in a clipping handed in by S. Davis Stanley, one of Templeton's oldest residents, who for many years was a resident of the Granite state. The record was received from a Gilmantown correspondent of the paper:

"From the 1st of Oct., 1837, to the 26th of April, 1838, it snowed 60 times; depth of snow 4 feet 5 inches.

"From Jan. 7, 1838, to Dec. 29 it rained 98 times. Apple trees began to bloom May 26 and were in full bloom June 3.

"From Oct. 19, 1839, it snowed 67 times; depth of snow 5 feet 9 inches. The number of rains in 1839 was 113. Apple trees began to bloom May 16 and were in full blossom the 25th.

"From Nov. 1, 1839, to April 17, 1840, it snowed 52 times; depth of snow 10 feet 5 inches. The number of rains in 1840 was 83. Apple trees were in full bloom May 23.

"From Oct. 25, 1840, to May 2, 1841, it snowed 50 times; depth of snow 12 feet 7 inches. The number of rains in 1841 was 111. Apple trees began to blossom May 27.

"From Oct. 23, 1841, to May 2, 1842, it snowed 72 times; depth 7 feet 6 inches.

"Saturday afternoon, June 11, 1842, there fell half an inch of snow

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No Need for Antrim People to Experiment with Such Convincing Evidence at Hand

There are many well-advertised kidney remedies on the market today, but none so well-recommended in this vicinity as Doan's Kidney Pills. Read the statement of a resident of Peterboro.

W. W. H. Greenwood, painter, 15 Summer St., Peterboro, N. H., says: "Some years ago I suffered from an attack of kidney trouble. I had pains through the small of my back and my kidneys acted too freely. I had always heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly spoken of so I bought some and I found them excellent. They removed the pains from my back and restored my kidneys to a normal condition."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Greenwood had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y. adv

## TWO SERVICE FLAGS

Displayed by Waverley Lodge of Odd Fellows

Waverley Lodge of Odd Fellows has thrown to the breeze in front of their hall, on a pole made especially for the purpose, a four by six heavy wool bunting service flag, containing eight stars representing members of the several branches of the order now in the service of their country.

Inside the hall has been draped a handsome silk service flag of the same size containing a like number of stars. This is one of the most beautiful service flags we have ever seen, of splendid texture, and has a prominent place at the head of the hall.

Nothing is too good for the boys and girls in the service of our country and the brothers at home are very pleased to do everything to help at this time, and honor the ones who have left home and all which that may mean, to fight not only their own battles but those of everyone of us. We entertain hopes that in the not far distant future things will take a decided turn for the better, and maybe all these boys and girls will be at home with their families once more.

Those who are represented by the eight stars on these service flags are:

H. Burr Eldredge, Past Grand  
Cranston D. Eldredge  
A. Wallace George  
Alford R. Hazzard  
Delmar Newhall  
Harry C. Tenney, Past Grand  
Margaret Redmond, R. Nurse  
Fannie Burnham, R. Nurse

The brief dedicatory service was held on Saturday evening during the regular meeting of the Subordinate lodge, and consisted of appropriate remarks by P. G. Milan D. Cooper, prayer by P. G. Morris Burnham, and running the flag to the end of the pole by P. G. John Thornton and P. G. Charles M. Taylor.

## New Principal for the Antrim High School

The High School is enjoying a week's vacation at this time, as the new principal, Mr. Jones, who comes from Stowe, Vt., could not take up his work here until March 18, and Mr. Brown was anxious to get to his new job at once and with his family left town last Saturday morning.

The pupils of the High School presented Mr. Brown with a handsome leather brief case, which he will use in his new work, and Mrs. Brown was given a half dozen silver butter spreaders.

The new principal comes here highly recommended, we are told by the school board, and it is exposing no secret to say that we all hope he will "make good," for this is needed at this time perhaps as much as at any other time in the history of our school. More money is being paid for a greater outlay the people have a right to expect more efficient service. At this time of the year it is hard for the school to pass through a change in the teaching force, and perhaps the seniors will be affected most; however, it is the hope of all who have the welfare of the school at heart that the change will not work against the school in any way.

on the high land in the towns of Gilmantown and Alton. There was two feet more of snow in 1841 than in any one year for the past 12 years."

## Cram's Store

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

## Winter Goods

Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens,

Cap and Scarf Sets, Warm Coats,

Flannelette Night Robes,

Flannel Shirts

Blankets

For those who keep teams, we have Robes

and Blankets, Bells, Sleigh

Heaters, etc.

DYOLA DYES

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS

## W. E. CRAM

Odd Fellows Block Store,  
ANTRIM, New Hamp.

You Will Find What  
You Need at the

## Woman's Specialty Shop

Miss S. E. Lane & Co.,

TOWN HALL BLOCK

ANTRIM, N. H.

We Have Purchased a Lot of  
Strap Work, Comprising

Breastplates, Reins, Collars, &c

at Bargain Prices, and  
Offer Them at

PRICES THAT WILL INTEREST YOU,

At the Harness Shop

S. M. TARBELL, Antrim

Telephone 18-21

North Main Street

Buy Rubber Stamps at This

The Prices are Reason

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## Cram's Store

### HEADQUARTERS

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Cap and Scarf Sets, Warm Coats,

Flannelette Night Robes,

Flannel Shirts

Blankets

For those who keep teams, we have Robes

and Blankets, Bells, Sleigh

Heaters, etc.

DYOLA DYES

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Odd Fellows Block Store,  
ANTRIM, New Hamp.

You Will Find What  
You Need at the

## Woman's Specialty Shop

## Miss S. E. Lane & Co.,

TOWN HALL BLOCK

ANTRIM, N. H.

We Have Purchased a Lot of  
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DR. E. M. BOWERS, DENTIST. Baker's Block, Hillsboro, N. H. REMOVED FROM ANTRIM. Telephone 31-3. Office hours—9-12 a.m., 1:30-5 p.m.

C. E. DUTTON, AUCTIONEER, Hancock, N. H. Property advertised and sold on reasonable terms.

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SCHOOL BOARD'S NOTICE The School Board meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town hall block, the last Saturday afternoon in each month, at 2 o'clock, to transact School District business and to hear all parties regarding School matters. H. B. DRAKE, G. E. HASTINGS, J. D. HUTCHINSON, Antrim School Board.

SELECTMEN'S NOTICE The Selectmen will meet at their Rooms, in Town hall block, the first Saturday in each month, from two till five o'clock in the afternoon to transact town business. The Tax Collector will meet with the Selectmen. C. F. BUTTERFIELD, J. M. CUTLER, F. P. ELLINWOOD, Selectmen of Antrim.

D. COHEN Junk Dealer, ANTRIM, N. H. Buyer of Old Magazines, Bags, Metals and Second-hand Furniture and Poultry. Customer will drop postal card or phone.

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns should contain your Ad

NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE NEWS

Sons of Veterans' Encampment. Concord.—General orders have been received by the Sons of Veterans announcing the 38th annual encampment of the New Hampshire division will convene in Concord, Thursday and Friday, April 11 and 12 in Capital Hall, with Headquarters at the Eagle Hotel. The annual meetings of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Woman's Relief Corps, the Ladies of the G. A. R., the Sons of Veterans Auxiliary and the Daughters of Veterans will be held at the same time. Thursday at 5 o'clock, p. m., there will be a reception in Capital Hall, given by the Sons and Daughters of Veterans and the Sons of Veterans auxiliary to national and division officers of these orders. Thursday evening at 6 o'clock there will be a banquet for the Sons of Veterans and affiliated orders with invited guests at the Eagle Hotel. Thursday at 8 o'clock there will be a campfire in the Auditorium given by the Grand Army of the Republic. The woman's relief corps and other auxiliaries will be represented by the officials of their orders.

Exeter Plans Intensive Drill. Exeter.—Major Brewer of the Phillips Exeter battalion has completed plans for the intensive drill during the spring recess. The drill will begin with the sounding of retreat at 5.15 on Tuesday, April 2, the day that school closes for the spring vacation, and will end with Friday night of that week. In addition to the regular work of the battalion a new unit known as the Quartermaster's Corps will be formed. It will be composed of those boys physically unfit for drill but who wish in spite of that handicap to be "doing their bit." The corps will be commanded by a second lieutenant, and will be made up of two non-commissioned officers, a battalion supply sergeant, an ordnance sergeant and two privates. The new unit will take up its duties as soon as the new recruits report for drill.

Dartmouth Entrance Easier. Hanover.—As a war measure, Dartmouth College will broaden the rules for admission on certificates, that more men may enter without conditions. The change has been under consideration for several years. Hereafter, a definite list of subjects totaling 10 and one-half units must be presented, while the four remaining units may be presented from any subjects required by a high school for graduation and passed with certificate grade; provided that the certificate shows a full four-year course at an approved high school. It is hoped that the new regulations will result in increased enrollment at Dartmouth next fall.

Shipbuilding at Portsmouth. Portsmouth.—With orders for 10 steel steamers, received by the Atlantic Corporation here, a remarkable revival of industry in this old city is at hand. Since the United States entered the war, the old business of building ships has been taken up, the population already has increased 20 p. c., and a more marked increase is likely to take place during 1918. The wooden shipbuilding plant on the Piscataqua River is now in operation and the Atlantic Corporation is constructing a steel shipyard which will be in full operation this summer. The Navy Yard has 3000 men employed with an annual payroll of \$4,000,000.

To Lecture at Camp Devens. Durham.—Professor E. R. Groves, dean of the arts and science division of New Hampshire College, has accepted an invitation to deliver a series of lectures to the soldiers at Camp Devens on sociological matters connected with the war. His course will be a part of the educational program carried on by the Y. M. C. A. The first lecture in the series is on "The Sociological Background of the War."

Cold Weather Champions. Town.—Tax Collector Arthur L. Page challenges attention with the announcement that his forty Rhode Island Red hens laid 800 eggs during January and February, the best months for egg.

Labor Convention Delegate. Portsmouth.—This city will send a delegate to the shipbuilding labor convention in Philadelphia, March 17. Richard Conroy, president of the State Federation of Labor, and Harry L. Hartford, president of the Metal Trades Council of Portsmouth.

A Splendid Record. Franklin.—Principal H. P. Sweat has reported that there are 71 former students of the High school now in government service. At least eight hold commissions, and many are non-coms.

Maneuvering of Wings. Riches made to themselves wings and fly away. So sometimes does love. So sometimes does wisdom. How would it do to take all possible precaution by clipping the wings?—Exchange.

Had a Hard Fall. "He offered to let me in on the ground floor." "Well!" "From the drop the stock took after I bought I must have been let in on the roof."

Productive School Gardens. Concord.—High schools and academies of this state last summer produced crops worth \$36,410.45, according to figures received by C. H. Whit-cher, deputy superintendent of public instruction and a member of the 1918 food production committee. A production of \$50,000 is expected this year and it is also expected to increase other home gardens from 17,000 to 30,000 in number with food production estimated in advance at \$100,000. The leading high school in food production last year was Colebrook, with \$3,775. Others with big figures to their credit were Alton, \$2,374.54; Amherst, \$2,100; Colby Academy, \$2,101.45; Coe's Academy, Northwood, \$1,800; Haverhill \$1,650; Hopkinton, \$1,084; McGaw Institute, Reed's Ferry, \$2,175; Marlborough, \$1,185; Milford, \$1,400; Pinkerton Academy, Derry, \$1,982; Simonds High, Warner \$1,200; Walpole, \$1,762; Wilton, \$1,070.

Kept a Tavern in Portsmouth. Frank W. Rice, a native of Portsmouth, N. H., where he had spent practically his entire life, died suddenly at the home of a niece Mrs. Herbert E. Keen, Malden, Mass., from bronchial trouble which affected his heart. Mr. Rice who was in his seventy-sixth year, had made his home with his niece since last May, following the death in April of his wife. For many years he kept an oyster tavern on the Parade, in Portsmouth, where it adjoined the Old North Church. His place was widely known to tourists and was much patronized by officers and men stationed at the nearby Navy Yard, in Portsmouth-Kittery. Mr. Rice retired from business about fifteen years ago. He was a thirty-third degree Mason and was affiliated with lodges in Portsmouth.

Hopes to Double Output. Durham.—New Hampshire will try this year to rival its neighbor, Vermont, in the production of maple sugar, if the plans of the state emergency food production committee are given popular support. The committee believes the output of the state easily could be doubled. Prof. K. W. Woodward of New Hampshire College has called attention to the fact that in pioneer days a large percentage of the sugar used in this state was made from the maple sap. White sugar became common only after the Civil War. He pointed out that at present only 11 percent of New Hampshire farms make a regular business of producing maple sugar, while in Vermont one-third of the farmers tap their trees every spring.

Lieut. Eddie Died Fighting. Tilton.—Mr. and Mrs. James L. Eddie received information from an official source regarding their son Lieut. Harold E. Eddie, the first New Hampshire officer killed in France. He was the only officer in charge of the infantrymen killed. He was last seen by one of his men kneeling beside a spitting machine gun and blazing away at the Germans with his automatic pistol. He was shot in the chest, falling dead. One of his men said: "He was a fine officer and, believe me, he took care of his men. Any one of his men would have gone through at his order."

An Industrious Chapter. Tilton.—The local chapter of the Red Cross shipped to Boston recently 24 mufflers, 54 pairs of socks, 24 sweaters, 12 helmets, 12 pairs of wristers, one woolen afghan, one knit afghan, two convalescent gowns, six pairs of flannel pajamas, 12 cotton pajamas, 48 other garments, 1,000 gauze compresses, 32 oakum pads, 55 abdominal and 35 triangular bandages.

Candidate for State Senator. Exeter.—In the fall primaries, Professor Tufts will be a candidate for State Senator from the twenty-third district. He has already served two terms as representative in the State Legislature. While representative he was chairman of the State Committee on Education.

Sell Like Hot Cakes. Kingston.—Our local postmaster complains that he cannot get war savings stamps from the government fast enough to supply the demand.

Hold Your Temper. Got mad if you must, but don't fly off the handle. It is the advice of a seer. When you express yourself others see what's in you, and as a rule see less than they thought was there; but if you are silent you have them guessing, and the chances are that they will think there's more in you than the reality is—which will be greatly to your advantage.

Few Chinese Newspapers. In all China there are about 440 newspapers, and of these only about fifty have good circulation. The average is not more than 3,000 copies an issue. One newspaper in Shanghai claims a daily circulation of 30,000.

The South That Father Made. You can't imagine it that she is the house guest of her parents, or any way they like her, but generally means that the bride has "dropped back for a little home" could be Louisville Courier-Journal.

The First Waving Flags. Waving flags are said to have been first brought to Spain by the Saracens. The present Spanish colors, red and yellow, came from the old shields of Castile and Aragon.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Items of Interest From All Sections of Yankeeland

Fourteen suits for divorce were filed in the Norfolk Superior Court at Dedham one day last week, a number of them being cross libels.

Companions of the Massachusetts commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion, celebrated the 50th anniversary of the organization of the commandery at their monthly meeting at the Hotel Brunswick, Boston.

By the will of Caroline Bird of Scarborough, Me., filed for probate recently, \$5,000 is bequeathed to the New England Home for Little Wanderers. The gift is to be available after the death of Caroline Farrar of Boston to whom the income is to be paid during her life time.

Street car fares throughout the State of Rhode Island have been increased according to a recommendation made to the Legislature by the Public Utilities Commission. The Rhode Island Company, controlling all the street car lines in the State, appealed for the right to charge higher rates more than a year ago.

A further step to advance the sheep industry of Maine has been taken. An order has been passed by the Governor and Council, the commissioner of agriculture being authorized to appoint a man in his department; whose duty shall be to promote the sheep industry in the State.

A telegram from Providence says: Supreme and Superior Court judges should be elected by the people to serve fifteen-year terms and be subject to removal by the General Assembly, according to the Rev. Gilbert B. Cutler, Senator from Scituate, who has asked the General Assembly to enact such a law.

Aboard the fishing steam trawler Swell, Capt. Thomas McCormisky, arriving at the South Boston fish pier, was a two-ton anchor and 15 fathoms of chain, which was hauled up from the ocean bottom on Georges Bank. The chain and anchor was in 44 fathoms of water, and is thought to have belonged to a large vessel.

Receipts of fish at Boston during the past week were 3,040,370 lbs., brought in by 84 vessels, the first time this year that the weekly receipts have been in the 3,000,000 lb. class. During the corresponding period of last year the figures were 2,614,190 lbs. landed by 66 vessels.

Boston captains and crews are to be chosen to man five new fishing steam trawlers that are to be added to the local fleet this summer by the East Coast Fisheries Co. The Kingfisher, the first of the squadron which was recently launched at Portland, is due at Boston April 1 for her first trip to the fishing grounds.

Four fishing schooners were driven ashore at Provincetown, Mass., by heavy ice and a northeast blizzard that swept the cape. They are the Valerie, Captain Frank Gaspar; Progress, Captain Tony King, both well known in the Boston fishing fleet; the J. M. Burke, and the Cormorant.

Mayor Haines of Medford, Mass., has asked the board of aldermen for an appropriation to establish a canning factory, which will can all home garden vegetables free of charge, and a public market. In the letter he sent, Mayor Haines explained that it was the duty of the city to aid in food production and consumption in every way.

Purchase of 67,582 of land in the White Mountains and Southern Appalachians for inclusion in the Eastern National Forests has been authorized by the Government. The land includes 993 acres in Grafton County, N. H., and Oxford County, Maine.

The federal government is to construct the most efficient shipping terminal in the world in Boston. It will cost more than \$2,000,000 and will be built on the 25-acre lot of land and lots running along the entire length of the wharf channel in South Boston, which the government has agreed to purchase from the site for an embarkation site for troops and supplies.

Henry Howard, director of recruiting for the United States Shipping Board has been notified that additional ships are being secured in order to train seamen for the vessels now building. At present there are but two training ships, both at Boston, which are capable of handling only about 1,200 recruits. As there are now 6,110 recruits more vessels are necessary, and these will be stationed at other ports.

Officers and men in the various camps under orders to proceed to any other port or duty, or who hear that they are about to be ordered to a certain destination, must under no conditions furnish their information to others outside the service. This applies to all persons connected with the military service, and commands that they must not advise friends or relatives of proposed routes or probable time of arrival at any station or point of departure. Baggage is to be shipped to the quartermaster of the port of embarkation with no other address, and similar precaution are ordered on arrival in a foreign country.

Information of this gigantic undertaking was disclosed by Chairman John N. Cole of the state waterways commission before the legislative committee on metropolitan affairs.

Fire which destroyed the Provost Block in Lewiston, Me., did damage estimated at \$75,000, and was only controlled by the united efforts of the departments of Lewiston and Auburn.

Colonel A. C. Thompson has been appointed commander of the coast defenses of Portland to succeed Colonel Malcolm Young of the 54th Regiment Artillery, now under orders of near departure for foreign service.

Massachusetts' Food Administrator Henry B. Endicott announces that henceforth and until another change is ordered, meat is prohibited but one day a week. Further than that, the public is given its choice as between Tuesday and Friday.

Colonel C. B. Hatch, officer in charge of the Eastern District, is inspecting the Marine Corps recruiting stations in New England. The uniform of the marine recruiting force will be changed to blue and a new insignia will be introduced.

Charles Follen Adams, 76, known the nation over through his "Liedie Yawcob Strauss" and other German dialect stories, is dead at his home on Waverly street, Roxbury, Mass. He was born in Dorchester. His grandfather built the first log house on the site of Moutonboro, N. H., and the author of the "Yawcob Strauss" stories was a Yankee in every respect.

Major Charles E. Lewis, division signal officer at Camp Devens, has been advised by Washington that men of draft age but not in the current quota are eligible for enlistment in the Signal Corps and that the services of telephone and radio operators, linemen and telegraphers were especially desired. Major Lewis was authorized to request the induction of such men into the military service.

Captain Horace G. Trundy, a master mariner for 35 years, died the day after observing his sixty-fourth birthday at Portland, Me. When the Cape Elizabeth Coast Guard Station was established in 1858 he was made captain of the life savers and served for 11 years. During that time it is estimated that Captain Trundy, and his crew saved the lives of over 100 sailors from vessels wrecked on the reefs near this port.

The College of Business Administration, Boston, has been asked by the War Department to give a six weeks' intensive course in employment and Technology. The course is to be given under the general direction of the War Council. The course as planned will require the entire time of the students, consisting of ten hours a day of lectures and study. Some of the instructors will be furnished by the War Department.

The nineteenth anniversary of the Boston Seaman's Friend Society will be observed at the society's building, 257 Hanover street, on April 8, at 8 o'clock. Lieutenant Governor Calvin Coolidge and Mayor Peter's will speak, and Rev. Raymond Quinlan, D. D., of the Shepard Memorial Church, Cambridge, will deliver the anniversary address. The Boston Seaman's Friend Society is one of Boston's oldest charitable organizations. For three generations it has been assisting thousands of sailors in every possible way, and its good work is recognized in every port from Jersey to Nova Scotia.

FAIR FOOD PRICES. Prevailing Quotations at Retail in Boston Market issued by Massachusetts Food Administration. Following is the weekly list of fair food prices in the Boston market, prepared and issued by the Massachusetts Board of Food Administration. The figures in the first column represent prevailing prices, not the lowest and highest, which which prices are changing retailers. These in the right-hand column are based upon them, and are prices which the retail dealers are justified in charging. The variation between the low and the high retail prices, unless otherwise specified, is due not to difference in quality, but to difference in location, delivery service, and credit as compared with cash purchases.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes items like Butter, Eggs, Flour, etc. with prices in cents and dollars.

COMMONWEALTH HOTEL Inc. OPPOSITE STATE HOUSE Boston, Mass. Storer F. Crafts, Gen. Mgr.



Nothing to Equal This in New England Rooms with private bath \$1.50 per day and up; suite of two rooms and bath \$2.00 per day and up. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF STRICTLY A TEMPERANCE HOTEL

Sawyer & Boyd Antrim, N. H. Real Estate FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AND MORTGAGES

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J. D. HUTCHINSON, Civil Engineer, Land Surveying, Levels, etc. ANTRIM, N. H. TELEPHONE CONNECTION

New Home Sewing Machine advertisement with illustration of the machine and text: 'The only way to get the genuine New Home Sewing Machine is to buy the machine with the name NEW HOME on the arm and in the legs. This machine is warranted for all time. No other like it. No other as good. The New Home Sewing Machine Company, ORANGE, MASS. FOR SALE BY C. W. THURSTON, BENNINGTON, V.T.'

FOR SALE BY C. W. THURSTON, BENNINGTON, V.T.

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First Class, Experienced Director and Embalmer, For Every Case. Lady Assistant. Full Line Funeral Supplies. Flowers Furnished for All Occasions. Calls day or night promptly attended to. New England Telephone, 15-3, at Boston. Corner High and Pleasant Sts., Antrim, N. H.

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I wish to announce to the public that I will sell goods at auction for any parties who wish, at reasonable rates. Apply to W. E. CRAM, Antrim, N. H.

FARMS Listed with me are quickly SOLD. No charge unless sale is made. LESTER H. LATHAM, P. O. Box 408, Hillsboro, N. H. Telephone connection

ACCOMMODATION! To and From Antrim Railroad Station. Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Time, A.M., P.M. and Sunday. Shows train departure times.

Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes earlier than departure of train. Since will call for passengers if word is left at Express Office in Jamecon Block. Passengers for the early morning train should leave word at Express Office the night before.

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Everything INSURABLE written at this office. Is that Motor Car Insured? Why take the risk? Call at the office of

E. W. BAKER, Agent, Antrim, N. H.

ARE YOU GOING TO BOSTON?

Franklin Square House advertisement with illustration of the house and text: 'Young women going to Boston to work or study, any lady going to Boston for pleasure or on a shopping trip without male escort will find the Franklin Square House a delightful place to stop. A Home Hotel in the heart of Boston exclusively for women. 650 rooms, bath, comm. portable conveniences, etc. prices reasonable. For particulars and prices address Miss Castine C. Swanson, Supt., 11 E. Newton St., Boston, Mass.'

Advertising is the Foundation of All Successful Enterprises

# Cap'n Warren's Wards

by JOSEPH C. LINCOLN

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## THE CAPTAIN FORCES MALCOLM DUNN, SOMEWHAT UNWILLINGLY, TO ACT A MAN'S PART

**Synopsis.**—Atwood Graves, New York lawyer, goes to South Densboro, Cape Cod, to see Captain Elisha Warren. Caught in a terrific storm while on the way, he meets Cap'n Warren by accident and goes with the latter to his home. The lawyer informs Cap'n Warren that his brother, whom he had not seen for eighteen years, has died and named him as guardian of his two children, Caroline aged twenty, and Stephen, aged nineteen. The captain tells Graves he will go to New York and look over the situation before deciding whether he will accept the trust. The captain's arrival in New York causes consternation among his friends and their aristocratic friends. The captain makes friends with James Pearson, a reporter; then he consults with Sylvester, head of Graves' firm. The captain decides to accept his brother's trust. Sylvester is pleased, but Graves expresses disgust and dismay.

### CHAPTER VII—Continued.

The captain said "that he would be down later on to talk things over. Meanwhile, if the papers and such could be got together, it would 'sort of help along."

When Mrs. Corcoran Dunn made her daily visit to the Warren apartment that afternoon she found Caroline alone and almost in tears. Captain Elisha had broken the news at the table during luncheon, after which he went downtown. Stephen, having raved, protested and made himself generally disagreeable and his sister correspondingly miserable, had departed for the club. It was a time for confidences, and the wily Mrs. Dunn realized that fact. She soothed, comforted and within half an hour had learned the whole story. Incidentally she learned that a possible five hundred thousand was the extreme limit of the family's pecuniary resources.

"Now you know everything," sobbed Caroline. "Oh, Mrs. Dunn, you won't desert us, will you?"

"You may depend on Malcolm and me, dear," Mrs. Dunn declared. "We are not fair weather friends. And, after all, it is not so very bad. Affairs might be very much worse."

"Worse! Oh, Mrs. Dunn, how could they be? Think of it! Stephen and I are dependent upon him for everything. We must ask him for every penny. And whatever he says to do we must do. We're obliged to him."

On Thursday after luncheon as Captain Elisha sat in his own room reading a book he had taken from the library there came a knock at the door.

"Come ahead in!" ordered the captain. Caroline entered. Her uncle rose and put down the book.

"Oh," he exclaimed, "is it you? Excuse me. I thought 'twas the commode—Edwards, I mean. If I'd known you was comin' callin', Caroline, I shouldn't have been quite so bossy."

"Thank you," answered his niece. "I came to see you on—I suppose you might call it business. At any rate, it is a financial matter. I shan't detain you long."

Captain Elisha was a trifle disappointed.

"Oh," he said, "on business, was it? I hoped—I didn't know but you'd come just out of sociability. However, I'm mighty glad to see you, Caroline."

"Captain Warren," she began, "I-I-I came to ask a favor. I am obliged to ask it because you are our—the almost-choked over the hated word—our guardian, and I can no longer act on my own responsibility. I wish to ask you for some money."

"I see," he said. "Well, Caroline, I don't believe you'll find me very close stisted. I think I told you and Steve that you was to do just as you'd be in the habit of doin'. Is your regular allowance too small? Remember, I don't know much about such things here in New York, and you must be frank and aboveboard and tell me if you have any complaints."

"I have no complaints. My allowance is sufficient. It is the same that father used to give me, and it is all I need. One of the maids, Annie, has trouble at home, and I wanted to help her."

The captain nodded once more.

Caroline's eyes snapped. "Indeed it was!" she said indignantly. "It was a wet morning after a rain, and the pavement was slippery. Mr. Moriarty, Annie's father, was not working that day, and he had gone out to do the family marketing. He was crossing the street when an automobile, recklessly driven, so every one says, drove directly down on him. He tried to jump out of the way and succeeded, otherwise he might have been killed, but he fell and broke his hip. He is an old man, and the case is serious."

"Dear, dear, you don't tell me! Poor old chap! The auto feller—did he help? Seems to me he ought to be the one to spend the money. 'Twas his fault."

"Help! Indeed, he didn't! He and the man with him merely laughed as if it was a good joke, put on speed and disappeared as quickly as possible."

"Why, the mean swab! Did this Mr. Moriarty or the folks around get the license number of the auto?"

"No. All they know is that it was a big yellow car with two men in it."

"Yes. Somewhat similar to the one Malcolm—Mr. Dunn—drives."

"So, so! Hum! Where did it happen?"

"On St. Nicholas avenue, near One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street."

"Eh? St. Nicholas avenue, you say?"

"Yes," Caroline rose and turned to go. "Thank you, Captain Warren," she said. "I will tell Dr. Henry to take the case at once."

The captain did not answer immediately. With his chin in his hand he was gazing at the floor.

"Good afternoon," said Caroline. Her uncle looked up.

"Er—wait just a minute, Caroline," he said. "You have your doctor go right ahead and see to the old man, and you order the things to eat and whatever's necessary. But afore you give Annie or her father any money I'd kind of like to figger a little mite."

His niece stopped short, turned and stared at him.

"Oh," she said slowly and icily. "I understand—thoroughly. Don't trouble to 'figure' as you call it. Oh, why did I humiliate myself? I should have known!"

"Caroline, please!"

But the girl had gone, closing the door after her.

Half an hour later the captain called upon Malcolm Dunn, who was much surprised to see him.

Captain Elisha took the offered chair and dropped his hat on the floor beside it.

"Well," observed the young man after a moment, "what's the trouble, admiral? Better get it off your chest, hadn't you? We're private enough here."

"I came to see you about an automobile," said the captain.

to help the poor critter, providin' he knew what damage he'd done, wouldn't you think so?"

Malcolm nodded sagely, opened his mouth to speak and then closed it again. A sudden recollection came to him, an alarming recollection.

"Where did this accident happen?" asked Mr. Dunn, his condescending smile absent.

"At the corner of St. Nicholas avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street. It happened last Friday mornin' a week ago. And the car that hit him was a yellow one. Naturally, when I heard about it, I remembered what you told Mr. Sylvester and me at the club that afternoon. I understand how 'twas of course. If you'd known you'd really hurt the poor old man you'd have stopped to see him. I understand that. But—"

"Look here," interrupted Dunn sharply, "did Caroline send you to me?"

"Caroline? No, no! She don't know 'twas your automobile at all. But afore she spent any of her money I thought you'd ought to know, because I was sure you wouldn't let her. That's the way I'd feel, and I felt 'twas no more'n honest to give you the chance. I come on my own hook. She didn't know anything about it."

Malcolm drummed on the desk with nervous fingers.

"Well," he growled pettishly, "how much will it take to square things with the gang? How much damages do they want?"

"Damages? Oh, there won't be any claim for damages, I guess. The Moriarty's don't know you did it, and there's no reason why they should. I thought maybe I'd see 'em and do whatever was necessary, then you could settle with me, and the whole business would be just between us two. Outside the doctor's bills and food and nursin' and such all the extra will be just the old man's wages for the time he's away from the factory. 'Twon't be very heavy."

"All right! I'm in it, I can see that, and it's up to me to get out as easy as I can. I don't want any newspaper publicity. Go ahead, I'll pay the freight."

Captain Elisha arose and picked up his hat.

Malcolm, frowning heavily, suddenly asked a final question.

"Say," he demanded, "you'll not tell Caroline or Steve a word of this, mind?"

The captain seemed surprised.

"I guess you didn't catch what I said, Mr. Dunn," he observed mildly. "I told you this whole business would be just between you and me."

CHAPTER VIII. "Thank You, Uncle."

CAPTAIN ELISHA had been pretty well satisfied with the result of his visit to young Dunn at the latter's office. Malcolm had surrendered, perhaps not gracefully or unconditionally, but he had surrendered, and the condition—secrecy—was one which the captain himself had suggested.

Captain Elisha found some solace and forgetfulness of the unpleasant life he was leading in helping the stricken Moriarty family. Annie, the maid at the apartment, he swore to secrecy. She must not tell Miss Caroline of his visits to her parents' home. Dr. Henry also, though he could not understand why, promised silence. Car-

oline herself had engaged his services in the case, and he was faithful. "Go in to be a pretty expensive job, ain't it, doctor?" asked the captain of the physician.

"Rather, I'm afraid."

"All right, if expense is necessary don't be afraid of it. You do just what you ought to and send the bill to me."

"But Miss Warren insisted upon my sending it to her. She said it was a private matter and one with which you as her guardian had nothing to do."

"I know. Caroline intends to use her own allowance, I s'pose. Well, let her think she will if 'twill please her. But when it comes to the settlement call on me. Give her any reason you want to. Say a—wealthy friend of the family come to life all at once and couldn't sleep unless he paid the costs."

"But there isn't any such friend, is there, Captain Warren? Other than yourself, I mean?"

Captain Elisha grinned in appreciation of a private poke. "There is somebody else," he admitted, "who'll pay a share, anyhow. But, anyhow, you saw wood or bones or whatever you have to do, and leave the rest to me. And don't tell Caroline or anybody else a word."

News from the Moriarty sick room continued favorable for a time. Then, with alarming suddenness a change came. The broken hip was mending slowly, but poor Pat's age was against

him, and the shock and long illness were too much for his system to fight. Dr. Henry shook his head dubiously when the captain asked questions. And one morning at breakfast Edwards informed him that the old man was dead.

Captain Elisha, though not greatly surprised, was shocked and grieved. It seemed such a needless tragedy, almost like murder, although there was no malice in it. And the thought of the fatherless children and the poverty of the stricken family made him shudder.

But just before evening his business had disappeared. He had just returned to his room, after stepping into the hall to drop his letter in the mail chute, when his niece knocked at the door.

"Captain Warren," she began hurriedly, "the last time I came to you—the last time I came here, I came to ask a favor, and you—I thought you—"

"Yes, Caroline," he said gravely, "I know what you mean. Won't you—won't you sit down?"

"Captain Warren," she began once more, "the time I came to you in this room you were, so I thought, unreason-

able and unkind. I asked you for money to help a poor family in trouble, and you refused to give it to me."

"No, Caroline," he interrupted, "I didn't refuse; you only thought I did."

She held up her hand. "Please let me go on," she begged. "I thought you refused, and I couldn't understand why. I was hurt and angry. I knew that father never would have refused me under such circumstances, and you were his brother. But since then, only today, I have learned that I was wrong. I have learned—"

She paused. The captain was silent. He was beginning to hope, to believe once more in his judgment of character, and yet with his hope and growing joy there was a trifle of anxiety.

"I have learned," went on his niece, "that I was mistaken. I can't understand yet why you wished to wait before saying 'yes,' but I do know that it must have been neither because you were unkind nor ungenerous. I have just come from those poor people, and they have told me everything."

Captain Elisha started. "What did they tell you?" he asked quickly. "Who told you?"

"Annie and her mother. They told me what you had done and were doing for them, how kind you had been all through the illness and today. Oh, I know you made them promise not to tell me, and you made the doctor and nurse promise too. But I knew some one had helped, and Annie dropped a hint. Then I suspected, and now I know. Those poor people!"

The captain, who had been looking at the floor and frowning a bit, suddenly glanced up to find his niece's eyes fixed upon him, and they were filled with tears.

"Will you forgive me?" she asked, rising from her chair and coming impulsively toward him. "I'm sorry I misjudged you and treated you so. You must be a very good man. Please forgive me."

He took her hand, which was swallowed up in his big one. His eyes were moist also.

"Lord love you, dearie," he said, "there's nothing to forgive. I realized that I must have seemed like a mean, stingy old scamp. Yet I didn't mean to be. I only wanted to look into this thing just a little—just as a matter of business, you know. And I—Caroline, did that doctor tell you anything more?"

"Any more?" she repeated in bewilderment. "He told me that you were the kindest man he had ever seen."

"Yes, yes. Well, maybe his eyesight's poor. What I mean is did he tell you anything about anybody else bein' in this with me?"

"Anybody else? What do you mean?"

"Oh, nothin', nothin'. I joked with him a spell ago about a wealthy relation of the Moriarty tribe turnin' up. 'Twas only a joke, of course. And yet, Caroline, I—I think I'd ought to say—"

He hesitated. What could he say? Even a hint might lead to embarrassing questions, and he had promised Dunn.

"What ought you to say?" asked his niece.

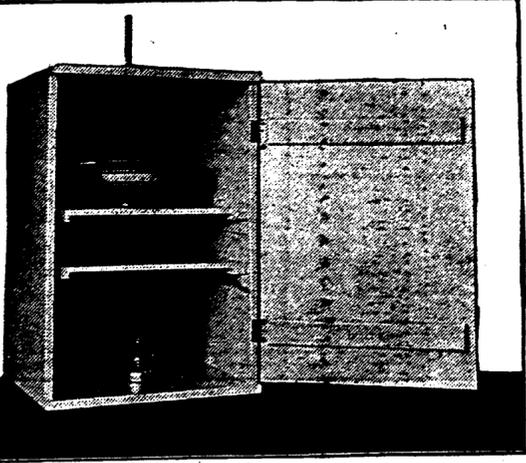
"Pearson makes some disclosures regarding his relations with Rogers Warren, the deceased brother of the captain. Don't miss the next installment."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Paper From Linen Rags. When paper was first made from linen, rags is uncertain, but a writer of A. B. 1200 recorded that the linen wrappings round mummies were sold to the scribes to make paper for shopkeepers.

# The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
HOMEMADE BREAD RAISER HELPS ON BAKING DAY.



Converted Dry Goods Box, Warmed by Oil Lamp or Electric Light, Provides Proper Temperature for Bread Raising.

## BREAD BOX HELP TO HOUSEKEEPER

Device Is Easily Constructed and Removes Uncertainty of Baking.

### ASBESTOS BEST FOR LINING

Thermometer Enables Baker to Obtain Desired Temperature—Specialists Advise Production of More Sugar Crops.

War kitchens must be efficient. Conventions will help make them so.

A home-made sponge box or bread raiser will help make the bread better. It enables the housekeeper to keep her sponge or dough at the right temperature so that it will rise in less time. A sponge box or bread-raiser, therefore, takes much of the uncertainty out of bread-baking. It can be made from an ordinary dry goods packing box.

### Placing the Shelves.

A box 26 by 20 by 20 inches is a convenient size. About 10 inches from the bottom of the box a shelf made of slats or strips of wood rests on cleats fastened to the sides of the box. A second shelf is placed four inches above the lower one. The shelves can be removed when cleaning the box. Below the lower shelf a sheet of galvanized iron slightly wider than the shelf is inserted. It is curved in order to make it slip in and stay in place securely. This prevents scorching of the lower shelf when a lamp is placed below, and also helps to distribute the heat more evenly. The door is hinged and fastened with a thumb-latch or hook and staple.

Several small holes are bored in the lower and upper parts of the sides and in the top of the box to promote circulation of air. A cork which has been bored through the center to admit a straight thermometer is inserted in one of the holes in the top of the box. A Fahrenheit chemical thermometer that registers as high as 100 degrees can be used. Such a thermometer may be ordered through a hardware dealer or directly from an instrument dealer.

### Make Safe From Fire.

To avoid all danger of fire, the box should be lined with asbestos or tin when a kerosene lamp is used for heating the box. If an electric light is used, the lining is not necessary. A 16-candlepower light will heat the box nicely. A small and inexpensive night lamp is placed in the bottom of the box and a shallow pan of water is placed on the lower shelf so that the air in the box will be kept moist. The bowl of sponge or pans of dough are placed on the upper shelf. The temperature of the box should be

kept as near 86 degrees Fahrenheit as possible (80 to 88 degrees Fahrenheit) when bread is being made in the quick way. If a sponge is set overnight 65 to 70 degrees Fahrenheit is the better temperature until the dough is made in the morning, after which the temperature may be increased to 86 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature in the box may be varied by raising or lowering the flame of the lamp or by using warm or cold water in the shallow pan.

### Filter Peanut Oil at Home.

Unrefined peanut oil can be prepared for household use by filtering through ordinary filter paper obtainable at drug stores. A Georgia woman, the wife of an oil miller, had been paying her grocer nearly \$2 a gallon for cooking oil while her husband sold his unrefined oil to a refinery for about \$1.20 a gallon. She sent a small sample of the oil from her husband's mill to the bureau of chemistry of the United States department of agriculture with the request that, if possible, she be told of a method by which it could be made suitable for household use. The filter paper method was suggested. In a letter which came to the department later the success of the method was described as "surpassing my best expectations."

### Sour Cream Salad Dressing.

Potatoes can be used to advantage in many ways in the school lunch. Potato salad is the salad depends largely on the dressing used. A good dressing can be made as follows:

1/2 teaspoonful mus-1/2 cupful sugar.  
1 egg, 1 egg, 1 egg, 1 egg.  
1/2 teaspoonful salt, 1/2 cupful vinegar.  
1/2 teaspoonful pap-1 cupful sour cream.  
rika.

Beat the egg until very light, add the other ingredients, and cook in a double boiler, stirring constantly until thickened. Remove from the fire and beat well. If this dressing is cooked properly, it will have, when cool, a thick, smooth consistency. If it is overcooked, so that there is a tendency to separate, it should be strained before cooling.

### Oatmeal Cookies for Lunches.

Oatmeal cookies, a toothsome and wholesome sweet for the school lunch, may be made of one egg, one-third cupful granulated sugar, one cupful rolled oats, two teaspoonfuls melted fat, one-fourth teaspoonful salt. Beat the egg, add sugar gradually, and stir in other ingredients. Drop a spoonful at a time on a well-greased tin and bake in a moderate oven.

### Milk Is Good as Meat.

If milk is 10 cents a quart it is as cheap a protein food as sirloin steak at 22.9 cents a pound or eggs at 27.9 cents a dozen. At 12 cents a quart it is as cheap as sirloin steak selling at 27.4 cents a pound or eggs at 33.5 cents a dozen. To supply energy at equal cost when milk is 10 cents a quart, sirloin steak must not be more than 14.2 cents a pound, and eggs not more than 13.3 cents a dozen.

## SUGAR: PRODUCE MORE AND SUBSTITUTE, ADVISE SPECIALISTS.

Satisfactory substitutes for sugar may be used to a much larger extent, says a paragraph in the department of agriculture's agricultural production program for 1918, which will be of interest to the housewife. While urging maintenance of the acreage of sugar cane and sugar beets and increases where these crops are well established or are necessary to sound agricultural practice, the program states that an extensive increase in 1918 is not possible because of the time required to grow seed cane stock and because of the limited amount of beet seed available.

The larger use of sorghum, corn and cane sirup, maple sugar and sirup, and honey is urged. The maple sirup and sugar production can and should be increased in those areas in which maple trees are growing in sufficient numbers to warrant the expenditure of the necessary time and labor. Maple sirup and sugar are produced in 19 states, the annual output exceeding 14,000,000 pounds of sugar and 4,000,000 gallons of sirup. These figures can be increased. The production of sorghum sirup in 1917 exceeded that in 1916 by nearly 4,000,000 gallons. Sorghum sirup may be produced in nearly every state in the Union, and an increased production of sorghum sirup will enable the public still further to conserve the sugar supply in the most available form for transportation to our soldiers.

# INCREASE IN WESTERN CANADA ACREAGE

Will Prove a Big Factor in Winning the War.

Reports to hand indicate that Western Canada has a vastly increased acreage ready for crop this year over last year. The splendid open fall of 1917, gave a better opportunity for fall plowing than for some years. Work in the fields was almost continuous until the end of November. In fact, in the neighborhood of Pincher Creek, Alberta, there was sufficient mild weather in January of this year to permit farmers to plow, and many took advantage of it. A great many Americans owning land in Canada moved up last year, and this has also helped to increase the acreage. They came into possession of the land at prices varying from \$15.00 to \$30.00 an acre, and with the proven yields of wheat running from twenty and as high as fifty bushels per acre, with a set price of \$2.21 a bushel, they could join production and patriotism together with a big margin of profit. The Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Wash., gives a very conservative statement of the agricultural development and opportunities in Western Canada. In its issue of December 14, 1917, it says:—

"Since the beginning of the year American immigration into Canada has been greatly stimulated according to the reports of the Dominion authorities, and has been almost entirely made up of farmers attracted by the fertile and comparatively cheap wheat lands.

"Whatever may be said of wheat culture as a profitable avocation in ordinary years, since the beginning of the war it has offered advantages quite beyond the usual opportunities. War has boomed the price of wheat until the farmer now receives around \$2 for his product at his granary. Average crops, according to the adaptation of soil and climate are from 12 to 25 bushels to the acre. Even the minimum crop, at \$2 per bushel, brings in these war times a reasonable profit. Before the war wheat culture was fast being abandoned by farmers who worked intelligently for results on the right side of the ledger. It has been the popular crop for new countries, but when the pioneers settled down to business it was generally corn, hogs, cattle and diversified farming that brought the profits. Iowa and the Dakotas in turn, as their prairies became settled, mortgaged the land on wheat culture and afterwards paid off the mortgages with corn and hogs.

"War is thus bringing a temporary encouragement to wheat farming. Many of the ranchers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta laid away \$20,000 to \$30,000 in the banks last fall. It may be pointed out, however, that the growing of wheat is not the only inducement which is leading settlement to Canadian lands. Low taxation, favorable agricultural climate, and profitable prices not only for grain but for hogs, cattle and all forms of farm produce all contribute their share toward the rapid settlement of the fertile lands of Western Canada."—Advertisement.

### Relaxation renews exertion.

Kill That Cold and Save Health  
HILLS CASCARA QUININE  
The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opium—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Cure the Grippe—Relieves headache, indigestion, constipation, biliousness. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

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The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opium—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Cure the Grippe—Relieves headache, indigestion, constipation, biliousness. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

# SANFORDS GINGER

The Dose In Time That Saves Nine

Taken hot on the spot quickly relieves cramps, pains, colds, chills and often prevents grip. Good for intestinal indigestion, nervousness, wakefulness and fatigue. Always helpful and helpful.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper. Get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Clear Pimples With Cuticura And Be Happy  
Cuticura  
Solely Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Has secured patents for the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

FREE LAND  
W. N. U. BOSTON, No. 11-1918.

**RIDLON'S SHOE STORE**  
Baker's Block HILLSBORO

Converse Triple-tread  
**RUBBERS**

Are Made to Wear Long. Leather Heel-seat and Red Soles make these Rubbers Worth Two of Any Other. Ask For Them Always.

**La France Shoes**  
For Women. Flexible Soles with Genuine Kid Uppers. These Shoes have Comfort and Style Combined.

BLACK CAT REINFORCED HOSIERY

**RIDLON'S SHOE STORE**  
The Cash Shoe Store Hillsboro  
Tel. 36-12

**The Antrim Reporter**  
Published Every Wednesday Afternoon  
Subscription Price, \$1.50 per year  
Advertising Rates on Application

H. W. ELDRIDGE, PUBLISHER  
E. B. ELDRIDGE, Assistant

Wednesday, Mch. 13, 1918

Long Distance Telephone

Notices of Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, etc., to which an admission fee is charged, or from which a revenue is derived, must be paid for as advertisements by the lines.

Cards of Thanks are inserted at 50c. each.  
Resolutions of ordinary length \$1.00.  
Obituary poetry and lists of flowers charged for at advertising rates; also will be charged at this same rate list of presents at a wedding.

Entered at the Post-office at Antrim, N. H., as second-class matter.



"It Stands Between Humanity and Oppression!"

**Antrim Locals**

F. H. Wilkins attended the auto show in Boston a portion of last week.

The initiatory degree will be conferred on Thursday evening by Waverly Lodge, at a special meeting.

P. E. Richardson will take his son and daughter, Theodore and Dorothy, to Concord where he has employment, and will go to housekeeping in that city.

Miss Mabelle Frost and Miss Ellen G. White, of the High School faculty, are spending the vacation at their respective homes in Worcester and Boston, Mass.

Harry Rogers was one of quite a number others who left Milford more than a week ago to go to Vancouver Barracks, Washington, to join the lumberman's unit.

The Presbyterian Mission Circle will meet Thursday, March 14, at 2.30 o'clock, in the parlors of the church. Members will please make an effort to be present.

Mrs. Robert W. Jameson has entered St. Joseph's hospital, in Nashua, for operation and treatment. Her many friends wish her success in her endeavor to procure her former robust health.

The Pathfinder Girls of the Baptist Church are planning an entertainment to be given in the vestry, March 27. This will include gymnastic drills, war time songs, readings and tableaux. No admission will be charged.

We are always sorry to lose our young people from town. The latest family to move away is that of Walter T. Poor, who has removed his household goods to Milford, where he has been at work for the past four months.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Woodward were in Boston a portion of last week to the auto show. Mrs. Woodward now is with her mother, Mrs. Shaw, who is stopping with Mr. and Mrs. George R. Staples in Somerville, Mass., and is in rather poor health.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Buckminster have been entertaining Mrs. Buckminster's father and sister, L. H. Bassett and Miss Marion Bassett, and friend, Miss Gladys Keyo, from Nelson; also Mr. Buckminster's mother, Mrs. C. W. Buckminster, from Marlboro.

Capt. W. W. Hemenway, who died in Milford last week at the age of nearly 82 years, will be remembered by many of the older people of Antrim as a resident here some twenty-five years or more ago, when he was employed for quite a while at The Reporter office and boarded with the late Milton Tenney at the Antrim House.

**Card of Thanks**

I wish to extend my thanks to kind friends who have remembered me in any way during my recent misfortune, and for the gifts of flowers while at the hospital. Your acts of kindness and thoughtfulness were greatly appreciated.

Andrew Cuddihy

**Maple Syrup**

Having carefully figured the cost of production we find we shall be unable to sell choice Maple Syrup for less than \$2.25 per gallon, which is the present wholesale price for syrup, made two and three years ago.

A. D. White and Son  
R. F. Tenney  
J. E. Perkins  
I. P. Hutchinson  
Geo. S. Wheeler

**Moving Pictures!**  
Town Hall, Antrim

Monday Evening, March 11—  
Five-reel Drama.  
Crimson Stain Mystery—Chap. 10

W. A. NICHOLS, Mgr.

**Antrim Locals**

Dr. and Mrs. E. G. Dearborn were in Boston a portion of the past week.

COW FOR SALE.—Due to calve March 13. Good milk. No outs.  
Geo. A. Cochran.

Today is our 103rd day of continuous sleighing, but around town meeting day it is expected to warm up a bit.

H. E. Bissell, manager of Grey-stone Lodge, was in town on Monday on business connected with the Lodge.

Frank E. Bass, from Boston, was in town to attend Town Meeting, and incidentally to meet his friends in this place.

Owing to the severe storm on Sunday evening the union service at the Baptist church was called off; the evening services at the Methodist were held.

**With the Churches**

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
Rev. R. S. Barker, Pastor

Prayer service Thursday evening.  
Sunday, Mar. 17, Rev. C. L. Buehler, of Hillsboro, will preach in the morning and communion will be observed. The pastor will preach in the evening.

The Union Services of the Presbyterian and Baptist Churches will be held at the Baptist Church next Sunday. Rev. Wm. J. B. Cannell will preach at both services. The morning topic will be "The Solution to the World Problem." Bible School at noon, and evening service at seven o'clock.

The Union Young People's Meeting of the three churches will be held at six o'clock in the Baptist vestry. Topic: "The Voice of God in the Life of Today." Heb. 1: 1, 2; Heb. 4: 6, 7. Leader, George Hodges.

**CLINTON VILLAGE**

Mrs. Mary Hill has returned to her home in New Boston.

Miss Kate Munhall, from Elmwood, is working at Alfred Holt's.

Charles Holt went to Milford with a load of furniture Friday, and visited over night with his sister.

Arthur Holt, who has been very sick with pneumonia, is much better. Mrs. Hill cared for him last week.

Mrs. Wilkins, who has been with her daughter, Mrs. Amos Harrington, for a few weeks, has gone to Suncook to visit with her sister.

**EAST ANTRIM**

Lorenzo Smith is taking a few days' vacation.

C. D. White and G. F. Trask filled their ice houses last week.

Stephen Whitney, of Hillsboro, was calling on friends last week.

C. F. Whitney is stopping at G. A. Cochran's for the present.

Justin Parker visited at H. G. Richardson's the first of last week.

A. D. White has returned from a two weeks' visit in Massachusetts.

F. I. Graves was not feeling as well as usual last week, but is improving.

**RED CROSS MINSTRELS**

CHANGE OF DATE

The tickets for the Red Cross Minstrels will go on sale Friday, March



15, instead of Thursday, March 14, as posted, at 5.30 p. m., Antrim Pharmacy.

**Proof that Some Women do Avoid Operations**

Mrs. Etta Dorion, of Ogdensburg, Wis., says:  
"I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

**How Mrs. Boyd Avoided an Operation.**  
Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.  
"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them." Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

**Every Sick Woman Should Try**  
**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S**  
**VEGETABLE COMPOUND**  
Before Submitting To An Operation

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



**Antrim Garage**  
Is Ready to  
**Care For Your STORAGE BATTERY!**

This Winter that it May be in Good Shape Next Spring.

We are Prepared for  
**Winter Overhauling**

Of Your Car. No Winter Storage Charge on Cars Put in for Repairs. They Will Be Ready For You in the Spring.

Tel. 40  
**H. A. COOLIDGE**  
Main and Depot Streets  
**OVERLAND AGENT**

**You Ought To Know About Your Stock Pattern of Dinner Ware**

If it came from us it was manufactured abroad because in time past it was necessary to buy abroad in order to get first class ware. Most foreign dinner wares cannot now be had from the factory. And no one can tell whether they will be obtainable again. Patterns which have run for a long term of years would be dropped if it had not been for war; other patterns have been destroyed in the devastation abroad.

We have matchings in nearly every set we ever sold as a stock pattern. The supply in some cases is however meager—other stores are asking us to match up for them—we are saving the pieces for you.

**YOU OUGHT TO MATCH YOUR SET UP NOW**

On the bottom of every plate is the stock pattern name; bring or send this name. Do not attempt to pick your set out in our stock or bring a piece to match; just the name is the whole story. You ought to buy your new set now.

We have a splendid assortment of new stock patterns which are sure to run for a long term of years. Prices are some higher than they were but nowhere near what they will be. A large part of all china was formerly made in Germany, but it will be many years before German china is sold again in this country. France formerly supplied a large amount but she has other matters on hand now, so the supply is not equal to the demand.

**SEE OUR NEW PATTERNS**

**EMERSON & SON, Milford**

**Notice**

After March 1, 1918, the price of our shop wood will be at the rate of \$3.50 per load.

J. G. ABBOTT EST.  
W. C. HILLS

**Notice**

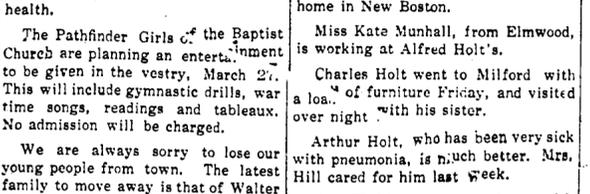
I shall have two thousand rolls of Wall Paper to sell at last year's prices. This is your opportunity to get some good selections by seeing the lot early.

Guy A. Hulett, Antrim.

**Orders from Washington**

We can sell you but 2 lbs. of flour for each family at one time, and then only if you buy an equal amount of some substitute for flour. We must obey the order and ask our patrons to help us by not asking us to do what we have no right to do. Thanking you for your cooperation.

Cram's Store



**Dry Mash \$3.25**

Why pay more when there is none better at any price. The United States food administration has asked everyone to raise some poultry to help out the world's supply of meat which is very short. It is estimated that 75% of the flock of New England have been killed off and unless you do your bit the consequences will be alarming. Green's Mash sells for a price that enables you to produce eggs at a profit. Give it a trial and leave the rest to results.

**GREENE'S CHICK FEED CO.,**  
Marblehead, Mass.

**CHARLES F. CARTER,**  
Antrim, N. H.  
TERMS CASH PHONE 22-12

**McCALL'S**  
MAGAZINE  
Fashion Authority  
For Nearly 50 Years!

Join the 1,000,000 women who turn to McCALL'S every month for correct fashions, for patterns, for economical buying, for fancy needlework, for good stories—for pleasure, for help, for style.

McCALL Patterns Co.

10c a Copy  
75c a Year

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

**The Thoughtful Woman makes this her headquarters for provisions of all kinds, realizing that by so doing she can maintain a first class table at a very moderate expenditure.**



Let us prove the value of our service to you. Let us offer a few suggestions for meatless days and the Lenten season.

Canned salmon Tuna fish Salt salmon Sardines  
Fish flakes Codfish Salt Mackerel Shrimps  
Lobster Crab meat Rippered Herring Clams  
Swift's Pride and Blue Ribbon Soap at 5¢ a cake  
Try serving Jello with Marshmallows for dessert  
Requires no sugar

The Store That Tries to Please You  
**Clinton Store, Antrim**

**Wall Paper!**

Has taken a Great Advance in Price on account of Shortage of Dye Stuff, but by placing our order last Fall for 800 Rolls of Paper, we will have in a few days a New Line with but slight advance in price.

**Wall Board**  
We Carry a Full Stock at All Times.  
TELEPHONE 9-3  
**GUY A. HULETT,**  
ANTRIM, N. H.

**Executor's Notice**

The undersigned, executor of the will of Joseph A. Tenney, late of Antrim, in the County of Antrim, in the State of New Hampshire, do hereby give notice that he has taken the administration of the estate of said Joseph A. Tenney, late of Antrim, in the County of Antrim, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them, for adjustment, to the undersigned, at his office, at Antrim, N. H., before the 15th day of April, 1918.

W. W. HANSEN, Executor

**Administrator's Notice**

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Joseph A. Tenney, late of Antrim, in the County of Antrim, in the State of New Hampshire, do hereby give notice that he has taken the administration of the estate of said Joseph A. Tenney, late of Antrim, in the County of Antrim, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them, for adjustment, to the undersigned, at his office, at Antrim, N. H., before the 15th day of April, 1918.

MARY E. MUNHALL



### For Little Folks Milder Ills

—when the food disagrees, the play has been too strenuous, or the dreaded colds are taking hold—the housewife of experience has a tried remedy at hand. It has proved her helper for many years, and she knows its value.

### Peruna Tablets Are A Quick Aid

They regulate the disturbed digestion, free the overloaded stomach, overcome the cold, remove the catarrhal conditions and rebuild the strength.

### Peruna Is A Reliable Family Remedy

It has proved that in innumerable households from Maine to California, and in foreign countries. It is the chief reliance in the American home for all catarrhal trouble and wherever a tonic is needed, in convalescence and as a preventive. In tablet form it is ever-ready-to-take, a real life insurance. If you haven't used it in this form, get a box today.



THE PERUNA COMPANY  
Columbus, Ohio

### THE REPORTER'S HONOR ROLL

### A List of Antrim's Boys and Girls Who Are at Present Serving Their Country

The Reporter's Honor Roll we change weekly, as required, keeping it up-to-date:

In our endeavor to get a complete list of the Antrim volunteers we have been successful in part; if anyone can help us we shall greatly appreciate the favor:

"Somewhere in France"  
Howard E. Paige, Supply Sergeant  
Raymond Butterfield, Sergeant  
Leo E. Mulhall, Horseshoer  
John W. Bryer, 1st class Private  
Winfield S. Hilton, Private  
William A. Myers, 1st class Private  
Henry E. Newhall, 1st class Private  
John Newhall, 1st class Private

All members of Co. B, Machine Gun Battalion, 103d Reg., 52d Brig.  
Charles Myers, in the Quartermaster's Corps of the Regular Army, is "Somewhere in France."  
Frank Bemis is a Private in the Infantry "Somewhere in France"  
Ernest Henry McClure, enlisted March, 1917, rank Machinist Mate, 2nd class, Dept. U. S. Naval Reserve, stationed at Rockland, Maine, on U. S. S. Kangaroo, Coast Patrol.

Cranston D. Eldredge and A. Wallace George are members of Dover Co. 8, Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Foster, at Kittery Point, Maine.  
The former has returned from Camp Johnston, Jacksonville, Florida, where he was attending a technical school; both are First Class Privates, and the latter is officers' cook at Fort Foster.

Henry B. Eldredge is a First Class Private in Medical Dept. of U. S. Regular Army, connected with Base Hospital at Camp McClellan, Alabama.

Charles N. Robertson is a Corporal of the Cavalry, stationed at Camp Greene, Charlotte, North Carolina.  
William Hurlin is 2d Lieutenant in the Infantry, at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

Francis A. Whittemore, enlisted on December 15 in the Aviation Corps, and is at Camp Waco, Texas, in the 17th Squadron.

Louis Mallett is at Fort Warren, Boston, in the 31st Co., Coast Artillery.

Roger Hilton is enlisted in the aviation corps, motor cycle branch, and

is at Kelly Field, South San Antonio, Texas, Line 120.

Charles Harold Clough is in Camp at Mineola, Long Island, N. Y., as gunner in the Aviation Corps.

Paul F. Paige has enlisted in the Naval Reserves as first class yeoman in the Paymaster's Dept.

Will Congreave is an enlisted man in the Navy; now employed in conveying transports probably.

Miss Margaret Redmond, Registered Nurse, expects soon to report for foreign service.

Miss Helen Stowell, Registered Nurse, with Dr. Hugh Cabot's Harvard Unit, somewhere in France.

Miss Fannie Burnham, Registered Nurse, connected with Base Hospital, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

Richard Brooks was a member of the Peterboro Cavalry, N. H. N. G., contracted malaria on Mexican border and was unable to pass examination.

As a matter of record, The Reporter desires to keep a list of all those who would have enlisted but were rejected for one cause or another.

Daimar Newhall Norman Thompson  
Paul R. Colly D. Wallace Cooley

Those who have been examined on draft call and passed the physical examination to enter the new army are:

Byron G. Butterfield  
Carlton L. Brooks  
Leo George Lowell  
John Shea Whitney  
Robert H. Cleaves  
Howard C. Gokey

The first two in this list have been at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., since early in October; they each have been made Sergeants.

Robert H. Cleaves is in the Infantry, at Charlotte, North Carolina.

Arthur Fluri is in the Hospital Corps, at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

Frank E. Cutter is in Company B, 49th Infantry, Engineer Piers, West 15th street, North River, New York.

### ANNUAL TOWN MEETING

(Continued from first page)

raise and appropriate money therefor, or take any action thereon.

Voted, to dismiss the Article.

14—To see what action the Town will take in regard to complying with the provision of Chapter 129, sections 2, 3 and 4, Laws of 1917.

Voted, to comply with the provisions of this Chapter, relating to outstanding town notes and payment of certain portion of town debt each year.

15—To see if the Town will vote to change the Board of Library Trustees from six members to three, allowing the members now serving and the ones elected this year, to serve out their terms of office, but as their terms expire, elect only one member for three years, or take any other action thereon.

Voted, to change to three members.

16—To see if the Town will vote to widen and straighten the curve on the road leading from Clinton Village to Hancock a few rods south of Mason Butterfield's house, and to raise and appropriate a sum of money therefor.

This Article was quite freely discussed, and it was finally voted to widen and straighten the curve and that such part of \$200 be used as needed, under instruction of Selectmen.

17—To raise such sums of money as may be necessary to pay town charges, existing debts, and current expenses of the Town, or pass any vote relating thereto.

Voted, that the sum of \$20,100 be raised, as above, said amount to include all money necessary to be raised by Statutory requirements.

18—To transact any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

Voted, that it is the opinion of this meeting of citizens that there should be a town service flag; that a popular subscription be opened to pay for such flag, each person to be limited to 25 cents; that a committee of five make all the arrangements, such committee to consist of the Moderator and four others to be appointed by him.

Voted, that the Selectmen of the Town be instructed and hereby are instructed that when poll taxes are assessed against any man in the service of his country, that such poll tax shall be abated while he remains a soldier or sailor in the U. S. service; this to apply to all now in the service and also, to every one who may hereafter be called.

Voted, that the Selectmen be instructed to appoint all minor Town officers.

In all, 186 votes were cast; 54 straight Republican votes and 32 straight Democratic votes.

During the afternoon a goodly number of ladies occupied the balcony and enjoyed the flow of oratory which at times was serious and then a bit light coming very near the humorous point. As a whole, however, the men who made themselves heard expressed their ideas very clearly and to the point. All were talking and working for the best interests of the town as they see it.

### Result of the Antrim Vote

Delegate to Constitutional Convention

James E. Perkins, r 104  
Charles D. White, d 76

Town Clerk

Morris E. Nay, r 186  
Morris E. Nay, d 186

Town Treasurer

George P. Little, r 186  
George P. Little, d 186

Selectmen

James M. Cutter, r 182  
Charles F. Downes, r 113  
Frank P. Ellinwood, d 85  
Wilfred M. Davis, r 84  
Sanford M. Tarbell, d 84

Overseer of the Poor

Edward F. Heath, r 129

Road Agents

Harry G. Richardson, r 111  
Ernest K. Wheeler, r 109  
Fred C. Cutter, d 78  
Madison P. McIlvin, d 65

Trustees Tuttle Library, 3 years

Henry A. Coolidge, r 123  
Ross H. Roberts, r 95  
Dennis W. Cooley, d 69  
Frank P. Ellinwood, d 65

Trustee of Trust Funds, 3 years

Fred C. Parmenter, r 95  
John Loveren, d 84

Auditors

Hiram W. Eldredge, r 112  
Fred C. Parmenter, r 100  
James I. Patterson, d 76  
Frank F. Roach, d 74

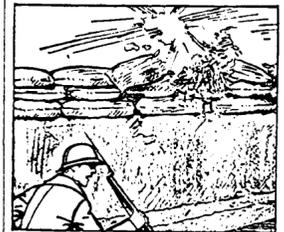
### TRENCH WARFARE DEMANDS BURLAP

To Save Burlap, Fertilizers and Other Commodities Must Be Shipped in Large-Sized Bags.

Just for burlap comes from India—that is it used to. Just now this all important fiber either stays in India, or on its way to our shores gets no further than the European battlefront. Because of the resulting shortage fertilizers have to be shipped in large

bags, ten to the ton, instead of 12, 16, and even 20 to the ton, as was formerly the common practice. To men unaccustomed to handling these heavier packages this means inconvenience and even actual hardship.

Using the larger bags economizes burlap—in fact saves 15 million yards for more urgent needs. What farmer would not be glad to share this inconvenience if he but realized that one of the big reasons for the burlap shortage is that our soldier boys are



using it in the trenches? Every soldier on going to the firing line takes with him one or more burlap bags. During the day, as the embankments are worn down by continuous shell fire, these bags are filled with earth or sand and then at nightfall are thrown up to repair the parapet. Here it is not a question of convenience—it is a question of necessity. The boys in the trenches must have first call on the burlap supplies.

The larger bags even have certain advantages. When emptied they may be used to carry crops from the field to the bin or crib; a 200-pound bag holds two bushels of potatoes. Very few men ever carry two sacks of potatoes in a single trip, even though each sack contains but one bushel. On the other hand most men can easily carry two bushels when they are in the same bag, and hence do this part of their work more rapidly. So it happens that the large bag becomes a very real labor saver, and this at a time when all farmers must cut corners to make most productive a labor supply all too short.

There are other advantages for the larger bag. It is much more useful as wrapping material than are the smaller sizes. It can be cut up for packing purposes, and used in other ways. Once a farmer becomes accustomed to this size he never returns to the smaller sizes. Whole states in the south have for years used nothing but the 200-pound size.

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hillsborough, S.S. Court of Probate.

To all persons interested:

Whereas a petition for the adoption of Albert Ellis of Nashua, in said County, a minor child of Mildred Ellis, has been filed in the Probate Office for said County, said petition being open for examination by all parties interested:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Milford in said County, on the 29th day of March next, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

The petitioners are ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim, in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court:

Given at Nashua in said County, this 25th day of February A. D. 1918.  
E. J. COPP, Register.

### Administrator's Notice

The subscriber gives notice that she has been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of Eva F. Webster, late of Antrim, in the County of Hillsborough, deceased.

All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for adjustment.

Notice is hereby given that William H. Hill of Antrim has been appointed resident agent to whom all claims against said Estate may be presented.

Dated February 27, 1918.  
LUELLA H. CLARK.

### To the Taxpayers of Antrim

All of those Taxpayers in the town of Antrim who have not paid their taxes for the year of 1917, must pay them on or before April 1, 1918. All real estate on which the taxes have not been paid on above date will be advertised and sold for taxes.

Antrim, N. H., April 11, 1918.  
LEWIS R. GOVE, Collector.

Read our adv. and then say you saw it in the Reporter.

### Buy Your Bond AND BE SECURE

Why Run The Hazard

Of accepting personal security upon a bond, when corporate security is vastly superior! The personal security may be financially strong to day and insolvent to-morrow; or he may die, and his estate be immediately distributed. In any event, recovery is dilatory and uncertain.

The American Surety Company of New York, capitalized at \$2,500,000 is the strongest Surety Company in existence, and the only one whose sole business is to furnish Surety Bonds. Apply to

H. W. ELDRIDGE, Agent, Antrim.

### Information Wanted

I want to know the name of everybody who has goods in my line to dispose of for a CASH price.

Papers, Rags, Antiques, Rubbers, Metals and Automobiles. Drop me a postal.

MAX ISREAL, Henniker, N. H.

### SOUVENIR POST CARDS!

I have a nice lot of Souvenir Post Cards, all local subjects, genuine photographs, which I am making a specialty on just at this time. Have a large quantity and all fresh and good ones. Will sell them at one cent each.

W. E. CRAM.

### THE Corona Typewriter!

Does perfect work, is low in price \$50 light in weight 6 lbs., and is used all over the world.

C. H. ROBINSON, Agent, Antrim, N. H.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### 3RD CHAPTER IN TODAY'S REPORTER

Subscribe Now and Get the Complete Story—The Back Numbers may be hard to get a little later.

### Over the Top

By an American Soldier Who Went ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

When the Lusitania was sunk Arthur Guy Empey decided that he could not wait for his country to declare war—so he sailed without orders for England, and enlisted as a Canadian.

He recounts this incident in "OVER THE TOP" in less than five hundred words. In a few thousand more words he completes his experiences in England—and after that he is in France—for the greater part of the eighteen months before he was invalided home, in the "Front Line Trenches."

"OVER THE TOP" is the first story by one of the American soldiers who went to France, has been a real combatant and has seen long service in the trenches.

Sergeant Empey tells what it actually means and feels like:  
to be wounded seven times;  
to live for a year and a half with mud and rats and shells;  
to be covered with "cooties" and never to get rid of them;  
to go "over the top" in a charge;  
to grasp for your gas helmet when a second's delay mean's death;  
to capture a Prussian;  
to get tangled up in barb-wire with that machine gun working a few yards away;  
to lie for thirty-six hours wounded and unconscious in "No Man's Land."

For a year and a half, until he fell wounded in "No Man's Land" this American soldier saw more actual fighting and real warfare than any war correspondent who has written about the war. His experiences are grim, but they are thrilling, and lightened by a touch of humor as original as the Soldiers Three. And they are True.

We take pleasure in announcing that we have secured serial rights to this remarkable story and that it will appear in installments IN THIS NEWSPAPER It Is the Real Stuff!



The Greatest War Story Ever Written



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Performance—"Delivering the goods"—is the biggest feature to be considered when you come to buy a motor car. "Will it do as I expect?" Is it thoroughly reliable? Is it easy to understand? Is it reasonable in cost of operation? Well, you cannot go far before meeting one of the millions of Ford owners, and he or she will give you the correct answer. Place your order today. — C. S. S. \$400, Roadabout \$435, Touring Car \$450, One-Ton Truck \$485, \$500. — The prices listed in Ford's Your order will mean a lot more to you than the Ford car, but it will mean that you have still got the very greatest car on the market that your dollar can buy.

FRANK J. BOYD

Authorized Dealer

Tel. 34-2 ANTRIM, N. H.

# Where World Peace May Be Concluded



Switzerland Likely to Stage Conference That Will End War

Not long before the present war was begun the Kaiser attended a shooting festival in Switzerland during the grand maneuvers in that country. He was naturally attended by a Swiss general, to whom he plied his questions.

"How many men could your country put in the field in a week?" inquired the German emperor.

"About five hundred thousand," answered his guide, slightly exaggerating the real number.

"What if I should come against you with a million men?"

"In that case, your majesty," suavely replied the Swiss general, "we should have to shoot twice."

This anecdote may or may not be authentic, but it serves to show the true military quality of the Swiss army, which for its size and cost is one of the finest bodies of marksmen in the world.

From the days of the mythical William Tell and the apple the Swiss have made shooting a national sport. Probably no army in the world can show so high an attainment for sharpshooting as the Swiss, and during the last three years the knowledge of this quality no doubt has not been entirely without effect in the preservation of the Swiss neutrality.

Surrounded by belligerents since the war was begun in 1914, Switzerland has been able to maintain its neutrality, and this despite the fact that within her borders are opinions that sharply favor one or the other of the countries at war.

While the cantons which border the German empire are, so far as the issues of the war go, profoundly pro-German, and while the inhabitants of the majority of the cantons speak nothing but German, this favor does not extend further than the borders of the country. Switzerland as a country is a neutral state, and has refused to enter the war on either side.

Self-preservation plays a great part in this view, no doubt, for were the country to align itself with the central powers it would soon be overrun from the south and west by the troops of the allies, only too eager to find a more direct route into the center of Germany. On the other hand, any attempt to ally itself with the entente powers would result in having German troops pour over the eastern borders in such numbers that the little country could not expect to escape suffering. The part assigned her in the great war has been recognized by all the belligerents as that of the Good Samaritan. And there the little country stands in the midst of war's alarms, serenely on guard, but otherwise playing the part of the neutral and the friend of all.

One of these days there will be a peace conference, and as almost every civilized nation is now engaged in the war on one side or the other, indications point to Switzerland as being the logical country for a round table talk of the powers, and, furthermore, the capital of Switzerland, Bern, undoubtedly is the place where such conference will be held.

Berne is one of the most fascinating cities in Europe. Its founda-

tion dates back to Berthold von Zahringen, who in the year 1291 erected there a stronghold. Since the early days of the fatal month of August, 1914, and especially again in the last few months, it has been frequently referred to as "The City of Diplomats," for there are now more diplomats, special envoys, peace apostles (and also spies are plentiful) in Bern than there ever was in any other city in the world. Bern has come to be considered as the most probable place for the conference which will follow the war.

The keen recognition that the country lay in the midst of nations that never have lived in neighborly love made Switzerland for centuries a military country, although the conscription law now in force does not date back beyond the revolution of 1848.

Even in its military relations the country is truly democratic, because it has no standing army, for no canton may have more than 300 armed men permanently; yet it has a militia system, by which every man between the ages of eighteen and fifty-two years is in one or another of the classes likely to be called to the colors, and the mere training begins when the boys attend school, for from the early age of seven the Swiss boy is taught to hold a rifle and to shoot it, too.

The value of the training and the system which has been in force in Switzerland since the last military upheaval in Europe in 1848 was strongly shown when war began in August, 1914. It was Switzerland which first mobilized her troops. She had large bodies of men on her frontiers even before France had mobilized completely, and even before the German mobilization, with all its perfection of efficiency, was accomplished.

For the next six months the forces on her frontiers were constantly strengthened until there are now perhaps 400,000 men of all arms defending Switzerland's democracy.

Even more than in Germany is the army a part of the daily life of the Swiss.

With this spirit of militarism a part of the daily national life there is nothing of militarism in the attitude of the people, because all the preparation and system of training is purely for defense and not for aggression. At the same time it is believed that the training given boys and men is of the greatest service in raising the standard of the Swiss manhood and in improving the health of the whole population.

Nothing is wasted in this land of thrift, and the old remark of the humorist that nothing escapes the Chicago pork packer but the squeal could not be truthfully said of the Swiss efforts toward efficiency. It is doubtful if even the squeal would be wasted.

The Nobel Peace Prize for 1917 has been awarded to the International Red Cross committee in Geneva. This committee has, since the outbreak of the war, thanks to the Swiss and untiring efforts of its president, Gustave Ador, lately elected federal counselor and chief of the political department of the Swiss Confederation, achieved such a remarkable and enviable success that Switzerland today is generally referred to, as Mr. Stovall, the United States ambassador to Switzerland, himself said, as the "Good Samaritan."

The most remarkable of all the various humanitarian undertakings in the world war, organized by this committee, is the agency for prisoners of war at Geneva. The huge amount of work performed by this institution and other benevolent organizations in Switzerland is reflected by the latest report given out by the Swiss postal authorities. This shows that since the beginning of the war until the end of October, 1917, 334,772,051 letters and postcards and 62,210,645 small parcels have been taken over and forwarded to the prisoners of war of both belligerent groups held in the various countries.

Latest in Artificial Eyes.

To make an artificial eye practically indistinguishable is the aim of a British army surgeon who is experimenting with a ball made of cartilage as a substitute for a metal or glass one. A sphere of such construction when put in place establishes connections with blood vessels and the surrounding tissues. When thus fixed in the cavity it is supposed to be capable of movement corresponding to that of a normal eye and furthermore fills the space so that there is no depression, as is invariably the case where a shell is used. Although time must yet prove the practicability of the scheme, there is reason to expect that the war has brought forth another triumph in plastic surgery.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Get Your Full Share.

Are you getting your full share of good out of the things around you? A sunset will make an artist happy, and a poet will draw from a common wayside flower "thoughts that lie too deep for tears." Do not be one of the people who having eyes see not, and having ears hear not. Remember that all things have good in them, and that a share of it is yours.—Girl's Companion.

Why, the Brute!

"Oh, have you lost your dog?" exclaimed the visitor sympathetically. "Why, I didn't see anything about it in the 'lost' column."

"No," replied Mrs. Leonidas W. Van Quentlin. "My husband put it among the cards of thanks."—Kansas City Star.

Big Hat, Bigger Bill.

"My new hat is pretty big." "I thought so, too, but when I look the bill for it, it made your hat look like the head of a pin."

## A Mutual Confession

By HILDA MORRIS

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

They first met, of all places in the world, in the Egyptian room of a great museum. Peggy was looking at a mummy in a glass case. It was the mummy of a lady, painted cheerfully in patterns of red and blue and yellow with a discreet touch of gold. It was a fascinating mummy.

"Wouldn't colors like those be just the very thing to embroider my dress with?" she asked the person opposite. She was very busy following a pattern with her forefinger, and did not look up.

"They certainly would," agreed the individual she had so evidently appealed to.

Peggy lifted her head with a start, and saw a tall young man looking at her rather quizzically.

"Oh—I—excuse me; I thought you were Harriet!" she exclaimed, blushing to the brim of her pretty brown hat. The young man bowed gravely.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "I thought you were speaking to me, since there's no one else in sight."

"You thought I was speaking to you when we've not even met?" Peggy repeated, looking very indignant. "Why, I—I wouldn't—I'm not that kind of a person! My sister was here a minute ago, and I thought—"

It was the young man's turn to look embarrassed.

"I didn't think for a minute you were any kind of person who is not proper," he explained carefully, a twinkle in his eyes. "You see, real appreciation of art is a sort of bond between people. I thought that you were so in love with that mummy that you just had to share your pleasure with some one, and I was the only person around at the moment. I am sorry if I offended you. But it would make a stunning embroidery pattern. Did you want it for a border?"

"Yes," Peggy nodded. She had a feeling that she ought to run away, but he seemed like a gentleman, and he was getting out paper and pencil. Almost before she knew it she was watching him sketch the border for her—lotus, bud and scroll. It seemed that he was an artist, and his name was Morton—Arnold Morton.

Of course, it was all very improper for her to stay there with him, but it was quite pleasant. When sister Har-

riet returned she found them chatting quite like old friends. Mr. Morton promised to color the border and bring it around to Peggy some evening that week. Altogether, it was a very exciting adventure.

"Where did you meet Mr. Morton?" Harriet asked as they walked home. Harriet was an older sister, with a responsible feeling of chaperonage for Peggy's nineteen years.

Peggy blushed and murmured some guilty thing about the office. After all, she never got a chance to meet any man. Now that fate, in the form of a mummy, had brought this one into her life, why should she object to him because they had not been properly introduced?

"He seems like a nice young man," Harriet commented, and sighed softly. There had been no nice young men in her life. She was thirty-five, and had kept house for all the others. It had hurt her that Peggy—pretty, golden-haired Peggy—should have to work in an office and have no social life. Now, perhaps—Harriet dreamed for Peggy the things she dared not dream for herself.

Peggy was half afraid that Mr. Morton would forget to call, or think better of it. But he came. They spent an evening in the living room of the sisters' little apartment, Harriet having gone to a Red Cross meeting, and Peggy played for him and sang. She even got out an old portfolio of drawings she had made in school and showed them to him. He said she had talent, and pretty hair and—other things. He asked her to go to a lec-

ture with him on the following evening. "Mr. Morton is a very intellectual young man, isn't he?" Harriet asked as Peggy dressed the next evening. "It's so nice to go to lectures, instead of silly plays or moving pictures."

"Yes," agreed Peggy. "I suppose he is intellectual."

During the weeks that followed Arnold Morton came very often to the little apartment, and he and Peggy spent many evenings at lectures and concerts, many Sunday afternoons at art galleries and museums. Sometimes they had little suppers together at very quiet places, and sometimes he came home with Peggy for Welsh rarebit and Harriet's hot biscuits. Altogether, they spent a delightful autumn together.

But sometimes Peggy wondered a little. There was a lot of new plays she couldn't help longing to see; also the graceful beauties pictured in the Sunday papers and the magazines. She couldn't help wishing to hear the latest music and see the newest dances.

Arnold, however, seemed to have no thought for anything that was not cultural in the way of amusement. Music, pictures, exhibitions of old furniture and rugs, all of these appealed to him as worthy forms of entertainment. And so Peggy tried to put more frivolous desires out of her mind; she sought earnestly to cultivate her interest in things "worth while." She wanted to be Arnold's intellectual equal if she could. She even got books from the library on such subjects as the history of art, the theory of color, and modern music. She puckered her pretty brow over them and found them interesting, in their way.

"After all," she used to tell herself, "you're learning an awful lot, Peggy Andrews. You ought to be glad Arnold isn't like everybody else. Most any man can take a girl to musical comedy and talk about the chorus, but not very many know all about pictures and etchings and things, like Arnold."

And so, after a while Peggy thought that she had quite stifled her desire for frivolous pleasures. She even felt superior when she heard the other girls in the office talking about the favorites of the moving picture world or the latest hits in musical comedy.

One evening just before she left the office Arnold telephoned her, his voice sounding strangely excited.

"Could you have dinner with me, without going home?" he asked. "I've got something to tell you—something great! It won't keep, I'll come over for you right away, if you can. All right—five minutes!"

Peggy thanked her stars that she had worn her newest and prettiest crepe de chine blouse to work that morning. She powdered her nose and gave her golden hair an extra pat. Whatever was the matter with Arnold? It was not at all like him to be so impulsive.

It was very evident when she met him that something had happened to Arnold—something pleasant. His eyes were bright with enthusiasm—the joy of success.

"Dinner at a real place tonight!" he announced. "I've got an order—a real big order—for some book illustrations. There's money in it, Peggy—real money! Aren't you glad? Don't you know what it means to us?"

He took Peggy's hands and held them close, there in the dark little hall where they waited for the elevator.

"To us?" she repeated softly.

"To us—you and me! You'll marry me now, won't you, Peggy? Now that I'm going to amount to something; earn a decent living? I couldn't ask you before—"

The elevator came just then, and Peggy's answer was a squeeze of his hand—a squeeze that meant "yes," and a lot of other things.

They had dinner in a delightful restaurant, where an orchestra played behind a bower of plants, as orchestras should, and where Peggy had to let him order everything for her, because she did not in the least know what the French names of things meant. They lingered over their candle-lit table, holding hands, perhaps, looking deep into one another's eyes.

"And now," Arnold said at length, "we've got the evening before us. What shall we do to celebrate, Peggy? Anything you wish."

Peggy puckered her pretty brow in thought. "Well," she began, "there's a lecture on textiles at the museum tonight, and that orchestra concert—"

A flicker of disappointment darted over his face.

"Either one," he agreed. "I just thought maybe you'd like to see that new show at the Summer garden. There's a lot of good dancing in it, they say."

Peggy's face was radiant.

"Oh, Arnold, could we? I'd just love to see it, if it wouldn't bore you."

"Bore me?" he exclaimed. "I've been just dying to see a good show all winter. You don't suppose I've been taking you to free concerts and things because I liked 'em, do you? It was just because I hadn't any money, and I thought you really enjoyed them. You see, I first found you in a museum."

"Oh, Arnold," she breathed, "I'm so glad you don't like them either. I've tried my very best, but I hate museums!"

"Oh, my darling!" he whispered. "So do I."

# WRIGLEYS



—is the great war-time sweetmeat.

—the benefit, the pleasure, the economy of a 5c package of WRIGLEY'S

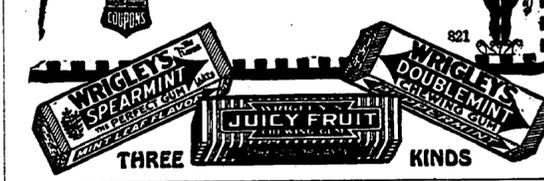
—has made it the favorite "sweet ration" of the Allied armies.

—send it to your friend at the front:

—it's the handiest, longest-lasting refreshment he can carry.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavor Lasts



### The Betsy Ross Yarn Company

Manufacturers of Knitting Yarns  
 354 Fourth Avenue, New York City  
 SELL THEIR PRODUCT DIRECT TO CONSUMER  
 65c per full 4 oz. hank  
 \$2.50 per lb. in 5 lbs. lot (62½c per 4 oz. hank)  
 \$2.30 per lb. in 10 lbs. lot (57½c per 4 oz. hank)  
 Mail orders accompanied by money order receive prompt attention if addressed to Dept. B.2.

When a gossip tells you anything you can make money by betting that it isn't so.

Good health cannot be maintained where there is a constipated habit. Garfield Tea overcomes constipation. Adv.

Tartars. Singular piece of news, that, of a Tartar army threatening Sebastopol. It's a long while since Tartars have cut much of a figure in war. Once they were the greatest fighting race in the world and overran a large share of Europe and Asia.—Buffalo Times.

Some men think that the proper way to begin the day is to find fault with the wife at the breakfast table.

It is one thing to yell for freedom and another to make the sacrifices necessary to secure it.



## BRITONS and CANADIANS

Come Across Now

Agreement with the United States provides that you will be drafted if you don't volunteer. All men between 20 and 40 are liable.

Your Brothers Over There Are Calling to You

Answer the Call! Volunteer to-day; the need is imperative; you will not be doing your full duty if you wait to be drafted.

You Can Join Either the British or Canadian Armies

DO IT TO-DAY

At Nearest British and Canadian Recruiting Depot

When Surgeon Washes His Hands. Dr. R. R. Von Baracz, the eminent Austrian surgeon, recommends in the Wiener Medizinische Wochenschrift the following method of washing the hands for surgeons before performing operations or handling wounds. He says he learned it from Doctor Weir of New York:

A handful of chloride of lime is placed on one plate and some crystals of ordinary soda on another. After carefully cleaning the hands with soap and brush, a soup-spoonful of chloride of lime and a crystal of soda are taken in the hands and crushed together with a little water. This forms a paste on the hands and requires three or four minutes. The hands are then rinsed in sterile water. The odor of the chlorine that is released can be removed by ammonia water, 1 to 5 per cent.

Removing Blight of Islam.

The blight of Islam which has sealed Jerusalem for centuries, which has reduced Mesopotamia to a desert, Syria to desolation, promises to be lifted at last over all that region that was the cradle of civilization and the first garden of the world. "The crescent of fertility" stretches from old Judea and Philitine along the Mediterranean littoral curving eastward to the upper Euphrates and Tigris and then continuing southward to the Persian gulf. The zone between the sea and the desert, and again will be redeemed as Egypt has in our own day been redeemed, provided the Turk be forced back northward and westward behind the Taurus and the Anti-Taurus barrier.

A Mercenary Mind.

"What books have helped you most?" "To tell the truth," replied Mr. Pennington, "I never got a great deal of help out of books. There is more money in scenarios."

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Described.

"Red tape, my boy, is the government string to efficiency's pocket-book."

Pure blood is essential to Good Health, Garfield Tea dispels impurities, cleanses the system and eradicates disease. Adv.

To be a real, good soldier, the recruit should always have addition to become a soldier.

WAS DISCOURAGED

Lost 65 Pounds in Weight and Had to Give Up Work. Has Been Well Since Using Doan's.

"Being exposed to extreme heat when working as an engineer, and then going outdoors to cool off, caused my kidney trouble," says Karl Goering, 341 N. Orange St., Philadelphia, Pa. "I got weak, dizzy, and when I was damp, my joints and muscles would swell and ache and often my limbs were so badly affected it was only with great misery I was able to get around. For a week I was laid up in bed, hardly able to move hand or foot. "Another trouble was from irregular and scanty passages of the kidney secretions. I became dull and weak and had to give up my work. Headaches and dizzy spells nearly blinded me and I went for an 25 to 30 lb. in weight. Nothing helped me and I felt I was doomed to suffer. "At last I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills and began taking them. I soon got back to my strength and weight and all the urinary troubles and other kidney troubles were completely eliminated. "W. H. N. MERRIN, A. J. J. Public. Get Doan's at Any Store, 67c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Children who value the health of their children should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. It is used when children are sickly. They tend to break up Colds, relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles. Don't accept any Substitute. Used by Mothers for 31 years. Sold by Drug Sets everywhere 25 cts. Trial package FREE. Address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

HEAVEN IN YOUR SCARF. Relief for Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all other conditions of the throat with a tested remedy—

IRRITATING COUGHS. Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy—

PISO'S

"OVER THE TOP"

By An American Arthur Guy Empey Soldier Who Went Machine Gunner, Serving in France

Copyright 1917, by Arthur Guy Empey

EMPEY GETS INTO THE FRONT LINE TRENCH—AND WISHES HE WERE BACK IN JERSEY CITY.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first hears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "cooties."

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

The greatest shock a recruit gets when he arrives at his battalion in France is to see the men engaging in a "cootie" hunt. With an air of contempt and disgust he avoids the company of the older men, until a couple of days later, in a torment of itching, he also has to resort to a shirt hunt, or spend many a sleepless night of misery. During these hunts there are lots of pertinent remarks handed back and forth among the explorers, such as, "Say, Bill, I'll swap you two little ones for a big one," or, "I've got a black one here that looks like Kaiser Bill."

One sunny day in the front-line trench, I saw three officers sitting outside of their dugout ("cooties" are no respecters of rank; I have even noticed a suspicious uneasiness about a certain well-known general), one of them was a major, two of them were exploring their shirts, paying no attention to the occasional shells which passed overhead. The major was writing a letter; every now and then he would lay aside his writing-pad, search his shirt for a few minutes, get an inspiration, and then resume writing. At last he finished his letter and gave it to his "runner." I was curious to see whether he was writing to an insect firm, so when the runner passed me I engaged him in conversation and got a glimpse at the address on the envelope. It was addressed to Miss Alice Somebody, in London. The "runner" informed me that Miss Somebody was the major's sweetheart and that he wrote to her every day. Just imagine it, writing a love letter during a "cootie" hunt; but such is the creed of the trenches.

CHAPTER III.

I Go to Church.

Then, on the day that we had identity disks issued to us. These were small disks of red wax worn around the neck by means of a string. Most of the Tommies also used a little metal case which they wore around the left wrist by means of a chain. They had previous to this time that if their heads were blown off, the disk on the left wrist would identify them. If they lost their left arm the disk around the neck would serve the purpose, but if their head and left arm were blown off, no one would know who they were, so it did not matter. On one side of the disk was inscribed your rank, name, number and battalion, while on the other was stamped your religion.

C. of E., meaning Church of England; R. C., Roman Catholic; W., Wesleyan; P., Presbyterian; but if you happened to be an atheist they left it blank, and just handed you a rock and shovel. On my disk was stamped C. of E. This is how I got it. The lieutenant who enlisted me asked my religion. I was not sure of the religion of the British army, so I answered, "Oh, any old thing," and he promptly put down C. of E.

Now, just imagine my hard luck. Out of five religions I was unlucky enough to pick the only one where church parade was compulsory!

The next morning was Sunday. I was sitting in the billet writing home to my sister, and for of my wonderful experiences while under fire—all requests do this. The sergeant major put his hand in the corner of the billet and shouted: "C. of E. outside for church parade!"

I looked at my watch. Turning to me, in

a loud voice, he asked, "Empey, aren't you C. of E.?" I answered, "Yep." In an angry tone, he commanded, "Don't you 'yep' me. Say, 'Yes, sergeant major.'" "I did so. Somewhat mollified, he ordered, 'Outside for church parade.'" I looked up and answered, "I am not going to church this morning." He said, "Oh, yes, you are!" I answered, "Oh, no, I'm not!"—But I went.

We lined up outside with rifles and bayonets, 120 rounds of ammunition, wearing our tin hats, and the march to church began. After marching about five miles, we turned off the road into an open field. At one end of this field the chaplain was standing in a limber. We formed a semicircle around him. Overhead there was a black speck circling round and round in the sky. This was a German Fokker. The chaplain had a book in his left hand—left eye on the book—right eye on the airplane. We Tommies were lucky, we had no books, so had both eyes on the airplane.

After church parade we were marched back to our billets, and played football all afternoon.

CHAPTER IV.

"Into the Trench."

The next morning the draft was inspected by our general, and we were assigned to different companies. The boys in the brigade had nicknamed this general Old Pepper, and he certainly earned the sobriquet. I was assigned to B company with another American named Stewart.

For the next ten days we "rested," repairing roads for the Frenchies, drilling, and digging bombing trenches.

One morning we were informed that we were going up the line, and our march began.

I took us three days to reach reserve billets—each day's march bringing the sound of the guns nearer and nearer. At night, way off in the distance we could see their flashes, which lighted up the sky with a red glare.

Against the horizon we could see numerous observation balloons or "sausages" as they are called.

On the afternoon of the third day's march I witnessed my first airplane being shelled. A thrill ran through me and I gazed in awe. The airplane was making wide circles in the air, while little puffs of white smoke were bursting all around it. These puffs appeared like tiny balls of cotton while after each burst could be heard a dull "plop." The sergeant of my platoon informed us that it was a German airplane and I wondered how he could tell from such a distance because the plane seemed like a little black speck in the sky. I expressed my doubt as to whether it was English, French or German. With a look of contempt he further informed us that the allied anti-aircraft shells when exploding emitted white smoke while the German shells gave forth black smoke, and as he expressed it, "It must be an Alie-mend because our pom-poms are not off their little nappers and are certainly not strafing one of our planes, and another piece of advice—don't check your watch about until you've been up the line and learnt something."

I immediately quit "checking my watch about" from that time on. Just before reaching reserve billets

we were marching along, laughing, and singing one of Tommy's trench ditties: I want to go home, I want to go home. I don't want to go to the trenches no more. Where sausages and whis-bangs are galore. Take me over the sea, Where the Alie-mend can't get at me, Oh, my, I don't want to die, I want to go home.—

When overhead came a "swish" through the air, rapidly followed by three others. Then about two hundred yards to our left in a large field, four columns of black earth and smoke rose into the air, and the ground trembled from the report—the explosion of four German five-nine's, or "coalboxes." A sharp whistle blast, immediately followed by two short ones, rang out from the head of our column. This was to take up "artillery formation." We divided into small squads and went into the fields on the right and left of the road, and crouched on the ground. No other shells followed this salvo. It was our first baptism by shell fire. From the waist up I was all enthusiasm, but from there down, everything was missing. I thought I should die with fright.

After awhile, we reformed into columns of fours, and proceeded on our way.

About five that night, we reached the ruined village of E—, and I got my first sight of the awful destruction caused by German Kultur.

Marching down the main street we came to the heart of the village, and took up quarters in shellproof cellars (shellproof until hit by a shell). Shells were constantly whistling over the village and bursting in our rear, searching for our artillery.

These cellars were cold, damp and smelly, and overrun with large rats—big black fellows. Most of the Tommies slept with their overcoats over their faces. I did not. In the middle of the night I woke up in terror. The cold, clammy feet of a rat had passed over my face. I immediately smothered myself in my overcoat, but could not sleep for the rest of that night.

Next evening, we took over our sector of the line. In single file we went our way through a zigzag communication trench, six inches deep with mud. This trench was called "Whisky street." On our way up to the front line an occasional flare of bursting shrapnel would light up the sky and we could hear the fragments slapping the ground above us on our right and left. Then a Fritz would traverse back and forth with his "type-writer" or machine gun. The bullets made a sharp crackling noise overhead.

The boy in front of me named Prentice crumpled up without a word. A piece of shell had gone through his shrapnel-proof helmet. I felt sick and weak.

In about thirty minutes we reached the front line. It was dark as pitch. Every now and then a German star shell would pierce the blackness out in front with its silvery light. I was trembling all over, and felt very lonely and afraid. All orders were given in whispers. The company we relieved filed past us and disappeared into the blackness of the communication trench leading to the rear. As they passed us, they whispered, "The best o' luck mates."

I sat on the fire step of the trench with the rest of the men. In each traverse two of the older men had been put on guard with their heads sticking over the top, and with their eyes trying to pierce the blackness in "No Man's Land." In this trench there were only two dugouts, and these were used by Lewis and Vickers machine gunners, so it was the fire step for ours. Pretty soon it started to rain. We put on our "macks," but they were not much protection. The rain trickled down our backs, and it was not long before we were wet and cold. How I passed that night I will never know, but without any unusual occurrence, dawn arrived.

The word "stand down" was passed along the line, and the sentries got down off the fire step. Pretty soon the rain issue came along, and it was a godsend. It warmed our chilled bodies and put new life into us. Then from the communication trenches came dioxies or iron pots, filled with steaming tea, which had two wooden stakes through their handles, and were carried by two men. I filled my canteen and drank the hot tea without taking it from my lips. It was not long before I was asleep in the mud on the fire step.

My ambition had been attained! I was in a front-line trench on the western front, and oh, how I wished I were back in Jersey City.

Empey takes his first turn on the firing step of the trench while the machine gun bullets whiz over his head. He soon learns why Tommy has adopted the motto, "If you're going to get it, you'll get it, so never worry." Don't miss the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

No one can kill time in these strenuous days without also slaying his own opportunities.

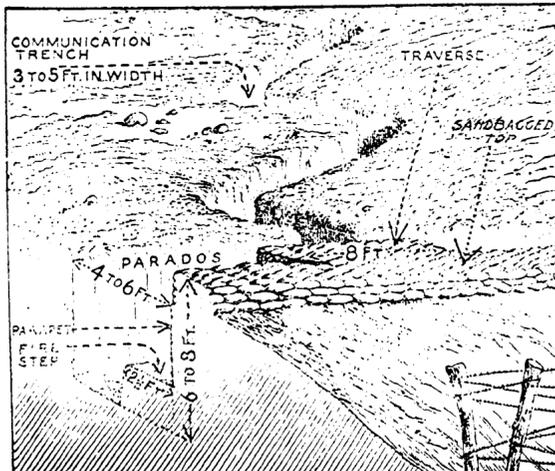


Diagram Showing Typical Front-Line and Communication Trenches.

THE RED CROSS NURSES OF EUROPE ARE GIVING TOASTED CIGARETTES TO THE BOYS

To anyone who doesn't know of the wonderful advances that have been made in the preparation of smoking tobaccos in the last few years it may sound strange to speak of toasted cigarettes.

Strictly speaking, we should say cigarettes made of toasted tobacco, the smokers of this country will recognize it more readily by its trade name, "LUCKY STRIKE"—the toasted cigarette.

The American Tobacco Company are producing millions of these toasted cigarettes and these are being bought in enormous quantities through the various tobacco funds conducted by the newspapers of the country and forwarded through the Red Cross Society to the boys in France.

This new process of treating tobacco not only improves the flavor of the tobacco but it seals in this flavor and makes the cigarettes keep better.

The Red Cross nurse is always glad to have a cigarette for the wounded soldier, as, in most instances, that is the first thing asked for.—Adv.

Poor Investment. "How did Gibson lose his money?" "He put it in his wife's name and then she divorced him."

Catarh Cannot Be Cured BY LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

The Explanation. "Pop, what does it mean when they say bills are laid on the table?" "It means, son, that they are dishd."

Burn Baby Rashes. That itch, heat and torture. A hot Cuticura Soap bath gives instant relief when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Not Just as Good. "Have you a fireless cooker in your house?" "No, but we have a coalless fire."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Fletchere. In Use for Over 50 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

He Sidestepped. "Just why did you leave college?" "The dean didn't go into details."—Jack O'Lantern.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and 1 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

He Couldn't Stand It. "Sh—At least a million doesn't flat ter one." He—"No; that is why I never look in one."

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders. Adv.

One Man Who Drinks Alone. Whenever there is an Jake Mottler is known as the man who drinks cruddy and really likes it. He has become so expert in the taste of cruddy, it is said, that he can actually tell the state or old field from which it was produced by simply tasting it. So it is known, Mr. Mottler has not yet found anyone who was anxious to join him in a "Mottler on cruddy," and when cruddy Jake drinks cruddy he drinks alone.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Fresh from the Gardens of the finest Tea-producing country in the world.

"SALADA" TEA Sealed Packs Only. Try it—it's delicious. BLACK GREEN or MIXED.

160 Acre Farms in Western Canada Free. Get under the Shower of Gold. coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of Western Canada. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre, and raise from 20 to 45 bushels of \$2 wheat to the acre it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta 160 Acre Homesteads Free to Settlers and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are yearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Max A. Bowley, 73 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.; J. E. LaForte, 149 Elm St., Manchester, N. H.; L. N. Aselin, Biddeford, Maine. Canadian Government Agents

Carter's Little Liver Pills. You Cannot be Constipated and Happy. A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living. Genuine bears signature. Absence of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people.

Exceptions. Now They Don't Speak. "Do you believe beauty is in the eye of the beholder?" "No; of the beholder's opinion." "I wish I were half as pretty as Ethel." "Ethel? What a silly wish!"

1,716,000,000 Pounds of Flour Saved. if each of our 22,000,000 families use this recipe instead of white bread. One loaf saves 11,000,000 pounds; three loaves a week for a year means 1,716,000,000 pounds saved! Enough to Feed the Entire Allied Army. Corn Bread with Rye Flour. 1 cup corn meal, 1 cup rye flour, 2 tablespoons sugar, 5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 cup milk, 1 egg, 2 tablespoons shortening. Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New York. FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

# You Can Save \$50.00

On a House Furnishing Outfit Bought at the  
**H. H. BARBER DEPARTMENT STORE**  
While our present stock lasts. We will hold  
your purchase subject to your order.

EASY TERMS IF DESIRED

Barber's Big Department Store  
MILFORD, New Hampshire

## Call and See Our

**ROUND OAK  
PARLOR STOVES**



Glenwood Ranges and  
Wood Parlor Stoves

**George W. Hunt**  
ANTRIM, N. H.

## Expert Advice on Water Supply

Is to be our especial contribution of War Service. To Farm successfully, abundant water is needed. We have drilled many successful wells in and about Antrim, as well as in other parts of New Hampshire, and can point to a long list of satisfied customers. Several of our machines are now at work in New Hampshire. Calls for advice on individual or Community Artesian Wells will receive prompt attention.

**BAY STATE ARTESIAN WELL COM'Y, INC.**  
42 No. Main St. CONCORD, N. H.

# AUCTION

Bills, Dance Posters, and Poster Printing of every kind and size at right prices at this office. We deliver them at short notice, clearly printed, free from errors, and deliver them express paid.

Notice of every Ball or Auction inserted in this paper free of charge, and many times the notice alone is worth more than the cost of the bills.

Mail or Telephone Orders receive our prompt attention. Send your orders to

**The Reporter Office,**  
ANTRIM, N. H.

## CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia  
Corrected by "Fruit-a-lives"

St. Martin's  
"For two years, I suffered tortures from Severe Dyspepsia. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth. I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-lives' (or Fruit Liver Tablets) I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSEBANK.  
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.  
At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

## FROM "OVER THERE"

Letter Written by Sergeant  
Howard E. Paige

Somewhere in France,  
Jan. 30, 1918

I have at last to acknowledge your Christmas box and its contents, which I assure you that Ellis and I have so much enjoyed this evening and along with it came the other box, both of them being in a sound condition. . . . I have got all I can handle just now; the fruit cake is what all are looking for when they receive a box from home. I did not expect box No. 2 so you can see it was a big surprise. That was where the cake and cigarettes were. I said to Ellis, "we will have some seeded raisins", and come to open the package it was some more peanuts. . . . Last night you ought to have seen the Hoodlums getting their hair clipped short, and some having their heads shaved. I am one of the latter. You have perhaps heard of the "Priests being all shaven and shorn." Well, it's good for the head. . . . keeps the cooties out, and last but not least does not give the rats a chance to make a nest. Those things over here are a nuisance. One day I went to my box to get some things, and they had chewed some of my papers and four bars of chocolate, and then not satisfied, carefully removed an envelope from your letter, never making a mark but what was left of the envelope. I just ran my hand over my head and oh! the shivers went all over me. I don't want you to expect any sixteen page letter from me for I am not an author, neither do I look like one.

The last time I heard from Paul was from a southern port in France. He is probably back and has told you of his trip before this. I am glad he is doing his duty as a volunteer and not a draft, as we all think a lot of that over here. In fourteen days I will have served my three years of enlistment.

Well, I will close with love and best wishes to all,  
Howard E. Paige

Jan. 31, 1918.

Yesterday I received a box from you which came unexpected, as I have known the others were coming. Yes, the cake did disappear in short order and wish it were as big as the dining table. You do not know how good a little home cooking tastes over here. Also when I have been nibbling the peanuts I thought of the many times you have stood by the fire roasting them.

The neck scarf was sure a good one - can use that later when in a different section of France. Today I have been wearing the helmet sent me in the box.

I suppose you have heard of the officers barracks being burned.

We miss the old Skipper very much as he used to like to sit down and have a little talk of past experiences.

Say, I am not going to make Paris a visit while over here, as I want to remain human till I get home.

I don't know of much more to write so will close. Wishing you good luck, I remain

H. E. P.

Jan. 20, 1918

Tell Pa if my letters do not reach them, to thank the Loyal Order of Moose for their Christmas box I received, and all others for their kind remembrances as they were greatly appreciated by me.

With kind wishes,

H. E. P.

Send Us Your Subscription to  
The Antrim Reporter  
\$2.00 a year

## BENNINGTON

A Weekly News Letter of Interest

### Town Meeting

Under the different articles in the warrant, the business of the town was transacted in the following manner:

Appropriated \$50 for Memorial Day.  
Voted to raise and appropriate a sufficient sum of money to secure hydrant service.

Voted to appropriate \$100 for the suppression of the Gypsy Moth, and \$150 for the White Pine Blister Rust.

Voted to raise the necessary appropriation for highways—amount required by law.

Voted to appropriate a sufficient sum of money for lighting streets with electricity as heretofore.

Regarding State Aid maintenance and Trunk Line maintenance, it was voted to accept same.

Voted to accept legacies and gifts in trust from different individuals, the income to be used for care of cemetery lots.

Voted to erect a suitable railing along the Antrim road and raise and appropriate \$200 for same.

In the matter of recovering the sidewalks no favorable action was taken.

It was voted to raise \$12,000, if such amount may be needed, and making the tax rate was left with the Selectmen.

The following is the result of the voting for town officers:

Delegate to Constitutional Convention	
Ansel C. Smart, d	48
Arthur J. Pierce, r	45
Town Clerk	
Arthur F. Bell, r	60
Ruel S. Cram, d	36
Treasurer	
Arthur F. Bell, r	62
Ruel S. Cram, d	35
1st Selectman	
Charles M. Taylor, r	60
George O. Joslin, d	38
2d Selectman	
Herbert A. Eaton, r	55
Fred A. Knight, d	40
3d Selectman	
James H. Balch, r	61
George H. King, d	35
Road Agent	
Calvin S. Brown, r	64

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hillsborough, SS. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of Albert O. Cutter, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased, intestate, and to all others interested therein:

Whereas Henry A. Hurlin, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County, his petition for license to sell real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, said real estate being fully described in his petition, and open for examination by all parties interested.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Manchester in said County, on the 16th day of April next, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

Said administrator is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court:

Given at Nashua in said County, this 6th day of March A.D. 1918.

E. J. COPP, Register.

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hillsborough, SS. Court of Probate.

To the heirs at law of the estate of James C. Richardson, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased, intestate, and to all others interested therein:

Whereas E. W. Baker, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has filed in the Probate Office for said County, his petition for license to sell real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, said real estate being fully described in his petition, and open for examination by all parties interested.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Manchester in said County, on the 16th day of April next, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

Said administrator is ordered to serve this citation by causing the same to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the Antrim Reporter, a newspaper printed at Antrim in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said Court:

Given at Nashua, in said County, this 5th day of March A.D. 1918.

E. J. COPP, Register.

Jerome J. Sawyer, d	29
Trustee of Trust Funds	
Arthur J. Pierce, r	58
Ruel S. Cram, d	39
Janitor of Town Hall	
Edward R. Keeser, r	61
George E. Quimby, d	36

Doris Wilson is ill with the German measles.

The many friends of Hon. A. W. Gray of Boston will be pleased to learn that he is able to leave the hospital and return to his home. He is slightly improved in health.

### School Meeting

At the annual school meeting on Friday evening last, Major A. J. Pierce was re-elected to the school board for a term of three years. Arthur F. Bell was re-elected clerk and Mrs. Margaret Taylor treasurer, George Edwards was elected moderator.

The matter of transportation of North Bennington pupils was considered but nothing definite decided.

It was voted to accept the provisions of the N. H. Statute of recent adoption regarding medical attendance, and \$50 was appropriated for this purpose.

The required amount of money to carry the schools through the present year and up to the time of closing of the year according to the rearrangement of the plan enacted by the last legislature, was appropriated.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

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