

# ANTRIM REPORTER.

VOL. XXII. NO. 14

ANTRIM, N. H., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1905

3 CENTS A COPY

The Antrim Reporter,  
Published Every Wednesday.

H. W. ELDREDGE, Editor & Publisher

## Boston & Maine Railroad

CONCORD DIVISION.  
PETERBOROUGH BRANCH  
Winter Arrangement, in effect Oct. 10, 1904.

VIA CONCORD.		Leave.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6:25	6:55	7:55	8:25
7:15	7:45	8:45	9:15
8:05	8:35	9:35	10:05
8:55	9:25	10:25	10:55
9:45	10:15	11:15	11:45
10:35	11:05	12:05	12:35
11:25	11:55	12:55	1:25
12:15	12:45	1:45	2:15
1:05	1:35	2:35	3:05
1:55	2:25	3:25	3:55
2:45	3:15	4:15	4:45
3:35	4:05	5:05	5:35
4:25	4:55	5:55	6:25
5:15	5:45	6:45	7:15
6:05	6:35	7:35	8:05
6:55	7:25	8:25	8:55
7:45	8:15	9:15	9:45
8:35	9:05	10:05	10:35
9:25	9:55	10:55	11:25
10:15	10:45	11:45	12:15
11:05	11:35	12:35	1:05
11:55	12:25	1:25	1:55
12:45	1:15	2:15	2:45
1:35	2:05	3:05	3:35
2:25	2:55	3:55	4:25
3:15	3:45	4:45	5:15
4:05	4:35	5:35	6:05
4:55	5:25	6:25	6:55
5:45	6:15	7:15	7:45
6:35	7:05	8:05	8:35
7:25	7:55	8:55	9:25
8:15	8:45	9:45	10:15
9:05	9:35	10:35	11:05
9:55	10:25	11:25	11:55
10:45	11:15	12:15	12:45
11:35	12:05	1:05	1:35
12:25	12:55	1:55	2:25

VIA NASHUA.		Leave.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6:30	7:00	8:00	8:30
7:20	7:50	8:50	9:20
8:10	8:40	9:40	10:10
9:00	9:30	10:30	11:00
9:50	10:20	11:20	11:50
10:40	11:10	12:10	12:40
11:30	12:00	1:00	1:30
12:20	12:50	1:50	2:20
1:10	1:40	2:40	3:10
2:00	2:30	3:30	4:00
2:50	3:20	4:20	4:50
3:40	4:10	5:10	5:40
4:30	5:00	6:00	6:30
5:20	5:50	6:50	7:20
6:10	6:40	7:40	8:10
7:00	7:30	8:30	9:00
7:50	8:20	9:20	9:50
8:40	9:10	10:10	10:40
9:30	10:00	11:00	11:30
10:20	10:50	11:50	12:20
11:10	11:40	12:40	1:10
12:00	12:30	1:30	2:00

D. J. FLANDERS,  
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.

## Departure & Arrival of Mails

**DEPARTURE.**  
6:25 A. M. For Boston, and intervening points, and all points South and West; via Elmwood.  
7:45 A. M. For Boston, and intervening points and all points South and West; via Concord.  
11:40 A. M. Rural carriers leave to serve routes.  
2:05 P. M. For Boston, and intervening points, and all points South and West; via Elmwood.  
3:27 P. M. For Hillsboro and Concord, and points North and South of Concord.  
4:35 P. M. For Bennington, Peterboro, Hancock, and Keene, and all points South and West.  
**ARRIVAL.**  
At 8:15, 10:55, 11:20 A. M.; 5:05 and 6:05 P. M.  
Postoffice will open at 6:45 A. M., and close at 8:00 P. M. except Tuesday evening, when it will close at 7:00.

ALBERT CLEMENT,  
Postmaster.

## Church and Lodge Directory

**Presbyterian Church.** Sunday morning service at 10:45. Week-day meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.  
**Baptist Church.** Sunday morning service at 10:45. Week-day meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.  
**Methodist Church.** Sunday morning service at 10:45. Week-day meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.  
**Congregational Church, at Centre.** Sunday morning service at 10:45. Week-day meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.  
**Sunday School** at each of the above churches at 12 o'clock, noon.  
**Waverley Lodge, I.O.O.F.,** meets Saturday evenings in Odd Fellows block.  
**Hard in Hand Rebekah Lodge** meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, in above hall.  
**Antrim Grange, P. of H.,** meets in their hall, at the Centre, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.  
**Young Men's Republican Club** meets 2nd and 4th Monday evenings, at G. A. R. hall, Officers: Pres. Chas. F. Butterfield, Sec. Carl Robinson.  
**Ephraim Weston Post, No. 27, G. A. R.,** meets in their hall in Jameson Block, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month.  
**Woman's relief Corps** meets in G. A. R. hall, first and third Friday evenings of each month.  
**George W. Chandler Camp, Sons of Veterans** meet in G. A. R. hall, first and third Monday evenings of each month.

## Agency.

Bundles for Henniker Steam Laundry may be left at Davis-Patterson's store up to Tuesday, and will be returned to the store Friday. All orders called for and delivered.  
Commencing April 1, Family Rates for Ice will be 27c. per hundred pounds.  
G. H. HUTCHINSON,  
Depot St., Antrim, N. H.

Chas. H. Colgate, Jr., M. D.  
Woodbury House, Cor. Main and Summer Streets,  
Antrim, N. H.  
Office hours: Until 8.30 a.m.; 1 to 2.00 p.m.; and Evenings.  
Connected by Local Telephone

D. W. COOLEY,  
Surgeon Dentist  
Office at Residence,

## BRADFORD'S CONVERSION

By CECILY ALLEN  
Copyright, 1904, by E. A. Whitehead

"George Bradford, purchasing broker," read the girl, hesitating before the door. She extracted a tiny newspaper clipping from her purse and re-read it:  
Wanted.—A stenographer; male preferred. 16 Exchange place. G. B.  
With trepidation she opened the door and entered a small, unprepossessing office room.  
"Good morning," said Bradford, rising and then sitting down abruptly. Business was business.  
"Mr. Bradford?" asked the girl, handing him the clipping. "This is your advertisement, I believe."  
"I—I had in mind a young man," began Bradford, obviously ill at ease. He had never associated with women, either socially or in business. In the latter capacity he had strongly disapproved of the sex; in the former—well, he was determined to make money first and love afterward.  
"Yes, 'male preferred' is stated in your advertisement," acknowledged the girl, "but I wanted a position, my first one, very much, and—well, I've come to see if fate will be kind."

It was just like a girl to introduce such filmy, uncertain elements as fate into business! And yet Bradford was not so prejudiced as he had been ten minutes before. He fancied the dingy office was brighter already. Then there was another consideration—women demanded smaller remuneration for their work, and this was still a matter of moment with Bradford.  
"This—er—you say is your first position?" ventured Bradford, admitting unconsciously that the place was hers already.  
"The girl saw this, but was too tactful to give evidence of the fact. "Yes," she said. "I have just finished my course in stenography."

Bradford liked her soft, well modulated voice. It would sound well to his customers over the phone. A man's voice would not sound half so well.  
"Office work is confining," he suggested by way of discouraging her.  
"Yes; but when a woman has to make her way in the world she puts on a smile and faces the worst," she replied, with just a suspicion of an accent on the last word and with an undeniably roguish twinkle in her eyes. She could not quite cast aside the manner that had been her charm in the old life. Family fortunes may take wings and fly, but innate coquetry is not to be stifled by mere financial depression.  
Bradford could not deny that her smile had individuality. He wondered why the women he had been forced to meet had never smiled in just that way. He never knew why, but he suddenly wished the office were clearer. He would certainly speak to the woman who scrubbed and dusted in the building.  
"And—about—about salary?" he asked awkwardly. It was all rot—this women in business idea. They had no right there. He would have a man. He felt like a cad talking to a woman about salary. What did she know of business?  
"I believe it is the employer's prerogative to name the salary," said the girl simply.  
Bradford, after searching hopelessly in his mind for a combination of words and figures in which to adjust the financial end of the transaction, named the amount which he had had in mind when inserting the "ad."  
"That will do very nicely," said the girl, rising. After all, this business life was not so hard; men were not so heartless.  
"And your name?" asked Bradford.  
"Henderson—Marjorie Henderson," she said, smiling.  
"And when will you come?" Bradford surprised himself at the way in which he let her suit her own convenience.  
"That, too, is your prerogative," she replied, an odd little expression of deference in her eyes.  
"Tomorrow? Is that too soon?" He had not expected to have his stenographer until the following week, but, after all, no doubt the sooner he had one the sooner his business letters would commence to bring good results.  
"Very well, tomorrow. And at what hour?" This man had not told her

anything of his demands upon his employees. She had fancied herself departing with a list of rules a page long, to all of which she must adhere rigidly. "Oh, about 9:30," he said. He had decided when he had inserted the advertisement that he would get to business earlier and have his stenographer there with him. But—oh, well, women should not have to get down too soon. It was hard on them.  
"I will be here at that hour, Mr. Bradford, thank you." And she closed the door.

Alone, Bradford lit a cigar and leaned back in his desk chair. What had he done? He had engaged a woman, a girl, as a stenographer! She would always be in the office. He could not swear; he wondered if he should smoke. Neither could he take off his coat and put his feet on his desk when he wanted to think things out and bring an unruly customer to time.  
But the next morning found him eagerly waiting for 9:30. He could not tell why, but the appearance of a trim little tailor clad figure in the doorway made him glad.  
"I—I may put my hat on your desk?" she asked, laying a neat felt hat on the top of his desk. She had only a flat table.  
"Oh—oh, no," he said. "Let me—I say, we will have to have a hook over there above the washbowl. Yes, put it there." What a nuisance women were, he tried to convince himself. A woman's hat on a man's desk!

An atmosphere of strangeness, of embarrassment and awkwardness filled the tiny office all day, and yet Bradford did not look at the dirty, dingy elevated road for light as he had been accustomed. It was brighter in the office. He dictated his letters and was pleased to note their faultless pages, their neat arrangement, their workmanlike appearance. Perhaps, after all, a woman could learn to be business-like.  
"I will bring a little mirror and a towel and some soap in the morning, Mr. Bradford, if you don't mind," she said as she left. "Good night."  
"A mirror!" Bradford sighed. This was only the beginning. But he was always glad when 9:30 arrived and sorry when closing time came. Business seemed to increase; he sent out so many letters. Miss Henderson was quick, and often she suggested little ideas for featuring goods he was advertising and quoting.  
When she asked if she might have a box of flowers in the narrow window Bradford put his hands in his pockets and strode up and down the room. But she had her way, and soon a box of blooming nasturtiums gave the dingy room a cheerful aspect. Every morning before he was ready to give her his letters she watered them with a ridiculous little red watering pot.

Oftentimes after Miss Henderson had left in the evening Bradford stood over the tiny flower bed and soliloquized. How different the office seemed! How bright and clean his desk always looked! How much the mirror added, and the clean towel, and—these flowers! They grew and bloomed happily under her care. What would not?  
"Miss Henderson," began Bradford one afternoon when she was leaving early. "I am glad I added the word 'preferred' to my advertisement for a stenographer three months ago."  
The girl looked surprised, but she was not.  
"Yes?"  
"If I had simply said 'male' you would never have ventured to apply." He twisted his penwiper—one she had made him—into an unsightly string.  
"Yes?"  
"I—I have never approved of women in business."  
She put her hatpins in carefully, slowly. "No?" she intimated by an elevation of her brows.  
"Nor—nor anywhere," he confessed. "I've always argued to the contrary."  
"But argument does not prevail in anything which matters seriously," admitted the girl.  
"And this matters seriously, Marjorie," he said, moving toward her. "It matters awfully. I have to have one in business and—everywhere. Will you let me have her? I know it isn't businesslike, but—I love you."

Marjorie Henderson looked at him squarely in the eyes. "And I prefer a partnership to a salaried position. You come to the house tonight, and we'll talk it over with mother. It need not be all business then."  
Bradford has a little "want" advertisement framed above the desk in his private office today, right over her photograph. For the business has grown; and there are many clerks—but all "male preferred."

Every year the world puts on its food \$4,000,000 worth of pepper.

## A MATTER OF HEALTH



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure  
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

## TOWN OF ANTRIM. SCHOOL DISTRICT.

SCHOOL BOARD:  
C. F. BUTTERFIELD, Chairman,  
H. A. HURLIN, Clerk.  
Meets regularly in Town Clerk's Room, in Town hall building, the first Friday evening in each month, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to transact School District business, and to hear all parties concerning School matters.

## LIFE INSURANCE

If you want Life Insurance buy the best. Some claim to be as good as the  
**WASHINGTON**  
but none are better.  
Also Agent for The Massachusetts Mutual Accident Association.

**MORTON PAIGE,**  
ANTRIM,  
Agent for N. H.  
If you want to buy or sell Real Estate give him a call.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber has been duly appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Hillsborough, administrator of the estate of James Richardson, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased.  
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to exhibit them for adjustment, and all indebted to make payment.  
Antrim, N. H., March 7th, 1905.  
E. W. BAKER, Administrator.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber has been duly appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Hillsborough, administrator of the estate of Richard J. Cady, late of Bennington, N. H., in said County, deceased, intestate.  
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to exhibit them for adjustment, and all indebted to make payment.  
Bennington, N. H., Feb. 27, 1905.  
HENRY W. WILSON, Administrator.

## EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

The subscriber has been duly appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Bennington, in said County, deceased, testate.  
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to exhibit them for adjustment, and all indebted to make payment.  
ANNE L. WOODBRIDGE, Executrix.  
Bennington, N. H., March 13, 1905.  
3-15-05

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber has been duly appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Hillsborough, administrator of the estate of Phoebe A. Simonds, alias Mrs. E. Simonds, late of Antrim, in said County, deceased, intestate.  
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to exhibit them for adjustment, and all indebted to make payment.  
Antrim, N. H., February 27th, 1905.  
EPHRAIM SIMONDS, Administrator.

Dr. Dade's Little Liver Pills cure Liver ills.  
Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim; Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.

## Business Cards

### ACCOMMODATION

To and From Antrim Railroad Station.  
Trains leave Antrim Depot as follows:

A. M.	P. M.
7.33	8.03
10.39	11.26
3.03	3.41
4.48	5.50

Stage leaves Express Office 15 minutes earlier than departure of trains.  
Stage will call for passengers if word is left at the Express Office in W. E. Cram's Store.  
Leave orders for first train night before.

**JOHN G. ABBOTT ESTATE Undertaker.**  
O. W. Brownell, Embalmer.  
CLINTON VILLAGE, Antrim, N. H.  
State vaults always in stock.  
Connected by Long Distance Telephone  
Calls day or night promptly attended to

**DR. E. M. BOWERS, DENTIST.**  
Antrim Office open from the 9th to 15th and 24th to 30th inclusive.  
Cases requiring much time can address, for appointment, Hillsborough Bridge, N. H.

**B. D. PEASLEE M.D.**  
School Street, Hillsboro Bridge, N. H.  
Special Attention Given Eye, Ear, and Chronic Diseases. Hours, 1 to 3 P.M. Sundays 12 to 1 P.M.

**A. A. CHESNUTT, M. D.**  
Depot Street, ANTRIM, N. H.  
Office Hours: 8 to 9 a. m. 1 to 2, and to 8 p. m.  
10-12-6t

**WILLIAM M. HOLMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW**  
Successor to Brooks K. Webber.  
Probate Law a Specialty.  
Long Dist. Tel., Hillsboro Bridge

**S. H. BAKER, AUCTIONEER**  
AND  
Real Estate Broker,  
Hillsboro Bridge, N. H.  
Parties can arrange dates and prices by applying at REPORTER Office.

**F. C. PARMENTER, THE AUCTIONEER,**  
ANTRIM, N. H.  
Prices Right!

**W. E. Cram, AUCTIONEER.**  
I wish to announce to the public that I will sell goods at auction for any parties who wish, at reasonable rates. Apply to  
W. E. CRAM,  
Antrim, N. H.

**Duncan & Dutton, AUCTIONEERS.**  
Property advertised and sold on Reasonable Terms. Satisfaction guaranteed.  
C. H. DUNCAN, C. H. DUTTON,  
Hancock, N. H., Bennington,

**PAWNBROKERS.**

*They Are, Says One of Them, the Soul of Generosity.*

When a New York policeman recently borrowed jewelry of a pawnbroker on his beat to wear to a "party," the story led to much comment. In the opinion of the pawnbroker most of the gossip was entirely uncalled for.

"People are making a tremendous fuss about that little deal," he said. "They seem to think it one of the wonders of the age for a pawnbroker to lend anything unless he gets big interest on it. Pawnbrokers are really the soul of generosity. I make loans every week. Of course I don't let things out indiscriminately. A fellow that can touch me for the use of an umbrella or a diamond ring for the night has to be pretty well known as a square chap who is not going to run off with the goods. There are a number of such men around in this part of town, and when they stand in need of some special convenience that I happen to be able to supply to them from my stock of unclaimed pledges I am glad to accommodate them. The stuff always comes back safe, accompanied by a little tip, so I don't lose anything by trusting my friends.

"I have one woman on my list of borrowers. She and her family have traded here for years. One day she pawned her opera glasses and never got them out, and since then whenever she has a chance to go to the play she asks for the loan of a pair of glasses. She is too good a customer to be refused a little favor like that, so of course gets them. In the capacity of a public benefactor I have loaned overcoats, gloves, walking sticks, rings and about everything else known to the masculine get-up. Those loans are made to friends and reliable people only, and no grafters need apply."—New York Post.

**INAUGURATION BALLS.**

*The First Was Madison's, Saturday Evening, March 4, 1869.*

Four hundred guests, as all the contemporaneous accounts agree, gathered at the first inauguration ball, which took place on the evening of Saturday, March 4, 1869, at Mr. Long's hotel, on Capitol Hill, in celebration of the accession to the presidency of James Madison. Each of the three presidents who had preceded him in office had been permitted to close the day of his inauguration by going early to bed. General Washington and John Adams had been inaugurated at temporary camps, and Thomas Jefferson would have rebelled against a ceremony plainly modeled upon the customs of royalty, but when Madison's inauguration came the new federal city had been a visible fact for nine years and was determined to assert a right to enjoy itself. Even in doing so it followed a habit always hitherto associated with the celebration of the coronation of kings.

Royal customs were really the only ones the people knew, for every American in Washington over thirty-two years of age had been born the subject of a king, and the new order of things had not given birth to new ideas of how to manifest rejoicing. Moreover, if the method chosen seems to some to have been an imitation of monarchial customs, they should reflect in extenuation that it is an instinct of man to revel with his feeling the sensation of pleasure to show his joy by dancing. So an official ball closed the day of Madison's inauguration and has closed the inauguration day of every president who has succeeded him.—Gailard Hunt in Century.

**Pious Parrots.**

Parrots are such close observers and keen mimics that it would be surprising if birds in the households of clergymen and ministers did not repeat special phrases at proper times. Indeed, it would be as well not to hold family worship with a speaking parrot in the room. There was no harm in the bird that sang in good time and tune "There Is a Happy Land." But other forms of imitiveness might easily offend. Parrots uttering responses or bits of the creed or scraps of prayer, as several have been known to do, especially at unseasonable moments, are apt to vex rather than amuse, though, of course, the birds do not mean to be irreverent. A bishop's parrot used to ejaculate "let us pray," sometimes in devout tones, at other times mockingly.

**Caring For Bronze.**

The care of bronze ornaments becomes sometimes a little perplexing. It is, however, because of their previous want of care. Nothing should ever be applied to bronze in the way of preparations. Simple, careful dusting is all that is needed. To remove the purple tinge that sometimes comes a little sweet oil may be gently rubbed upon the discolored portion; but, as a rule, the dusting will be found to be sufficient.

"I understand that you are a geometer. Can you square the circle?"

"Yes, if I had a couple of thousand dollars I could square my circle of creditors."—Dallas News.

**SOME FREAK STAMPS**

**ERRORS THAT CAUSE PHILATELISTS TO JUMP FOR JOY.**

*The Craze Among Collectors For the Possession of Samples of Blunders Made by Uncle Sam's Bureau of Engraving and Printing.*

About the only freaks of great value manufactured by the government are misprinted postage stamps, the value of one of these sometimes running up into the thousands. There is nothing more dear to the collector than these errors in printing, and, too, there is nothing which causes a tornado of trouble quicker in the bureau of engraving and printing. An error is generally a costly thing in this department. It means that whoever is responsible for the mistake must get out and hunt another job. The work is too important to permit of carelessness. An error produces a freak stamp, but it also produces a vacancy, often more, in the ranks of the employees of the department. But the collector, the philatelist, is happy, for he gets a prize of the first water.

Any and every thing in the way of a stamp which varies a hair's breadth from the correct design is a freak, and there is always a heated race by the stamp fiends to secure one of these. Usually these errors, and they are not made often, are detected before many of the stamps are put in circulation, and when only a few get out the collectors are ready to pay fancy prices for one of the prizes. Some few collectors labor under the impression that "every man has his price," and the sum of \$20,000 was offered the head of the bureau a few years ago if he would have issued a half dozen sheets of two cent errors. Of course no consideration whatever was given to the proposition, and the get rich quick philatelist saw his plans miscarry.

Some very valuable freak stamps were issued in 1869, when a series of stamps was issued in colors. The series comprised denominations from 1 cent to 90 cents. The 15, 24, 30 and 90 cents were printed in two colors. On these the central picture was printed inverted, and the error was detected. Today any of these freaks will bring from \$500 to \$800 each.

The freak two cent pan-American series of stamps which turned up in Buffalo, N. Y., in the year of the Buffalo City exposition, 1901, are now rated at \$35 each. Only a few of these got in circulation before it was discovered that the railroad train in the center of the stamp was upside down. It is likely that thousands would have been sold had not a gentleman who had purchased ten stamps discovered the error and forthwith wrote the bureau of engraving and printing notifying the officers. He doubtless thought he was doing a good service for the government, and doubtless he was, but the stamp collectors denounce him as a chump of the rankest type. The gentleman gave away several of the stamps he had bought. While a large number of the stamps with the inverted train of cars were sold before the error was detected, there are only six of these freaks which can be accounted for, the other stamps having perhaps served their purpose without being discovered as belonging to the valuable freak family. It is altogether reasonable to suppose that the stamps were allowed to letters and the envelopes destroyed. If any sheet of error stamps other than that sent to the Buffalo office was ever sent out, the fact has never been known at the bureau, and it is not likely that the market will ever be glutted with this freak stamp.

During the winter of 1870 a sheet of the ordinary one cent stamps, with the word "Guam" printed across the face, slipped through with "Guam" upside down. These stamps were printed for the use of the island, and collectors have searched far and near for them. Only a few have been secured by the collectors, and they bring still prices. The people of Guam know but little about the value set on such freaks by the stamp collectors.

Back in the seventies, when the government used its own distinctive set of stamps for the several departments, an error was made by the bank note company which then held the contract for making the stamps. The regular color adopted by the navy department was blue. A sheet of the two cent denomination was printed in green, and the freak has now a market value of about \$45 each. The genuine, in blue, is worth twenty times its face value.

One collector was fortunate enough to corner the market by getting possession of a sheet of four cent stamps of the Columbian series which was printed by mistake in steel blue when its right color should have been ultramarine blue. He got it at its face value, and when he wants to dispose of one he can readily get \$25.

There are a number of other valuable freak stamps, but the errors of the bureau of engraving and printing are so numerous that it is impossible to name them all. Each one, after being printed, passes

# FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Guaranteed for all Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Is Safe and Sure.

**Foley's Kidney Cure** cures the most obstinate cases of kidney and bladder diseases.

It supplies the kidneys with the substances they need to build up the worn out tissues.

It will cure Bright's Disease and Diabetes if taken in time, and a slight disorder yields readily to the wonderful curative power of this great medicine.

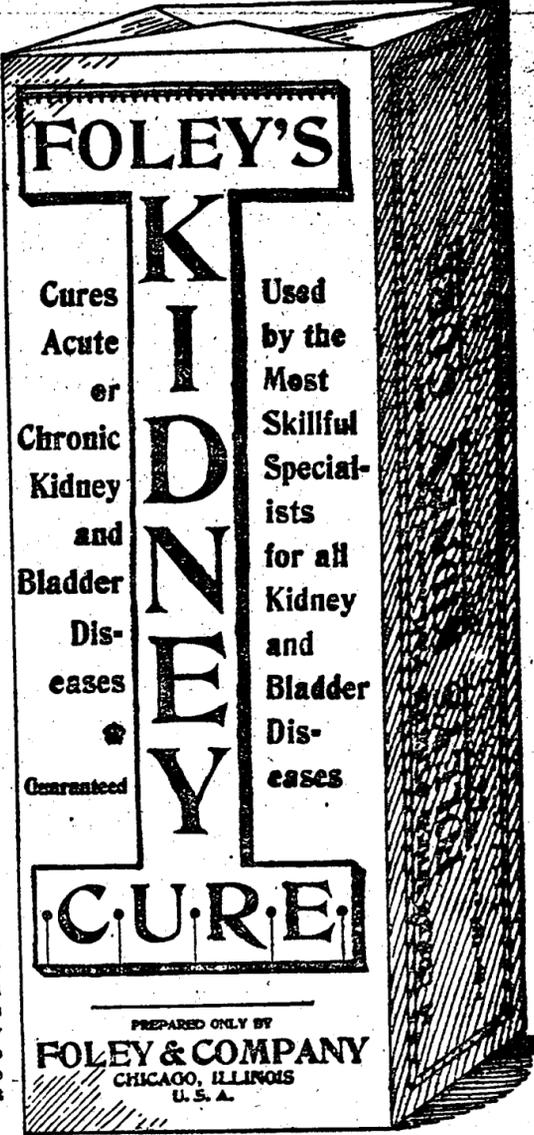
It soothes and heals the urinary organs and invigorates the whole system. If your kidneys are deranged, commence taking **Foley's Kidney Cure** at once. *It will make you well.*

**TWO SIZES 50c & \$1.00**

A Physician healed, now prescribes it daily.

Dr. Gze. Ewige, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with *Foley's Kidney Cure*: "For years I have been greatly bothered with kidney and bladder trouble and enlarged prostate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I commenced to use *Foley's Kidney Cure*. After taking three bottles I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles, for I can honestly state I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success."

Wm. F. Dickey, Town Hall Drug Store.



through a dozen or more hands before it is ready for the stock vault, and inspectors and counters are always on the lookout for errors in printing.—Kansas City Star.

"Pittsburg Phil" accumulated a fortune, and as he was a race track "plunger" some people assume that his career is proof that there must be money in betting—"all kinds of money." Doubtless George E. Smith knew when and where there was money to be picked up by betting. If there can be something in the business, he was the man to know it. Yet he invested the bulk of his winnings in safe values regardless of any chance for improvement. Had there been an unlimited field of sure things in betting he would have put it all in and ended up the richest man in America.

**The Bible Interferes.**  
"You know," said the Rev. Mr. Goodman, "the Bible assures us that whatever we sow that also shall we reap."  
"Which proves," replied Sabbath, "that the Bible isn't infallible. Suppose you sow garden seeds and your neighbor keeps chickens?"—Philadelphia Press.

**Appearances.**  
Never be influenced by external appearances in forming your judgment of a person's worth. This is an important rule, for many a noble spirit is covered by habiliments of poverty, while not infrequently a showy exterior conceals a villain of the basest kind.

**Unsafe.**  
"I understand, senator, that you regard your colleague as an unsafe man."  
"I do. It would be just like him to get scared and turn state's evidence at the first indication of danger."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Making a life is greater than making a living.—Chicago Tribune.

**Two Edred Punishment.**  
An English newspaper says that a schoolmaster was in the habit of punishing scholars who came late to school in the morning by keeping them in in the afternoon. One who was five minutes late was kept in ten minutes and so on in proportion. One morning it chanced that the schoolmaster was half an hour late, and a smart boy among his pupils was slow to punish him of the spot. "I'm very sorry for being late, boy," said the schoolmaster, with a rebuke in his eye, "and as I punish you I'll only fair that you in turn should punish me, so you will stay and keep me in for an hour this afternoon."

**A Browning's Letter.**  
One of Browning's letters in reply to a young poet who was asking Browning's advice about publishing a volume of poems. The reply, in part, is as follows and may serve a useful purpose to young poets of today as well: "It sounds strange and almost sad to me that I should be imagined of authority in this kind, I who for years could not get a line printed except at my own expense, and I began half a century ago or more."

**Mistook the Punctuation.**  
The Young Woman (surprised and indignant)—How dared you kiss me, sir! Penitent Young Man—Why, you said you'd like to see me do it. The Young Woman—But you know as well as I do that I said it with an exclamation point at the end!—Chicago Tribune.

**Settling.**  
Smith—Jones, I'm going to marry and settle down. Jones—Humph! You'd better remain single and settle up.

**The Common Kind.**  
"Did you ever notice that almost all these misers reported in the papers are single men?" asked Mr. Watts.  
"Yes," answered Mrs. Watts, "married misers are too common to be worth mentioning."

## They All

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this medicine keep up while others

## Come

and in a short time go out of sight entirely, to be heard from no more."  
"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy which has cured more sickness, relieved more distress and made more happiness by bringing people

## Back to

health than any other medicine. Its wonderful cures of the worst cases of scrofula, running sores, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; of dyspepsia and other troubles where a first class tonic and aid to digestion was needed; of catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and other troubles arising from or promoted by impure blood, have made

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

The standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SCIENTIFIC is what has given Hood's Sarsaparilla the highest sales in the world and enables it to accomplish thousands of wonderful CURES.

IT IS A MATTER OF HEALTH



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

DON'T BE FOOLED INTO DOING SOMETHING ELSE.

"After what I have taken and done it is no wonder I am glad of an opportunity to recommend what cured me to my friends.

I suffered intense agony from gravel, for nearly fifteen years.

For five and six weeks at a time I could not work, the pain was so great. My kidneys and bladder were in horrible shape. My back ached so I could not sleep. I had no appetite at all.

I tried about every doctor in Syracuse but they failed to help me.

I used nearly all the advertised medicines without any benefit.

This was my discouraging condition when I began the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. I used only four bottles and I consider myself cured. I have no backache at all, no pain in passing urine, my appetite is splendid.

It helped me from the start and I gained twenty pounds in weight."

FRED HOFFMAN,

1311 Lodi St., Syracuse, N. Y. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a vegetable help to the stomach and bowels. It overcomes and permanently cures dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness and rheumatism. It is absolutely harmless and purely vegetable. It contains no narcotics or minerals in any form, no dangerous stimulants, no mercury or poisons, and is the only kidney medicine that does not constipate.

Druggists sell it in New 50 Cent Size and the regular \$1.00 size bottles.

Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail. Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Salt Rheum Cream cures Old Sores, Skin and Scrofulous Diseases. etc.

Advertisement for Webster's International Dictionary, featuring the text 'GET THE BEST WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY' and '25,000 NEW WORDS, ETC.' along with details about the dictionary's features and price.

Stomach Trouble

Could Not Retain Food and Medicine Did No Lasting Good—Dyspepsia Cured by Hood's.

"My stomach was in very bad condition and I could not retain food. My husband paid out a great deal of money for medicine that did not do me any lasting good. About a year ago I commenced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has cured me. I am now able to eat anything I wish." Mrs. LOTTIE E. YOUNG, Stratford, New Hampshire.

"I was troubled with dyspepsia and did not obtain relief from the prescriptions I tried. A friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I procured a bottle and found it to be just the medicine I needed. It did my stomach more good than any other medicine I ever took and I think it is truly wonderful." Mrs. JAMES GORMAN, Riverton, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$6.

Hood's Pills

cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate, etc.

THE WHOLE system feels the effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla—stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, nerves are strengthened and SUSTAINED.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

"Digests what you eat."

You cannot cure piles by external application. Any remedy to be effective must be applied inside, right at the seat of the trouble. ManZan is put up in a collapsible tube, with a nozzle, so that it reaches inside and applies the remedy where it is most needed. ManZan strengthens the blood vessels and cures so that piles are impossible. ManZan relieves the pain almost instantly, heals, soothes, cools and cures.

Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim; Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.

Advertisement for Patents, featuring the text 'PATENTS' and 'H. B. WILLSON & CO. Patent Attorneys' along with details about patent services.

NERVOUS GIRLS

Dr. Greene's Nervura Fills Them For The Trials of Womanhood.

Young women need not sacrifice their health. Dr. Greene's Nervura will give them strength. The beginning of womanhood is a trying time on body and nerves. Dr. Greene's Nervura supports both. It enriches the blood. You won't hear of "bloodless" women among those who rely on this grand medicine.

Mrs. CHAS. GRIFFITH, 201 East 104th St., New York City, says:

"I thank God for Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and what it has done for me and mine, and I feel it is a duty to every mother to let them know what Dr. Greene has done for my daughter Laurine."

"A few months ago she became languid and tired. She would wake up in the morning with a bad headache and her mouth and her tongue coated brown. She would not eat and she was constantly with sick headaches and had neuralgia in her face."

"I was taking Dr. Greene's Nervura and she would scream with the pain, and she became so nervous and excited that it would take hours to quiet her. Then, to my surprise, the pills broke out on her arms. As fast as one would disappear another would come until I was almost in despair, for I was afraid it was going to have a severe effect on her. I was taking Dr. Greene's Nervura myself and it was doing me so much good that I thought I would try it for her, too. When she had taken only one bottle I could see such a decided improvement in her. No one would believe it possible, so I kept on with it and now she is entirely well, and I know it is all due to Dr. Greene's remedies."

Why not start right? It is the most important time in your life. Mothers, take heed of your daughter's welfare. Don't let them go blindly into the mysteries of womanhood. Get Dr. Greene's advice if you are puzzled. Give them the benefit of your own experience. Strengthen them with Dr. Greene's Nervura and write or call for Dr. Greene's advice at 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. Use Dr. Greene's Laxura Fills.



Dr. Greene's Nervura Fills Them For The Trials of Womanhood. (Continuation of the testimonial text from the previous block).

Why not start right? It is the most important time in your life. Mothers, take heed of your daughter's welfare. Don't let them go blindly into the mysteries of womanhood. Get Dr. Greene's advice if you are puzzled. Give them the benefit of your own experience. Strengthen them with Dr. Greene's Nervura and write or call for Dr. Greene's advice at 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. Use Dr. Greene's Laxura Fills.

Advertisement for Brown's Instant Relief Cures, featuring the text 'BROWN'S INSTANT RELIEF CURES' and 'It can be depended upon to promptly relieve indigestion, colic, cramps, etc.' along with the name 'Norway Medicine Co., Norway, N.C.'

Advertisement for Dr. King's New Discovery, featuring the text 'Nothing has ever equalled it. Nothing can ever surpass it. Dr. King's New Discovery For CONSUMPTION, Price 50c & \$1.00' and 'A Perfect Cure For All Throat and Lung Troubles.'

Advertisement for Patents, featuring the text 'PATENTS' and 'H. B. WILLSON & CO. Patent Attorneys' along with details about patent services.

THE ENCORE.

It Originated in France in the Seventeenth Century.

The beginning of the encore dates back to some time between 1645 and 1709, probably about 1680, when Louis XIV. demanded the repetition of certain parts of an opera. The opera was by Cornelle, Fontenelle and Boileau, which was sung before his majesty, and the king was so pleased with certain parts that he asked to have them repeated. It took fully a century for the ordinary opera goers to obtain the king's prerogative for themselves. It came about in this way: Gluck had produced an opera which had been a failure; but, having rewritten the worst parts, he produced it again. One or two songs were accepted by the audience with applause, and one in particular was demanded a second time.

The most remarkable encores on record are those which were insisted upon by the late king of Bavaria. Before he was known to be insane, when merely thought eccentric, he had plays performed before him as the sole auditor, the curtain rising at midnight. If he liked the play he insisted on having it repeated at once. But, unlike most encore fiends, he paid liberally for them.

Though our word "encore" is adopted from the French, they themselves do not make use of it in this connection. They call "Bis, bis," and obtain a repetition.—New York Herald.

THE RUSSIAN ICON.

It is Simply a Religious Picture Blessed by a Priest.

An icon is simply a religious picture, generally of little artistic merit, and the subject usually represented is either a Russian saint, some event in the life of Jesus Christ or the Virgin Mary. In the Greek church, as in other Christian churches, the worship of graven images is forbidden, but no objection is made to anything reproduced on a flat surface. Therefore icons are permitted in the form of mosaics, paintings, enamels or prints. They play an important part in the religious life of the Russians and are to be met with everywhere—in churches, public offices, private houses and shops. A picture to become an icon must be blessed by a priest, and it is then regarded not only as an ornament, but as an accessory in the worship of the Greek church. Icons are also worn on the person, when they take the form of a plaque or a book with two leaves. Almost every soldier wears one on his bosom, and when he prays he takes out his icon and, opening it, kneels down before it as if it were a portable altar. Every regiment has its own icon, which it carries as it would carry its banner when the regiment goes into battle.

THE PRICE OF A LIFE.

How It Was Fixed Under the Old Anglo-Saxon Laws.

According to Anglo-Saxon laws, every man's life, including that of the king, was valued at a fixed price, and any one who took it could commute the offense by a money payment upon a fixed scale. The life of a peasant was reckoned to be worth 200 shillings, that of a man of noble birth 1,200 shillings, and the killing of a king involved the regicide in a payment of 7,200 shillings.

It has been pointed out that the heir to the throne could thus get rid of the existing occupant by murdering him and thereafter handing over the fine, according to the scale, to the exchequer, when his offense would be purged and his money would come back to himself, for in those days the sovereign received all fines as personal perquisites. There is very little doubt that these rough means were practically applied in the case of some rulers of England in the pre-conquest period.—London Telegraph.

PITH AND POINT.

Three-fourths of the things that are put off could be done at once.

If it is your praise a man is singing, it doesn't make any difference if he can carry the tune or not.

In looking back over his past every man must admit that the sun shone a great deal and that he made little hay. Occasionally you find a man who enjoys staying at home so much that he will let his wife sweep all around him.

The jolly blacksmith and jolly innkeeper belong to song and history, but they have got the blues since venturing into modern life.

In every small town there is some poor old failure of a man with a big family hanging on him of whom it is said, "He was considered a great catch when he was young."—Atchison Globe.

Professor Langley, who is a foreign sharp on the radiation of heat from the sun, says that something happened in old Sol about the end of March, 1903, to cause a rapid drop in the barometer. Since then the radiation has been 10 per cent less than before. Ten per cent would account for some of the coldness in evidence between old friends since that date, but at other times ten times ten would barely cover

Mrs. E. A. Cutter

Waverley St., Antrim, N. H. Graduate from Beacon Toilet Studio. Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

Chiro-pody, Shampooing, Manicure, Scalp and Facial Treatment.

Calls made at residence by appointment.

Home Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Jas. Taylor, of Kendallville, Ind., was seriously diseased with kidney and bladder trouble for 20 years. He tested every known remedy without much benefit, until he used Pineules. This new discovery cured him, and Mr. Taylor advises all persons suffering from kidney or bladder trouble to get a bottle of Pineules at once.

Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim; Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.

Advertisement for Job Printing, featuring the text 'Job Printing ANTRIM Reporter Office'.

Advertisement for Banner Lye Soap-Making, featuring the text 'Easy and Quick! Soap-Making with BANNER LYE' and 'To make the very best soap, simply dissolve a can of Banner Lye in cold water, melt 5 1/2 lbs. of grease, pour the Lye water in the grease. Stir and put aside to set.'



Advertisement for George W. Hunt, featuring the text 'Do You Need One?' and 'A Fine Line of Best Drain Pipe, Root Paint, Steel Ceiling, Stoves, Furnaces, etc.'

George W. Hunt, ANTRIM, N. H.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

How To Find Out. Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours.



a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

Advertisement for Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar, featuring the text 'BEE'S Laxative HONEY AND TAR' and 'An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels.'



## Local and Personal Mention

Storz, the Expert Watchmaker, Hillsboro Bridge, N. H.

W. H. Parsons is a guest at D. W. Cooley's.

Abram A. Ramsey was in Wilton Monday of this week.

John Templeton has been at his home here from Keene for a few days.

Miss Blanche Cooley is stopping with Mrs. Mason C. Butterfield, at Clinton.

Mrs. F. G. Warner has returned from a visit with relatives in Amherst, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hunt were with relatives in Marlow a few days last week.

Miss Margaret B. Jameson arrived home Saturday to spend vacation from school teaching in Claremont.

FOR SALE—Manhattan Typewriter, similar to Remington, price \$40.  
C. R. JAMESON.

Diel, at Grassmere, Mar. 16, 1905, of consumption, Arthur F. Curtis, of Antrim, aged 34 years, only child of the late L. M. and L. A. Curtis.

A concert will be given next Sunday evening at the Baptist church, at 6:30 o'clock, under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. Fred Shoultes and Miss Ina Hildreth have completed the term's work of teaching school in Hillsboro, and returned to their respective homes in town.

The Epworth League of the Methodist church are making arrangements for a sugar party with entertainment at their church vestry, one evening the coming week.

Very little sap has run as yet, and little or no new maple sugar has come into the market. It is reported that to-day (Wednesday) sap is beginning to run considerably.

The friends in this place of H. G. Bottgenbach, formerly employed in the Reporter office and more recently in Keene, will be pleased to learn that he has purchased and taken possession of a job printing office in Roxbury, Mass.

O. H. Toothaker, formerly principal of our High school, has favored us with a copy of the 20th annual report of the Board of Education of the city of Berlin, this state, for which he has our thanks. Bro. Toothaker is editor of the Berlin Reporter and also a member of the Board of Education.

Some who are interested in local minstrelsy as well as being public spirited, are taking steps toward seeing what can be done about having a mixed minstrel show in the near future, the proceeds of which to go for some public good. This is indeed a worthy matter and the participants may feel sure of a large house who will appreciate their efforts.

### Do You Know

Anyone insured in the MUTUAL BENEFIT Life Insurance Company who would like to exchange his Policy for a similar Policy in any other Company? "No?" Well, neither do we. W. E. GIBNEY, Agt., Antrim, N. H.

The Rebekahs work their degree this Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Harry G. Bottgenbach is a guest of her parents in town.

Suits made to order, from \$12.50 up, at Fisk's, Jameson block.

Ernest McClure and Geo. Waldron are working at the Paper Mill.

Misses Bernice Emery and Edith Hunt are visiting friends in Heunkler.

Read adv. in another column of Greatest Moving Picture Show.

At the auction sale of E. W. Coburn on Monday, goods brought fair prices and drew a large attendance.

The ladies of the Presbyterian society gave one of their pleasing and nice suppers on Wednesday evening last.

Large new line Pants, from \$1.50 up, at Fisk's, Jameson block.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandottes, also a few settings of Buff Wyandottes, all thoroughbreds.  
WALLACE COOLEY, Antrim.

The Selectmen have organized with the choice of John Frank Tenny as chairman; Warren W. Merrill, second; George F. Lowe, third.

Road Agent Robb was "onto his job" some time before five o'clock this Wednesday morning, and had the side-walks plowed off bright and early.

Have that Old Suit Cleaned and Pressed, to look as good as new, at Fisk's, for 75 cents.

The lecture on Friday evening at the Methodist church by Rev. W. E. Braisted, was greatly appreciated by all who were privileged to listen to it. The effort was a splendid one and the speaker should have been heard on this subject. "The Measure of a Man," by every person in town, the young and old alike.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From Rose Comb R. I. Reds and Barred Plymouth Rocks. 75 cents per 13, if taken at farm; \$1.00, if delivered.  
M. S. FRENCH, Antrim.

H. W. Eldredge was absent from his office a few days the past week, and visited his recent home in Middleboro, Mass., where he assisted in packing his household goods and had them shipped to this place. He returned Monday accompanied by his son, Cranston, who at present is stopping in the family of Chas. Balch, in Bennington; Mrs. Eldredge and the other two children will arrive in about a week. They will occupy a cottage house on Fairview street.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.  
W. & T. TRUX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.  
WALSH, KINSEAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## I HAVE DECIDED TO STAY IN HILLSBORO!

I wish to say to my many friends and patrons, that for various reasons, which I do not care to discuss in this announcement, I have given up the plan to move my business away from Hillsboro.

For the benefit of the numerous customers who have contemplated purchases at the COST PRICES I have been making the past few weeks, I WILL CONTINUE THESE SPECIAL PRICES UNTIL APRIL 1st. It will be my constant aim in the future, as in the past, to make this the leading Jewelry Store in this part of the state, both in quality of goods and service rendered. I trust I shall continue to merit your confidence and patronage.

DELMONT E. GORDON,  
Jeweler and Optician,  
The White Front, Hillsboro Bridge, N. H.

# This is Rubber Weather

We have a large, complete stock. We think we can supply anything you wish in the Rubber line, and at the old prices. We have not advanced the price on Rubber Goods yet, although they go up another 5%, April 1st.

We Have Some Special Bargains In Shoes to close out and make room for New Spring Goods, which will arrive soon.

We are still Headquarters for Fruit, Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, etc. Lowney's and Blue Ribbon Chocolates, Trowbridge Chocolate Chips.

E. V. GOODWIN, - Antrim, N. H.

### The Precinct Meeting

Was held on Wednesday evening last at the engine hall, a goodly number of the voters being present. Moderator D. W. Cooley called the meeting to order and read the warrant, and business proceeded.

Under Article 1, D. W. Cooley was re-elected Moderator for the ensuing year.

For Clerk, George E. Hastings was re-elected, as was also William E. Cram for Treasurer.

For Board of Water Commissioners, the old board was unanimously re-elected: George W. Hunt, Milton Tenny, James I. Patterson.

For Firewards, these men were re-elected: 1st, Bartlett L. Brooks; 2d, Charles A. Whittemore; 3d, George M. Nesmith.

For Auditors, Frank P. Ellinwood and Fred C. Parmenter were re-elected.

The report of the Auditors was read and accepted.

The report of the Commissioners was read and accepted.

The Precinct has made a remarkably good showing the past year, with a net gain, including taxes and water rents, of a bit more than \$1800.00, of which showing the Commissioners have reason to feel gratified. An unsuccessful attempt was made to do away this year with the raising of money by taxation.

It was voted to appropriate a sum of money same as last year—\$200—to pay the members of the Fire Department for their services during the year ensuing.

It was voted to raise \$1000 by taxation to defray expenses and pay existing debts the year ensuing.

### Death of an Aged Couple, in Antrim.

On Monday occurred the death of Mrs. Amos Dodge, at her home on North Main street, at the advanced age of 81 years. The following day was announced the death of Mr. Amos Dodge, at the ripe old age of 85 years, 4 months.

Something which is very unusual and rarely happens in our midst, is the death of two aged persons, man and wife, who have lived together more than sixty years. The death of the wife occurring Monday of this week and that of the husband on the day following—Tuesday. So near together were the deaths that it is understood there will be a double funeral.

These deaths occurring so near our hour of going to press makes it impossible to make any attempt to give a deserving obituary of life-long and highly respected citizens of our town.

Wolfe's Compound Cures colds, prevents pneumonia.

We have just received our new Spring Line of Ladies'

## Queen Petticoats

Ten different styles and all beauties. Prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$2.25

Davis-Patterson Co.,  
Antrim, N. H.

To The Selectmen of Antrim, and Tax Payers Whom It May Concern.

equalized justly, as they should be; or know why!

Respectfully,  
CHARLES R. JAMESON.

Your attention is respectfully called to The Public Statutes of New Hampshire, chapters 57 and 58, and other chapters relating to taxation; also to the decision of the Supreme Court relating thereto, especially to pages 43 to 45, of Vol. 70, New Hampshire Reports.

That every person, male or female, 21 years of age, is liable to have property subject to taxation; that there is no law that allows the selectmen to imagine any parties have not such property, and the law requires you to furnish all such parties with blanks, that they be sworn to, and all parties taking a false oath are liable to a dooming of four times the tax.

There are of us, many who have reason to believe that a large amount of taxable property, in money, bonds, land, mortgages, stock in trade, is not taxed, or not valued in same proportion as ours, and I, for myself, and for others, demand that you carefully investigate all taxable property, as is your duty, and require all parties liable to taxation to swear to their inventory; and we hereby give notice that parties will search the records of Hillsboro and Cheshire counties, and take other courses to see that all property is taxed, and doomed if not given in, whether sworn to or not.

I call your attention to two cases, a cottage house on Summit Avenue is taxed in my name, more than houses in that vicinity which will bring more money; and that nearly all in this vicinity are taxed higher in proportion than those on Main street. Also that the George farm, in which I am interested, was recently sold, the taxes were largely advanced; while other adjoining land, and land in that vicinity which could stand three times the taxes and then not be taxed over two-thirds what it would sell for, have not been increased but little, if any, and it is certainly your duty to investigate before making out taxes.

The South Antrim Village Fire Precinct voted to raise one thousand dollars. If there is \$1000 more taxable property my Precinct tax will be less, if \$100,000 considerably less, and if the Selectmen do not follow the law and thereby do not obtain the just tax, being taxed more than what is a just proportion, I have a grievance against the Selectmen, Town and Precinct, which the decisions of the Supreme Court recognize.

(and others) insist that the tax is be

## Antrim Cash Market.



We carry a very good stock of Beef, Pork and Lamb, Butter, Cheese, and Eggs, Mustard, Ketchup, and nice Pickles.

We have a few cases of fine Naval Oranges Very Cheap!

Elliott & Sons,  
Proprietors.

Antrim  
Town Hall,  
Thursday,  
March 23.  
The Greatest  
Moving  
Picture  
Show  
On Earth.  
Prices:

15 & 25c.

# BENNINGTON

## DEATH OF MISS EMILY WHITTEMORE AT THE AGE OF 90 YEARS.

Miss Emily Whittemore, one of our most aged and respected citizens, died Monday, March 19, at the age of 90 years, 6 months and 2 days. She was born Sept. 7, 1814, in the house in which she died. She was ever an active woman and during the past summer she carried on her vegetable garden as in previous seasons. Miss Whittemore was a thorough Christian, always doing good with her means as she saw it, and was a member of the Methodist church at Antrim. She had been cared for in her recent illness by Miss Abbie Simonds, who had lived with her for several years, and Mrs. Wm. Gerrard. This death removes from our midst one of our most familiar personages, and one who will be greatly missed.

## CHANGES AT THE DEPOT.

Ernest Davis of Concord is station agent here at present.

Miss Blanche Perkins, who has been acting as telegraph operator, has returned to Sunapee.

Albert Fleming has gone to Potter Place to assume his new duties there as telegraph operator.

A number of Italian laborers arrived in town Monday and are employed by the Monadnock Mills company.

C. W. Libbey is passing a few days in Boston, and his place at the electric plant is being filled by Henry W. Wilson.

Quite a ripple of excitement was caused recently by the presence in town of Fish and Game Commissioner Wentworth. The cause of his coming was the finding of a dead deer.

Bennington Grange will initiate a class of twelve at their next meeting, March 24.

The snow shovels were again brought into service this (Wednesday) morning.

Bee's Honey and Tar is different from all other remedies offered for the relief of cough, lung and bronchial troubles. It contains Antiseptic properties that destroy the germs, and solvent properties that cut the phlegm, allowing it to be brown off, moves the bowels gently. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough and Colds in one night.

Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim; Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.

## ANTRIM PHARMACY.

### Sickening Shivering Fits

of Ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to Quinine, having none of this drug's bad after-effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Tex., writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life. At Dickey's Drug Store; price 50c. guaranteed.

Pinesalve acts like a poultice. Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim; Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.

## Sound as a Nut

Great Scrofula Sore Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla and Good Health Completely Restored.

"A bunch appeared on one of my arms, due to enlargement of the bone. It increased in size. I paid out a great deal trying to get it removed but every means failed. At last it broke and became a running sore, and I was told it was scrofula. Medicines did me no good. The sore discharged and was exceedingly disagreeable and I became discouraged. Then I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and after taking one bottle the sore began to look more healthy. I kept on and when I had taken three bottles it was all healed except a very small place. A few more bottles healed that also and left me as sound as a nut and the scrofula has not troubled me since." Capt. Wm. S. BARKER, Box 8, Wilson's, N. H.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla** is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

**Hood's Pills** are sure, mild, effective. All druggists.

## We Beg

to announce that our facilities for the execution of first-class Job Printing are complete. REPORTER OFFICE.

**YOU NEED Hood's Sarsaparilla** if your blood is impure, your appetite gone, your health impaired. Nothing builds up health like **HOOD'S**.

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure** "Digests what you eat."

## CAREFUL OF THE FIRE.

The Stingy Hotel Keepers of Spain and Southern Italy.

In the smaller hotels of southern Italy and of Spain, writes Mr. Hart in "Two Argonauts in Spain," the unfortunate tourists slowly freeze. The landlords display a touching solicitude about the stove. On days when fire is really needed to keep the guests warm they sometimes spend half their time trying to keep the servants from putting too much fuel on the fire.

To prevent Americans and other pyromaniacs from meddling with the fuel they often keep the coal bin locked. It is a touching spectacle to see a group of Americans shivering round a little stove; to see the servant enter, take out a key, unlock the coal bin, put two or three spoonfuls of coal in the stove and then lock the bin again; to see the gimlet eye of a Granada landlord fastened on him from the office; then to see the hapless Americans sink back into their overcoat collars and wish they were back home.

As an instance of the desperation to which these cold hotels drive people I once in a Levantine hotel saw an elderly spluster seat herself in front of the stove in the men's smoking room, with her hair down, while an elderly female friend gave her a dry shampoo.

To the suggestion of the scandalized servants that she should finish this intimate toilet operation in her own room she replied briefly that she had found the only warm place in the hotel and proposed to finish the shampoo there, which she did.

## DREADFUL POISONS.

The Fumes of Mercury Methide Will Produce Incurable Idiotcy.

"The more dreadful poisons," said a chemist, "are only known to a few men. Mercury methide, for instance, the inhalation of whose fumes produces incurable idiotcy, can be manufactured by two Italians and by no one else in the world."

"Dhatooora is a poison used in India. It, too, produces incurable idiotcy. A British army officer told me of a sad case—a case of two rival tailors, one of whom gave the other a small dose of dhatooora. The victim of the drug remained an idiot all the rest of his life. He sat and moved his empty hands as though he were sewing. He was a formidable rival no longer."

"Mercaptan produces a melancholy so great as to terminate nearly always in suicide. No government would permit the manufacture and sale of this poison."

"Dhatooora, mercury methide, mercaptan and some twenty other poisons are neither made nor sold in any public way. They are only experimented with. Such poisons would be formidable weapons in unscrupulous hands. Driving their victims to suicide or to insanity, they leave behind them nothing suspicious or untoward. The giver of these poisons is secure from any fear of punishment."

"Hence it is no wonder, is it, that the learned men who know such poisons keep their knowledge to themselves.—Chicago Chronicle.

### A Bit of Sicily.

"There is no Italian town more picturesque than the Sicilian capital, Palermo," writes a traveler. "In its port lie crowded the queerest coasting craft I have ever set eyes on. Sailing ships of all rigs, their hulls painted all the colors of the rainbow, nose up against the quay, where mule carts, whose drivers are shouting at the top of their voices, wait to take away the merchandise. The narrow street where the custom house officers examine the goods brought ashore is a place of terrific noise. When a driver, two clerks and two custom house officers are discussing the contents of a bale or a cask it seems as though murder must be committed within the next few seconds. But somebody signs something, the cart moves on, and everybody laughs."

### Value of Decayed Forests.

The decayed vegetation of forests has furnished to the fields their present fertility, upon which man depends for food. In the tree growth of virgin woods and in the floor of rotted foliage beneath are stored the accumulations of centuries. Nature does not care whether this growth is useful to the human race or not. It is left for us to encourage the growth of such trees as we find valuable to the exclusion of others. Thus an economical use is made of the resources at hand, and a new conception of the forest arises. The forest primeval becomes "woodlands," while the new "forest" includes only cultivated woods.

### The Palindrome.

A palindrome is a line or phrase that reads the same backward as forward. The Latin language is full of such linguistic freaks; the English has but few. One at least is infimitable. It represents our first parent politely introducing himself to Eve in these words: "Madam, I'm Adam."

From the Latin we have, "Roma tibi subito motibus ibit amor" (Rome, love will come to you suddenly with violence).

## THE OLD PORTAGE ROAD.

Built by Pennsylvania With Material Brought From England.

For some time prior to 1800 travel across Pennsylvania had been in canoes and in river barges propelled by poles or along the shores of rivers by horse and foot and by intervening portages on Indian trails, connecting points on the different rivers. The Philadelphia-Pittsburg national pike was built upon such a substantial basis that wherever undisturbed one still finds the gracefully modeled arches of solid masonry almost intact after more than a century has passed. The completion of the Old Portage railroad by the state of Pennsylvania in 1834 put an end to the time honored "coach and six," with the many picturesque and commodious inns and taverns along the line of this broad macadamized toll road, which with its substantial construction was in point of endurance second only to the Roman military roads of Great Britain.

This Old Portage road was constructed from material brought from England. The British government sent over experienced engineers to instruct the Americans in the running of the stationary steam engines used upon the inclined planes of the road in the Allegheny mountains. The railroad's highest point was about 2,700 feet above sea level, being only 200 feet lower than the neighboring hill, which is the highest point of the Allegheny mountains in Pennsylvania. The road consisted of ten planes, five of which were on either side of the mountain and intervening levels. In 1835 the canal boats were so constructed that they could be taken in sections and hauled over the mountain on flat cars without disturbing their cargoes. The rails were secured to stone sleepers, twenty inches square, which were sunk in the ground.

On the Old Portage road the best time for the forty miles between Hollidaysburg and Johnstown was twelve hours. Express trains on the Pennsylvania railroad now run a closely parallel distance over the Allegheny mountains in a trifle over one hour. The passenger traffic on the road in those days was usually limited to one car each way a day, with a capacity of thirty passengers.

In 1854 the Pennsylvania Railroad company bought the Portage road from the state of Pennsylvania.—Chicago News.

### Do Animals Think?

The following facts, which I saw with my own eyes on repeated occasions, fully convinced me that animals have the powers of memory and thought. I once had a three parts bred black and tan terrier, which slept in a basket in my bedroom that opened into the nursery. One of my children was from ill health very fractious, and whenever Tiny heard it cry she would go into the nursery, hunt about until she found a squeaking rag doll, take it to the side of the cot and, sitting up, snake it to amuse the child. If in doing this she did not display powers of memory, thought and reflection I utterly fail to see to what her clever performance could be attributed.—London Globe.

### Silver Thaw.

"Silver thaw" is a name applied to winter phenomenon of frequent occurrence at Ben Nevis observatory. It consists of rain falling when the air is below freezing point and congealing whenever it reaches the ground. Of course this points to an inversion of the temperature, which is lower on the mountain top than at greater heights, and, being largely associated with a cyclonic distribution of pressure, it is of considerable "forecasting" value.

### Cautious.

Markley—I say, suppose you pay me back that 10 shillings you owe me now." Borrowings—Really, old man, I can't do that. Markley—But you've got it to spare today. Borrowings—I know, but there's no telling when I may need it.—London Telegraph.

### Had His Own Troubles.

"Are you an advocate of woman's rights?" asked the woman with the square chin. "Not me," answered the meek and lowly representative of the other sex. "Man's wrongs take up all my spare time."—Chicago News.

### Information Bureau.

Holland—Hello, Jones! What do you think of this for weather? Jones—I'll tell you when I come back from the barber's. I am always sure to get full information on the subject from the man who shaves me.—Boston Transcript.

### Looking Forward.

The Invalid—The doctor says I must not smoke or drink for a year. Friend—Oh, well, he knows you'll have to economize to meet his bill.—New York Press.

### Meet but Rarely Now.

Green—By the way, aren't Charley Brown and May Gray keeping company? White—Oh, dear, no; they've been married for more'n a year.—Boston Transcript.

# Doctor

Tried but Could Not Relieve Me

Of Headache, Dizziness, Twitching.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Relieve and Cure.

"The doctor tried but couldn't relieve me" is a phrase commonly met with in the letters we receive from grateful patients. The reason is plain. The doctor tries to cure the symptom and neglects the disease. In all cases of chronic headache, nervousness, weakness, general debility, dizzy spells, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, lack of energy, loss of flesh, lack of interest, morbid tendencies, hysteria, the disease is a nervous disorder and some means must be taken to strengthen and restore the nervous system. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is performing wonders every day and will cure you as it has thousands of others. Read how quickly it acted in the following case:

"A few years ago I was greatly troubled with nervousness and indigestion. While at work a dizzy spell would come over me and I would be forced to stop and rest. I suffered terribly from headaches and my nervousness was so marked as to cause almost constant twitching of the muscles. My doctor tried but could not relieve me. I finally began the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and continued until I have used four bottles, although I have not had a dizzy spell since taking the first dose. I am very thankful for what your medicine has done for me and shall take pleasure in recommending it whenever I can."—FRANK P. BENTLEY, Middlebury, Vt.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## MONADNOCK Seeds, Plants & Shrubs.

Reliable Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Ornaments Vines, Shrubs and Trees for the lawn. Currants, Raspberries, Strawberries, Grapes, Asparagus Roots, Bedding and Greenhouse Plants, and in fact, nearly everything in the way of Shrubs, Plants and Seeds for the garden.

Send for a Catalogue. Free for a postal. We are always glad to answer enquiries. Send us a list of what you need for Spring planting and we will gladly quote prices.

Choice Cut Flowers and Floral Designs are also a Specialty.

L. P. BUTLER & CO., KEENE, N. H. Monadnock Greenhouses.

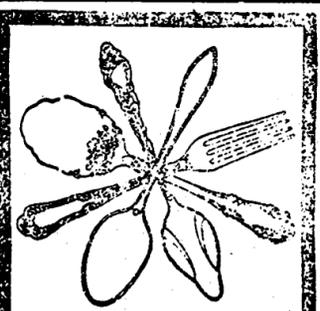
## THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

**Ely's Cream Balm** is Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drugs. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Alleviates Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren Street, New York.

### COLD IN HEAD

A new theory that is proving successful in the cure of Coughs, Lung and Bronchial affections is offered in Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. This remedy cuts the mucus, heals the membranous lining of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes; wards off Pneumonia and strengthens the system generally. Croup and Whooping Cough disappear before its use as snow before the sunshine of Spring. It's pleasant.

Sold by: W. F. Dickey, Antrim, Pollard & Freeman, Hancock; W. H. Whitney, Henniker.



"Silver Plate that Wears."

The trade mark

"1847 Rogers Bros."

on Spoons, Forks, etc., is a guarantee of quality the world over. The prefix—1847—insures the genuine Rogers quality. For sale by leading dealers everywhere. Send for catalogue No. 6 to International Silver Co., Meriden, Conn.

**GOOD NEWS** comes from those who take Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, dyspepsia and rheumatism. Reports agree that **HOOD'S CURE**

## Mutual Life Insurance Co., N. Y.

Manage the future, or the future will manage you. Young men grow old, and old men grow poor. An Endowment or Annuity, established now in your days of strength, will ease you down the corduroy road of old age.

E. W. BAKER, Agent, Antrim, N. H. TOWN HALL BLOCK

## HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

A splendid tonic for the hair, makes the hair grow long and heavy. Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color of youth. Stops falling hair, also. Sold for fifty years.

# STOP! WOMEN,

AND CONSIDER THE  
ALL-IMPORTANT  
FACT



That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with woman's diseases covers a great many years. You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

### Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by woman only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result.

#### First letter.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—  
For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month with my periods. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have ovarian and womb trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me.—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Sts., Benning P.O., Washington, D.C.

#### Second letter.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—  
After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me.

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Streets, Benning P. O., Washington, D. C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

## THE PROFESSOR'S SECRET

By TROY ALLISON

Copyright, 1904, by Troy Allison.

There was something on the professor's mind. Every young woman in the senior Greek class realized it. He had shown symptoms of it for three weeks, but this morning it had assumed the form of an undeniable fact. When the shy girl of the class got rattled and construed a present intimation as a past participation he did not even notice it.

This same shy little Ruth Payne had assumed the proportions of a problem to Professor Claxton. The girl never gave a decent recitation, yet passed her examinations with the highest marks. He had tried not to harbor a suspicion that she resorted to unfair means on examinations, but he could think of nothing else that would solve the mystery.

The professor's mind, however, was agitated by a more complicated problem than Ruth Payne's poor recitations in Greek. He had a guilty conscience. He felt that each and every pair of feminine eyes before him were searchlights turned upon his secret. He was convinced that each young woman knew there was a package of letters in his vest pocket. Of course letters are commonplace in a way and something any man might innocently possess, but these were anonymous. That was enough to make him turn crimson, but the knowledge that he had enjoyed reading these letters and moreover had actually mailed answers to the address given hung over him like a shadow. He knew there had at various times in the world's history been other anonymous letters. Really to receive them was a different matter. Ownership lends a certain definite interest.

The professor constantly remembered the first of these letters. He had walked leisurely to the postoffice after the early supper, unconscious of impending fate. The college town was a small one, and it lent velocity to life to own a postoffice box and go for one's mail rather than have it sent by the college carrier.

On that memorable night he had taken his letters and looked them over listlessly until he came to the one that was the proverbial bombshell in his

experience. He read it over three times before his astonished faculties were able to grasp the fact that there was a woman, an unknown woman, who professed an admiration for him. He was not quite sure that it was exactly respectable to have an unknown woman write him a letter, and his pedantic soul knew that if it did not go beyond the bounds of respectability it at least must be called an impropriety. The first letter troubled his peace of mind for days. It was witty and bright and contained just that delicate soupçon of flattery that charms the man who believes he abominates flattery.

Had not she insinuated that she had met him occasionally and had been struck with the idea that he possessed a depth of understanding it would be interesting to fathom?

She further stated she was at that time leading so quiet and restricted a life that she was at a loss for some real intellectual interest. His mind immediately pictured the sister of the president of the college, who was spending a quiet winter in the small village for the sake of her health. Yet it seemed impossible that a woman of so much dignity and reserve could take such a step even for amusement.

After pondering over the matter several days carefully and methodically, according to his custom, he had hesitated and been lost. He had answered that letter. The address given was in a neighboring city, and he had found himself going to the postoffice afterward under the stimulus of an unusual excitement. He had really been curious to see the second one.

He had a hazy recollection of an adage that the second step in wrong doing had won renown as being less difficult than the first. He felt positive symptoms of pleasure in answering the second letter.

He knew that the dignity of his position would fall flatter than the western Roman empire if the girls in his class once got an inkling that he was a factor in an anonymous correspondence. Nevertheless he grew more absentminded every day, and every day his curiosity increased, this pedant of thirty-five who had all his life refused to take an atom of interest in any woman.

So the girls nudged each other and giggled as much as they deemed it permissible for members of the senior class to do, and in the end the hated Ruth Payne read her Greek, helplessly involving all parts of speech.

He was walking on the college campus one afternoon meditating with much satisfaction on the fact that he had at last gathered courage to beg his anonymous friend to disclose her identity and let him call the next time he went to the city. The professor was a shy man and had found it required all the nerve he possessed to make this request. He was thinking it could not be many days before he received an answer when he noticed Ruth Payne walking in front of him, poring over a book in the manner of a schoolgirl who goes up for examination the next day.

A tiny green snake ran across the path, and the professor caught the girl in his arms as she screamed and reeled toward him.

While he stood gazing helplessly at her white face other girls rushed to his assistance.

"It was an awful snake!" Ruth gasped when she opened her eyes. After the girls had taken her to the house he picked up the Greek Syntax she had dropped in her fright.

A sealed letter, ready for mailing, dropped out. The address was plainly "Professor R. G. Claxton," and the writing was in the familiar hand of the anonymous lady.

He sat down limply on the nearest iron bench. There seemed something awry with the universe. Was it possible that this pretty child had written such letters—a little blond girl who blushed furiously and stammered every time she was spoken to in class!

He opened the letter eagerly. Its superscription gave him that privilege. He noticed, too, that the girl's name written on the fly leaf of the Greek syntax was identical with the writing on the envelope. He read on to learn that he could call on her at the end of the college year when he passed through the city on his way home—if he still cared to meet her.

The professor went to his room, his thoughts in chaotic condition. That night he followed her to the corner of the veranda, where she sat gazing abstractedly on the moonlit lawn.

"So I have met you," he said quietly. He sat down beside her and looked at her intently. "And—so—you—are—the—woman?" he added slowly.

She gave a frightened gasp and looked at him with terror and shame in her eyes.

"It was—awful of me, I know. It was a dreadful thing for me to do." She turned away from him, and he could see she was trembling with nervousness.

"It has given me more pleasure than anything that ever happened in my whole life," he said simply.

She gave him one quick glance and hurried into self-justification.

"I have always been timid," she said in an intense whisper, "and I was so mortified when I would get nervous and fall in my recitations. The minute you asked me a question every thought seemed to leave my mind. I got more embarrassed each day. I got desperate. I determined you should know I was capable of having a thought. That wild scheme of writing you anonymous letters came, and—I wrote them. I'm so—very—sorry." And the professor heard the sob in her voice.

He answered earnestly: "I'm glad—I shall be eternally glad—if you tell me I need never give up those letters. They have become part of my life."

The girl's eyes grew wide with emotion. He gazed at her wonderingly, trying to understand how he had failed to recognize her before. Now she seemed some one that had been in his life forever. He had been lonely, and he remembered that she herself was an orphan, that after the close of the term she would take up the burden of teaching.

"—you mean that you want me to keep on writing to you?" she asked shyly.

"I mean that I want to teach you how to talk to me," he said, smiling. "I want to keep with me forever the womanly companionship of my letters."

She gasped in astonishment. "But I thought you believed me stupid. I couldn't recite my Greek to you decently to save my life."

The professor looked into her startled eyes and laid his hand on hers.

"I don't care if you couldn't tell Greek from Chinese," he said solemnly, deriding the hobby of years.

"But don't you think me a frivolous, doll baby kind of a girl?" she questioned timidly.

He leaned over and touched her fair hair with all the reverence of a child who has never before owned a golden haired doll.

"I think you are the sweetest thing on God's earth," he said, pressing his lips to her hand.

The First English Regatta.

T. Doggett, the comedian, has been regarded as the founder of aquatic sports in England, since he first instituted, in 1716, annual prizes for rowing, and these rowing matches have been continued until the present day. But in the winter of 1774 Lord Lyttelton and the Savoir Vivre club determined to hold in the following year a "regatta" which should rival any ever held in Venice.

This was arranged for June 23, 1775, and on that day the whole river from

London bridge to the ship canal at Millbank was covered with pleasure boats, both sides of the water: assuming the appearance of a splendid fair. Two races were rowed, and at the conclusion of the sport the invited guests proceeded to the rotunda at Ranelagh, where supper was served at 10 o'clock, after which a ball was given in the Temple of Neptune, a temporary structure erected near the rotunda, the company including the Dukes of Gloucester and Cambridge, the lord mayor and several ambassadors.

**Finnan Haddies.**  
"The great American public is often bunkoed in buying finnan haddies," remarked a man in the fish business. "When you buy finnan haddies nowadays you may get a finnan haddie, which is a smoked haddock or you may not. You may get a smoked cod fish instead, but you will pay the real finnan haddie price for it just the same."

"The haddock is a fish of the cod family and resembles the cod very much. But the haddock has a black lateral line, while that of the cod is white, and if you will only look for the color of these lines, which is not changed in the smoking, you can tell readily enough whether you are getting what you want or something 'just as good.' For myself, when I buy finnan haddie I want finnan haddie. It may be no better than finnan cod, but I like to think I am getting what I want."—Providence Journal.

### BOOKS.

What a sense of security in an old book which time has criticized for us.—Lowell.

Books are men of higher stature and the only men that speak aloud for future times to hear.—E. B. Browning.

We should make the same use of a book that the bee does of a flower. She steals sweets from it, but does not injure it.—Colton.

Books are the masters who instruct us without rods and ferules, without hard words and anger, without clothes or money.—Richard de Bury.

My maxims are never to begin a book without finishing it, never to consider it without knowing it, and to study with a whole mind.—Buxton.

A book is good company. It is full of conversation without loquacity. It is not offended at your absentmindedness nor jealous if you turn to other pleasures.—Beecher.

### Peculiar Occupations.

The trade of toothstainer, followed in eastern Asia, is as odd a calling as any. The natives prefer black teeth to the whiter kind, and the toothstainer, with a little box of brushes and coloring matter, calls on his customers and stains their teeth. The process is not unlike that of blacking a boot, for a fine polish is given to the teeth. The pigment used is quite harmless. In Arabia the trade of "gossiper" has many followers. The "gossiper" collects all the news, tittle-tattle, jokes and stories he can get hold of and then goes from house to house retailing them. If he has a good manner and can adapt his recitals to his audiences he makes a very fair income.

### A Chinese Trick.

An English gentleman who resided in China for many years tells the following story in illustration of the peculiar knavery of the Chinese character: A stout gentleman well known in China was some years ago fated at Taiwan for two or three days, "the observed of all observers," he being an immense man and a good specimen of a transatlantic Anglo-Saxon, but the series of crowded visits he received at length became troublesome, and he found he was being made too much of. The fact was he was being exhibited, a charge being made for the exhibition.

### The First Shave.

Which of us does not recall with a gentle flutter of emotion the unutterable delight we experienced when we gravely set about that delicate operation, "the first shave," an innocent subterfuge to which a youth resorts by way of proving to his own satisfaction that he has reached the stage of full manhood? He has a beard!—Le Petit Parisien.

### Her Mental Exercise.

"Why does your wife belong to so many clubs and debating societies?" "Well," answered Mr. Meekton, "I think Henrietta feels the need of mental exercise. She likes to get away from home and be among people where she can't have her own way without an argument."—Washington Star.

### No Further Necessity.

Maud—Well, I see Mabel Garlinghorn after all these years has given up trying to get Phil Sikes. Irene—What's the reason? Maud—Have you heard? She's got him.—Chicago Tribune.

### Two Blessed Factors.

Beautiful is the activity which works for good, and beautiful the stillness which waits for good; blessed the self-will of the one, blessed the self-forgetfulness of the other.—Robert Collyer.

## BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Do not be deceived by those who advertise a \$60.00 Sewing Machine for \$20.00. This kind of a machine can be bought from us or any of our dealers from \$15.00 to \$18.00.

WE MAKE A VARIETY.  
THE NEW HOME IS THE BEST.  
The Feed determines the strength or weakness of Sewing Machines. The Double Feed combined with other strong points makes the New Home the best Sewing Machine to buy.

Write for CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and prices before purchasing.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.  
ORANGE, MASS.  
28 Union Sq., N. Y., Chicago, Ill., Atlanta, Ga., St. Louis, Mo., Dallas, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

### ALL MONEY

25 Cents pays for three months' membership. Each member receives the official club organ every month, including a special piece of sheet music each month, 18 cents in value. Also a Certificate of Membership which gives the privilege of Club Room in New York City, and of buying 100% of any of our special instruments at any of our 100% sale places, so that you from 20% to 100% on your purchase. Don't fail to join at once. Write for full particulars. Money sent by express or registered mail.

## Reduced to FIFTY CENTS A YEAR

### New Idea Woman's Magazine

Formerly One Dollar

THIS is the cheapest and best Fashion Magazine now before the American public. It shows New Ideas in Fashions, in Millinery, in Embroidery, in Cooking, in Woman's Work and in Reading; beautifully illustrated in colors and in black and white. Above all, it shows the very fashionable New Idea Styles, made from New Idea PATTERNS, which cost only 10c each.

Send Five Cents To-day for a single copy of the New Idea Woman's Magazine, and see what great value for the money it can give you.

THE NEW IDEA PUBLISHING CO.  
100 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

## A FREE PATTERN

(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

## McCALL'S 60 MAGAZINE YEAR

### A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to day, or send for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for prospectus. Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Entertaining and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

## McCALL'S BAZAR PATTERNS

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Best and Sewing Lines.  
Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from  
THE McCALL CO.,  
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

## BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep bowels open, and be well. There, in the shape of a candy, is the most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY  
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Pure, Safe, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Causes Constipation. A Certain Cure for Free Bowels. Sold Everywhere.  
STRENGTHENING COMPANY, CHICAGO & NEW YORK

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

"Digests what you eat."

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure  
"Digests what you eat."

### Appomattox Forty Years After.

Appomattox may be reviewed today as a war event having a peculiar distinction. The verdict of April 9, 1865, has proved a final one. At the end of forty years its portent as a factor in human destiny stands out no less boldly than that of Yorktown, which is nearly a century and a quarter behind us.

The judgment of history upon decisive battles must often be ambiguous and inconclusive. Waterloo crushed Napoleon I., but that for which the mighty Corsican stood—Napoleonism—erected its front again and had to be once more dethroned at Sedan, fifty-five years after Waterloo. Even yet the Bonaparte specter hovers over republican France.

It is difficult, too, to determine the precise period in the development of Greece when a second Marathon was seen to be impossible and the decisive character of the marvelous victory won by Miltiades became manifest. And Yorktown may have to be fought over before the fate of North America is decided. But the cause that went down at Appomattox was lost forever. Sons of Yankees and sons of Johnnies may one day come to blows, but not over the apple of 1861. They may shake hands across some new bloody chasm, but the chasm bridged by Grant and Lee is filled into the level with adamant.

Appomattox was not a sudden crushing of the defeated which forced the reluctant cry, "Enough!" It was a sequel to fighting, not itself a fight, a climax foreseen for months and for which both leaders and both armies had rehearsed their respective parts. After Gettysburg the south knew that its cause was hopeless, and after Gettysburg the north knew that one day it would dictate terms to vanquished brethren.

So Appomattox, when it came, parodied the nature of a national love feast. There was no wild triumphing, for long delayed and dearly bought victory had discounted joy. There was no mourning, for a lingering death had dulled the pangs of sorrow. Lee's white flag was a truce with pain. It covered the victor as well as the vanquished.

The true meaning of Appomattox grows clearer as the nation waxes in consequence. But for Appomattox there would be no great American power today. The twentieth century Lees and Grants, Gordons and Shermans, Sheridans and Sturatts, have a common passion as well as a common flag. The burden of their mingled shouts is "Union!" "Sail on, sail on, oh ship of state," is the song of every people, but "Sail on, oh Union, strong and great," applies to but one people under the sun.

Men may change flags, but human passion is ineradicable. Federation of separable states went down in a consuming fire. The indissoluble Union of separate states arose from the ashes. Before the world we date from Yorktown; between ourselves, from Appomattox.

### Russia's Popular Assembly.

If the zemsky sobor works out political reform in Russia it must get to work with more energy and have wider scope than the assemblies of the past. Ivan the Terrible called the national representatives together in the sixteenth century. During the next hundred years the assembly met several times, but its chief claim to historic importance lies in the fact that it founded the Romanoff dynasty.

In the seventeenth century Catherine II. summoned a commission made up of all classes in the empire, including soldiers, militiamen, peasants and representatives of the tribes not included in the general society of the land. This assembly numbered 652 delegates and spent two years in deliberations, which produced little result beyond the explosion of much fine sentiment inspired by the empress, who was a pupil of Voltaire.

A cabinet minister is now at the head of the British board of agriculture, and since its reorganization in 1903 the board is stirring up things. Special attention will be given to dairying and sheep raising in the future.

The actual damage accruing from the coal strike in Prussia has been computed at \$25,000,000, or just one-tenth of the sum the government proposes to pay for the mines.

The Yaquis are the bad Indians of today. It will be their own fault if somebody is compelled to convert them into "good Indians" in the old fashioned border way.

### Hungry Children Scores.

It is assuring to know that the Salvation Army's attempt to locate and feed a contingent of the breakfastless school children in Greater New York has failed. The hungry children cannot be found. Mr. Robert Hunter, the sociologist, author of "Poverty," seems really to have been the author of the 70,000 hungry school children idea and to have evolved it almost wholly from his inner conscience. When brought to book he declares that his original statement has been misquoted and that what he did say was, "There must be thousands—very likely there are 60,000 to 70,000 children—in New York city alone who often arrive at school hungry and unfitted for work." Mr. Hunter says that the word "often" was ignored in the newspaper comments upon the statement. This statement, he explains, is only an estimate and is based upon the number of supposed unemployed workmen in the city in the winter of 1904-5.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Hunter's conclusion that there are 10,000,000 of our citizens in the grip of poverty is also based upon estimates and that it is wide of the mark. When the Salvation Army people heard of Mr. Hunter's unfed army of little ones they began to offer free breakfasts. After a month of experiment the officer in charge of the work said:

Perhaps the need for free breakfasts exists, but, if so, we haven't been able to discover it. We have established free breakfasts at eight places in the city, the most important being on Cherry street, where we feed from 100 to 200 on the average. Under the direction of Miss Booth we have opened places wherever they seemed necessary, but there have been far fewer applicants than could be expected.

In a school located in the heart of the most thickly populated square mile in the world the school officers declared that there were only half a dozen breakfastless children among the 5,000 attendants. The principal said:

As a matter of fact, there are almost no cases of hungry children. They couldn't be, for if there were the teachers would report it to me. The teachers take a great personal interest in all of their pupils, often visiting them in their homes. And if the children had come to school without breakfast they couldn't keep up with the work. It would show itself in their behavior and work during the day.

The head of a department in this school found only two or three hungry children among 300 under her charge. Said she:

The mother's care for them very well. Recently during the sleet storm, at an assembly of the department I asked the children how many had no overcoats. Only three replied that they had none. They are not only fairly warmly clad, but they have plenty to eat. During the recess at 10:30 in the morning almost all of them have brought fruit or crackers to eat, and I know they have had breakfasts before they come to school. Most of them go home to a hot dinner in the middle of the day also; very few bring their lunches with them.

The tolling classes of great cities have the pride and honor common to the human race. They provide for the children even though they go without necessities themselves.

### Something to Think Over.

The question of making hard and fast rules about matrimony and divorce is one to do some serious thinking over. Anent divorce legislation the Washington Post says:

The would be reformers who propose to regulate humanity into a condition of millennial bliss by an infatuation of laws can easily do more harm than good. They must realize that in divorce, as in other things, there is a happy medium between too much laxity and too much rigor. They must make some allowance, too, for human nature, appreciating the fact that people who make mistakes in marriages will quite naturally attempt to rectify the error by any means within their power. If they are not allowed legal separation, they will be tempted to violate the moral and the statute law, and the obstacles to divorce, instead of being beneficial, may thus affect most injuriously the very stability of society.

People who seek divorce almost always take that step as a choice between two evils. Society is interested in abating the greater evil. Said a young woman who visits a married chum two or three times a year, "I always come away thankful that I am not married." An uncongenial match can scandalize marriage even though it stops short of the divorce court.

A newspaper controversy has brought out the fact that housekeeping economy is made difficult by the tricks and greed of fancy packers. "Fancy" eggs, "fancy" bacon, "fancy" butter are held at prices out of sight, and the plain articles are of the poorest quality. Not alone in houses, in clothes and in diversions, but also in food, the fancy class are becoming more and more exclusively for the very rich or the very poor. The middling class is not entered to.

In a recent police court squabble over a clock one man testified that he could identify the timepiece in question by the tick. This statement was received

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

#### To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Hillsborough.

Your petitioner, Mary E. Bass, of Antrim, in said County, administratrix of the estate of John W. Bass, late of said Antrim, deceased, respectfully represents that the personal estate of said deceased is not sufficient to pay the demands against the same; that the said deceased at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate situated in said Antrim, containing about 418 acres, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the Southeast corner of the premises, at the southwest corner of the Page pasture, thence easterly by the road that passes Steven Page's house to the road that leads to the Clinton Village; thence northerly by said Clinton road to a point opposite the Southeast corner of the orchard; thence westerly across the road to the South side of the orchard field as the wall now is, about seventeen (17) rods, to a stone with a stake near the house southerly to the end of a cross-sill, and on said wall to the corner of the land; thence westerly by said Farmer's land, and David Hill's, Jr., thence westerly by said Hill's land to the Southwest corner of the premises; thence northerly by said Hill's land to land of Geo. E. Farmer; thence easterly by land of Geo. E. Farmer and land of Rev. J. M. Whiton as the wall now is, to the road that leads from the Centre to Clinton; thence easterly across said road to land of L. B. Pratt; thence southerly by said Pratt's land and land of Samuel E. Tuttle, to the southwest corner of said Tuttle's land; thence easterly by said Tuttle's land and said Tuttle's land to land of Luke Nichols; thence southerly by said Nichols' land to a pasture to the bounds first named, containing eighty (80) acres, more or less. Excepting all land used for highways, including all the buildings thereon.

A second tract bounded as follows: Beginning at the Northwest corner of Dea. J. Worthley's land, at the Southwest corner of the premises; thence northwesterly by the road running southerly from the Dea. Nichols' place to Twiss & Hill's land; thence easterly by said Twiss & Hill's land to the South corner of said land; thence northerly by Twiss & Hill's land to land of Benjamin and Luke Nichols' heirs; thence easterly on said Nichols' land to C. J. Whitney's land; thence southerly on said Whitney's land to the orchard; thence southerly to the orchard to land of Josiah W. Christie; thence westerly on said Christie's land and of John Worthley to the first named bounds, containing forty-three acres and one hundred rods more or less, reserving a piece one rod by two sold to Twiss & Hill for a watering place, the fence on the same and the lane fence to be kept by Twiss & Hill's.

Also a third tract of land situated in said Antrim and bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at the southeast corner of the premises on road running south from Samuel A. Holt's homestead at the north-east corner of Dea. Worthley's land; thence westerly on said Worthley's land about seventy-eight rods to a stake and stones; thence northerly by said Worthley's land and land of E. L. Vose to the north-east corner of said Vose land; thence northerly by said Vose land as the wall now is, to land of Samuel A. Holt's heirs; thence northerly by said Holt's land to the north-west corner of the premises; thence easterly by said Holt's land to the road aforesaid; thence southerly on the west side of the road to the bounds first named, containing forty acres and fifteen rods more or less.

A 4th tract of land situated in Windsor in said County, and bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at the north-east corner of said lot by land formerly of Thomas S. Holmes; thence southerly by said Holmes land and land now or formerly of David Curtis to Antrim line; thence westerly by Antrim to Stoddard line; thence northerly on Stoddard line by Abner Knowlton land formerly to the bound first mentioned.

Also tract No. 5, situated in Windsor in said County, and bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at the southeast corner of the premises at a stake and stones by land formerly of David Curtis at the west side of the road; thence westerly by said Curtis land about one hundred and sixty rods to a stake and stones by land formerly owned by Abner Knowlton; thence northerly by Abner Knowlton's land and land formerly owned by Franklin Knowlton about three hundred rods to land formerly of Chandler Boutelle; thence easterly by said Boutelle's land about one hundred rods to a stake and stones by David Curtis' land; thence southerly by said Curtis' land about two hundred rods to a stake and stones by land formerly of Asa Goodell and David Curtis; thence by said Curtis' land about 125 rods to a stake and stones by the wall on the west side of the road; thence southerly by the wall about 120 rods to the bounds first named, containing 250 acres more or less.

And that the same may be more than sufficient for the payment of said demands, but it is so situated that a part cannot be sold without injury to the persons interested therein. A hearing should be had on each week for three successive weeks in the ANTRIM REPORTER, a newspaper printed at Antrim, in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said day of hearing.

Given at Nashua, in said County, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1905.

By order of the Court,  
E. J. COPP, Register.

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

HILLSBOROUGH, ss. Court of Probate.

At a Court of Probate holden at Nashua in said County, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1905.

It is ordered that a hearing be had on the foregoing petition at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Hillsborough in said County, on the 31st day of March next, and that the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested in said estate, by causing the said petition, and this order thereon, to be published once each week for three successive weeks in the ANTRIM REPORTER, a newspaper printed at Antrim, in said County, the last publication to be at least seven days before said day of hearing.

Given at Nashua, in said County, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1905.

By order of the Court,  
E. J. COPP, Register.

KEEP your blood pure, your appetite good, your digestion perfect by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has power to keep you WELL.

## SPRING CARPETS!

New Stock, purchased early and to be sold at last years' low prices.

Velvets, Tapestries, Ex. Heavy All Wool, Extra Supers, Cotton & Wool Ironsides, Straw Mattings, Hodges Fibre, Linoleum, Oil Cloth, Rugs of all sizes.

Scarcity of raw material for Carpets has forced the price higher than before for many years. Our entire stock was contracted for months ago—as soon as the new patterns for this Spring were out—and we shall continue to sell at same prices as last year.

We have selected what we believe to be the Finest Assortment of patterns ever shown in Carpets in this section—we invite your inspection and judgement.

If you are not able to call, send to us for samples, stating somewhere near what grades will interest you, make your selection and send plan of room, and we will guarantee to cover it, with least possible waste.

## EMERSON & SON, MILFORD.

### Special Inducements On New Spring Shirt Waists, and Shirt Waist Suits.

A year ago this month we established a great selling record in our ready-to-wear department, which we are striving to excell.

Many will remember the advantageous purchases which they made at that time, and will lose no time in taking advantage of this opportunity. If you were not one of the fortunate ones then, be one now. Money Saving Opportunities Await You. BE EARLY.

### ADVANCE SHIRT WAIST SALE! Special Sale of

#### Chambray Percale Waists

Fine line of ladies' waists, made of good serviceable percales in dark but very neat effects, nicely made, resembling the nicer quality waists. This line was gotten up to sell at 75c. While they last our price will be 50c

#### Tucked Linen Waists

Linens are to be very popular this season. This particular waist is made with 20 vertical tucks, of excellent material, and is one of the very latest up-to-now models. Regular value is \$1.25; 89c as a starter at just

#### White Novelty Waists

The assortment is large, the materials superb, comprising new brocaded effects in mercerized goods that are actually worth \$1.50. Unusually low 98c price this week.

\$5.00 Shirt Waist Suits At \$3.98.

We start the selling of Shirt Waist Suits with some very Extraordinary Bargains.

#### Mercerized Satteen Suits

Several suits of this popular fabric in polka dot patterns closely resembling the high priced models are to be offered at only \$3.98

#### Heavy Chambray Suits

Another lot of suits which we selected for a \$5.00 line is made up of stylish Chambray Suiting in blue mixtures. We change the price for this advance \$3.98 sale to just

## BARBER'S BIG DEPT' STORE,

MILFORD N. H.

# MORPHINE

Opium, Laudanum, Cocaine and all Drug Habits

permanently cured, without pain or detection from business, leaving no craving for drugs or other stimulants. We restore the nervous and physical systems to their natural condition because we remove the causes of disease. A home remedy prepared by an eminent physician.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE FREE TRIAL TREATMENT. Confidential correspondence, especially with physicians, solicited. Write today. **Manhattan Therapeutic Association** 4125 Broadway, New York City